# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form N-2

(check appropriate box or boxes)

# **REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

**☒** Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1

☐ Post-Effective Amendment No.

# **Capital Southwest Corporation**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300 Dallas, TX 75240 (214) 238-5700 (Address and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

> Michael S. Sarner Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer Capital Southwest Corporation 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300 Dallas, TX 75240 (Name and address of agent for service)

> > COPIES TO: James E. O'Bannon David A. Kern Jones Day 2727 North Harwood Street Dallas, Texas 75201 (214) 220-3939

Approximate date of proposed public offering: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box.  $\ oxdiv$ 

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):  $\square$  when declared effective pursuant to section 8(c).

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Stock, \$0.25 par value per share(2)			
Debt Securities(3)			
Total	\$500,000,000	\$500,000,000(4)	\$57,950

- Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee. Pursuant to Rule 457(o) of the rules and regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, which permits the registration fee to be calculated on the basis of the maximum offering price of all the securities listed, the table does not specify by each class information as to the amount to be registered, proposed maximum aggregate offering price.
- Subject to Note 4 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate amount of common stock as may be sold, from time to time.
- Subject to Note 4 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate amount of debt securities as may be sold, from time to time. If any debt securities are issued at an original issue discount, then the offering price shall be in such greater principal amount as shall result in an aggregate price to investors not to exceed \$500,000,000.
- In no event will the aggregate offering price of all securities issued from time to time pursuant to this registration statement exceed \$500,000,000.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED OCTOBER 23, 2017** 

#### **PROSPECTUS**

\$500,000,000

capital southwest
Common Stock
Debt Securities

We may offer, from time to time in one or more offerings, up to \$500,000,000 of our common stock or debt securities, which we refer to, collectively, as the "securities." Our securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, will not be less than the net asset value, or NAV, per share of our common stock at the time of the offering, except (1) with the approval of our common stockholders or (2) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit. We did not seek stockholder approval to issue common stock at a price below NAV per share at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such approval in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek approval of our common stockholders. Sales of common stock at prices below NAV per share would dilute the interests of existing stockholders, reducing our NAV per share and may lower the market price of our common stock. Moreover, sales of common stock below NAV may have a negative impact on total returns and could have a negative impact on the market price of shares of our common stock. See "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value."

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to NAV. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade above, at or below NAV. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in our common stock.

Our securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers through agents designated from time to time, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivering a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such securities, which must be provided to each purchaser at, or prior to, the earlier of delivery of a confirmation of sale or delivery of the securities.

We are an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market, or LMM, companies and debt capital to upper middle market, or UMM, companies. Our LMM companies generally have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with annual EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to 10.0 million.

Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments.

We are an internally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Global Select Market, or Nasdaq, under the symbol "CSWC." On October 20, 2017, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the Nasdaq was \$17.06 per share, and the NAV per share of our common stock on June 30, 2017 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus on which we determined our NAV per share) was \$17.96.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk, and should be considered highly speculative. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 12 to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage and dilution, before investing in our securities.

This prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our securities. Please read this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement before investing and keep them for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240 or by telephone at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus. The Securities and Exchange Commission also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission, nor any other regulatory body, has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is

, 2017

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#### ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$500,000,000 of our securities on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. To the extent required by law, we will amend or supplement the information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to such information subsequent to the date of the prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of any offering pursuant to the prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement. Please carefully read this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement together with the additional information described under "Available Information" and "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus or any accompanying supplement to this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations not contained in this prospectus or any accompanying prospectus supplement as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate as of the dates on their covers.

#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read the entire prospectus and any prospectus supplement carefully, including the section entitled "Risk Factors." Yield information contained in this prospectus related to debt investments in our investment portfolio is not intended to approximate a return on your investment in us and does not take into account other aspects of our business, including our operating and other expenses, or other costs incurred by you in connection with your investment in us.

Capital Southwest Corporation, which we refer to as CSWC or the Company, is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

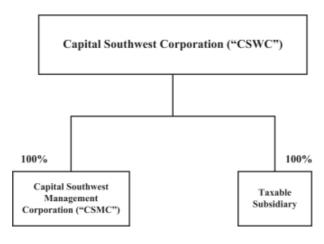
CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 Act, as amended, or the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a business development company, or BDC, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980.

We are also a regulated investment company, or RIC, under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC status, which requires that we qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the spin-off, which we refer to as the Share Distribution, of CSW Industrials, Inc., or CSWI. CSWI is now an independent publicly traded company. The Share Distribution was effected through a tax-free, pro-rata distribution of 100.0% of CSWI's common stock to shareholders of the Company. Each Company shareholder received one share of CSWI common stock for every one share of Company common stock on the record date, September 18, 2015. Cash was paid in lieu of any fractional shares of CSWI common stock.

Following the Share Distribution, we have maintained operations as an internally-managed BDC and pursued a credit-focused investing strategy akin to similarly structured organizations. We intend to continue to provide capital to middle-market companies. We intend to invest primarily in debt securities, including senior debt, second lien and subordinated debt, and may also invest in preferred stock and common stock alongside our debt investments or through warrants.

The following diagram depicts CSWC's summary organizational structure:



Capital Southwest Management Corporation, or CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, equipment and other administrative costs required for day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a direct wholly-owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity, or the Taxable Subsidiary. The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies, or LLCs, (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

#### Overview

CSWC is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market, or LMM, companies and debt capital to upper middle market, or UMM, companies in a broad range of investment segments located primarily in the United States. Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments. Our investment strategy is to partner with business owners, management teams and financial sponsors to provide flexible financing solutions to fund growth, changes of control, or other corporate events. We invest primarily in senior debt securities, secured by security interests in portfolio company assets, and in secured and unsecured subordinated debt securities. We also invest in equity interests in our portfolio companies alongside our debt securities.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in LMM companies, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in UMM companies. Our target LMM companies typically have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options. Providing customized financing solutions is important to LMM companies. We generally seek to partner directly with financial sponsors, entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM debt investments typically include first lien senior debt, secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company, as well as subordinated debt. Our LMM investments typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. We also often seek to invest in the equity securities in our LMM portfolio companies.

Our investments in UMM companies primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM

companies included in our portfolio. Our UMM debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our principal executive offices are located at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240. We maintain a website at http://www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this registration statement or any accompanying post-effective amendment or prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this registration statement or any accompanying post-effective amendment or prospectus.

#### **Business Strategies**

Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

- Leveraging the Experience of our Management Team. Our senior management team has extensive experience advising, investing in and lending to middle market companies across changing market cycles. The members of our management team have diverse investment backgrounds, with prior experience at investment banks, commercial banks, and BDCs in the capacity of senior officers. We believe this diverse experience provides us with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of the middle market companies in which we invest. We believe this understanding allows us to select and structure better investments and to efficiently monitor and provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.
- Applying Rigorous Underwriting Policies and Active Portfolio Management. Our senior management team has implemented rigorous underwriting policies that are followed in each transaction. These policies include a thorough analysis of each potential portfolio company's competitive position, financial performance, management team operating discipline, growth potential and industry attractiveness, which we believe allows us to better assess the company's prospects. After investing in a company, we monitor the investment closely, typically receiving monthly, quarterly and annual financial statements. Senior management, together with the deal team and accounting and finance departments, meets at least monthly to analyze and discuss in detail the company's financial performance and industry trends. We believe that our initial and ongoing portfolio review process allows us to monitor effectively the performance and prospects of our portfolio companies.
- Investing Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately diverse among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets. However, we may from time to time hold securities of a single portfolio company that comprise more than 5.0% of our total assets and/or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company. For that reason, we are classified as a non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act.
- **Utilizing Long-Standing Relationships to Source Deals.** Our senior management team and investment professionals maintain extensive relationships with entrepreneurs, financial sponsors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, commercial bankers and other non-bank providers of capital who refer prospective portfolio companies to us. These relationships historically have generated significant investment opportunities. We believe that our network of relationships will continue to produce attractive investment opportunities.

- **Focusing on Underserved Markets.** The middle market has traditionally been underserved. We believe that operating margin and growth pressures, as well as regulatory concerns, have caused many financial institutions to de-emphasize services to middle market companies in favor of larger corporate clients and more liquid capital market transactions. We also invest in securities that would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. We believe these dynamics have resulted in the financing market for middle market companies being underserved, providing us with greater investment opportunities.
- Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and recurring cash flow streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk adjusted return profiles than earlier stage companies that are building their management teams and establishing their revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our target range generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.
- Capital Structures Appropriate for Potential Industry and Business Volatility. Our investment team spends significant time understanding the performance of both the target portfolio company and its specific industry throughout a full economic cycle. The history of each specific industry and target portfolio company will demonstrate a different level of potential volatility in financial performance. We seek to understand this dynamic thoroughly and invest our capital at leverage levels in the capital structure that will remain in enterprise value and in securities that will receive interest payments if such downside volatility were to occur.
- **Providing Customized Financing Solutions.** We offer a variety of financing structures and have the flexibility to structure our investments to meet the needs of our portfolio companies. Often we invest in senior and subordinated debt securities, coupled with equity interests. We believe our ability to customize financing structures makes us an attractive partner to middle market companies.

#### **Risk Factors**

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the information found in "Risk Factors," including the following risks:

- Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to effectively allocate and manage capital.
- Our investments in portfolio companies involve a number of significant risks:
  - They may have unpredictable operating results, could become parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position.
  - Most of our portfolio companies are private companies. Private companies may not have readily publicly available information about their
    businesses, operations and financial condition. Consequently, we rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to
    obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from making investments in these portfolio companies. If we are unable to
    uncover all material information about the target portfolio company, we may not make a fully informed investment decision and may lose all
    or part of our investment.
  - The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.
- Any unrealized losses or defaults we experience may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available to make distributions.
- · Our investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk. We may not realize gains from our equity investments.

- · Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.
- Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships. Our inability to maintain or develop these relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.
- In addition to regulatory limitations on our ability to raise capital, our Credit Facility (as defined in "Risk Factors") contains various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations under the Credit Facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions. All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.
- Because we borrow money to make investments, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.
- Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, the value of investments and net investment income.
- If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy. A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.
- We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Even if we qualify as a RIC, we may face tax liabilities that reduce our cash flow.
- Our historical financial statements are not necessarily representative of the results we would have achieved as a stand-alone publicly-traded company and therefore may not be indicative of our future performance.
- Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value. Our board of directors has final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our fair value determination. As a result of recording our investments at fair value, there is and will continue to be subjectivity as to the value of our portfolio investments.
- The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.
- Changes in the laws or regulations governing our business, or changes in the interpretations thereof, and any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations, could negatively affect the profitability of our operations.
- The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

#### **Investment Criteria**

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that we believe are important in evaluating prospective investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been or will be met in connection with each of our investments:

- **Companies with Positive and Sustainable Cash Flow:** We generally seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance.
- **Excellent Management:** Management teams with a proven record of achievement, exceptional ability, unyielding determination and integrity. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that protects and enhances value.

- **Industry:** We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help protect their market position.
- **Strong Private Equity Sponsors:** We focus on developing relationships with leading private equity firms in order to partner with these firms and provide them capital to support the acquisition and growth of their portfolio companies.
- Appropriate Risk-Adjusted Returns: We focus on and price opportunities to generate returns that are attractive on a risk-adjusted basis, taking into consideration factors, in addition to the ones depicted above, including credit structure, leverage levels and the general volatility and potential volatility of cash flows.
- **Location:** We primarily focus on companies located in the United States. Each new investment is evaluated for its appropriateness within our existing portfolio. Prospective portfolio company candidates for our existing portfolio companies may be located worldwide.

# **Recent Developments**

On August 30, 2017, the CSWC board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.24 per share of common stock. The dividend is payable on October 2, 2017 to shareholders of record on September 15, 2017.

# The Offering

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$500,000,000 of our securities, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Our securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be disclosed in one or more prospectus supplements.

Our securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers by us or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to the offering will disclose the terms of the offering, including the name or names of any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities by us, the purchase price, and any fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding the offering of our securities:

Use of proceeds

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from any offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. See "Use of Proceeds."

Nasdaq Exchange symbol

"CSWC" (common stock).

**Dividends and distributions** 

We currently pay quarterly dividends and may pay annual special dividends to our stockholders. Our quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors on a quarterly basis. Our annual special dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors based upon our operating results at the end of our tax year end December 31.

Our ability to declare dividends depends on our earnings, our overall financial condition (including our liquidity position), maintenance of our RIC status and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant from time to time.

When we make distributions, we are required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated earnings, recognized capital gains or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital (a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital), investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for U.S. federal tax purposes. In the future, our distributions may include a return of capital.

**Taxation** 

We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will

not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends.. To continue to maintain our RIC tax treatment, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Plan of Distribution" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, or DRIP, that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our registered stockholders who hold their shares with American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our registered stockholders who have "opted in" to our DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of our common stock.

Stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value, or NAV. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our shares will trade above, at or below NAV.

The offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, will not be less than the NAV per share of our common stock at the time of the offering, except (i) with the requisite approval of our common stockholders or (ii) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit. In addition, we cannot issue shares of our common stock below NAV unless our board of directors determines that it would be in our and our stockholders' best interests to do so. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below NAV per share at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such authorization in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek the requisite approval of our common stockholders.

Sales by us of our common stock at a discount from our NAV pose potential risks for our existing stockholders whether or not they participate in the offering, as well as for new investors who participate in the offering. See "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value."

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or

# Trading at a discount

Dividend reinvestment plan

Sales of common stock below NAV

Available Information

SEC, under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Exchange Act. You can inspect any materials we file with the SEC, without charge, at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. The information we file with the SEC is available free of charge by contacting us at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240, by telephone at 214-238-5700 or on our website at http://www.capitalsouthwest.com. The SEC also maintains a website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information regarding registrants, including us, that file such information electronically with the SEC. The address of the SEC's website is http://www.sec.gov. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's website about us is not incorporated into this prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in an offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "CSWC," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in us.

Stockholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	<b>—</b> %(1)
Offering expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	<u>—</u> %(3) — %(4)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%(4)
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Operating expenses	4.74%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	1.86%(6)
Income tax expense	0.62%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	1.20%(8)
Total annual expenses	8.42%

- In the event that our securities are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.
- In the event that we conduct an offering of our securities, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated offering expenses.

  The expenses of administering our DRIP are included in operating expenses. The DRIP does not allow shareholders to sell shares through the DRIP. If a shareholder wishes to sell shares they would be required to select a broker of their choice and pay any fees or other costs associated with the sale.

  Total stockholder transaction expenses may include sales load and will be disclosed in a future prospectus supplement, if any.
- Operating expenses in this table represent the estimated annual operating expenses of CSWC and its consolidated subsidiaries based on annualized operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017. We do not have an investment adviser and are internally managed by our executive officers under the supervision of our board of directors. As a result, we do not pay investment advisory fees, but instead we pay the operating costs associated with employing investment management professionals including, without limitation, compensation expenses related to salaries, discretionary bonuses and restricted stock grants.
- Interest payments on borrowed funds represents our estimated annual interest payments based on actual interest rate terms under our Credit Facility. Interest payments on borrowed funds also represents our estimated annual interest payments assuming future issuances of \$35 million in debt securities at an interest rate of 5.75% per annum in the next twelve months. The estimate of annual interest payments are based upon trends in recently completed offerings of our peer companies and may not reflect the actual amount of future issuances of debt securities. The future issuances of debt securities will be made at the discretion of management and the board after evaluating the investment opportunities and economic situation of the Company and the market as a whole.
- Income tax expense relates to the accrual of (a) deferred tax provision (benefit) on the net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments held in the Taxable Subsidiary and (b) excise, state and other taxes. Deferred taxes are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. We are required to include deferred taxes in calculating our annual expenses even though deferred taxes are not currently payable or receivable. Due to the variable nature of deferred tax expense, which can be a large portion of the income tax expense, and the difficulty in providing an estimate for future periods, this income tax expense estimate is based upon the actual amount of income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2017
- Acquired fund fees and expenses represent the estimated indirect expense incurred due to our investment in the I-45 Senior Loan Fund.

#### Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect the applicable sales load.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0%		<u> </u>		
annual return	\$ 84	\$ 244	\$ 393	\$ 724

The example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends at NAV, participants in our DRIP will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the average purchase price of all shares of common stock purchased by the administrator of the DRIP in the event that shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the share requirements of the DRIP, which may be at, above or below NAV. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding our DRIP.

#### RISK FACTORS

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks and uncertainties described below could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or not presently deemed material by us, may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following risks, or risks not presently known to us, actually occur, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

#### RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS AND STRUCTURE

#### Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to effectively allocate and manage capital.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective of maximizing risk-adjusted returns to shareholders depends on our ability to effectively allocate and manage capital. Capital allocation depends, in part, upon our investment team's ability to identify, evaluate, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing our investment objectives is largely a function of our investment team's management of the investment process and our access to investments offering attractive risk adjusted returns. In addition, members of our investment team are called upon, from time to time, to provide managerial assistance to some of our portfolio companies.

The results of our operations depend on many factors, including the availability of opportunities for investment, readily accessible short and long-term funding alternatives in the financial markets and economic conditions. Our ability to make new investments at attractive relative valuations is also a function of our marketing and our management of the investment process. If we fail to invest our capital effectively, our return on equity may be negatively impacted, which could have a material adverse effect on the price of the shares of our common stock.

# Any unrealized losses we experience may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available to make distributions.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors pursuant to a valuation methodology approved by our board of directors. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments will be recorded as unrealized losses. An unrealized loss could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations or generate cash flow. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available to pay dividends or interest and principal on our securities and could have a material adverse effect on your investment.

Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships. Our inability to maintain or develop these relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.

We expect that members of our management team will maintain their relationships with intermediaries, financial institutions, investment bankers, commercial bankers, financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, consultants and other individuals within our network, and we will rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. If our management team fails to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships with sources of investment opportunities, we will not be able to effectively allocate capital. Individuals with whom members of our management team have relationships are

not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and therefore, there is no assurance that these relationships will generate investment opportunities for us.

In addition to regulatory limitations on our ability to raise capital, our Credit Facility contains various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations under the Credit Facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions.

We will have a continuing need for capital to finance our investments. We are party to a senior secured credit facility, which we refer to as the Credit Facility, dated as of August 30, 2016, which provides us with a revolving credit line of up to \$100.0 million, which has \$25.0 million drawn as of June 30, 2017. The Credit Facility contains customary terms and conditions, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting requirements, minimum consolidated net worth, minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio, minimum regulatory asset coverage, and maintenance of RIC tax treatment and BDC status. The Credit Facility also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice provisions, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenants, bankruptcy, and change of control. The Credit Facility permits us to fund additional loans and investments as long as we are within the conditions set out in the Credit Facility. Our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control, and there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with these covenants. Our failure to satisfy these covenants could result in foreclosure by our lenders, which would accelerate our repayment obligations under the facility and thereby have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions to our stockholders.

All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.

All of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under our Credit Facility. If we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, the lenders party thereto may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests. In such event, we may be forced to sell our investments to raise funds to repay our outstanding borrowings in order to avoid foreclosure and these forced sales may be at times and at prices we would not consider advantageous. Moreover, such deleveraging of our company could significantly impair our ability to effectively operate our business in the manner in which we have historically operated. As a result, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities and lower or eliminate the dividends that we have historically paid to our stockholders. In addition, if the lenders exercise their right to sell the assets pledged under our Credit Facility, such sales may be completed at distressed sale prices, thereby diminishing or potentially eliminating the amount of cash available to us after repayment of the amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility.

Because we borrow money to make investments, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.

Borrowings to fund investments, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for loss on investments in our indebtedness and gain or loss on investments in our equity capital. As we use leverage to partially finance our investments, you will experience increased risks of investing in our securities. We may borrow from banks and other lenders, including under our Credit Facility, and may issue debt securities or enter into other types of borrowing arrangements in the future. If the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause NAV to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged our business. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause net investment income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged our business. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to pay common stock dividends, scheduled debt payments or other payments related to our securities. Use of leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

As of October 6, 2017, we had \$56.0 million debt outstanding under our Credit Facility. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, plus 3.25% with no LIBOR floor. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.50% to 1.50% per annum, based on utilization, on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets. If we are unable to meet the financial obligations under the Credit Facility, the lenders under the Credit Facility may exercise its remedies under the Credit Facility as the result of a default by us.

Illustration. The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below.

# Assumed Return on Our Portfolio(1) (net of expenses)

	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Corresponding net return to common stockholder(2)	(12.30)%	(6.54)%	(0.78)%	4.98%	10.74%

Assumes \$331.2 million in total assets, \$25.0 million in debt outstanding, \$287.4 million in net assets, and a weighted-average interest rate of 4.45% based on our financial data available on June 30, 2017. Actual interest payments may be different.

In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our June 30, 2017 total assets of at least 0.68%.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective may depend in part on our ability to access additional leverage on favorable terms by borrowing from banks or insurance companies or by issuing debt securities and there can be no assurance that such additional leverage can in fact be achieved.

If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a business development company or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy.

As a BDC, we may not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70.0% of our total assets are qualifying assets.

We currently have more than 70.0% of qualifying assets. However, we may be precluded from investing in what we believe are attractive investments if those investments are not qualifying assets for purposes of the 1940 Act. If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could lose our status as a BDC, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies (which could result in the dilution of our position).

# A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company that is required to register under the 1940 Act, which would subject us to additional regulatory restrictions and significantly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, any such failure could cause an event of default under our outstanding indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

# We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a Regulated Investment Company under Subchapter M of the Code.

To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements:

- The annual distribution requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our shareholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of our net ordinary income and realized short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next year and pay a 4.0% excise tax on such income. Any such carryover taxable income must be distributed through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year that generated such taxable income. For more information regarding tax treatment, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company."
- The source of income requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90.0% of our gross income for each taxable year from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock or other securities or foreign currencies or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies and net income derived from an interest in a "qualified publicly traded partnership" (as defined in the Code), or the 90% Income Test.
- The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50.0% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer (which for these purposes includes the equity securities of a "qualified publicly traded partnership"). In addition, no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other RICs, (1) of one issuer (2) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable tax rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (3) of one or more "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or the Diversification Tests.

Failure to meet these requirements may result in us having to dispose of certain unqualified investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC tax treatment. If we fail to maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and are subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions. In addition, to the extent we had unrealized gains, we would have to establish deferred tax liabilities for taxes, which would reduce our NAV accordingly. In addition, our shareholders would lose the tax credit realized when we, as a RIC, decide to retain the net realized capital gain and make deemed distributions of net realized capital gains, and pay taxes on behalf of our shareholders at the end of the tax year. The loss of this pass-through tax treatment could have a material adverse effect on the total return of an investment in our common stock.

# Even if the Company qualifies as a Regulated Investment Company, it may face tax liabilities that reduce its cash flow.

Even if we qualify for taxation as a RIC, it may be subject to certain U.S. federal, state and local taxes on its income and assets. In addition, we may hold some of our assets through our Taxable Subsidiary, which is not consolidated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or any other taxable subsidiary we may form. Any taxes paid by our subsidiary corporations would decrease the cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

Our historical financial statements are not necessarily representative of the results we would have achieved as a stand-alone publicly-traded company and therefore may not be indicative of our future performance.

As part of the Share Distribution, we spun off 63.5% of our NAV to shareholders and divested other major investments during the past three years. We emerged from these divestitures and the Share Distribution with a significantly different company profile. Our historical financial statements included elsewhere in this registration statement for historical periods are not necessarily representative of the results we would have achieved as a stand-alone publicly traded company with a smaller market footprint. Accordingly, this data may not be indicative of our future performance, or necessarily reflect what our financial position and results of operations or cash flows would have been, had we operated as a separate, stand-alone publicly-traded entity during all of the periods presented.

Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value. Our board of directors has final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our fair value determination. As a result of recording our investments at fair value, there is and will continue to be subjectivity as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined by us, with our board of directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our fair value determination. Typically, there is not a public market for the securities of the privately held companies in which we have invested and will continue to invest. As a result, we value these securities quarterly at fair value based on inputs from management and our investment team, along with the oversight, review and approval of our board of directors.

The determination of fair value and consequently, the amount of unrealized gains and losses in our portfolio, are to a certain degree, subjective and dependent on a valuation process approved by our board of directors. Certain factors that may be considered in determining the fair value of our investments include external events, such as private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies. Because of the inherent uncertainty of the valuation of portfolio securities that do not have readily ascertainable market values, our fair value determinations may differ materially from the values a third party would be willing to pay for our securities or the values which would be applicable to unrestricted securities having a public market. Due to this uncertainty, our fair value determinations may cause our NAV on a given date to materially understate or overstate the value that we may ultimately realize on one or more of our investments. As a result, investors purchasing our common stock based on an overstated NAV may pay a higher price than the value of our investments might warrant. Conversely, investors selling shares during a period in which the NAV understates the value of our investments may receive a lower price for their shares than the value of our investments might warrant.

The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.

The U.S. capital markets experienced increased volatility and disruption over the past several years, leading to increased investor uncertainty and depressed levels of consumer and commercial spending. Disruptions in the capital markets increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets. We cannot provide any assurance that these conditions will not worsen. If these conditions continue or worsen, the prolonged period of market illiquidity may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results.

In addition, significant changes or volatility in the capital markets may also have a negative effect on the valuations of our investments. While most of our investments are not publicly traded, applicable accounting standards require us to assume as part of our valuation process that our investments are sold in a principal market to market participants (even if we plan on holding an investment through its maturity). Significant changes in the capital markets may also affect the pace of our investment activity and the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. Thus, the illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell our investments to access capital if required, and as a result, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments if we were required to sell them for liquidity purposes. Further, if the price of our common stock continues to trade below our NAV per share, we will be limited in our ability to sell new shares if we do not have stockholder authorization, such authorization we do not anticipate seeking, to sell shares at a price below NAV per share. An inability to raise or access capital could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

# Changes in the laws or regulations governing our business, or changes in the interpretations thereof, and any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations, could negatively affect the profitability of our operations.

Changes in the laws or regulations or the interpretations of the laws and regulations that govern BDCs, RICs or non-depository commercial lenders could significantly affect our operations and our cost of doing business. We are subject to U.S. federal, state and local laws and regulations and are subject to judicial and administrative decisions that affect our operations, including our loan originations, maximum interest rates, fees and other charges, disclosures to portfolio companies, the terms of secured transactions, collection and foreclosure procedures and other trade practices. If these laws, regulations or decisions change, or if we expand our business into jurisdictions that have adopted more stringent requirements than those in which we currently conduct business, we may have to incur significant expenses in order to comply or we might have to restrict our operations. In addition, if we do not comply with applicable laws, regulations and decisions, we may lose licenses needed for the conduct of our business and be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties, any of which could have a material adverse effect upon our business, results of operations or financial condition.

#### We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

We compete for attractive investment opportunities with other financial institutions, including BDCs, junior capital lenders, and banks. Some of these competitors are substantially larger and have greater financial, technical and marketing resources, and some are subject to different, and frequently less stringent, regulations. Our competitors may have a lower cost of funds and may have access to funding sources that are not available to us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. As a result of this competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to identify and make investments that satisfy our objectives. A significant increase in the number and/or size of our competitors in our target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a materially adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operation.

# Adverse market and economic conditions could cause harm to our operating results.

Past recessions have had a significant negative impact on the operating performance and fair value of our portfolio investments. Many of our portfolio companies could be adversely impacted again by any future economic downturn or recession and may be unable to be sold at a price that would allow us to recover our investment, or may be unable to operate during a recession. Such portfolio company performance could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### Our success depends on attracting and retaining qualified personnel in a competitive environment.

Sourcing, selection, structuring and closing our investments depends upon the diligence and skill of our management. Our management's capabilities may significantly impact our results of operations. Our success requires that we retain investment and operations personnel in a competitive environment. Our ability to attract and retain personnel with the requisite credentials, experience and skills depends on several factors, including but not limited to, our ability to offer competitive wages, benefits and professional growth opportunities.

The competitive environment for qualified personnel may require us to take certain measures to ensure that we are able to attract and retain experienced personnel. Such measures may include increasing the attractiveness of our overall compensation packages, altering the structure of our compensation packages through the use of additional forms of compensation or other steps. The inability to attract and retain experienced personnel could potentially have an adverse effect on our business.

In connection with CSWI's separation from us, CSWI has indemnified us for certain liabilities. However, there can be no assurance that these indemnities will be sufficient to insure us against the full amount of such liabilities or that CSWI's ability to satisfy its indemnification obligation will not be impaired in the future.

CSWI agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities, including certain tax liabilities. However, third parties could seek to hold us responsible for any of the liabilities that CSWI has agreed to retain, and there can be no assurance that CSWI will be able to fully satisfy its indemnification obligations. Moreover, even if we ultimately succeed in recovering from CSWI any amounts for which we are held liable, we may be temporarily required to bear these losses while seeking recovery from CSWI.

#### Potential indemnification liabilities of us to CSWI could materially adversely affect us.

Agreements relating to the Share Distribution between us and CSWI provide for indemnification obligations designed to make us financially responsible for liabilities that may exist relating to or arising out of our business activities, whether incurred prior to or after the Share Distribution.

# Potential liabilities may arise due to fraudulent transfer considerations, which would adversely affect our financial condition and our results of operations.

In connection with the Share Distribution, we undertook several corporate restructuring transactions which, along with the Share Distribution, may be subject to U.S. federal and state fraudulent conveyance and transfer laws. If, under these laws, a court were to determine that, at the time of the Share Distribution, any entity involved in these restructuring transactions or the Share Distribution: (1) was insolvent; (2) was rendered insolvent by reason of the Share Distribution; (3) had remaining assets constituting unreasonably small capital; or (4) intended to incur, or believed it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay these debts as they matured, then the court could void the Share Distribution, in whole or in part, as a fraudulent conveyance or transfer. The court could require us to fund liabilities of the other company for the benefit of creditors.

# Previously proposed legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.

As a BDC, under the 1940 Act we generally are not permitted to incur indebtedness unless immediately after any borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200.0% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 50.0% of the value of our assets). Legislation introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives, proposed to modify this section of the 1940 Act and increase the amount of debt that BDCs may incur by modifying the asset coverage percentage from 200.0% to 150.0%. If this legislation is passed, we may be able to incur additional indebtedness in the future and, therefore, your risk of an investment in our securities may increase.

# Efforts to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act involve significant expenditures, and non-compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act may adversely affect us.

We are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the related rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC. Among other requirements, under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder, our management is required to report on our internal controls over financial reporting. We are required to review on an annual basis our internal controls over financial reporting, and on a quarterly and annual basis to evaluate and disclose significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting. We have and expect to continue to incur significant expenses related to compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which will negatively impact our financial performance and our ability to make distributions. In addition, this process results in a diversion of management's time and attention. In the event that we are unable to maintain compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and related rules, we may be adversely affected.

# Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with certain of our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5.0% or more of our outstanding voting securities is our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act, and we generally are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to an affiliate, absent the prior approval of our independent directors. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain "joint" transactions with certain of our affiliates, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25.0% of our voting securities, we are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to that person or certain of that person's affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with that person, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates. Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we raise additional capital.

# Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

Our business will require capital to operate and grow. We may acquire such additional capital from the following sources:

*Senior Securities.* We may issue debt securities and/or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as senior securities. As a result of issuing senior securities, we will be exposed to additional risks, including the following:

- Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% immediately after each issuance of senior securities. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we will be prohibited from issuing debt securities and/or borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions and may not be permitted to declare a dividend or make any distribution to stockholders or repurchase shares until such time as we satisfy this test.
- · Any amounts that we use to service our debt will not be available for dividends to our common stockholders.
- It is likely that any senior securities or other indebtedness we issue will be governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility. Additionally, some of these securities or other indebtedness may be rated by rating agencies, and in obtaining a rating for such securities and other indebtedness, we may be required to abide by operating and investment guidelines that further restrict operating and financial flexibility.

- · We and, indirectly, our stockholders will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities and other indebtedness.
- Any unsecured debt issued by us would rank (1) pari passu with our future unsecured indebtedness and effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and (2) structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries
- Upon a liquidation of our company, holders of our debt securities and lenders with respect to other borrowings would receive a distribution of our available assets prior to the holders of our common stock. Future offerings of additional debt securities, which would be senior to our common stock upon liquidation, or equity securities, which could dilute our existing stockholders, may harm the value of our common stock.

Additional Common Stock. The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current NAV per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below current NAV per share provided that our board of directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current NAV per share of our common stock at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such authorization in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek the requisite approval of our common stockholders. See "—Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current NAV per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion of the risks related to us issuing shares of our common stock below NAV. If we raise additional funds by issuing more common stock or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders at that time would decrease, and they may experience dilution. Moreover, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to issue and sell additional equity securities in the future, on favorable terms or at all.

Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current NAV per share of our common stock or issue securities to convert to shares of our common stock.

The 1940 Act prohibits us from selling shares of our common stock at a price below the current NAV per share of such stock, with certain exceptions. One such exception is prior stockholder approval of issuances below NAV provided that our board of directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek stockholder authorization to sell shares of our common stock below the then current NAV per share of our common stock at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such authorization in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek the requisite approval of our common stockholders.

If we were to sell shares of our common stock below NAV per share, such sales would result in an immediate dilution to the NAV per share. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of shares at a price below the then current NAV per share of our common stock and a proportionately greater decrease in a stockholder's interest in our earnings and assets and voting interest in us than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. Because the number of shares of common stock that could be so issued and the timing of any issuance is not currently known, the actual dilutive effect cannot be predicted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the example below illustrates the effect of dilution to existing stockholders resulting from the sale of common stock at prices below the NAV of such shares.

In addition, if we issue securities to convert to shares of common stock, the exercise or conversion of such securities would increase the number of outstanding shares of our common stock. Any such exercise would be dilutive on the voting power of existing stockholders, and could be dilutive with regard to dividends and our NAV, and other economic aspects of the common stock.

Please see "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" for a more complete discussion of the potentially dilutive impacts of an offering at a price less than NAV per share.

Illustration: Example of Dilutive Effect of the Issuance of Shares Below Net Asset Value. Assume that Company XYZ has 1,000,000 total shares outstanding, \$15,000,000 in total assets and \$5,000,000 in total liabilities. The NAV per share of the common stock of Company XYZ is \$10.00. The following table illustrates the reduction NAV and the dilution experienced by Stockholder A following the sale of 100,000 shares of the common stock of Company XYZ at \$9.00 per share, a price below its NAV per share.

	Prior to Sale Below NAV	Following Sale Below NAV	Percentage Change
Reduction to NAV			
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000	1,100,000	10.00%
NAV per share	\$ 10.00	\$ 9.91	(0.91)%
Dilution to Existing Stockholder			
Shares Held by Stockholder A	10,000	10,000(1)	0.00%
Percentage Held by Stockholder A	1.00%	0.91%	(9.09)%
Total Interest of Stockholder A in NAV	\$ 100,000	\$ 99,091	(0.91)%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes that Stockholder A does not purchase additional shares in the sale of shares below NAV.

We are highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.

Our business is highly dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

- Sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- Natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- Disease pandemics:
- Events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and
- Cyber attacks.

If we are unable to maintain the availability of our electronic data systems and safeguard the security of our data, our ability to conduct business may be compromised, which could impair our liquidity, disrupt our business, damage our reputation and cause losses.

Cybersecurity refers to the combination of technologies, processes, and procedures established to protect information technology systems and data from unauthorized access, attack, or damage. We are subject to cybersecurity risks. Information cybersecurity risks have significantly increased in recent years and, while we have not experienced any material losses relating to cyber attacks or other information security breaches, we could suffer such losses in the future. Our computer systems, software and networks may be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses or other malicious code and other events that could have a security impact. If one or more of such events occur, this potentially could jeopardize confidential and other information, including nonpublic personal information and sensitive business data, processed and stored in, and transmitted through, our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations

or the operations of our customers or counterparties. This could result in significant losses, reputational damage, litigation, regulatory fines or penalties, or otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Privacy and information security laws and regulation changes, and compliance with those changes, may result in cost increases due to system changes and the development of new administrative processes. In addition, we may be required to expend significant additional resources to modify our protective measures and to investigate and remediate vulnerabilities or other exposures arising from operational and security risks. We currently do not maintain insurance coverage relating to cybersecurity risks, and we may be required to expend significant additional resources to modify our protective measures or to investigate and remediate vulnerabilities or other exposures, and we may be subject to litigation and financial losses that are not fully insured.

Third parties with which we do business may also be sources of cybersecurity or other technological risks. We outsource certain functions, and these relationships allow for the storage and processing of our information, as well as customer, counterparty, employee and borrower information. While we engage in actions to reduce our exposure resulting from outsourcing, ongoing threats may result in unauthorized access, loss, exposure or destruction of data, or other cybersecurity incidents, with increased costs and other consequences, including those described above.

Terrorist attacks, acts of war or natural disasters may affect any market for our common stock, impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Terrorist attacks, acts of war or natural disasters may disrupt our operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which we invest. These events have created, and continue to create, economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. Future terrorist activities, military or security operations, or natural disasters could further weaken the domestic or global economy. These events could create additional uncertainties, which may negatively impact the businesses in which we invest directly or indirectly and, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Losses from terrorist attacks and natural disasters are generally uninsurable.

#### RISKS RELATED TO OUR INVESTMENTS

#### Our investments in portfolio companies involve a number of significant risks:

- Portfolio companies are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of key employees. Therefore, the death,
  disability, resignation, termination, or significant under-performance of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our
  portfolio company and, in turn, on us.
- Portfolio companies may have unpredictable operating results, could become parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position.
- Most of our portfolio companies are private companies. Private companies may not have readily publicly available information about their
  businesses, operations and financial condition. Consequently, we rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to
  obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from making investments in these portfolio companies. If we are unable to uncover
  all material information about the target portfolio company, we may not make a fully informed investment decision and may lose all or part of our
  investment.
- Portfolio companies may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or more significant customer
  concentration than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general
  economic downturns.

Portfolio companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with our investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of the equity components of our investments.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors may serve as directors on the boards of these companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies, our officers and directors may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds for claims in excess of our directors' and officers' insurance coverage (through our indemnification of our officers and directors) and the diversion of management's time and resources.

# The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We invest, and will continue to invest, in portfolio companies whose securities are not publicly traded. These securities are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. As a result, we do not expect to achieve liquidity in our investments in the near-term. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

#### Defaults by our portfolio companies could harm our operating results.

Portfolio companies may fail to satisfy financial, operating or other covenants imposed by us or other lenders, which could lead to a default and, potentially, acceleration of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets. These events could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize the portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations, including under the debt or equity securities we hold. We may also incur expenses to the extent necessary to recover upon a default or to negotiate new terms with the defaulting portfolio company.

#### Our investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk.

We may purchase common stock and other equity securities, including warrants. Although equity securities have historically generated higher average total returns than fixed-income securities over the long term, equity securities have also experienced significantly more volatility in those returns. The equity securities we acquire may fail to appreciate and may decline in value or become worthless, and our ability to recover our investment depends on our portfolio company's success. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including the risk of further dilution as a result of additional issuances, inability to access additional capital and failure to pay current distributions. Investments in preferred securities involve special risks, such as the risk of deferred distributions, credit risk, illiquidity and limited voting rights.

# We may not realize gains from our equity investments.

Certain investments that we have made in the past and may make in the future include warrants or other equity securities. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including the risk of further dilution as a result of additional issuances, inability to access additional capital and failure to pay current distributions. Investments in preferred securities involve special risks, such as the risk of deferred distributions, credit risk, illiquidity and limited voting rights. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity investments in portfolio companies. Our goal is ultimately to realize gains upon our disposition of these equity interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also

may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests. We often seek puts or similar rights to give us the right to sell our equity securities back to the portfolio company issuer; however, we may be unable to exercise these put rights for the consideration provided in our investment documents if the issuer is in financial distress.

# Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our securities.

#### Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, the value of investments and net investment income.

Some of our debt investments will bear interest at variable rates and the interest income from these investments could be negatively affected by decreases in market interest rates. In addition, an increase in interest rates would make it more expensive for us to use debt to finance our investments. As a result, a significant increase in market interest rates could increase our cost of capital, which would reduce our net investment income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our securities less attractive than alternative investments, a situation which could reduce the value of our securities. Conversely, a decrease in interest rates may have an adverse impact on our returns by requiring us to seek lower yields on our debt investments and by increasing the risk that our portfolio companies will prepay our debt investments, resulting in the need to redeploy capital at potentially lower rates. A decrease in market interest rates may also adversely impact our returns on idle funds, which would reduce our net investment income. In addition, certain of our debt investments and debt liabilities may bear interest at fixed rates. To the extent that our fixed rate assets and liabilities are not perfectly hedged, our net investment income may decrease based on changes in market interest rates. An increase in market interest rates may also decrease the fair value of our fixed rate investments, as these may be less attractive securities in a rising rate environment.

# There may be circumstances in which our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Even though we may have structured certain of our investments as secured loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, and based upon principles of equitable subordination as defined by existing case law, a bankruptcy court could subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors and transfer any lien securing our subordinated claim to the bankruptcy estate. The principles of equitable subordination defined by case law have generally indicated that a claim may be subordinated only if its holder is guilty of misconduct or where the senior loan is re-characterized as an equity investment and the senior lender has actually provided significant managerial assistance to the bankrupt debtor. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business or instances where we exercise control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance or actions to compel and collect payments from the borrower outside the ordinary course of business.

# As a Regulated Investment Company, we may have certain regulatory restrictions that could preclude us from making additional investments in our portfolio companies.

We may not have the ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies. After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to that company or have the opportunity to increase our investment or make follow-on investments. Any decisions not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation or may reduce the expected return on the investment.

# Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to our portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain loans that we make are secured by a second priority security interest in the same collateral pledged by a portfolio company to secure senior debt owed by the portfolio company to commercial banks or other traditional lenders. Often the senior lender has procured covenants from the portfolio company prohibiting the incurrence of additional secured debt without the senior lender's consent. Prior to and as a condition of permitting the portfolio company to borrow money from us secured by the same collateral pledged to the senior lender, the senior lender will require assurances that it will control the disposition of any collateral in the event of bankruptcy or other default. In many cases, the senior lender will require us to enter into an "intercreditor agreement" prior to permitting the portfolio company to borrow from us. Typically the intercreditor agreements we are requested to execute expressly subordinate our debt instruments to those held by the senior lender and further provide that the senior lender shall control: (1) the commencement of foreclosure or other proceedings to liquidate and collect on the collateral; (2) the nature, timing and conduct of foreclosure or other collection proceedings; (3) the amendment of any collateral document; (4) the release of the security interests in respect of any collateral; and (5) the waiver of defaults under any security agreement. Because of the control we may cede to senior lenders under intercreditor agreements we may enter, we may be unable to realize the proceeds of any collateral securing some of our loans.

#### Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in those companies.

We invest primarily in the secured term debt of LMM and UMM companies and equity issued by LMM companies. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, these debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying its senior creditors, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

# RISKS RELATED TO OUR SECURITIES

# The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

The market price and marketability of shares of our common stock may from time to time be significantly affected by numerous factors, including:

- Market conditions;
- Our investment results;

- Trading volume of our stock;
- · Departure of our key personnel;
- · Changes in regulatory policies, accounting pronouncements or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or BDCs; and
- Other influences and events over which we have no control and that may not be directly related to us.

# Investing in shares of our common stock may involve an above average degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objectives may result in a higher amount of risk, volatility or loss of principal than alternative investment options. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative, and therefore, an investment in our common stock may not be suitable for investors with lower risk tolerance.

#### Our common stock often trades at a discount from NAV.

Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Global Select Market, or Nasdaq. Shareholders desiring liquidity may sell their shares on Nasdaq at current market value, which has often been below NAV. Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at discounts from NAV, which is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a fund's performance will cause its NAV to decrease. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade at, above or below NAV. In addition, if our common stock trades below our NAV per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our board of directors make certain determinations. See "—Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure—Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current NAV per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion related to us issuing shares of our common stock below NAV.

#### The trading market or market value of our publicly issued debt securities or any convertible debt securities, if issued, may be volatile.

The trading market for our publicly issued debt securities or any convertible debt securities may from time to time be significantly affected by numerous factors, including:

- Creditworthiness:
- · Terms, including, but not limited to, maturity, principal amount, redemption, and repayment or convertible features;
- · Market and economic conditions: and
- Demand for our debt securities.

In addition, credit rating assessments by third parties regarding our ability to pay our obligations will generally affect the market value of our debt securities.

# We currently intend to pay quarterly dividends. However, in the future we may not pay any dividends depending on a variety of factors.

While we intend to pay dividends to our shareholders out of taxable income available for distribution, there can be no assurance that we will do so. Any dividends that we do pay may be payable in cash, in our stock, or in stock in any of our holdings or in a combination of all three. All dividends will be paid at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our financial condition, maintenance of our RIC tax treatment, and compliance with applicable BDC regulations.

# We currently pay dividends in cash, in the future we may choose to pay dividends in our own stock, in which case you may be required to pay tax in excess of the cash you receive.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the shareholders election) would satisfy the annual distribution requirement for a RIC. The IRS has issued private letter rulings providing that a dividend payable in stock or in cash at the election of the shareholders will be treated as a taxable dividend eligible for the dividends paid deduction provided that at least 20.0% of the total dividend is payable in cash and certain other requirements are satisfied. Taxable shareholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such dividend is properly reported as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. shareholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. shareholder sells the stock it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. shareholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividends payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our shareholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

# We may not be able to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds from a future offering on acceptable terms, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

Delays in investing the net proceeds raised in an offering may cause our performance to be worse than that of other fully invested BDCs or other lenders or investors pursuing comparable investment strategies. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify any investments that meet our investment objective or that any investment that we make will produce a positive return. We may be unable to invest the net proceeds of any offering on acceptable terms within the time period that we anticipate or at all, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

In the event that we cannot invest our net proceeds as desired we will invest the net proceeds from any offering primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less from the time of investment. These securities may have lower yields than our other investments and accordingly may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

# Terms relating to redemption may materially adversely affect the return on our debt securities.

If our debt securities are redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem the debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on the debt securities. In addition, if the debt securities are subject to mandatory redemption, we may be required to redeem the debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on the debt securities. In this circumstance, a holder of our debt securities may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the debt securities being redeemed.

# Provisions of the Texas law and our charter could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Texas law and our charter contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying or making difficult a change in control. The existence of these provisions, among others, may have a negative impact on the price of our common stock and may discourage third-party bids for ownership of our company. These provisions may prevent any premiums being offered to you for our common stock.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This registration statement and any accompanying prospectus supplement include or incorporate by reference "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, Section 21E of the Exchange Act and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This registration statement contains forward-looking statements regarding the plans and objectives of management for future operations. Any such forward-looking statements may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations are generally identifiable by use of the words "may," "predict," "will," "continue," "likely," "would," "could," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "potential," "estimate," "indicate," "seek," "believe," "target," "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and are based on assumptions that may be incorrect, and we cannot assure you that the projections included in these forward-looking statements will come to pass. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. We believe these factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- · our future operating results;
- market conditions and our ability to access debt and equity capital and our ability to manage our capital resources effectively;
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
- our business prospects and the prospects of our existing and prospective portfolio companies;
- the financial condition and ability of our existing and prospective portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;
- · our ability to recover unrealized losses;
- our expected financings and investments;
- our contractual arrangements and other relationships with third parties;
- the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on our business;
- the impact of a protracted decline in the liquidity of credit markets on our business;
- our ability to operate as a BDC and a RIC, including the impact of changes in laws or regulations governing our operations or the operations of our portfolio companies;
- · the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- our ability to successfully invest any capital raised in an offering;
- the return or impact of current and future investments;
- · our transition to a debt focused investment strategy;
- · the valuation of our investments in portfolio companies, particularly those having no liquid trading market;
- our regulatory structure and tax treatment; and
- the timing, form and amount of any dividend distributions.

For a discussion of these and other factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements contained in this registration statement, please see the discussion under "Risk Factors." You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and you should carefully consider all of the factors identified in this registration statement that could cause actual results to differ. The forward-looking statements made in this registration statement relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you, including in the form of a prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment to this registration statement, or through reports that we file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from any offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. We anticipate that substantially all of any remainder of the net proceeds of an offering will be invested in accordance with our investment objective within twelve months following completion of such offering, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objectives and market conditions. We cannot assure you that we will achieve our targeted investment pace. Pending our investments in portfolio companies, we will invest the remaining net proceeds of an offering primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less from the time of investment. These securities may have lower yields than our other investments and accordingly may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

We intend to raise new equity or issue debt securities when we have attractive opportunities available. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below NAV per share at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such authorization in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek the requisite approval of our common stockholders.

### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

#### **Market Information**

Our common stock is traded on Nasdaq under the symbol "CSWC."

The following table set forth, for each fiscal quarter within the two most recent fiscal years and each full fiscal quarter since the beginning of the current fiscal year, the range of high and low selling prices of our common stock as reported on Nasdaq, as applicable, and the sales price as a percentage of the NAV per share of our common stock. The prices and NAV on and before September 30, 2015 have not been adjusted to reflect the Share Distribution.

		Price F	Range	Premium (Discount) of High Sales Price to	Premium (Discount) of Low Sales Price to
	NAV(1)	High	Low	NAV(2)	NAV(2)
Year ending March 31, 2018			<u> </u>		
Third Quarter (through October 20, 2017)	\$ *	\$17.76	\$17.01	*%	*%
Second Quarter	*	17.50	16.00	*	*
First Quarter	17.96	17.34	15.20	(3.45)	(15.37)
Year ended March 31, 2017					
Fourth Quarter	\$17.80	\$16.91	\$15.04	(5.00)%	(15.51)%
Third Quarter	17.88	16.86	13.81	(5.70)	(22.76)
Second Quarter	17.74	15.05	13.75	(15.16)	(22.49)
First Quarter	17.39	14.37	13.49	(17.37)	(22.43)
Year ended March 31, 2016					
Fourth Quarter	\$17.34	\$15.25	\$13.19	(12.05)%	(23.93)%
Third Quarter	17.22	17.45	13.43	1.34	(22.01)
Second Quarter	17.68	50.49(4)	42.76(4)	**(3)	**(3)
First Quarter(4)	49.33	51.95	46.26	5.31	(6.22)

<sup>(1)</sup> NAV per share, is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the NAV per share on the date of the high and low sales prices. The NAVs shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.

Calculated as the respective high or low share price divided by NAV and subtracting 1.
 Not relevant as a result of Share Distribution.

NAV has not vet been determined.

On October 6, 2017, we had 478 stockholders of record. On October 20, 2017, the last sale price of our common stock on Nasdaq was \$17.06 per share.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV per share or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share will decrease. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at, above, or below NAV per share. As we continue to make investments and grow our balance sheet through the use of leverage, we believe we will achieve a market dividend yield which should allow us to trade at or above NAV.

# DISTRIBUTIONS

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our shareholders of substantially all of our taxable income. In lieu of cash, we may make deemed distributions of certain net capital gains to our shareholders.

<sup>(4)</sup> Numbers have not been adjusted to reflect the Share Distribution.

The payment dates and amounts of cash dividends per share on a post-split basis for the past five years are as follows:

Payment Date	Cash Dividend
November 30, 2012	0.10
March 28, 2013	0.69
May 31, 2013	0.10
November 29, 2013	0.10
May 30, 2014	0.10
November 28, 2014	0.10
June 10, 2015	0.10
April 1, 2016	0.04
July 1, 2016	0.06
October 1, 2016	0.11
January 3, 2017	0.17
April 3, 2017(1)	0.45
July 3, 2017	0.21
October 2, 2017	0.24

<sup>1)</sup> On April 3, 2017, CSWC paid a quarterly dividend of 0.19 per share and a special dividend of 0.26 per share.

The amounts and timing of cash dividend payments have generally been dictated by requirements of the Code regarding the distribution of taxable net investment income (ordinary income) of regulated investment companies.

On March 1, 2016, we entered into a share repurchase agreement with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. This agreement established a plan in compliance with the requirements of Rules 10b5-1(c)(1)(i)(B) and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. The plan was established pursuant to a \$10 million share repurchase program that the board approved on January 20, 2016. This agreement became effective immediately and shall terminate on the earliest of: (1) the date on which a total of \$10 million worth of common shares have been purchased under the plan; (2) the date on which the terms set forth in the purchase instructions have been met; or (3) the date that is one trading day after the date on which insider notifies broker in writing that this agreement shall terminate. As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, no shares have been purchased under the plan.

#### **Distribution Policy**

We generally intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our shareholders of substantially all of our taxable income. In order to avoid certain excise taxes imposed on RICs, we must distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one year period ended each October 31, and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for the preceding year that were not distributed during that year. We will not be subject to excise taxes on amounts on which we are required to pay corporate income tax (such as retained net capital gains). In order to obtain the tax benefits applicable to RICs, we will be required to distribute to our shareholders with respect to each taxable year at least 90.0% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses. We may retain for investment realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We may make deemed distributions to our shareholders of any retained net capital gains. If this happens, our shareholders will be treated as if they received an actual distribution of the capital gains we retain and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. Our shareholders also may be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable share of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. We may, in the future, make actual distributions to our shareholders of some or all realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we will be prohibited from making

distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings.

We have adopted a DRIP which provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our common shareholders if opted into by a common shareholder.

Shareholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are shareholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A shareholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the shareholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. shareholder's account.

Our ability to make distributions will be limited by the asset coverage requirements under the 1940 Act.

# RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table contains our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated, computed as set forth below. You should read these ratios of earnings to fixed charges in connection with our financial statements, including the notes to those statements, included in this prospectus.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017	For the Year Ended March 31, 2017	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015	For the Year Ended March 31, 2014	For the Year Ended March 31, 2013
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)	8.57	26.53	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses. Net realized and unrealized gains or losses can vary substantially from period to period.

Excluding net realized and unrealized gains and losses, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 5.85 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, 10.77 for the year ended March 31, 2017, and unchanged for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

There were no fixed charges for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected financial and other data below reflects the historical financial condition and the results of operations of Capital Southwest Corporation as of and for each of the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013 have been derived from consolidated financial statements that have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. You should read this selected financial and other data in conjunction with our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Senior Securities" and the financial statements and related notes in this prospectus.

# **Selected Consolidated Financial Data**

(In thousands except per share data)

	Three I								
	Jun	e 30,		Year ended March 31,					
*	2017	2016	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Income statement data:									
Investment income:	<b>*</b>	40.004	<b>.</b>				<b>.</b>		
Interest and dividends:	\$ 7,517 _	\$3,991	\$ 22,324	\$ 8,033	\$ 9,231	\$ 11,915	\$ 10,100		
Interest income from cash and cash equivalents	7	70	166	386	122	67	71		
Fees and other income	200	96	984	741	595	625	664		
Total investment income	7,724	4,157	23,474	9,160	9,948	12,607	10,835		
Operating expenses:									
Compensation-related expenses	2,178	1,993	8,217	9,515	6,440	5,489	5,628		
Interest expense	738	_	989	_	_	_	_		
General, administrative and other	1,228	1,246	4,601	11,610	5,683	2,963	2,710		
Total operating expenses	4,144	3,239	13,807	21,125	12,123	8,452	8,338		
Income (loss) before income taxes	3,580	918	9,667	(11,965)	(2,175)	4,155	2,497		
Income tax expense (benefit)	144	547	1,779	(1,278)	270	(739)	590		
Net investment income (loss)	3,436	371	7,888	(10,687)	(2,445)	4,894	1,907		
Net realized gains (losses):									
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	624	199	3,992	(9,575)	8,226	14,084	2,660		
Affiliate investments	_	_	3,876	(1,458)	157,213	_	66,037		
Control investments			28	231	(1,175)		20,861		
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	624	199	7,896	(10,802)	164,264	14,084	89,558		
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	1,384	2,127	7,690	16,089	(108,377)	93,032	16,367		
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	2,008	2,326	15,586	5,287	55,887	107,116	105,925		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$5,444	\$2,697	\$ 23,474	\$ (5,400)	\$ 53,442	\$ 112,010	\$ 107,832		

Three	Months
Fn	ded

	Enc	ded					
	June 30,		Year ended March 31,				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Net investment income (loss) per share – basic and diluted	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.50	\$ (0.68)	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.13
Net realized earnings per share – basic and diluted(1)	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.04	\$ 1.00	\$ (1.37)	\$ 10.45	\$ 1.24	\$ 6.03
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations – basic and diluted	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.17	\$ 1.48	\$ (0.35)	\$ 3.44	\$ 7.32	\$ 7.09
Net asset value per common share	\$ 17.96	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.80	\$ 17.34	\$ 49.30	\$ 49.98	\$ 43.30
Total dividends/distributions declared per common share	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20	\$ 5.29
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic	16,010	15,725	15,825	15,636	15,492	15,278	15,177
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – diluted	16,072	15,791	15,877	15,724	15,531	15,298	15,207

<sup>(1) &</sup>quot;Net realized earnings per share – basic and diluted" is calculated as the sum of "Net investment income (loss)" and "Net realized gain (loss) on investments" divided by weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted.

Three Months Ended

	June 30,						
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Balance sheet data:							
Assets:							
Investments at fair value	\$306,582	\$175,915	\$286,880	\$178,436	\$535,536	\$677,920	\$574,187
Cash and cash equivalents	12,359	96,957	22,386	95,969	225,797	88,163	81,767
Interest, escrow and other receivables	4,368	4,497	4,308	6,405	4,418	1,371	2,756
Net pension assets	_	_	_	_	10,294	10,962	8,762
Deferred tax asset	1,858	1,874	2,017	2,342	_	_	_
Other assets	6,023	1,613	10,161	1,341	827	278	200
Total assets	\$331,190	\$280,856	\$325,752	\$284,493	\$776,872	\$778,694	\$667,672
Liabilities:							
Credit facility	\$ 25,000	\$ —	\$ 25,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Other liabilities	13,024	3,912	5,996	9,028	4,923	3,263	3,102
Dividends payable	3,355	940	7,191	625	_	_	_
Accrued restoration plan liability	2,146	2,198	2,170	2,205	3,119	3,103	2,650
Deferred income taxes	238	522	323		1,412	1,940	2,143
Total liabilities	43,763	7,572	40,680	11,858	9,454	8,306	7,895
Net assets	287,427	273,284	285,072	272,635	767,418	770,388	659,777
Total liabilities and net assets	\$331,190	\$280,856	\$325,752	\$284,493	\$776,872	\$778,694	\$667,672
Other data:							
Number of portfolio companies	28	23	28	23	22	27	28
Expense ratios (as percentage of average net							
assets):							
Total expenses, excluding interest expense	1.19%	1.19%	4.59%	4.48%	1.59%	1.18%	1.36%

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this registration statement or an accompanying post-effective amendment or prospectus.

Statements we make in the following discussion which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, could differ materially from those we express in the following discussion as a result of a variety of factors, including the risks and uncertainties we have referred to under the headings "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

# **OVERVIEW**

Capital Southwest Corporation, which we refer to as CSWC or the Company, is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market, or LMM, companies and debt capital to upper middle market, or UMM, companies in a broad range of investment segments located primarily in the United States. Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments. Our investment strategy is to partner with business owners, management teams and financial sponsors to provide flexible financing solutions to fund growth, changes of control, or other corporate events. We invest primarily in senior debt securities, secured by security interests in portfolio company assets, and in secured and unsecured subordinated debt securities. We also invest in equity interests in our portfolio companies alongside our debt securities.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in LMM companies, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in UMM companies. Our target LMM companies typically have annual EBITDA between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options. Providing customized financing solutions is important to LMM companies. We generally seek to partner directly with financial sponsors, entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM debt investments typically include first lien senior debt, secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company, as well as subordinated debt. Our LMM investments typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. We also often seek to invest in the equity securities in our LMM portfolio companies.

Our investments in UMM companies primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our portfolio. Our UMM debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America, or U.S. GAAP, requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the periods covered by the consolidated financial statements. We have identified investment valuation and revenue recognition as our most critical accounting estimates. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to the matters below. These estimates are based on the information that is currently available to us and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. A discussion of our critical accounting policies follows.

#### Valuation of Investments

The most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our investment portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, our investment portfolio at fair value represented approximately 92.6% and 88.1%, respectively, of our total assets. We are required to report our investments at fair value. We follow the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. See Note 4 — "Fair Value Measurements" in the notes to consolidated financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2017 for a detailed discussion of our investment portfolio valuation process and procedures.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our investment portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities actually existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance, and other events may occur over the lives of the investments that may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Our board of directors has the final responsibility for reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value for our investment portfolio and our valuation procedures, consistent with Investment Company Act of 1940, or 1940 Act, requirements. We believe our investment portfolio as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which we operate and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Interest and Dividend Income

Interest and dividend income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recognized on the date dividends are declared. Discounts/premiums received to par on loans purchased are capitalized and accreted or amortized into income over the life of the loan. In accordance with our valuation policy, accrued interest and dividend income is evaluated periodically for collectability. When we do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally establish a reserve against interest income receivable, thereby placing the loan or debt security on non-accrual status, and cease to recognize interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding ability to service debt or other obligations, it will be restored to accrual basis. As of June 30, 2017, we did not have any investments on non-accrual status.

# **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. CSWC is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements, but the impact of the adoption is not expected to be material.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)—Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients. This ASU clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. The FASB tentatively decided to defer the effective date of the new revenue standard for public entities under U.S. GAAP for one year. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. CSWC completed its initial assessment in evaluating the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements and based on its initial assessment determined that its financial contracts are excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09. As a result of the scope exception for financial contracts, the Company's management has determined that there will be no material changes to the recognition timing and classification of revenues and expenses; additionally, the Company's management does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-09 to have a significant impact to pretax income upon adoption. The Company will continue to evaluate the impacts of ASU 2014-09 through the date of adoption to ensure that its initial assessment continues to remain accurate. Additionally, the Company is continuing its assessment of ASU 2014-09's impact on its consolidated financial statement disclosures.

# INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Our LMM investments primarily consist of secured debt, subordinated debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Our LMM portfolio companies generally have annual EBITDA between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company, generally bear interest at floating rates, and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date.

Our UMM investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States. that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our portfolio with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million. Our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million. Our UMM debt investments are generally

secured by ether a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

The total value of our investment portfolio was \$306.6 million as of June 30, 2017, as compared to \$286.9 million as of March 31, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, we had investments in 28 portfolio companies with an aggregate cost of \$268.9 million. As of March 31, 2017, we had investments in 28 portfolio companies with an aggregate cost of \$250.5 million.

As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, approximately \$164.8 million, or 90.7% and \$155.0 million, or 92.6%, respectively, of our debt investment portfolio (at fair value) bore interest at floating rates, all of which were subject to contractual minimum interest rates. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, approximately \$16.9 million, or 9.3% and \$12.4 million, or 7.4%, respectively, of our debt investment portfolio (at fair value) bore interest at fixed

The following tables provide a summary of our investments in LMM and UMM companies as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 (excluding our investment in I-45 SLF LLC):

	As of June 30, 2017		
	LMM(a)	UMM	
	(dollars in 1	nillions)	
Number of portfolio companies	12	15	
Fair value	\$146,005	\$93,041	
Cost	\$112,331	\$91,812	
% of portfolio at cost – debt	77.9%	100.0%	
% of portfolio at cost – equity	22.1%	_	
% of debt investments at cost secured by first lien	62.9%	56.6%	
Weighted average annual effective yield(b)(c)	11.4%	9.6%	
Weighted average EBITDA(c)	\$ 8.5	\$ 94.2	
Weighted average leverage through CSWC security(c)(d)	3.3x	3.7x	

At June 30, 2017, we had equity ownership in approximately 75.0% of our LMM investments.

Weighted average metrics are calculated using investment cost basis weighting.

Includes CSWC debt investments only. Calculated as the amount of each portfolio company's debt (including CSWC's position and debt senior or pari passu to CSWC's position, but excluding debt subordinated to CSWC's position) in the capital structure divided by each portfolio company's adjusted EBITDA. Management uses this metric as a guide to evaluate relative risk of its position in each portfolio debt investment.

	As of March 31, 2017		
	LMM(a)	UMM	
	(dollars in 1	nillions)	
Number of portfolio companies	10	17	
Fair value	\$126,305	\$97,180	
Cost	\$ 93,822	\$95,918	
% of portfolio at cost – debt	74.8%	100.0%	
% of portfolio at cost – equity	25.2%	_	
% of debt investments at cost secured by first lien	61.5%	51.2%	
Weighted average annual effective yield(b)(c)	11.4%	9.6%	
Weighted average EBITDA(c)	\$ 7.4	\$ 101.3	
Weighted average leverage through CSWC security(c)(d)	3.1x	4.0x	

At March 31, 2017, we had equity ownership in approximately 70.0% of our LMM investments.

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of June 30, 2017, including accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. As of June 30, 2017, there were no investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares in our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales load paid by an investor.

The weighted-average annual effective yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of March 31, 2017, including accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt instruments and any debt investments on non-accrual status. As of June 30, 2016, there were no investments on non-accrual status. Weighted-average annual effective yield is higher than what an investor in shares in our common stock will realize on its investment because it does not reflect our expenses or any sales

Weighted average metrics are calculated using investment cost basis weighting.

Includes CSWC debt investments only. Calculated as the amount of each portfolio company's debt (including CSWC's position and debt senior or pari passu to CSWC's position, but excluding debt subordinated to CSWC's position) in the capital structure divided by each portfolio company's adjusted EBITDA. Management uses this metric as a guide to evaluate relative risk of its position in each portfolio debt investment.

As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, our investment portfolio consisted of the following investments:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio
		(dollars in n		
June 30, 2017:				
1st lien loans(1)	\$ 124.6	40.6%	\$122.6	45.6%
2nd lien loans	40.2	13.2	39.8	14.8
Subordinated debt	17.0	5.5	16.9	6.3
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	57.3	18.7	24.8	9.2
I-45 SLF LLC(2)	67.5	22.0	64.8	24.1
	\$ 306.6	100.0%	\$268.9	100.0%
March 31, 2017:	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
1st lien loans(1)	\$ 107.8	37.6%	\$106.8	42.6%
2nd lien loans	47.2	16.5	46.9	18.7
Subordinated debt	12.5	4.3	12.4	4.9
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	56.0	19.5	23.6	9.5
I-45 SLF LLC(2)	63.4	22.1	60.8	24.3
	\$ 286.9	100.0%	\$250.5	100.0%

Included in 1st lien loans are loans structured as first lien last out loans. These loans may in certain cases be subordinated in payment priority to other senior secured lenders. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the fair value of the first lien last out loans are \$22.0 million and \$21.8 million, respectively.

# PORTFOLIO ASSET QUALITY

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance and monitor the expected level of returns for each debt investment in our portfolio. The investment rating system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the portfolio company and the investments held therein, including each investment's expected level of returns and the collectability of our debt investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants and the portfolio company's future outlook. The ratings are not intended to reflect the performance or expected level of returns of our equity investments.

Investment Rating 1 represents the least amount of risk in our portfolio. The investment is performing materially above underwriting expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable.

I-45 SLF, LLC is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street Capital. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans in the UMM. The portfolio companies held by I-45 SLF represent a diverse set of industry classifications, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. We own 80.0% of I-45 SLF and have a profits interest of 75.6%, while Main Street Capital owns 20.0% and has a profits interest of 24.4%. I-45 SLF's Board of Managers makes all investment and operational decisions for the fund, and consists of equal representation from our Company and Main Street.

- Investment Rating 2 indicates the investment is performing as expected at the time of underwriting and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable to neutral.
- Investment Rating 3 involves an investment performing below underwriting expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally neutral to negative. The portfolio company or investment may be out of compliance with financial covenants and interest payments may be impaired, however principal payments are generally not past due.
- Investment Rating 4 indicates that the investment is performing materially below underwriting expectations, the trends and risk factors are generally negative and the risk of the investment has increased substantially. Interest and principal payments on our investment are likely to be impaired.

The following table shows the distribution of our debt portfolio investments on the 1 to 4 investment rating scale at fair value as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

	As of June 3	As of June 30, 2017			
Investment Rating	Debt Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Debt Portfolio			
	(dollars in th				
1	\$ 4,276	2.4%			
2	177,449	97.6			
3	<del>-</del>	_			
4					
Total	\$ 181,725	100.0%			
		<del></del>			
	As of March	31, 2017			
	Debt				
Investment Rating	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Debt Portfolio			
<u></u>	(dollars in th				
1	\$ 12,173	7.3%			
2	155,276	92.7			
3	_	_			
4					
Total	\$ 167,449	100.0%			

Interest and dividend income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. When we do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally establish a reserve against interest income receivable, thereby placing the loan or debt security on non-accrual status, and cease to recognize interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due.

As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, we did not have any investments on non-accrual status.

### **Investment Activity**

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, we made debt investments in four new portfolio companies totaling \$32.1 million, follow-on debt investments in one portfolio company totaling \$4.1 million, and equity investments in one existing and one new portfolio company totaling \$1.0 million. We also funded \$4.0 million on our existing equity commitment to I-45 SLF. We received contractual principal repayments totaling approximately \$4.9 million and full prepayments of approximately \$19.2 million from four portfolio companies.

During the year ended March 31, 2017, we made investments in fourteen portfolio companies, including two follow-ons in existing portfolio companies, totaling \$145.8 million. We received proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies of \$45.6 million. In addition, we received proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies totaling \$7.7 million and recognized net realized gains on those sales totaling \$7.2 million in the year ended March 31, 2017.

Total portfolio investment activity for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and year ended March 31, 2017 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

Three months ended June 30, 2017	1st Lien Loans	2nd Lien Loans	Subordinated Debt	Preferred & Common Equity	I-45 SLF, LLC	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$107,817	\$47,177	\$ 12,485	\$ 56,006	\$63,395	\$286,880
New investments	32,113	_	4,508	1,041	4,000	41,662
Proceeds from sales of investments	_	_	_	(15)	_	(15)
Principal repayments received	(16,905)	(7,219)	_	_	_	(24,124)
PIK interest earned	_	_	2	71	_	73
Accretion of loan discounts	142	32	9	_	_	183
Realized gain	465	144	_	15	_	624
Unrealized gain (loss)	900	92	(3)	170	140	1,299
Fair value, end of period	\$124,532	\$40,226	\$ 17,001	\$ 57,288	\$67,535	\$306,582
Weighted average yield on debt investments at end of period						10.51%
Weighted average yield on total investments at end of period						10.43%
Year ended March 31, 2017	1st Lien Loans	2nd Lien Loans	Subordinated 	Preferred & Common Equity	I-45 SLF, LLC	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 39.491	\$38.227	<b>\$</b> 15.114	<b>\$</b> 49.267	\$36.337	\$178.436

Year ended March 31, 2017	1st Lien Loans	2nd Lien Loans	Subordinated Debt	Common  Equity	I-45 SLF, LLC	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 39,491	\$38,227	\$ 15,114	\$ 49,267	\$36,337	\$178,436
New investments	101,857	17,133	_	3,174	24,000	146,164
Proceeds from sales of investments	_	(2,507)	_	(7,955)	_	(10,462)
Principal repayments received	(36,168)	(7,050)	_	(60)	_	(43,278)
Accretion of loan discounts	303	97	34	_	_	434
Realized gain (loss)	1,515	207	_	6,174		7,896
Unrealized gain (loss)	819	1,070	52	2,691	3,058	7,690
Conversion of security from debt to equity	_	_	(2,715)	2,715	_	_
Fair value, end of period	\$107,817	\$47,177	\$ 12,485	\$ 56,006	\$63,395	\$286,880
Weighted average yield on debt investments at end of period						10.28%
Weighted average yield on total investments at end of period						10 49%

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The composite measure of our financial performance in the Consolidated Statements of Operations is captioned "Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations" and consists of three elements. The first is "Net investment income (loss)," which is the difference between income from interest, dividends and fees and our combined operating and interest expenses, net of applicable income taxes. The second element is "Net realized gain (loss) on investments before income tax," which is the difference between the proceeds received from the

disposition of portfolio securities and their stated cost, net of applicable income tax expense based on our tax year. The third element is the "Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation of investments, net of tax," which is the net change in the market or fair value of our investment portfolio, compared with stated cost. It should be noted that the "Net realized gain (loss) on investments before income tax" and "Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation of investments, net of tax" are directly related in that when an appreciated portfolio security is sold to realize a gain, a corresponding decrease in net unrealized appreciation occurs by transferring the gain associated with the transaction from being "unrealized" to being "realized." Conversely, when a loss is realized on a depreciated portfolio security, an increase in net unrealized appreciation occurs.

# Comparison of three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

	Three Months Ended			
	June	30,	Net Ch	ange
	2017	2016	Amount	%
		(in thous	ands)	
Total investment income	\$ 7,724	\$ 4,157	\$3,567	85.8%
Total operating expenses	(4,144)	(3,239)	(905)	27.9%
Income before income taxes	3,580	918	2,662	290.0%
Income tax expense	144	547	(403)	(73.7)%
Net investment income	3,436	371	3,065	826.1%
Net realized gain on investments before income tax	624	199	425	213.6%
Net increase in net unrealized appreciation on investments, net of tax	1,384	2,127	(743)	(34.9)%
Net increase in net assets from operations	\$ 5,444	\$ 2,697	\$2,747	101.9%

#### Investment Income

Total investment income consisted of interest income, management fees, dividend income and other income for each applicable period. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, CSWC reported investment income of \$7.7 million, a \$3.6 million, or 85.8%, increase as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase was primarily due to a \$2.2 million, or 99.9%, increase in interest income generated from our debt investments, as well as an increase of \$1.2 million in dividend income due to dividends received from I-45 SLF LLC.

### **Operating Expenses**

Due to the nature of our business, the majority of our operating expenses are related to employees' and directors' compensation, office expenses, and legal, professional and accounting fees.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, our total operating expenses were \$4.1 million, an increase of \$0.9 million, or 27.9%, as compared to the total operating expenses of \$3.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$0.7 million increase in interest expense incurred on our senior secured credit facility, or the Credit Facility, during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

# Net Investment Income

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, income before income taxes increased by \$2.7 million, or 290.0%. As a result of the \$3.6 million increase in total investment income, offset by a \$0.9 million increase in operating expenses, net investment income increased from the prior year period by \$3.1 million to \$3.4 million.

# Increase in Net Assets from Operations

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized realized gains totaling \$0.6 million, which consisted of net gains on the partial repayments of two non-control/non-affiliate investments, full repayment on four non-control/non-affiliate investments, and the sale of one non-control/non-affiliate equity investment.

In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recorded a net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments totaling \$1.4 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$1.5 million, the reversal of \$0.2 million of net unrealized appreciation recognized in prior periods due to realized gains noted above, and net unrealized appreciation related to deferred tax associated with our direct wholly-owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity, or the Taxable Subsidiary, of \$0.1 million.

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recognized realized gains totaling \$0.2 million, which consisted of net gains on the partial repayments of four non-control/non-affiliate investments and prepayment of one non-control/non-affiliate investment. In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded a net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments totaling \$2.1 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$2.7 million, the reversal of \$0.1 million of net unrealized appreciation recognized in prior periods due to realized gains noted above, and net unrealized depreciation related to deferred tax associated with the Taxable Subsidiary of \$0.5 million.

### Comparison of years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016

	Year ended March 31,		Net Change	
	2017	2016	Amount	%
		(in thous	ands)	
Total investment income	\$ 23,474	\$ 9,160	\$14,314	156.3%
Total operating expenses	(13,807)	(21,125)	7,318	34.6%
Pre-tax net investment income (loss)	9,667	(11,965)	21,632	180.8%
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,779	(1,278)	3,057	239.2%
Net investment income (loss)	7,888	(10,687)	18,575	173.8%
Net realized gain (loss) on investments before income tax	7,896	(10,802)	18,698	173.1%
Net increase (decrease) in net unrealized appreciation on investments	7,690	16,089	(8,399)	52.2%
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	\$ 23,474	\$ (5,400)	\$28,874	(534.7)%

#### Investment Income

Total investment income consisted of interest income, management fees, dividend income and other income for each applicable period. For the year ended March 31, 2017, total investment income was \$23.5 million, a \$14.3 million, or 156.3%, increase over total investment income of \$9.2 million for the year ended March 31, 2016. This increase was primarily due to a \$7.9 million, or 176.0% increase in interest income generated from our debt investments due to a 78% increase in the cost basis of debt investments held from \$93.4 million to \$166.1 million year over year, partially offset by a decrease in the weighted average yield on debt investments from 10.67% to 10.28% year over year. Additionally, there was an increase of \$6.4 million, or 182.0% increase in dividend income due to dividends received from I-45 SLF LLC and Media Recovery, Inc. Total investment income also includes interest income we earn from the short-term investment of cash funds, and the annual amount of such income varies based upon the average level of funds invested during the year and fluctuations in short-term interest rates. During the two years ended March 31, we had interest income from cash and cash equivalents of \$0.2 million in 2017 and \$0.4 million in 2016.

We receive management fees primarily from our controlled affiliate investments which aggregated \$0.4 million in 2017 and \$0.7 million in 2016. We also received other miscellaneous income of approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million during the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, related primarily to other portfolio company activity.

# **Operating Expenses**

For the year ended March 31, 2017, total operating expenses were \$13.8 million, a \$7.3 million, or 34.6%, decrease over total operating expenses of \$21.2 million for the year ended March 31, 2016. Due to the nature of our business as an investment company, the majority of our operating expenses are related to employee and director compensation, office expenses, legal, professional and accounting fees and pension expenses. The decrease from 2016 is primarily due to expenses of \$7.0 million related to the spin-off, or Share Distribution, of CSW Industrials, Inc., or CSWI, incurred during 2016.

### Net Investment Income/Loss

Primarily as a result of the \$14.3 million increase in total investment income and the \$7.3 million decrease in expenses, net investment income for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 was \$7.9 million compared to net investment loss of \$10.7 million during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

# Increase/Decrease in Net Assets from Operations

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, we recognized realized gains totaling \$7.9 million which consisted of net gains on the partial repayments of 22 non-control/non-affiliate investments, prepayment of five non-control/non-affiliate investments and the sale of certain equity securities.

In addition, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, we recorded a net increase in unrealized appreciation on investments totaling \$7.7 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$15.1 million, the reversal of \$7.1 million of net unrealized appreciation recognized in prior periods due to the realized gains noted above, and net unrealized depreciation related to deferred tax associated with the Taxable Subsidiary of \$0.3 million. Net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio included unrealized gains on Media Recovery, Inc. of \$5.6 million, Deepwater Corrosion Services, Inc. of \$4.9 million and I-45 Senior Loan Fund of \$3.1 million partially offset by unrealized losses on TitanLiner, Inc. of \$3.3 million. These unrealized gains and losses were due to changes in fair value based on the overall EBITDA performance and cash flows of each investment.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, we recognized a total net realized loss of \$10.8 million consisting of the difference between \$19.7 million of proceeds from disposition of investments and \$30.5 million of cost from four partial repayments of investments and the disposition of twelve investments.

In addition, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, we recorded a net increase in unrealized appreciation on investments of \$16.1 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$7.6 million and net unrealized appreciation reclassification adjustments of \$8.5 million related to the realized gains and losses noted above.

As a result of these events, our net increase in net assets from operations during the year ended March 31, 2017 was \$23.5 million as compared to a decrease in net assets from operations of \$5.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2016.

# Comparison of years ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015

	Year ended	l March 31,	Net Change		
	2016	2016 2015		%	
		(in thous	ands)		
Total investment income	\$ 9,160	\$ 9,948	\$ (788)	(7.9)%	
Total operating expenses	(21,125)	(12,123)	(9,002)	(74.3)%	
Pre-tax net investment (loss) income	(11,965)	(2,175)	(9,790)	(450.1)%	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1,278)	270	(1,548)	573.3%	
Net investment (loss) income	(10,687)	(2,445)	(8,242)	(337.1)%	
Net realized (loss) gain on investments before income tax	(10,802)	164,264	(175,066)	106.6%	
Net increase (decrease) in net unrealized appreciation on investments	16,089	(108,377)	124,466	114.8%	
Net (decrease) increase in net assets from operations	\$ (5,400)	\$ 53,442	\$ (58,842)	(110.1)%	

#### Investment Income

Total investment income consisted of interest income, management fees, dividend income and other income for each applicable period. For the year ended March 31, 2016, total investment income was \$9.2 million, a \$0.8 million, or 7.9%, decrease over total investment income of \$9.9 million for the year ended March 31, 2015. This decrease was primarily attributable to a \$5.5 million or 61.0%, decrease in dividend income principally due to the elimination of dividend income from The RectorSeal Corporation as a result of the Share Distribution. This decrease was offset by dividend income of \$1.8 million from Media Recovery, Inc. and approximately \$4.5 million of interest income generated from our debt investments. Total investment income also includes interest income we earn from the short-term investment of cash funds, and the annual amount of such income varies based upon the average level of funds invested during the year and fluctuations in short-term interest rates. During the two years ended March 31, 2016, we had interest income from cash and cash equivalents of \$0.4 million in 2016 and \$0.1 million in 2015.

We receive management fees primarily from our controlled affiliate investments which aggregated \$0.7 million in 2016 and \$0.6 million in 2015. We also received other miscellaneous income of approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.04 million during the years ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, related primarily to other portfolio company activity.

# **Operating Expenses**

Total operating expenses increased by \$9.0 million, or 74.3% during the year ended March 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended March 31, 2015. The increase in 2016 was primarily due to expenses of \$7.0 million related to the Share Distribution, as well as expenses of \$1.3 million related to the spin-off compensation plan. Additionally, total compensation expenses of \$7.0 million include approximately \$1.6 million of compensation expense for employees who transferred to CSWI following the Share Distribution.

# Net Investment Income/Loss

Primarily as a result of the \$0.8 million decrease in total investment income and the \$9.0 million increase in expenses, net investment loss for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 was \$10.7 million compared to net investment loss of \$2.4 million during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015.

# Increase/Decrease in Net Assets from Operations

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, we recognized a total net realized loss of \$10.8 million consisting of the difference between \$19.7 million of proceeds from disposition of investments and \$30.5 million of cost from investments derived from the aforementioned sources.

In addition, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, we recorded a net increase in unrealized appreciation on investments of \$16.1 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$7.6 million and net unrealized appreciation reclassification adjustments of \$8.5 million related to the realized gains and losses noted above.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, we sold our interests in Alamo Group, Inc., which generated a realized gain of \$112.9 million. We also sold our interests in Encore Wire Corporation, which resulted in a realized gain of \$44.3 million. We also sold our ownership in KBI Biopharma, Inc., for cash proceeds of \$18.9 million and a realized gain of \$14.4 million. In addition, we sold our interests in Trax Holdings, Inc. for cash proceeds of \$16.1 million, resulting in a realized gain of \$7.9 million. These gains were offset by a \$14.8 million realized loss from the sale of Cinatra Clean Technologies, Inc., a \$1.2 million realized loss related to the liquidation of Discovery Alliance, LLC, and a realized loss of \$0.2 million from the liquidation of Tristate Capital Holdings, Inc. In addition, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, we recorded net unrealized depreciation of \$108.4 million, consisting of net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$98.6 million and net unrealized depreciation reclassification adjustments of \$207.0 million related to the realized gains and losses noted above.

As a result of these events, our net decrease in net assets from operations during the year ended March 31, 2016 was \$5.4 million as compared to an increase in net assets from operations of \$53.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2015.

### FINANCIAL LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Management believes that the Company's cash and cash equivalents, cash available from investments, and commitments under the Credit Facility are adequate to meet its needs for the next twelve months.

#### Cash

At June 30, 2017, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$12.4 million.

At March 31, 2017, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$22.4 million.

#### Financing Transactions

In August 2016 we entered into the Credit Facility, which provides additional liquidity to support our investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility includes total commitments of \$100.0 million from a diversified group of five lenders and is scheduled to mature August 30, 2020. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature which allows us to increase the total commitments under the facility up to \$150.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable London Interbank Offered Rate, or LIBOR, rate plus 3.25% with no LIBOR floor. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.50% to 1.50% per annum, based on utilization, on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (1) certain reporting requirements, (2) maintaining regulated investment company, or RIC, and business development company, or BDC, status, (3) maintaining a minimum shareholders' equity, (4) maintaining a minimum consolidated net worth, (5) maintaining a regulatory asset coverage of not less than 200.0%, (6) maintaining a consolidated interest coverage ratio of at least 2.5 to 1.0, and (7) at any time the outstanding advances exceed 90.0% of the borrowing base, maintaining a minimum liquidity of not less than 10.0% of the covered debt amount.

The Credit Facility also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, bankruptcy, and change of control, with customary cure and notice provisions. If we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, the lenders may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests.

The Credit Facility is secured by (1) substantially all of the present and future property and assets of the Company and the guarantors and (2) 100.0% of the equity interests in the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2017, substantially all of the Company's assets were pledged as collateral for the Credit Facility.

At June 30, 2017, CSWC had \$25.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. CSWC recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs of \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The weighted average interest rate on the Credit Facility was 4.45% as of June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, CSWC was in compliance with all financial covenants under the Credit Facility.

Our primary use of funds will be investments in portfolio companies and operating expenses.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments may include commitments to extend credit and fund equity capital and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. At June 30, 2017, we had a total of approximately \$3.2 million in outstanding commitments related to equity capital commitments to I-45 SLF that had not been fully called. At June 30, 2017, the commitment to I-45 SLF was our sole unfunded obligation. The Company believes its assets will provide adequate cover to satisfy these commitments as of June 30, 2017 with cash and cash equivalents of \$12.4 million and \$75 million in available borrowings under the credit facility. At March 31, 2017, we had a total of approximately \$7.2 million in outstanding commitments related to equity capital commitments to I-45 that had not been fully called. At March 31, 2017, the commitment to I-45 SLF was our sole unfunded obligation. The Company believes its assets will provide adequate cover to satisfy these commitments as of March 31, 2017 with cash and cash equivalents of \$22.4 million and \$75 million in available borrowings under the credit facility.

### **CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS**

As shown below, we had the following contractual obligations as of March 31, 2017. For information on our capital commitments, see Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year end March 31, 2017.

			s Due By Period thousands)	
Contractual Obligations	Total	1 Year	2-3 Years	e Than Years
Operating lease obligations	\$1,238	\$ 239	\$ 506	\$ 493

# RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to certain of our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. "Making available significant managerial assistance" refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio

company. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 we received management and other fees from certain of our portfolio companies totaling \$0.1 million, respectively, which were recognized as fees and other income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we received management and other fees from certain of our portfolio companies totaling \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, which were recognized as fees and other income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

# **SENIOR SECURITIES**

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of March 31 for the years indicated in the table, unless otherwise noted. The report of Grant Thornton LLP, our independent registered public accountants for the year ended March 31, 2017, on the senior securities table as of March 31, 2017, is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Class and Year	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(1) (dollars in thousands)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
Credit Facility				
2017	\$ 25,000	12.40	_	N/A

Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.

Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness.

The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The "-" indicates information which the SEC expressly does not required to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

Average market value per unit for our Credit Facility is not applicable because this is not registered for public trading.

#### **BUSINESS**

### **ORGANIZATION**

CSWC is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on Nasdaq under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Until September 1969, we operated as a small business investment company, or SBIC licensed under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. At that time, CSWC transferred to our wholly-owned subsidiary, Capital Southwest Venture Corporation, or CSVC, certain assets including our license as a SBIC. CSVC was a closed-end, non-diversified investment company registered under the 1940 Act. Effective June 14, 2016, CSVC was dissolved and its SBIC license was surrendered. All assets held in CSVC were transferred to CSWC upon dissolution. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a BDC subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980. In order to remain a BDC, we must meet certain specified requirements under the 1940 Act, including investing at least 70.0% of our assets in eligible portfolio companies and limiting the amount of leverage we incur.

We are also a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC tax treatment, which requires that we qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

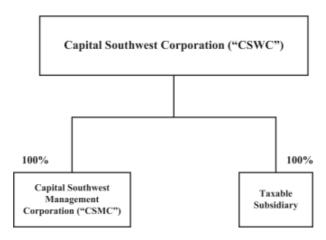
CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, equipment and other administrative costs required for day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a Taxable Subsidiary. The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution of CSWI. CSWI is now an independent publicly traded company. The Share Distribution was effected through a tax-free, pro-rata distribution of 100.0% of CSWI's common stock to shareholders of the Company. Each Company shareholder received one share of CSWI common stock for every one share of Company common stock on the record date, September 18, 2015. Cash was paid in lieu of any fractional shares of CSWI common stock.

Following the Share Distribution, we have maintained operations as an internally-managed BDC and pursued a credit-focused investing strategy akin to similarly structured organizations. We intend to continue to provide capital to middle-market companies. We intend to invest primarily in debt securities, including senior debt, second lien and subordinated debt, and may also invest in preferred stock and common stock alongside our debt investments or through warrants.

The following diagram depicts CSWC's summary organizational structure:



#### OVERVIEW OF OUR BUSINESS

We are an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to LMM companies and debt capital to UMM companies in a broad range of investment segments located primarily in the United States. Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments. Our investment strategy is to partner with business owners, management teams and financial sponsors to provide flexible financing solutions to fund growth, changes of control, or other corporate events. In allocating future investments, we plan to continue investing primarily in senior and subordinated debt securities secured by security interests in portfolio company assets, coupled with equity interests.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in LMM companies, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in UMM companies. Our target LMM companies typically have annual EBITDA between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loan investments in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million. We make available significant managerial assistance to the companies in which we invest as we believe that providing managerial assistance to an investee company is important to its business development activities.

Because we are internally managed, we do not pay external investment advisory fees, but instead directly incur the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly traded and privately held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our investment portfolio.

#### **Our Business Strategy**

Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

- Leveraging the Experience of Our Management Team. Our senior management team has extensive experience advising, investing in and lending to middle market companies across changing market cycles. The members of our management team have diverse investment backgrounds, with prior experience at investment banks, commercial banks, and business development companies in the capacity of senior officers. We believe this diverse experience provides us with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of the middle market companies in which we invest. We believe this understanding allows us to select and structure better investments and to efficiently monitor and provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.
- Applying Rigorous Underwriting Policies and Active Portfolio Management. Our senior management team has implemented rigorous underwriting policies that are followed in each transaction. These policies include a thorough analysis of each potential portfolio company's competitive position, financial performance, management team operating discipline, growth potential and industry attractiveness, which we believe allows us to better assess the company's prospects. After investing in a company, we monitor the investment closely, typically receiving monthly, quarterly and annual financial statements. Senior management, together with the deal team and accounting and finance departments, meets at least monthly to analyze and discuss in detail the company's financial performance and industry trends. We believe that our initial and ongoing portfolio review process allows us to monitor effectively the performance and prospects of our portfolio companies.
- Investing Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately diverse among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets. However, we may from time to time hold securities of a single portfolio company that comprise more than 5.0% of our total assets and/or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company. For that reason, we are classified as a non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act.
- **Utilizing Long-Standing Relationships to Source Deals**. Our senior management team and investment professionals maintain extensive relationships with entrepreneurs, financial sponsors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, commercial bankers and other non-bank providers of capital who refer prospective portfolio companies to us. These relationships historically have generated significant investment opportunities. We believe that our network of relationships will continue to produce attractive investment opportunities.
- Focusing on Underserved Markets. The middle market has traditionally been underserved. We believe that operating margin and growth pressures, as well as regulatory concerns, have caused many financial institutions to de-emphasize services to middle market companies in favor of larger corporate clients and more liquid capital market transactions. We also invest in securities that would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. We believe these dynamics have resulted in the financing market for middle market companies being underserved, providing us with greater investment opportunities.
- **Focus on Established Companies**. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and recurring cash flow streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk adjusted return profiles than earlier stage companies that are building their management teams and establishing their revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our target size range generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.

- Capital Structures Appropriate for Potential Industry and Business Volatility. Our investment team spends significant time understanding the performance of both the target portfolio company and its specific industry throughout a full economic cycle. The history of each specific industry and target portfolio company will demonstrate a different level of potential volatility in financial performance. We seek to understand this dynamic thoroughly and invest our capital at leverage levels in the capital structure that will remain in enterprise value and in securities that will receive interest payments if such downside volatility were to occur.
- **Providing Customized Financing Solutions**. We offer a variety of financing structures and have the flexibility to structure our investments to meet the needs of our portfolio companies. Often we invest in senior and subordinated debt securities, coupled with equity interests. We believe our ability to customize financing structures makes us an attractive partner to middle market companies.

### **Investment Criteria and Objectives**

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that we believe are important in evaluating prospective investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been or will be met in connection with each of our investments:

- Companies with Positive and Sustainable Cash Flow: We generally seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance.
- **Excellent Management**: Management teams with a proven record of achievement, exceptional ability, unyielding determination and integrity. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that protects and enhances value.
- Industry: We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help protect their market position.
- **Strong Private Equity Sponsors**: We focus on developing relationships with leading private equity firms in order to partner with these firms and provide them capital to support the acquisition and growth of their portfolio companies.
- Appropriate Risk-Adjusted Returns: We focus on and price opportunities to generate returns that are attractive on a risk-adjusted basis, taking
  into consideration factors, in addition to the ones depicted above, including credit structure, leverage levels and the general volatility and
  potential volatility of cash flows.
- **Location**: We primarily focus on companies located in the United States. Each new investment is evaluated for its appropriateness within our existing portfolio. Prospective portfolio company candidates for our existing portfolio companies may be located worldwide.

### **Investment Process**

We have an investment committee that is responsible for all aspects of our investment process relating to investments made by CSWC. The current members of the investment committee are Bowen Diehl, Michael Sarner, Douglas Kelley, Josh Weinstein and David Brooks.

Our investment strategy involves a team approach, whereby our investment team screens potential transactions before they are presented to the investment committee for approval. Transactions that are either above a certain hold size or outside our general investment policy will also be reviewed and approved by the board of directors. Our investment team generally categorizes the investment process into six distinctive stages:

• **Deal Generation/Origination**: Deal generation and origination is maximized through long-standing and extensive relationships with private equity firms, leveraged loan syndication desks, brokers, commercial and investment bankers, entrepreneurs, service providers such as lawyers and accountants, and current and former portfolio companies and investors.

- Screening: Once it is determined that a potential investment has met our investment criteria, we will screen the investment by performing preliminary due diligence, which could include discussions with the private equity firm, management team, loan syndication desk, etc. Upon successful screening of the proposed investment, the investment team makes a recommendation to move forward and prepares an initial screening memo for the CSWC investment committee. We then issue either a non-binding term sheet (in the case of a directly originated transaction), or submit an order to the loan syndication desk (in the case of a large-market syndicated loan transaction).
- **Term Sheet**: In a directly originated transaction, the non-binding term sheet will typically include the key economic terms of our investment proposal, along with exclusivity, confidentiality, and expense reimbursement provisions, among other terms relevant to the particular investment. Upon acceptance of the term sheet, we will begin our formal due diligence process. In a syndicated loan transaction, rather than a formal term sheet, we will submit an order for an allocation to the syndicated loan desk.
- **Due Diligence**: Due diligence is performed under the direction of our senior investment professionals, and involves our entire investment team as well as certain external resources, who together perform due diligence to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations, financial performance, and legal risks. On our directly originated transactions, our due diligence will often include (1) conducting site visits with management and key personnel; (2) performing a detailed review of historical and projected financial statements, often with a third-party accounting firm, to evaluate the target company's normalized cash flow; (3) interviewing key customers and suppliers; (4) evaluating company management, including a formal background check; (5) reviewing material contracts; (6) conducting an industry, market and strategy analysis; and (7) obtaining a review by legal, environmental or other consultants. In instances where a financial sponsor is investing in the equity in a transaction, we will leverage work done by the financial sponsor for purposes of our due diligence. In syndicated loan transactions, our due diligence may exclude direct customer and supplier interviews, and be limited to review of reports from the financial sponsor or syndication agent for industry and market analysis, and legal and environmental diligence.
- **Document and Close**: Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review, our investment team presents its written findings to the investment committee. For transactions that are either over a certain hold size, or outside our general investment policy, the investment team will present the transaction to our board of directors for approval. Upon approval for the investment, we re-confirm our regulatory company compliance, process and finalize all required legal documents and fund the investment.
- **Post-Investment**: We continuously monitor the status and progress of our portfolio companies, as well as our investment thesis developed at the time of investment. We offer managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and provide them access to our investment experience, direct industry expertise and contacts. The same investment team leader that was involved in the investment process will continue to be involved in the portfolio company post-investment. This approach provides continuity of knowledge and allows the investment team to maintain a strong business relationship with the financial sponsor, business owner and key management of our portfolio companies. As part of the monitoring process, members of our investment team will analyze monthly, quarterly and annual financial statements against previous periods, review financial projections, meet with the financial sponsor and management (when necessary), attend board meetings (when appropriate) and review all compliance certificates and covenants. Our investment team generally meets once per month with senior management to review the performance of each of the portfolio companies.

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance and monitor the expected level of returns for each debt investment in our portfolio. The investment rating system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the portfolio company and the investments held therein, including each investment's expected level of returns and the collectability of our debt investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants and the portfolio company's future outlook. The ratings are not intended to reflect the performance or expected level of returns of our equity investments.

- Investment Rating 1 represents the least amount of risk in our portfolio. The investment is performing materially above underwriting expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable.
- Investment Rating 2 indicates the investment is performing as expected at the time of underwriting and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable to neutral.
- Investment Rating 3 involves an investment performing below underwriting expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally neutral to negative. The portfolio company or investment may be out of compliance with financial covenants and interest payments may be impaired, however principal payments are generally not past due.
- Investment Rating 4 indicates that the investment is performing materially below underwriting expectations, the trends and risk factors are generally negative and the risk of the investment has increased substantially. Interest and principal payments on our investment are likely to be impaired.

### **Determination of Net Asset Value and Portfolio Valuation Process**

We determine our NAV per share on a quarterly basis. The NAV per share is equal to our total assets minus liabilities divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

We determine in good faith the fair value of our portfolio investments pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, or ASC 820, and a valuation process approved by our board of directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Our valuation policy is intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of the portfolio.

We undertake a multi-step valuation process each quarter in connection with determining the fair value of our investments. Our board of directors is ultimately responsible for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value of each investment in our portfolio. The valuation process is led by the finance department in conjunction with the investment teams. Valuations of each portfolio security are prepared quarterly by the finance department using updated portfolio company financial and operational information. Each investment valuation is also subject to review by the executive officers and investment teams.

In conjunction with the internal valuation process, we have engaged multiple independent consulting firms that specialize in financial due diligence, valuation and business advisory services to provide third-party valuation reviews of the majority of our investments on a quarterly basis. Our board of directors is ultimately responsible for determining the fair value of our investments in good faith.

### COMPETITION

We compete for attractive investment opportunities with other financial institutions, including business development companies, junior capital lenders, and banks. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of the experience and contacts of our management team and our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes. However, many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. Furthermore, our competitors may have a lower cost of funds and many have access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, certain of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and build their market shares. In addition, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities."

We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, because of this competition, we may be

unable to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and may be unable to identify and make investments that satisfy our investment objectives or meet our investment goals.

### DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a DRIP which provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our shareholders. Under the DRIP, if we declare a dividend, registered shareholders who have opted into the DRIP as of the dividend record date will have their dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of our common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP may be satisfied through open market purchases of common stock by the DRIP plan administrator. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased by the DRIP plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs.

# ELECTION TO BE REGULATED AS A BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT COMPANY

CSWC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company. CSWC has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, we have elected for CSWC to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Our election to be regulated as a BDC and our election to be treated as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes have a significant impact on our operations. Some of the most important effects on our operations of our election to be regulated as a BDC and our election to be treated as a RIC are outlined below.

We report our investments at market value or fair value with changes in value reported through our consolidated statements of
operations.

In accordance with the requirements of Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we report all of our investments, including debt investments, at market value or, for investments that do not have a readily available market value, at their "fair value" as determined in good faith by our board of directors. Changes in these values are reported through our statements of operations under the caption of "net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments." See "Determination of Net Asset Value and Portfolio Valuation Process" above.

• We intend to distribute substantially all of our income to our shareholders. We generally will be required to pay income taxes only on the portion of our taxable income we do not distribute to shareholders (actually or constructively).

As a RIC, so long as we meet certain minimum distribution, source of income and asset diversification requirements, we generally are required to pay U.S. federal income taxes only on the portion of our taxable income and gains we do not distribute (actually or constructively) and certain built-in gains. We intend to distribute to our shareholders substantially all of our income. We may, however, make deemed distributions to our shareholders of any retained net long-term capital gains. If this happens, our shareholders will be treated as if they received an actual distribution of the net capital gains and reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in us. Our shareholders also may be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable share of the corporate-level U.S. federal income tax we pay on the deemed distribution. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations." We met the minimum distribution requirements for tax years 2014, 2015 and 2016 and continually monitor our distribution requirements with the goal of ensuring compliance with the Code.

In addition, we have a Taxable Subsidiary which holds a portion of one or more of our portfolio investments that are listed on the Consolidated Schedule of Investments. The Taxable Subsidiary is consolidated for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP, so that our consolidated financial statements reflect our investments in the portfolio companies owned by the Taxable

Subsidiary. The purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit us to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. Absent the Taxable Subsidiary, a proportionate amount of any gross income of a partnership or LLC (or other pass-through entity) portfolio investment would flow through directly to us. To the extent that such income did not consist of investment income, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and therefore cause us to incur significant amounts of corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes. Where interests in LLCs (or other pass-through entities) are owned by the Taxable Subsidiary, the income from those interests is taxed to the Taxable Subsidiary and does not flow through to us, thereby helping us preserve our RIC tax treatment and resultant tax advantages. The Taxable Subsidiary is not consolidated for U.S. federal income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. This income tax expense, if any, is reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

# Our ability to use leverage as a means of financing our portfolio of investments is limited.

As a BDC, we are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities of at least 200.0%. For this purpose, senior securities include all borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future. Additionally, our ability to utilize leverage as a means of financing our portfolio of investments may be limited by this asset coverage test. While the use of leverage may enhance returns if we meet our investment objective, our returns may be reduced or eliminated if our returns on investments are less than the costs of borrowing.

# We are required to comply with the provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to business development companies.

As a BDC, we are required to have a majority of directors who are not "interested" persons under the 1940 Act. In addition, we are required to comply with other applicable provisions of the 1940 Act, including those requiring the adoption of a code of ethics, fidelity bonding and investment custody arrangements. See "Regulation as a Business Development Company" below.

# **EMPLOYEES**

As of June 30, 2017, we had 16 employees, each of whom was employed by our management company, CSMC. These employees include our corporate officers, investment and portfolio management professionals and administrative staff. All of our employees are located in our principal executive offices in Dallas, Texas.

# **PROPERTIES**

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties. We maintain our offices at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240, where we lease approximately 9,261 square feet of office space pursuant to a lease agreement expiring in January 2022. We believe that our offices are adequate to meet our current and expected future needs.

# LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. As of the date hereof, we are not a party to, and none of our assets are subject to, any material pending legal proceedings and are not aware of any claims that could have a materially adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

# PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain unaudited information as of June 30, 2017, for the portfolio companies in which we had a debt or equity investment. Other than these investments, our only formal relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance ancillary to our investments and the board observer or participation rights we may receive. The following table excludes our investments in marketable securities and temporary investments.

D 411 6 (0)	Type of	Business	Current Interest				Fair
Portfolio Company(1) Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments(5)	Investment(2)	Description	Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Value(4)
AAC HOLDINGS	First Lien	Provider of substance abuse treatment services	L+6.75% (Floor 1.00%)	6/28/2023	\$ 9,500,000	\$ 9,262,500	\$ 9,381,250
200 Powell Place Brentwood, TN 37027							
AG KINGS HOLDINGS(8)	First Lien	Specialty food retailer	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	8/8/2021	9,850,000	9,679,554	9,850,000
700 Lanidex Plaza Parsippany, NJ 07054							
AMERICAN TELECONFERENCING	First Lien	Provider of audio conferencing and video collaboration solutions	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	12/8/2021	6,644,670	6,477,514	6,640,550
3280 Peachtree Road NE Suite 1000 Atlanta, GA 30305	Second Lien		L+9.50%				
AMWARE FULFILLMENT	First Lien	Provider of logistics fulfillment services	(Floor 1.00%) L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/6/2022 5/21/2019	2,005,714 12,897,500	1,932,383 12,713,209	1,986,910 12,897,500
4505 Newpoint Place Lawrenceville, GA 30043		SCIVICES	(11001 1.0070)	5/21/2013	12,037,000	12,710,200	12,037,000
ARGON MEDICAL DEVICES	Second Lien	Manufacturer of medical devices	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/23/2022	5,000,000	4,875,571	5,000,000
5151 Headquarters Drive Suite 210 Plano, TX 75024							
BINSWANGER CORP.	First Lien	Service provider for glass and aluminum products	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/9/2022	13,251,760	12,999,838	12,999,838
965 Ridge Lake Blvd., Suite 305	900,000 shares of common						<b>-</b> 22 222
Memphis, TN 38120	stock		_	_	_	900,000	762,000
CALIFORNIA PIZZA KITCHEN	First Lien	Restaurants	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	8/23/2022	4,962,500	13,899,838 4,918,439	13,761,838 4,969,746
12181 Bluff Creek Drive			(11001 1.0070)	0/23/2022	4,302,300	4,310,433	4,303,740

12181 Bluff Creek Drive 5th Floor Playa Vista, CA 90094

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Business Description	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
CAST AND CREW PAYROLL, LLC	Second Lien	Provider payroll services to entertainment & media industries	L+7.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/12/2023			\$ 3,631,158
2300 Empire Avenue 5th Floor Burbank, CA 91504							
DEEPWATER CORROSION SERVICES, INC.	127,004 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock	Provider of corrosion control solutions	_	_	_	8,000,000	5,825,000
13813 FM 529 Rd.						-,,	-,,
Houston, TX 77041 DIGITAL RIVER, INC.	First Lien	Provider of eCommerce platform and payment solutions	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2021	7,032,285	7,003,283	7,067,446
10380 Bren Road West Minnetonka, MN 55343			,			, ,	
DIGITAL ROOM INC.	Second Lien	Provider of eCommerce printing solutions	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2023	7,000,000	6,868,326	6,872,622
8000 Haskell Avenue Van Nuys, CA 91406							
DUNN PAPER, INC.	Second Lien	Supplier of paper & forest products	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/26/2023	3,000,000	2,944,563	2,970,000
218 Riverview St. Port Huron, MI 48060		•	,			,	
ELITE SEM, INC.(8)	First Lien	Digital media agency	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/1/2022	12,150,000	11,875,016	12,150,000
142 W 36th Street, Fl 11 New York, NY 10018	1,000 shares of common stock		12% PIK	_	_	1,049,667	1,383,000
	Stock		12 /0 1 110			12,924,683	13,533,000
LIGHTING RETROFIT INTERNATIONAL(13)	First Lien	Provider of energy efficiency services	L+9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6/30/2022	15,000,000	14,748,115	14,748,115
750 MD Route 3 South Suite 19 Gambills, MD 21054	396,825 shares of Series B preferred stock		_	_	_	500,000	500,000
PREPAID LEGAL SERVICES, INC.	Second Lien	Provider of	L+9.00%			15,248,115	15,248,115
One Pre-Paid Way	occond Elen	legal plans	(Floor 1.25%)	7/1/2020	5,000,000	4,958,420	5,040,625

One Pre-Paid Way Ada, OK 74820

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Business Description	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
REDBOX AUTOMATED RETAIL	First Lien	Entertainment					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		kiosk supplier	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	9/27/2021	7,437,500	7,231,067	7,480,862
1800 114th Avenue SE Bellevue, WA 98004							
RESEARCH NOW GROUP, INC.	Second Lien	Data collection servicer	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3/18/2022	7,000,000	6,921,461	6,965,000
5800 Tennyson Parkway Suite 600 Plano, TX 75024							
RESTAURANT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Second Lien	Solution provider to foodservice industry	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	11/23/2023	3,500,000	3,450,606	3,482,500
2250 Pilot Knob Road Suite 100 Mendota Heights, MN 55120							
RJO HOLDINGŠ CORP.(14)	First Lien	Futures commission merchant	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5/5/2022	7,500,000	7,426,849	7,426,849
222 S. Riverside Plaza Suite 1200 Chicago, IL 60606							
TAX ADVISORS GROUP(13)	Senior subordinated debt	Provider of tax consulting	10.00% / 2.00% PIK	12/23/2022	4,601,533	4,509,739	4,509,739
12400 Coit Road Suite 1270 Dallas, TX 75251	143.3 Class A units		_	_	_	541,176	541,176
						5,050,915	5,050,915
VISTAR MEDIA INC.	First Lien	Digital marketing firm	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2/16/2022	8,250,000	7,464,254	8,105,625
1420 Walnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19102	Warrants		_	_	_	886,000	1,362,000
WASTEWATER SPECIALTIES	First Lien	Provider of industrial				8,350,254	9,467,625
2005 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		cleaning services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4/18/2022	11,000,000	10,813,640	10,813,640
2205 Industrial Drive Sulphur, LA 70665							
WATER PIK, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer health products designer and supplier	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1/8/2021	4,254,386	4,175,679	4,275,658
1730 East Prospect Road Fort Collins, CO 80525		r	(11001 210070)		.,,	., 2,070	., 2,300
WINZER CORPORATION	Senior subordinated debt	Distributor of industrial products	11.00%	6/1/2021	8,100,000	7,982,208	8,031,150
4060 E. Plano Parkway Plano, TX 75074							
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments						\$ 186,795,188	\$ 187,669,959

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Business Description	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
Affiliate Investments(6)		Description	Ttute(-)		Timespui		value( )
CHANDLER SIGNS, LP(13)	Senior subordinated debt	Commercial exterior sign provider	12.00%	7/4/2021	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 4,428,684	\$ 4,428,684
3201 Manor Way Dallas, TX 75235	1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock		_	_	_	1,500,000	2,381,000
						5,928,684	6,809,684
Total Affiliate Investments						\$ 5,928,684	\$ 6,809,684
Control Investments(7)							
I-45 SLF LLC(9),(10),(11)	80% LLC equity interest	Multi-sector holdings	_	_	_	\$ 64,800,000	\$ 67,535,416
5400 LBJ Freeway Suite 1300 Dallas, TX 75240							
MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.(11)	800,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock	Manufacturer and distributor of monitoring				000.000	5.077.400
510 C + D :	4 000 002 1	devices	_	_	_	800,000	5,277,488
510 Corporate Drive Graham, TX 76450	4,000,002 shares of common stock		_	_	_	4,615,000 5,415,000	30,444,512 35,722,000
TITANLINER, INC.	1,189,609 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock	Provider and servicer of spill containment systems	6% PIK	_	_	2,799,768	3,463,000
4100 International Plaza Suite 538	339,277 shares of Series A convertible	Systems	111			2,755,765	3,103,000
Fort Worth, TX 76109	preferred stock		_	_	_	3,204,222	5,382,000
,	preferred block					6,003,990	8,845,000
Total Control Investments						\$ 76,218,990	\$ 112,102,416
TOTAL INVESTMENTS(12)						\$ 268,942,862	\$ 306,582,059

All debt investments are income-producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity investments are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.

All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered as security for the Company's senior secured credit facility.

The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to LIBOR, which we may refer to as "P" and reset daily,

monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at June 30, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Certain investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the 1940 Act and FASB, ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our board of directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither control investments nor affiliate investments. At June 30, 2017, approximately 61.2% of the Company's investment assets are non-control/non-affiliate investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 65.3%.

Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At June 30, 2017, approximately 2.2% of the Company's investment assets are affiliate investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 2.4%.

Control investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained. At June 30, 2017, approximately 36.6% of the Company's investment assets are control investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 39.0%.

- (8) The investment is structured as a first lien last out term loan and earns interest in addition to the stated rate.
  (9) Indicates assets that are considered "non-qualifying assets" under section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of June 30, 2017, 21.7% of the Company's total investments were non-qualifying assets.
  (10) The investment has approximately \$3.2 million unfunded commitment as of June 30, 2017.

- Income producing through dividends on distributions.
   As of June 30, 2017, the cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for U.S. federal income tax purposes is approximately \$39.1 million; cumulative gross unrealized depreciation for U.S. federal income tax purposes is \$2.4 million. Cumulative net unrealized appreciation is \$36.7 million, based on a tax cost of \$269.1 million.
   Lighting Retrofit International Series B preferred stock, Tax Advisors Group Class A units and Chandler Signs, LP Class A-1 common stock are held through a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary.
- (14) The investment is structured as a first lien first out term loan and earns less interest than the stated rate.

### MANAGEMENT

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. Our board of directors appoints our officers, who serve at the discretion of the board of directors. The responsibilities of the board of directors include, among other things, the oversight of our investment activities, the quarterly valuation of our assets, oversight of our financing arrangements and corporate governance activities. The board of directors has an Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, or NCG Committee, and may establish additional committees from time to time as necessary.

# **Board of Directors and Executive Officers**

Our board of directors consists of six members. The board has determined that five of our current directors David R. Brooks, Jack D. Furst, T. Duane Morgan, William R. Thomas III and John H. Wilson are independent, as "independence" is defined by Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and are not "interested persons" as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. This means that none of the independent directors has any direct or indirect material relationship with us, either directly or as a partner, shareholder or officer of an organization that has a relationship with us. As a result, the board has a majority of independent directors on the board as required by Nasdaq Marketplace Rules.

### **Directors**

Information regarding our current board of directors is set forth below as of October 6, 2017. The business address for each director is c/o Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240.

Name and Age	Position Held with Company	Year First Elected or Appointed	Principal Occupation
Independent Directors			
David R. Brooks (58)	Chairman of the Board	2017	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Independent Bank
			Group, Inc.
	Director	2014	
Jack D. Furst (58)	Director	2014	Founder of Oak Stream Investors
T. Duane Morgan (67)	Director	2012	Former/Retired Senior Vice President of Gardner Denver,
			Inc.
William R. Thomas III (46)	Director	2014	President of Thomas Heritage Foundation
John H. Wilson (74)	Director	1988	President of U.S. Equity Corporation
Interested Director			
Bowen S. Diehl (48)	Director, President and Chief	2015	President and Chief Executive Officer of Capital Southwest
	Executive Officer		Corporation

# **Executive Officers**

Our executive officers serve at the discretion of our board of directors. The following persons serve as our executive officers or significant employees in the following capacities (information as of October 6, 2017):

Name	Age	Position(s) Held
Bowen S. Diehl	48	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer
Michael S. Sarner	45	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

The address for each executive officer and significant employee is c/o Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240.

# **Biographical Information**

The board has determined that Messrs. Brooks, Furst, Morgan, Thomas and Wilson are "independent" as defined by Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and are not "interested persons" for purposes of the 1940 Act.

### **Independent Directors**

**David R. Brooks** is the Chairman of the board of CSWC. Mr. Brooks is the Chairman of the board, Chief Executive Officer, and a director of Independent Bank Group, Inc. (Nasdaq:IBTX), a publicly-traded bank holding company with approximately \$5.9 billion in assets. Mr. Brooks previously served on the board of managers of Noel-Levitz, LLC, a large national higher education consulting company. He also previously served on the board of trustees of Houston Baptist University. Mr. Brooks has over 35 years of experience in the financial services industry and previously served as the chief financial officer at Baylor University. Mr. Brooks holds Bachelor and Master degrees in Business Administration from Baylor University. CSWC benefits from Mr. Brooks' extensive experience in overseeing the operations and growth of a bank holding company, his executive expertise in public and private companies, his significant experience as a director of public and private companies, and his expertise in financial matters.

Jack D. Furst is the founder of Oak Stream Investors, a private investment firm he started in 2008. Mr. Furst has over 25 years of experience in leveraged acquisitions and private investments. He joined HM Capital Partners LLC, a private equity firm, in 1989, the year it was formed (as Hicks, Muse, Tate & Furst, Inc.). Until 2008, he was a partner in HM Capital and was involved in all aspects of the firm's business, including originating, structuring and monitoring HM Capital's investments. Prior to joining HM Capital, Mr. Furst served as a Vice President and subsequently a partner of Hicks & Haas from 1987 to 1989. From 1984 to 1986, Mr. Furst was a mergers and acquisitions/corporate finance specialist for The First Boston Corporation in New York. Before joining First Boston, Mr. Furst was a Financial Consultant at PricewaterhouseCoopers. Mr. Furst received his Bachelor of Science degree with honors from the College of Business Administration at Arizona State University and his Masters of Business Administration degree with honors from the Graduate School of Business at The University of Texas at Austin. CSWC benefits from Mr. Furst's senior executive and extensive private equity experience and his significant experience as a director of public and private companies.

T. Duane Morgan is the retired former President of the Engineered Products Group (EPG) of Gardner Denver, a global industrial manufacturer. Under Mr. Morgan, the EPG at Gardner Denver generated \$1.1 billion of revenue across four divisions and 22 production facilities in the US, China, Germany, UK and Sweden. He spent almost 10 years with Gardner Denver until it was sold to Kohlberg Kravis Roberts (KKR) in July 2013 for \$3.9 billion. Following the sale, Mr. Morgan continued as a Senior Vice President of Gardner Denver and advisor to KKR through July 2014, advising on matters including operational transition and strategy, as well as making presentations to ratings agencies that resulted in favorable financing for KKR and the new company. Prior to Gardner Denver, Mr. Morgan spent 20 years with Cooper Cameron, serving as President or Vice President of several of Cooper Cameron's major divisions. Mr. Morgan also serves on the board of SACHEM, Inc., a privately-held specialty chemical company. Mr. Morgan holds a Bachelor of Science in Mathematics from McNeese State University and a Masters of Business Administration from Louisiana State University. He served as an Army Air Defense Artillery Officer in South Korea. Mr. Morgan is a National Association of Corporate Directors, or NACD, Governance Fellow. CSWC benefits from Mr. Morgan's track record, spanning decades, of successful executive leadership through multiple economic cycles.

*William R. Thomas* III is a private investor who provides leadership for, and invests in, organizations that create financial return, social impact or both. He has served as President of the Thomas Heritage Foundation since 2008, a nonprofit and grant-making corporation. He manages personally and on behalf of Thomas Heritage Partners, Ltd. approximately 3.7% of the outstanding shares of the Company. Mr. Thomas was a deal professional with CSWC from 2006 to 2012. During this time, Mr. Thomas made, enhanced and monetized investments in stand-alone private companies and add-on opportunities, served on the boards of eleven private

companies, and oversaw valuation and regulatory compliance. From 2004 to 2006, Mr. Thomas earned his M.B.A. from Harvard Business School. During a portion of his time at Harvard, Mr. Thomas served as a consultant to private equity clients at Investor Group Services. From 1993 through 2004, Mr. Thomas served in the United States Air Force as a pilot in multiple aircraft and led training, safety, acquisition and logistics operations, achieving the rank of Major. Mr. Thomas serves as a director of Encore Wire Corporation (WIRE), is recognized as a National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) Board Leadership Fellow and graduated from the United States Air Force Academy. CSWC benefits from Mr. Thomas' history with the Company, his investment experience and his perspective as a major shareholder of the Company.

John H. Wilson has been President of U.S. Equity Corporation, a private investment company, since 1983. He has over 45 years of experience as an executive or investor in numerous companies in the banking, insurance, manufacturing, communications, health and transportation industries. Mr. Wilson is also a director of Encore Wire Corporation (Nasdaq:WIRE). Mr. Wilson has a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Baylor University. CSWC benefits from Mr. Wilson's diverse industry experience, his significant experience as a director of public and private companies, and his experience as both an executive and an investor in numerous companies.

#### **Interested Directors**

The board has determined that Mr. Diehl is an "interested person" as defined in the 1940 Act due to his position as an officer of the Company.

Bowen S. Diehl has served as President and Chief Executive Officer and as a director of CSWC since October 2015. Mr. Diehl joined CSWC in March 2014 and served as its Chief Investment Officer from March 2014 to October 2015. Prior to joining CSWC, Mr. Diehl was employed by American Capital, Ltd., a publicly traded private equity firm and global asset manager. From 2007 to 2014, he served as Co-Head of American Capital's Sponsor Finance Group, the group responsible for the majority of American Capital's middle market lending business. From 2001 to 2007, he served as a senior investment professional in the Dallas Office of American Capital. Mr. Diehl has sourced, structured and managed investments that have included senior and subordinated debt, as well as preferred and common equity in both control and non-control structures. Mr. Diehl's investment experience relates to a variety of industries including healthcare, business services, industrial manufacturing and consumer finance. Prior to American Capital, Mr. Diehl was a Vice President in Investment Banking at Merrill Lynch, where he gained experience working with companies in the exploration and production, oilfield services, natural gas pipeline, natural gas gathering and processing, homebuilding and semiconductor sectors. Prior to joining Merrill Lynch, Mr. Diehl was a Vice President in the Global Oil and Gas Group at Chase Securities Inc., completing numerous transactions in the upstream and midstream oil and gas sectors. Mr. Diehl earned a Bachelor of Engineering degree, with majors in Environmental/Geotechnical Engineering and Economics, from Vanderbilt University and a Masters of Business Administration from the University of Texas at Austin. In his capacity as President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Diehl is an "interested person" under the 1940 Act. CSWC benefits from Mr. Diehl's extensive experience as a senior investment professional as well as his knowledge of the business development company industry.

#### **Non-Director Executive Officers**

*Michael S. Sarner*, has served as our Chief Financial Officer since October 2015. Before that, he served as a Senior Vice President of CSWC since July 2015. Prior to joining CSWC, from 2000 to 2015, Mr. Sarner was the Senior Vice President, Treasury at American Capital, Ltd., a publicly traded private equity firm and global asset manager. Mr. Sarner was responsible for capital raising, debt capital markets, corporate restructurings, financial planning, corporate development of strategic initiatives, and system implementations of budget and treasury solutions. During the course of his career, he has raised over \$6 billion in debt capital in term securitizations, secured revolving lines of credit, unsecured notes, and term loans to support middle market platforms. Mr. Sarner has also led both corporate and debt restructurings, serving as both the strategic lead

internally and the external liaison to over 20 financial institutions involved in the negotiations. Prior to joining American Capital, Mr. Sarner served in various roles in the accounting and finance fields performing and managing due diligence, raising debt and equity capital, and performing audits in public accounting. Mr. Sarner holds a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting from James Madison University and a Masters of Business Administration in Finance from George Washington University. Mr. Sarner holds an inactive Certified Public Accountant License in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

During our fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, the board held nine meetings and acted by unanimous written consent two times. In fiscal 2017, each director attended at least 75% of the aggregate of (1) the total number of meetings of the board (held during the period for which he was a director) and (2) the total number of meetings held by all committees of the board on which he served (held during the periods that he served), except the total attendance of Mr. Furst was less than 75% due to illness and extenuating circumstances. Mr. Furst was briefed in detail on all matters covered at all of these meetings, which included receipt and discussion of all presentation materials provided to the full board of directors at each meeting. In addition, Mr. Furst has made himself available to the management team between meetings to consult on specific matters in which his extensive investment and management experience can benefit us. We do not have a formal policy on director attendance at the annual meeting of shareholders; however, attendance is encouraged. All directors attended our 2017 annual stockholder meeting.

The board recognizes that one of its key responsibilities is to evaluate and determine its optimal leadership structure so as to provide independent oversight of management. The board understands that there is no single, generally accepted approach to providing board leadership and that, given the dynamic and competitive environment in which we operate, the right board leadership structure may vary as circumstances warrant. Accordingly, the board seeks to fulfill its responsibilities by continually seeking the appropriate board leadership and corporate governance for CSWC.

Currently, the offices of Chairman of the board and Chief Executive Officer are separated. We have no fixed policy with respect to the separation of the offices of the Chairman of the board and Chief Executive Officer. The board believes that the separation of the offices is in the best interests of the Company at this time and is an integral part of good corporate governance and the succession planning process.

No single leadership model is right for all companies at all times. Our board recognizes that depending on the circumstances, other leadership models might be appropriate. Accordingly, our board periodically reviews its leadership structure.

The board appoints the members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and the NCG Committee. Each of these committees has a written charter approved by the board. These committee charters are available on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com/governance. The current members of the committees are identified in the following table:

Director	Audit	Compensation	Nominating/ Corporate Governance
	Auuit	Compensation	Governance
David R. Brooks	X	X	X
Jack D. Furst	Chair	X	X
T. Duane Morgan	X	X	Chair
William R. Thomas III	X	X	X
John H. Wilson	X	Chair	X

#### **Executive Sessions**

Our independent directors have regularly scheduled executive sessions in which they meet without the presence of management or management directors. These executive sessions occur after each regularly scheduled meeting of the board.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

# **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee oversees our accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the Company's financial statements. The responsibilities of the Audit Committee include:

- engaging the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and conducting an annual review of the independence of that firm;
- pre-approving and approving all audit and non-audit engagements with the Company's independent registered public accounting firm;
- reviewing the annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial information with management and the independent registered public
  accounting firm, including disclosures regarding internal controls;
- reviewing with the independent registered public accounting firm the scope and the planning of the annual audit;
- · reviewing and discussing with management the results of the audit of the independent registered public accounting firm;
- discussing risk assessment and corporate policies with respect to financial reporting and valuation of our investments and the Company's financial risk exposure;
- approving related party transactions exceeding \$50,000 in aggregate value;
- overseeing investigations into complaints concerning accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters;
- · reviewing the adequacy of the Audit Committee charter on an annual basis; and
- preparing the Audit Committee report to be included in our annual proxy statement.

During fiscal 2017, the Audit Committee met nine times. The board has determined that each member of the Audit Committee is "independent" as independence for audit committee members is defined by Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and is not an "interested person" as defined by the 1940 Act. The board has also determined that each of the Audit Committee members is financially literate and that each of Mr. Brooks and Mr. Furst is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC and Nasdaq Marketplace Rules. In discharging its oversight role, the Audit Committee has authority to investigate any matter brought to its attention with full access to all books, records, facilities and personnel of CSWC and the authority to engage independent counsel and other advisers as it determines necessary to carry out its duties.

On June 12, 2017 the audit committee approved the engagement of RSM US LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the company's fiscal year ending March 31, 2018, replacing Grant Thornton LLP, our prior independent registered public accounting firm.

# **Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee**

The responsibilities of the NCG Committee include:

- developing and recommending corporate governance principles and procedures applicable to the board and the Company's employees;
- establishing criteria for selection of potential directors, taking into consideration an established set of desired attributions, and periodically
  assessing the criteria to ensure they are consistent with best practices and the goals of the Company;
- reviewing the qualifications, performance and independence of board members pursuant to criteria and procedures established by the NCG Committee and making recommendations whether each director should stand for re-election when his or her term expires;
- reviewing annually with the board the composition of the board as a whole and recommending, if necessary, measures to be taken so that the
  board reflects the appropriate balance of knowledge, experience, skill, expertise and diversity desired for the board and so that the board meets
  Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and/or any other regulatory requirements;
- identifying individuals qualified to become members of our board consistent with the criteria approved by the board in our Corporate Governance guidelines and recommending to the board a slate of director nominees for each annual meeting of our shareholders;
- considering and evaluating shareholder nominees for election to the board;
- recommending to the board the removal of a director where appropriate;
- establishing criteria for membership on the board for appointments to and removal from the committees;
- reviewing and re-examining the NCG Committee Charter periodically and making recommendations to the board with respect to any proposed changes;
- · reviewing annually its own performance against the responsibilities outlined in its charter and as otherwise established by the board;
- reviewing, at least once annually, the insider trading and related policies adopted by the board to assure that they are appropriate for us and
  comply with the requirements of Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and/or any other regulatory requirements, recommending to the board any desirable
  changes to the Code of Conduct and Ethics, considering any other corporate governance issues that arise from time to time and developing
  appropriate recommendations for the board related to any such issues;
- · overseeing and establishing appropriate procedures for the annual evaluation of the board and management; and
- developing and recommending to the board a set of corporate governance guidelines applicable to the Company, reviewing them annual and, if
  appropriate, recommending changes to the corporate governance guidelines to the board.

Qualifications for Director Nominees. In considering director nominees, the NCG Committee considers a number of factors, including the following:

- significant experience that is relevant and beneficial to the board and CSWC;
- the ability and willingness to make sufficient time commitments to our affairs in order to perform their duties as directors, including regular attendance at board and committee meetings;
- consistent demonstration of strong character and integrity;
- the ability and willingness to represent the best interests of our shareholders; and

• whether the nominee is "independent" as determined in accordance with the rules promulgated by the SEC, the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and/or any other regulatory requirements and the Company's corporate governance guidelines.

During fiscal 2017, the NCG Committee met two times. The board has determined that each member of the NCG Committee is "independent" as independence for compensation committee members is defined by Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and is not an "interested persons" as defined by the 1940 Act.

Consideration of Director Nominees of Shareholders. The NCG Committee will consider nominees for directors whose names are submitted in writing by a holder of our common stock. Nominations must be addressed to Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240, Attention: Chairman of the NCG Committee, indicating the nominee's qualification, and other relevant biographical information and providing confirmation of the nominee's consent to serve as a director. In order to be considered for the next annual election of directors, any such written request must comply with the requirements in our bylaws.

The NCG Committee will evaluate director nominees recommended by a shareholder, current board member or other person according to the same criteria as a nominee identified by the NCG Committee. While the NCG Committee has the ability to retain a third party to assist in the nomination process, we have not paid a fee to any third party to identify or assist in identifying or evaluating potential nominees.

## **Compensation Committee**

The Compensation Committee has the sole authority and responsibility for establishing, administering and reviewing the Company's policies, programs and procedures for compensating our executive officers and members of the board. The functions and responsibilities of the Compensation Committee include:

- reviewing, at least annually, the goals and objectives and the structure of CSWC's plans for executive compensation, incentive compensation, equity-based compensation, and its general compensation plans and employee benefit plans (including retirement plans);
- making recommendations to the board with respect to any new equity or other incentive compensation plans or any changes in the objectives and structure of existing plans;
- reviewing and evaluating annually the performance of the Company's executive officers, in light of the goals and objectives of CSWC's
  executive compensation plans, and to determine executive compensation;
- overseeing, in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer, the annual evaluation of other executive officers and key employees;
- recommending grants of equity-based compensation awards to any officer or other employee;
- · meeting with management to review and discuss the Compensation Discussion and Analysis included in our annual proxy statement; and
- · reviewing and reassessing annually the adequacy of the Compensation Committee Charter and recommending any changes to the board.

During fiscal 2017, the Compensation Committee met two times. The board has determined that each member of the Compensation Committee (a) meets Nasdaq Marketplace Rules with respect to independence and all other applicable legal requirements, (b) is a "non-employee director" as that term is defined under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act, and (c) is an "outside director" as that term is defined under Section 162(m) of the Code. The Compensation Committee may retain independent counsel and other independent advisors to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities.

### **Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

During fiscal 2017, no member of the Compensation Committee was an officer or employee of our Company or any of our subsidiaries. In addition, none of our executive officers served on the board of directors or on the compensation committee of any other entity, for which any executive officers of such other entity served either on our board or on our Compensation Committee.

### **Board and Committee Evaluations**

Our Guidelines on Governance require the board and each committee of the board to conduct an annual self-evaluation to determine whether the board or committee is functioning effectively. The review focuses on the performance of the entire board or the committee. In connection with each annual performance evaluation, the board or committee surveys and receives comments from each director or committee member regarding an assessment of the board's or the committee's performance. The board also reviews the NCG Committee's recommendations concerning the performance and effectiveness of the board and each of its committees. The NCG Committee will also review the individual performance of a director as circumstances warrant.

During fiscal 2017, the board engaged a third party consultant to conduct an evaluation of the governance processes and procedures, and the skill sets and backgrounds of the board members, compared to industry best practices. The third party consultant presented its evaluation to the board and provided their recommendations.

Our bylaws provide that the board may increase or decrease the number of directors by resolution of the board, provided that the tenure of office of any incumbent director will not be affected by any decrease in the number of directors. Our bylaws also provide that any vacancy may be filled either by a majority of the remaining directors or by our shareholders at an annual meeting or a special meeting called for that purpose. Any director elected to fill a vacancy will hold office until the next annual election of directors and until a successor is elected and qualified.

### **Guidelines on Governance and Codes of Ethics**

The board has adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines to address significant corporate governance issues. These guidelines provide a framework for our corporate governance initiatives and cover a variety of topics, including the role of our board, board selection and composition, board committees, board operation and structure, board orientation and evaluation, board planning and oversight functions and stock ownership guidelines. The NCG Committee is responsible for overseeing and reviewing the guidelines and reporting and recommending to the board any changes to the guidelines.

The board has also adopted a Code of Conduct and pursuant to Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act, a Code of Ethics, which are designed to help officers, managers and employees resolve ethical issues in an increasingly complex business environment. It covers topics such as reporting unethical or illegal behavior, compliance with the law, share trading, conflicts of interest, fair dealing, protection of our assets, disclosure of proprietary information, internal controls, personal community activities, business records, communication with external audiences and obtaining assistance to help resolve ethical issues. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as those investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. Certain transactions involving certain persons closely related to us, including our directors, officers and employees, may require approval of the SEC. However, the 1940 Act ordinarily does not restrict transactions between us and our portfolio companies.

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Conduct and Code of Ethics are publicly available on the Investor Relations section of our website under "Corporate Governance" at www.capitalsouthwest.com/governance. You may read and copy the code of ethics or any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of

the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (800) SEC-0330. In addition, the code of ethics is attached as an exhibit to this registration statement and is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at www.sec.gov. You may also obtain a copy of our code of ethics, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following URL: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-0102.

## **Risk Oversight**

The board has an active role in overseeing management of CSWC's risk. The board regularly reviews information regarding CSWC's operational, financial, legal, regulatory, strategic and reputational risks which are usually conveyed to the board by the senior management of CSWC. Because overseeing risk is an ongoing process and inherent in CSWC's strategic decisions, the board discusses risk throughout the year during its meetings in relation to specific proposed actions. The board delegates certain risk management oversight to the board committees. While the board oversees CSWC's overall risk management, management is responsible for the day-to-day risk management process.

The primary areas of risk oversight for which the board and each board committee is responsible are summarized in the chart below.

Board/Committee Board	Primary Areas of Risk Oversight  Strategic, financial and executive risks and exposures associated with the annual operating plan and strategic plan; legal and regulatory exposures and other current matters including cybersecurity and information systems risk that may present material risk to our operations, plans, prospects or reputations; material acquisitions and divestitures.
Audit Committee	Risks and exposures associated with accounting, auditing, reporting, financial practices (including the integrity of CSWC's financial statements and related systems of internal controls), administration and financial controls, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including ethical business standards, the independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications, independence and performance and the performance of the internal audit function. The Audit Committee also has the direct responsibility for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of our independent registered public accounting firm, including the performance of any non-audit services.
Compensation Committee	Risks and exposures associated with compensation, severance agreements, any succession plans and incentive and equity-based compensation plans for Company employees and non-employee members of the board, including with respect to compliance of compensation plans and arrangements with applicable regulations.
Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee	Risks and exposures related to governance of CSWC and to the composition and organization of the board including nominations and qualification criteria for membership, board size, and board education and evaluation.

## Communication with the Board

Shareholders and interested parties who wish to communicate with any member of the board may do so by writing to: Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240, Attention: Board of Directors.

Mr. Furst currently reviews all correspondence addressed to the board, or any individual board member, for any inappropriate correspondence and correspondence more suitably directed to management. Mr. Furst will summarize all correspondence not forwarded to the board and make the correspondence available to the board for its review at the board's request. Mr. Furst will forward shareholder communications to the board prior to the next regularly scheduled meeting of the board following the receipt of the communication as appropriate.

## **Board Composition**

The NCG Committee seeks directors with established, strong professional reputations and experience in areas relevant to our investment strategy. Each of our directors holds or has held senior executive positions in large, complex organizations and has experience that meets this objective. In these positions, they have also gained experience in core management skills, such as strategic and financial planning, public company financial reporting, compliance, risk management and leadership development. Each of our directors also has experience serving on or advising boards of directors and board committees of other organizations and has an understanding of corporate governance practices and trends.

The NCG Committee also believes that each of our directors has other key attributes that are important to an effective board: integrity, candor, analytical skills, the willingness to engage management and each other in a constructive and collaborate fashion, and the ability and commitment to devote significant time and energy to serve on the board and its committees. The NCG Committee takes into account diversity considerations in determining the director nominees and planning for director succession and believes that, as a group, our directors bring a diverse range of perspectives to the board's deliberations.

In addition to the above, the NCG Committee also considered the specific experience described in the biographical information that follows in determining to nominate the individuals set forth below for election as directors.

### **Director Qualifications**

The NCG Committee reviews with the board on an annual basis the appropriate skills and characteristics required of board members in the context of the then-current composition of the board. This assessment includes, in addition to qualities of intellect, integrity and judgment, business experience and knowledge, reputation and character, issues of diversity, relevant industry and trade association knowledge and participation, accounting and financial expertise, public company experience, willingness and ability to devote the time and effort required to effectively serve on the board and relevant legal and regulatory qualifications. The NCG Committee makes this determination in the context of an assessment of the perceived needs of the board at that point in time.

The board recognizes that its members benefit from service on the boards of other companies. We encourage that service but also believe it is critical that directors have the ability to dedicate sufficient time to their service on our board.

## COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Directors who are not employed by the Company receive an annual retainer of \$102,000 for service as a director. Directors are also reimbursed for travel expenses related to attending board meetings. The non-executive Chairman of the board and committee chairs also receive additional annual fees as follows:

Position	Annual Fee
Non-Executive Chairman of the Board	\$ 30,000
Audit Committee Chair	15,000
Compensation Committee Chair	10,000
Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee Chair	8,000

The following table sets forth the total compensation paid to our non-employee directors for fiscal 2017. During fiscal 2017, we did not grant any equity awards or pay or accrue any pension or retirement benefits for our non-employee directors.

	Fee	s Earned or	
Name	Pa	Paid in Cash T	
Joseph B. Armes	\$	132,000	\$132,000
David R. Brooks		117,000	117,000
John H. Wilson		112,000	112,000
T. Duane Morgan		110,000	110,000
Jack D. Furst		102,000	102,000
William R. Thomas III		102,000	102,000

In October 2015, the NCG Committee adopted a stock ownership policy for members of the board. This policy requires each non-employee director to own shares of CSWC stock equal to 2.5 times the annual director retainer, or \$255,000. Each director has five years to establish this required minimum ownership position.

For the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each of our directors and the dollar range value of such ownership, please see "Control Persons and Principal Stockholders".

### COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Compensation Discussion and Analysis, or CD&A, provides information relating to the compensation earned by our Named Executive Officers, or NEOs, in fiscal 2017 who were:

- · Bowen S. Diehl, President and Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and
- Michael S. Sarner, Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, Secretary and Treasurer.

## **Compensation Philosophy**

The Compensation Committee has the primary authority to establish our compensation philosophy and the actual compensation levels for the NEOs and to administer all executive compensation arrangements and policies. The compensation programs of the Company adopted by our Committee are designed with the goal of providing compensation that is fair, reasonable and competitive. These programs are intended to align the compensation paid to our NEOs with both our short-term and long-term objectives and the interests of shareholders, which we believe will contribute to the achievement of long-term sustainable investment returns. The key elements of our compensation philosophy include: (1) designing compensation programs that enable us to attract and retain the best talent in the industry in which we compete; (2) aligning executive compensation packages with the Company's performance; and (3) using long-term equity awards to align employee and shareholder interests.

The structure of the NEOs' compensation program is designed to encourage and reward the following factors, among other things:

- sourcing and pursuing attractively priced investment opportunities in both UMM and LMM companies;
- achievement of income and capital gains to sustain and grow the Company's dividend payments;
- maintenance of liquidity and capital flexibility to accomplish the Company's business objectives, including the preservation of investor capital;
- attainment of superior risk-adjusted returns on the Company's investment portfolio; and
- professional development and growth of individual executives, the management team and other employees.

The Compensation Committee has the primary authority to establish compensation for the NEOs and other key employees and administers all executive compensation arrangements and policies. Our CEO assists the Compensation Committee by providing recommendations regarding the compensation of our CFO and other key employees based on the compensation objectives set by the Compensation Committee as well as current business conditions. The Compensation Committee exercises its discretion by modifying or accepting his recommendations. The Compensation Committee determines the CEO's compensation without assistance or consultation. The CEO routinely attends a portion of the Compensation Committee meetings. However, the Compensation Committee meets in executive session without the CEO or other members of executive management from time to time.

To determine the competitiveness of executive compensation levels, the Compensation Committee analyzes a group of BDCs, both internally and externally managed. Items reviewed included corporate and, to the extent available, executive performance measures established to achieve total returns for shareholders. However, the Compensation Committee does not specifically benchmark the compensation of our NEOs against that paid by other companies. This is in part due to the fact that there are few internally managed BDCs and none of them are directly comparable to the Company with respect to business strategies, assets under management, typical investment size and market capitalization. Moreover, many externally managed BDCs do not publicly report the compensation of their executive officers. While various salary surveys from other private sources may become available to the Company with regard to these private entities, the Company believes that, among other reasons, without accurate, publicly disclosed information that would serve as benchmarks, it is not appropriate for the Company to set formal benchmarking procedures.

The Compensation Committee has from time to time engaged an independent compensation consultant to assist the Compensation Committee and provide advice on a variety of compensation matters relating to NEO and non-executive director compensation, incentive compensation plans and compensation trends, regulatory matters and compensation planning best practices. In prior periods, the compensation consultant was hired by and reported directly to the Compensation Committee. Although a compensation consultant may work directly with management on behalf of the Compensation Committee, any such work is under the control and supervision of the Compensation Committee. No fees were paid during fiscal 2017. The Compensation Committee has engaged an independent compensation consultant to evaluate NEO and non-executive director compensation for fiscal 2018 compensation.

In all categories, we believe our compensation, taken as a whole, helps us attract, retain and motivate exceptional executive officers. To achieve these objectives, the Compensation Committee implements and expects to maintain compensation plans that tie a substantial portion of executive's overall compensation to key strategic financial and operational goals such as maintaining and growing our portfolio. It is always the intention of the Compensation Committee that our executive officers be compensated competitively and consistent with our strategy, sound corporate governance principles and shareholder interests and concerns.

### **Elements of Executive Compensation**

For fiscal 2017, the components of CSWC's compensation program for NEO's included:

Compensation Element	Form of Compensation	Compensation Objective			
Base Salary	Cash paid on a regular basis throughout the year	Provide a level of fixed income that is competitive to allow the Company to attract and retain executive talent			
Annual Cash Incentive Opportunities	Cash awards paid on an annual basis following year-end audit completion	Reward NEOs who contribute to our financial performance and strategic success during the year and reward individual achievements			

•	Compensatio	n Element		
1	Long-term	Equity C	omnensation	Awards

Form of Compensation						
	J - J					

employment with the Company

Restricted stock awards are subject to a graded vesting over four or five years and are contingent on continued

## **Compensation Objective**

Reward NEOs who contribute to our success through the creation of shareholder value and to provide meaningful retention incentives and reward individual achievements and to align interests with shareholders

#### **Base Salaries**

Salaries were determined by the Compensation Committee for each of the NEOs on an individual basis, taking into consideration individual contributions to overall company and individual performance, length of tenure, compensation levels for comparable positions at companies and internal pay equity among similar positions within CSWC. The Compensation Committee placed more emphasis on those compensation elements which are linked to long-term results.

In fiscal 2018, after consideration of the factors set forth above, the Compensation Committee determined the annual base salary of Mr. Diehl would remain \$442,000, consistent with fiscal 2017. The Compensation Committee determined the annual base salary of Mr. Sarner would remain \$373,000, consistent with fiscal 2017. The Compensation Committee believes that the base salaries of our NEOs are appropriate for each NEO as a component of his overall compensation package.

### **Annual Cash Incentive Opportunities**

Annual cash incentive opportunities are intended to reward individual performance as well as operating results during the year and therefore can be highly variable from year to year. The Compensation Committee established the target annual cash incentive opportunities for the NEOs at the start of the year, taking into account the potential contribution by that executive to overall company performance and each executive's industry experience, relative to the market. For fiscal 2018, the Compensation Committee set the annual cash incentive opportunity at 150% of annual base salary for Mr. Diehl and 125% of annual base salary for Mr. Sarner, consistent with fiscal 2017. No threshold or maximum payout levels were set. The Compensation Committee may, in its sole discretion, award cash incentives that are higher or lower than the target annual cash incentive opportunities set for fiscal 2017.

At the start of each fiscal year, the Compensation Committee also establishes Company and individual performance measures. The Compensation Committee strives to ensure that the performance measures utilized each year to evaluate NEO performance effectively align the performance of each individual NEO with the performance of the Company. The fiscal 2017 performance measures used for determining the annual cash incentive for NEOs included, among other things, the following:

- Achievement of significant corporate financial objectives, particularly (1) investment income growth, (2) pre-tax net investment income growth, (3) dividend growth, (4) growth and diversification of the investment portfolio, (5) overall credit quality of the investment portfolio, (6) liquidity and capital flexibility, (7) preservation of NAV and (8) total return on shareholders' equity;
- Individual performance and achievement of individual goals, as well as the contribution to corporate objectives;
- Maintaining the highest ethical standards, internal controls and adherence to regulatory requirements; and
- Appropriate and planned development of personnel.

The Compensation Committee did not set target amounts for any performance measure or establish any minimum or maximum payout under the annual cash incentive awards. In April 2017, the Compensation Committee evaluated the overall outcome of these performance measures on a holistic basis in determining the annual cash incentive payout. In determining the cash incentive awards for fiscal 2017, the Compensation Committee considered the following: (1) investment income of \$23.5 million compared to \$9.2 million in the prior year, (2) pre-tax net investment income of \$0.61 per share compared to (\$0.76) per share in the prior year, (3) declared \$0.79 per share in total cash dividends compared to \$0.14 per share in the prior year, (4) NAV of \$17.80 per share compared to \$17.34 per share in the prior year, (5) \$287 million in total investments at fair value, with no investments on non-accrual, compared to \$178 million in total investments at fair value in the prior year, (6) entered into a new credit facility with \$100 million in commitments (subject to a borrowing base), with the ability to expand the facility to \$150 million with lender consent, and \$75 million available at year end, and (7) total return on shareholders' equity of 8.6% for fiscal year 2017.

The Compensation Committee concluded that the performance of the Company and each individual NEO was at a consistent high level in fiscal year 2017, resulting in excellent financial results. In evaluating these results, the Compensation Committee did not assign weights to these performance measures and used discretion in determining the annual cash incentive compensation awarded to each NEO. Based on the board's evaluation of fiscal year 2017, and upon completion of the annual audit, Mr. Diehl was awarded an annual cash incentive of \$751,938 (representing 170% of his base salary) and Mr. Sarner was awarded an annual cash incentive of \$528,795 (representing 142% of his base salary). The Compensation Committee believes the annual cash incentives earned by the NEOs are appropriate in relation to CSWC's financial performance for fiscal 2017 as well as each NEO's individual performance during that period.

#### **Long-Term Equity Compensation**

The board and its shareholders approved Capital Southwest's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan and 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan. The Compensation Committee ceased granting additional options prior to the Share Distribution and will not grant additional options under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan. The 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan, in addition to our annual cash incentive awards, allows CSWC to provide cash and stock-based compensation opportunities to certain key employees, including NEOs. CSWC stock-based awards as long-term incentive compensation to: (1) align compensation commensurate with the creation of shareholder value; (2) create opportunities for increased stock ownership by executives; and (3) attain competitive levels of total compensation over the long term. On October 26, 2010, we received an exemptive order from the SEC permitting us to issue restricted stock to our executive officers and certain key employees, the Prior Order. On August 22, 2017, we received an exemptive order that supersedes the Prior Order and allows us to withhold shares to satisfy tax withholding obligations related to the vesting of restricted stock granted pursuant to the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan and to pay the exercise price of options to purchase shares of our common stock granted pursuant to the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan.

### 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan

Pursuant to the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan, the Compensation Committee may award shares of restricted stock to plan participants in such amounts and on such terms as the Compensation Committee determines in its sole discretion, provided that such awards were consistent with the conditions in the SEC's exemptive order. Each restricted stock grant is for a fixed number of shares as set forth in an award agreement between the grantee and CSWC. Award agreements describe time and/or performance vesting schedules and other appropriate terms and/or restrictions with respect to awards, including rights to dividends and voting rights. Except for restricted stock granted in connection with the Share Distribution, the grants of restricted stock vest ratably over four or five years.

If a participant's employment is terminated for any reason, including retirement, other than death or disability, the participant's unvested restricted stock awards shall be forfeited. If a participant's employment is

terminated due to death or disability or if a change in control (as defined in the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan) occurs, the participant's unvested restricted stock awards will vest immediately. Participants who have received restricted stock awards will receive dividends and will have voting rights with respect to such shares.

On an annual basis, the Compensation Committee considers employee performance and future potential when determining the amount of restricted stock awards to recommend for each executive officer. In addition, the Compensation Committee considers each NEO's total cash compensation in relation to the proposed stock award and the effect of dilution of NAV per share and earnings per share prior to awarding the stock grants. On October 26, 2016, the board, through the Compensation Committee, approved restricted stock awards for NEOs. Mr. Diehl was awarded 43,125 shares of restricted stock. The aggregate grant date fair value of the award was \$624,450. This award reflects Mr. Diehl's leadership, which enabled us to achieve our operational and financial objectives. Mr. Diehl's performance during this time period was vital to our Company's success. Mr. Sarner was awarded 34,500 shares of restricted stock. The aggregate grant date fair value of the award was \$499,560. This award reflects Mr. Sarner's role in managing all financial aspects of our Company, and his leadership in matters relating to our capital structure, investment committee and investor relations. Mr. Sarner's restricted stock awards also reflect his continued service as our Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary.

In August 2014, the Compensation Committee granted restricted stock awards to Mr. Diehl and other executives, as part of the Spin-Off Compensation Plan (discussed below) to incentivize Mr. Diehl and the other executives to complete a transformative transaction such as the Share Distribution. The restricted stock awards vested and became payable after the completion of a transformative transaction, with one-third vesting on December 29, 2015, one-third on December 29, 2016 and one-third will vest on December 29, 2017. In addition, the number of restricted stock awards held by Mr. Diehl and other executives that were granted the restricted stock awards as part of the Spin-Off Compensation Plan were subject to reduction if the value of restricted stock awards plus the value of the options granted under the Spin-Off Compensation Plan exceeded six percent of the accretion in the aggregate value of the then outstanding Company and shares of CSWI together with interim dividends paid on the Company shares over the aggregate value of Company shares on the grant date, realized from the grant date through the Determination Date (as defined below). See "—Historical Elements of Executive Compensation —Spin-Off Compensation Plan" for an additional discussion of the restricted stock awards and the terms of the potential reduction in the awards.

### **Historical Elements of Executive Compensation**

Prior to the Share Distribution of our CSWI businesses, we granted long-term cash incentive awards and stock options to our NEOs, as described below.

#### Long-Term Cash Incentive Awards

The Compensation Committee has historically used our long-term cash incentive awards, or Individual Incentive Awards as a way to motivate its executives to increase the value of the Company as reflected by our NAV, without the dilution that accompanies the use of stock options or restricted stock awards. Individual Incentive Awards generally vest on the fifth anniversary of the award date, providing a meaningful retention device. The Compensation Committee generally sets the baseline for measuring increases in NAV at CSWC's most recent quarterly NAV per share at the time of issuance, requiring sustained asset value appreciation for the awards to provide a meaningful return. In connection with the Share Distribution, all Individual Incentive Awards were amended to provide that the payments due thereunder would be based on our NAV as of June 30, 2015. As of March 31, 2017, there are 24,000 Individual Incentive Awards outstanding for our NEOs. We retained all liabilities related to Individual Incentive Awards granted to NEOs following the Share Distribution, including with respect to those executive officers whose employment transferred to CSWI. Upon exercise of an Individual Incentive Award, CSWC pays the recipient a cash payment in an amount equal to (1) the NAV per share as of June 30, 2015 minus the baseline NAV per share, multiplied by (2) the number of units subject to such Individual Incentive Award. The Compensation Committee did not grant any Individual Incentive Awards during fiscal 2017.

The Compensation Committee does not intend to grant additional Individual Incentive Awards in the future.

### 2009 Stock Incentive Plan

The Compensation Committee previously granted options to purchase CSWC's common stock (including incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options). Options were granted with an exercise price at the closing price of CSWC's stock on the date of grant. CSWC has never granted options with an exercise price that was less than the closing price of CSWC's common stock on the grant date, nor has it granted options that are priced on a date other than the grant date.

Historically, options have become exercisable on or after the first anniversary of the date of grant in five annual installments and have a term of 10 years. Upon termination or retirement, option holders have 30 days to exercise vested options to purchase shares except in the case of death or disability (subject to a 6-month limitation). Prior to the exercise of options, holders have no rights as shareholders with respect to the shares subject to such option, including voting rights and the right to receive dividends or dividend equivalents. The board retained the right to make option holders whole in certain situations, such as distributions.

From time to time, the Compensation Committee recommended and the board granted qualified and non-qualified stock options to certain key employees and NEOs. In August 2014, the Compensation Committee granted stock options to Mr. Diehl to incentivize Mr. Diehl to complete a transformative transaction, with one-third vesting 90 days after the consummation of the Share Distribution on December 29, 2015, or the Determination Date, one-third on the first anniversary of the Determination Date on December 29, 2016 and one-third on the second anniversary of the Determination Date on December 29, 2017. Please see "—Spin-Off Compensation Plan" for an additional discussion of these options.

The Compensation Committee ceased granting additional options prior to the Share Distribution and will not grant additional options under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan or request shareholders' approval of any additional stock options to be added to the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan. In connection with the Share Distribution, certain adjustments, using volumetric weighted-average prices for the 10-day period immediately prior to and immediately following the Share Distribution, were made to the exercise price and number of shares of our stock subject to the awards, with the intention of preserving the economic value of the awards immediately prior to the Share Distribution for all of our employees.

## Spin-Off Compensation Plan

On August 28, 2014, the board adopted the Spin-Off Compensation Plan, which entitled Mr. Diehl, Kelly Tacke, former CFO, and Joseph Armes, in his former capacity as CEO, to certain stock options, restricted stock and cash awards upon the consummation of the Share Distribution. The plan was intended to align the compensation of the Company's key officers with the Company's strategic objective of increasing the market value of the Company's shares through a transformative transaction for the benefit of the Company's shareholders. Under the plan, Mr. Diehl and the other executives were eligible to receive a total amount equal to six percent of the aggregate increase in the Company's market value from August 28, 2014 (using a base price of \$36.16 per share) to the "Determination Date." The first plan component consists of awards of nonqualified options to purchase 259,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$36.60 per share. The second plan component consists of awards of 127,000 shares of restricted stock, which have voting rights but do not have cash dividend rights. The final plan component consists of cash incentive payments awarded to each participant in an amount equal to the excess of each awardee's allocable portion of the total payment amount over the aggregate value as of the Determination Date of the awardee's restricted common stock and nonqualified option awards under the plan.

The Compensation Committee granted options to purchase 86,334 shares of Company common stock to Mr. Diehl. The Company also granted 42,000 shares of restricted stock to Mr. Diehl. The Compensation

Committee granted a cash award to Mr. Diehl that represented the difference between (1) the value of the options and restricted stock awards and (2) six percent of the accretion in aggregate market value of the Company and CSWI market value from the grant date of such awards through the Determination Date (as defined below).

On September 8, 2015, the board designated the Share Distribution as a transformative transaction for purposes of the executive compensation plan and amended the award agreements granted under the plan to provide for accelerated vesting of the awards held by a participant in the event of a termination of that participant's service effected by the participant for good reason, by the employer without cause, or as a result of the disability or death of the participant. On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution through a tax-free pro-rata share distribution of CSWI's common stock to CSWC shareholders of record on September 18, 2015.

The total value accretion was six percent of the aggregate appreciation in CSWC's share price from \$36.16 to the combined volume-weighted average prices of both CSWC and CSWI stock as of December 29, 2015. The cash component of the Spin-Off Compensation Plan was the difference between the total value accretion and the aggregate value of the awardee's restricted common stock and non-qualified option awards under the plan. The first cash payment was made in January 2016 and the second cash payment was made in January 2017. The vesting date for the final payment is December 29, 2017.

#### **Other Benefits**

Effective October 1, 2015, we established a qualified defined contribution plan intended to meet the requirements of Section 401(k) of the Code, or the 401(k) Plan. The 401(k) Plan permits all full-time employees to defer a portion of their total annual compensation up to the maximum amount allowed under the Internal Revenue Code. We make contributions to the 401(k) Plan on behalf of employees up to 4.5% of the employee's eligible compensation, all of which is fully vested immediately. Mr. Diehl and Mr. Sarner were eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan in fiscal 2017 on the same basis as all other employees of the Company.

Additionally, the Company's NEOs participate in the same benefit plans and programs as the Company's other employees, including comprehensive medical and dental insurance and vision care.

The Company provides no other material benefits, perquisites or retirement benefits to the NEOs.

### Potential Payments upon Change in Control or Termination of Employment

CSWC offers change-in-control benefits under its long-term incentive plans to motivate executives to focus on transactions that are likely in the best interests of CSWC's shareholders, even though such transactions may result in a loss of employment for the executives. CSWC believes its programs are consistent with market practices and therefore also serve to attract and retain its executives.

## **Shareholder Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation**

At CSWC's 2017 annual meeting of shareholders, CSWC shareholders approved an advisory vote with 59% of the votes cast in favor of CSWC's compensation philosophy, policies and procedures and the 2017 fiscal year compensation of the NEOs. The Compensation Committee considered the results of that vote as an affirmation of CSWC's executive compensation decisions and policies.

# **Compensatory Risk Assessment**

CSWC works to integrate sound risk management into its compensation programs. CSWC implements a multi-faceted strategy to mitigate risk in compensation. CSWC believes our focus on long-term stable compensation programs and our ability to retain long-term employees work to limit incentives to take

unnecessary or imprudent risk-taking actions. CSWC also provides stable fixed cash compensation to each of our executive officers to limit the financial exposure that our NEOs face as holders of significant equity in our enterprise.

In April 2017, the Compensation Committee undertook a review of its compensation programs and determined that the programs are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on CSWC. The Compensation Committee analyzed the competitiveness of the components of compensation described above on both an individual and aggregate basis. The Compensation Committee believes that the total compensation paid to the NEOs in fiscal 2017 is consistent with the overall objectives of the Company's executive compensation program.

### COMPENSATION OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

## **Summary Compensation Table**

The following table includes information concerning compensation received by our NEOs for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015:

								in	Pension lue and			
						N	on-Equity	Non	qualified eferred			
Name and Principal	Fiscal			Stock	Option		centive Plan		pensation	Α	ll Other	
Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards(1)	Awards(2)	Co	mpensation	Ear	rnings(3)	Com	pensation(4)	Total
Bowen S. Diehl(5)	2017	\$442,000	\$ —	\$ 624,450	\$ —	\$	1,441,624(8)	\$		\$	34,268	\$2,542,342
President and Chief Executive Officer	2016	\$429,000	\$ —	\$ 698,890	\$ —	\$	1,359,586(8)	\$	16,530	\$	114,295	\$2,618,301
	2015	\$428,000	\$14,151	\$ 637,980	\$ 499,874	\$	643,500	\$	48,410	\$	27,000	\$2,298,915
Michael S. Sarner(6)	2017	\$373,000	\$ —	\$ 499,560	\$ —	\$	528,795	\$	_	\$	27,309	\$1,428,664
Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary	2016	\$261,349(7)	\$75,000	\$ 356,880	s —	\$	482,649	\$	_	\$	4,106	\$1,179,984

- (1) These amounts represent the grant date fair value of restricted stock awards determined in accordance with ASC 718 based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Pursuant to SEC rules, the amounts shown exclude the impact of estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The amounts do not correspond to the actual value that will be recognized by our NEOs upon vesting of these grants. In connection with the Share Distribution, all previously granted restricted stock awards were adjusted. Each holder of a restricted stock award received one restricted share of CSWI stock for every CSWC restricted share held. An immaterial amount of incremental fair value was granted through this adjustment. Awards made in fiscal 2016 and fiscal 2017 were granted after the Share Distribution and required no adjustment. See Note 10 of the consolidated financial statements in Capital Southwest's Audited Financial Statements included elsewhere in this registration statement for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 regarding assumptions underlying valuation of equity awards.

  (2) These amounts represent the grant date fair value of stock option awards using Black-Scholes pricing model determined in accordance with ASC 718 based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Pursuant to SEC rules, the amounts shown exclude the impact of estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The amounts do not correspond to
- (2) These amounts represent the grant date fair value of stock option awards using Black-Scholes pricing model determined in accordance with ASC 718 based on the closing price of our commor stock on the date of grant. Pursuant to SEC rules, the amounts shown exclude the impact of estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. The amounts do not correspond to the actual value that will be recognized by our NEOs upon vesting of these grants. The number of shares and the exercise price of option awards granted prior to the completion of the Share Distribution were adjusted for the Share Distribution transaction. No incremental fair value was granted through this adjustment. See Note 10 of the consolidated financial statements in the Company's Audited Financial Statements included elsewhere in this registration statement for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 regarding the assumptions underlying the valuation of equity awards.
- (3) Amounts shown reflect the aggregate change during the year in actuarial present value of accumulated benefit under the Retirement Plan and the Restoration Plan, as applicable. The Retirement Plan was transferred to CSWI effective as of September 30, 2015, and CSWI assumed liability for all future funding obligations under the Retirement Plan. Therefore, amounts shown in this column for 2016 with respect to the Retirement Plan reflect the aggregate change during the partial year beginning April 1, 2015 and ending September 30, 2015. See Note 12 of the consolidated financial statements in Capital Southwest's Audited Financial Statements included elsewhere in this registration statement for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 regarding assumptions used in determining these amounts.
- assumptions used in determining these amounts.

  (4) See "All Other Compensation" table below for information regarding amounts included in this column.
- (5) Effective October 1, 2015 with the completion of the Share Distribution, Mr. Diehl was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer of CSWC.

- Effective July 14, 2015, Mr. Sarner joined CSWC as Senior Vice President. Effective October 1, 2015 with the completion of the Share Distribution, Mr. Sarner was appointed Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer, Secretary and Treasurer.

  Mr. Sarner's compensation reflects partial year salary from July 14, 2015 to March 31, 2016 for fiscal 2016.

  "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation" for Mr. Diehl includes \$689,686 in both fiscal 2017 and 2016 for cash incentive awards under the Spin-Off Compensation Plan

### **All Other Compensation**

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Ves Upon	crued Non- ted Benefits Termination f ESOP(1)	) Plan/ESOP ntributions	Dividends(2)	Total
Bowen S. Diehl	2017	\$		\$ 9,894	\$ 24,374	\$ 34,268
President and Chief Executive Officer	2016	\$	105,851	\$ 8,044	\$ 400	\$114,295
	2015	\$	_	\$ 26,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 27,000
Michael S. Sarner						
Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer, and	2017	\$	_	\$ 13,344	\$ 13,965	\$ 27,309
Secretary	2016	\$	_	\$ 4,106	\$ —	\$ 4,106

- (1) Prior to the Share Distribution, our subsidiaries maintained two Employee Stock Ownership Plans, or ESOPs, and the Company made discretionary contributions to the ESOPs within limits established by the Code. In connection with the Share Distribution, the ESOPs related to CSWI employees were transferred to CSWI effective September 30, 2015. The account balances in the ESOPs of participants who remained our employees following the Share Distribution, including Mr. Diehl, were either transferred to the 401(k) Plan in the case of accrued vested benefits or paid in cash in the case of accrued unvested benefits. This column represents cash paid in connection with the transfer of the ESOPs. Effective 2015, the ESOPs transferred to CSWI in connection with the Share Distribution.
- These amounts reflect dividends received on unvested restricted shares held by the NEO, which were not included in the grant date fair value of the awards previously reported.

### **Grants of Plan-Based Awards**

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to each grant of a plan-based award to our NEOs in fiscal 2017.

		Stock Awards: Number of Shares	Date Fair Value of k and Option
Name	Grant Date	of Stock(1)	Awards(2)
Bowen S. Diehl	11/15/2016	43,125	\$ 624,450
Michael S. Sarner	11/15/2016	34,500	\$ 499,560

These restricted stock awards under the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan vest one-fourth each year beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, subject to continued employment. Restricted stock awards entitle the holder to dividends and voting rights beginning on the grant date.

The amounts represent the grant date fair value of restricted stock awards determined in accordance with ASC 718 based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant.

# **Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End**

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the outstanding equity awards held by our NEOs as of March 31, 2017.

Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised Options (#) exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) unexercisable	Option exercise price(1)	Option expiration date	Number of shares of stock that have not vested(2)	o sto	Carket value of shares of ck that have ot vested(3)
Bowen S. Diehl	5,977	11,950	\$ 11.00	3/17/2024	94,375	\$	1,595,881
	24,000	28,661	\$ 11.53	8/28/2024			
Michael S. Sarner	_	_	_	_	52,500	\$	887,775

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the closing price on the date of grant. Exercise prices for options granted prior to the Share Distribution were adjusted in connection with the Share Distribution effective as of Sentember 30, 2015. No incremental fair value was granted through this adjustment

## **Option Exercises and Equity Awards Vested in Fiscal Year**

The following table provides information regarding the vesting of restricted stock and the exercise of options held by each of our NEOs for fiscal 2017.

	Option Awa	ırds	Stock Awards			
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized on Exercise	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting(1)	Value Realized on Vesting(2)		
Bowen S. Diehl	45,271	\$ 215,938	26,750	\$ 413,108		
Michael S. Sarner		\$ —	6,000	\$ 85,260		

<sup>1)</sup> Includes vesting of the first two-thirds of restricted shares granted under the Spin-Off Compensation Plan.

### **Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control**

The agreements governing our restricted stock awards and our Long-Term Cash Incentive Awards to employees, including NEOs, provide upon certain transactions involving a change in control or upon a participant's death or disability (each as defined in the award agreement), that unvested shares of restricted stock will fully vest and the long term cash incentive awards would be paid. The acceleration of unvested restricted stock would apply to both Mr. Sarner and Mr. Diehl, however the payment of the long term cash incentive award would only apply to Mr. Diehl. The full amount of unvested cash incentive awards issued under the Spin-Off Compensation Plan as discussed above would be paid upon termination without cause, upon a change in control or upon a participant's death or disability. This payment would become exercisable upon termination without cause, upon a change in control or upon a participant's death or disability. This payment would only apply to Mr. Diehl.

September 30, 2015. No incremental fair value was granted through this adjustment.

(2) With respect to Mr. Diehl, 1,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on each of March 17, 2018 and 2019, 11,750 shares of restricted stock will vest on each of November 10, 2017, 2018 and 2019, 11,750 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 29, 2020, and 14,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 29, 2020, and 14,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on December 29, 2017. With respect to Mr. Sarner, 6,000 shares of restricted stock will vest on each of November 10, 2017, 2018 and 2019 and 8,625 shares of restricted stock will vest on each of November 15, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.

The value of the non-vested restricted stock was computed by multiplying the number of non-vested shares of restricted stock by \$16.91, the closing stock price on March 31, 2017, the last trading day of fiscal 2017.

<sup>(2)</sup> The value realized equals the number of shares multiplied by closing price on the day prior to the vesting date.

The following table quantifies potential compensation that would have become payable to each of our NEOs if their employment had terminated on March 31, 2017, given the closing price of our common stock on that date. In addition, the table quantifies the compensation that would have become payable to each of our NEOs assuming that a change in control of CSWC had occurred on March 31, 2017, and determining any amounts that would be payable under all compensation agreements in effect as of that date.

	Cash Payments	Acceleration of Equity Awards(1)	Total
Bowen S. Diehl			
Termination for Cause	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Termination without Cause	689,686	224,821	914,507
Change in Control(2)	752,357	1,820,705	2,573,062
Death or Disability	752,357	1,820,705	2,573,062
Michael S. Sarner			
Termination for Cause	_	_	_
Termination without Cause	_	_	
Change in Control(2)	<del>-</del>	887,775	887,775
Death or Disability	_	887,775	887,775

Amounts reflected in this table do not include the value of any CSWI equity awards that will accelerate upon a change in control of CSWC. Change of control payment does not assume or require termination of the employee.

## CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

We have procedures in place for the review, approval and monitoring of transactions involving the Company and certain persons related to CSWC. As a BDC, the 1940 Act restricts us from participating in transactions with any persons affiliated with CSWC, including our officers, directors and employees and any person controlling or under common control with us, subject to limited exceptions.

In order to ensure that we do not engage in any prohibited transactions with any persons affiliated with CSWC, our officers screen each of our transactions for any possible affiliations, close or remote, between the proposed portfolio investment, CSWC, companies controlled by us and our employees and directors. The Audit Committee is responsible for approving related party transactions exceeding \$50,000 in aggregate value.

In addition, our Code of Conduct and Code of Ethics, which are applicable to all of our employees, officers and directors, require that all employees, officers and directors avoid any conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between an individual's personal interests and our interests. Our Code of Conduct and Code of Ethics are available at http://www.capitalsouthwest.com/governance.

### CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of October 6, 2017 by (1) each NEO in the Summary Compensation Table; (2) each director that served at any time during fiscal 2017; (3) all current directors and executive and non-executive officers as a group; and (4) each person who is the beneficial owner (as that term is defined in the rules and regulations of the SEC) of 5% or more of our outstanding common stock. The number of shares beneficially owned by each entity, person, director or executive officer is determined under the rules of the SEC, and the information is not necessarily indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Under such rules, beneficial ownership includes any shares as to which the individual has the sole or shared voting power or investment power and also any shares that the individual has a right to acquire as of December 5, 2017 through the exercise of any stock option or other right. Unless otherwise indicated below, each of the persons named in the table has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated to be beneficially owned. Percentage of ownership is based on 16,019,296 shares of common stock outstanding as of October 6, 2017. Number of shares held by beneficial owners of 5% or more of our outstanding common stock are as of the date of the applicable SEC filing made by those owners (unless otherwise noted).

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Directors & Executive Officers		
Joseph B. Armes(1),(2)	106,722	*
David R. Brooks(1)	20,000	*
Bowen S. Diehl(1),(3)	222,989	1.4%
Jack D. Furst(1)	17,100	*
T. Duane Morgan(1),(4)	15,941	*
Michael S. Sarner(1),(5)	65,286	*
William R. Thomas III(1),(6)	592,156	3.7%
John H. Wilson(1)	17,000	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (8 persons)	1,057,194	6.6%
5% Owners		
Punch & Associates Investment Management, Inc.(7)	1,784,841	11.1%
Moab Capital Partners, LLC(8)	1,626,864	10.2%
Zuckerman Investment Group(9)	1,269,287	7.9%
Ariel Investments, LLC(11)	951,668	5.9%
River Road Asset Management, LLC(10)	872,480	5.4%

Mr. Morgan holds 4,395 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock directly and 11,546 shares indirectly through the Morgan Family Trust.

Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each of the persons whose name appears in the table above is: c/o Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300,

Dallas, Texas 75240. None of the shares of Capital Southwest's common stock owned by our directors, director nominees or executive officers are pledged as security.

Mr. Armes has voting power with respect to 15,000 unvested restricted shares of Capital Southwest's common stock and 10,500 unrestricted shares of common stock. In addition, 81,222 shares of his stock options granted under the 2009 stock option plan will be exercisable as of December 5, 2017, and are included in the number of shares reported.

Mr. Diehl has voting power with respect to 94,375 unvested restricted shares and 98,637 unrestricted shares of common stock. In addition, 29,977 of Mr. Diehl's stock options granted under the 2009 stock option plan will be exercisable as of December 5, 2017, and are included in the number of shares reported.

Mr. Sarner has voting power with respect to 52,500 unvested restricted shares and 12,786 unrestricted shares of common stock. Mr. Thomas holds 8,217 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock directly. Mr. Thomas is President and sole manager of Thomas Heritage Company, L.L.C., the sole general partner (the "General Partner") of Thomas Heritage Partners, Ltd. (the "Partnership"). In such capacity, Mr. Thomas has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to 571,939 shares owned by the Partnership. Mr. Thomas beneficially owns 12,000 held by his minor children.

- Based on a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 3, 2017 and a Schedule 13F-HR filed with the SEC on August 14, 2017, Punch & Associates beneficially owns and has sole voting
- and dispositive power with respect to 1,784,841 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock. The address for Punch & Associates is 3601 W. 76th Street, Suite 225, Edina, Minnesota 55435. Based on a Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 14, 2017 and a Schedule 13F-HR filed with the SEC on August 14, 2017, Moab Capital Partners, LLC, Moab Partners, L.P. and Michael M. Rothenberg beneficially own and have sole voting and dispositive power with respect to 1,626,864 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock. According to the Schedule 13G, Moab Capital Partners, LLC is the investment adviser to Moab Partners, L.P. and a certain managed account. Mr. Rothenberg is an owner and a Managing Member of Moab Capital Partners, LLC. By virtue of these relationships, each of Moab Capital Partners, LLC and Mr. Rothenberg may be deemed to beneficially own shares of Capital Southwest's common stock owned directly by Moab Partners, L.P. and held in the managed account. The address for Moab Capital Partners is 15 East 62nd Street, New York, New York 10065.

  Based on a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 14, 2017 and a Schedule 13F-HR filed with the SEC on August 11, 2017, Zuckerman Investment Group, LLC, Sherwin A. Zuckerman and Daniel R. Zuckerman beneficially own and have shared voting and dispositive power with respect to 1,269,287 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock. According to the
- Schedule 13G/A, Sherwin A. Zuckerman and Daniel R. Zuckerman are Co-CEOs, and together they are the controlling shareholders of Zuckerman Investment Group, LLC. By virtue of this
- relationship, each of Sherwin A. Zuckerman and Daniel R. Zuckerman may be deemed to beneficially own shares of Capital Southwest's common stock owned by Zuckerman Investment Group, LLC. The address for Zuckerman is 155 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 1700, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

  (10) Based on a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on January 12, 2017 and a Schedule 13F-HR filed with the SEC on August 8, 2017, River Road Asset Management, LLC beneficially owns and has sole dispositive power with respect to 872,480 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock and has sole voting power with respect to 822,478 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock. The address for River Road Asset Management is 462 S. Fourth Street, Suite 2000, Louisville, Kentucky 40202.
- Based on a Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 14, 2017 and a Schedule 13F-HR filed with the SEC on August 14, 2017, Ariel Investments, LLC beneficially owns and has sole dispositive power with respect to 951,668 shares and has sole voting power with respect to 806,729 shares of Capital Southwest's common stock. The address for 200 East Randolph Street, Suite 2900, Chicago Illinois 60601.

The following table sets forth, as of October 6, 2017, the dollar range of our equity securities that is beneficially owned by each of our directors.

	Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned in CSWC(1)(2)(3)
Independent Directors	
David R. Brooks	Over \$100,000
Jack D. Furst	Over \$100,000
T. Duane Morgan	Over \$100,000
William R. Thomas III	Over \$100,000
John H. Wilson	Over \$100,000
Interested Director	
Bowen S. Diehl	Over \$100,000

Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) of the Exchange Act.

The dollar ranges of equity securities beneficially owned are: none, \$1-\$10,000, \$10,001-\$50,000, \$50,001-\$100,000, or over \$100,000

The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by our directors is based on the closing price of our common stock on Nasdaq of \$17.28 per share as of October 6, 2017.

### SALES OF COMMON STOCK BELOW NET ASSET VALUE

Our stockholders may from time to time vote to allow us to issue common stock at a price below the NAV per share of our common stock. In such an approval, our stockholders may not specify a maximum discount below NAV at which we are able to issue our common stock. In order to sell shares pursuant to such a stockholder authorization:

- · a majority of our independent directors who have no financial interest in the sale must have approved the sale; and
- a majority of such directors, who are not interested persons of CSWC, in consultation with the underwriter or underwriters of the offering if it is to be underwritten, must have determined in good faith, and as of a time immediately prior to the first solicitation by us or on our behalf of firm commitments to purchase such shares or immediately prior to the issuance of such shares, that the price at which such shares are to be sold is not less than a price which closely approximates the market value of those shares, less any underwriting commission or discount.

Any offering of common stock below NAV per share will be designed to raise capital for investment in accordance with our investment objectives and business strategies.

In making a determination that an offering below NAV per share is in our and our stockholders' best interests, our board of directors would consider a variety of factors including:

- The effect that an offering below NAV per share would have on our stockholders, including the potential dilution they would experience as a result of the offering;
- The amount per share by which the offering price per share and the net proceeds per share are less than the most recently determined NAV per share;
- The relationship of recent market prices of our common stock to NAV per share and the potential impact of the offering on the market price per share of our common stock;
- Whether the proposed offering price would closely approximate the market value of our shares;
- The potential market impact of being able to raise capital during the current financial market difficulties;
- · The nature of any new investors anticipated to acquire shares in the offering;
- The anticipated rate of return on and quality, type and availability of investments to be funded with the proceeds from the offering, if any; and
- The leverage available to us, both before and after any offering, and the terms thereof.

Sales by us of our common stock at a discount from NAV pose potential risks for our existing stockholders whether or not they participate in the offering, as well as for new investors who participate in the offering.

The following three headings and accompanying tables will explain and provide hypothetical examples on the impact of an offering at a price less than NAV per share on three different sets of investors:

- existing stockholders who do not purchase any shares in the offering;
- existing stockholders who purchase a relatively small amount of shares in the offering or a relatively large amount of shares in the offering; and
- new investors who become stockholders by purchasing shares in the offering.

### Impact on Existing Stockholders who do not Participate in the Offering

Our existing stockholders who do not participate in an offering below NAV per share or who do not buy additional shares in the secondary market at the same or lower price we obtain in the offering (after expenses and commissions) face the greatest potential risks. These stockholders will experience an immediate decrease (often called dilution) in the NAV of the shares they hold and their NAV per share. These stockholders will also experience a disproportionately greater decrease in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than the increase we will experience in our assets, potential earning power and voting interests due to the offering. These stockholders may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share. This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and level of discount to NAV increases.

The following table illustrates the level of NAV dilution that would be experienced by a nonparticipating stockholder in four different hypothetical offerings of different sizes and levels of discount from NAV per share. Actual sales prices and discounts may differ from the presentation below.

The examples assume that Company XYZ has 1,000,000 common shares outstanding, \$15,000,000 in total assets and \$5,000,000 in total liabilities. The current NAV and NAV per share are thus \$10,000,000 and \$10.00, respectively. The table illustrates the dilutive effect on nonparticipating Stockholder A of (1) an offering of 50,000 shares (5% of the outstanding shares) at \$9.50 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 5% discount from NAV), (2) an offering of 100,000 shares (10% of the outstanding shares) at \$9.00 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 10% discount from NAV) and (3) an offering of 250,000 shares (25% of the outstanding shares) at \$8.00 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 20% discount from NAV). The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any discounted offering is made will include a chart based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount to the most recently determined NAV.

		Example 1 5% Offering at 5% Discount		ng at	Example 2 10% Offering at 10% Discount				Example 25% Offeri 20% Disco	ng at
	ior to Sale elow NAV	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change
Offering Price	LIOW TVI IV	-	ouic	Change	_	Buile	Chunge		Juic	Change
Price per Share to Public(1)		\$	10.00		\$	9.47		\$	8.42	
Net Proceeds per Share to Issuer		\$	9.50		\$	9.00		\$	8.00	
Increase in Shares and Decrease to NAV										
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000	1	,050,000	5.00%	1	,100,000	10.00%	1	,250,000	25.00%
NAV per Share	\$ 10.00	\$	9.98	(0.24)%	\$	9.91	(0.91)%	\$	9.60	(4.00)%
Dilution to Nonparticipating Stockholder A										
Share Dilution										
Shares Held by Stockholder A	10,000		10,000			10,000			10,000	
Percentage Outstanding Held by Stockholder A	1.00%		0.95%	(4.76)%		0.91%	(9.09)%		0.80%	(20.00)%
NAV Dilution										
Total NAV Held by Stockholder A	\$ 100,000	\$	99,762	(0.24)%	\$	99,091	(0.91)%	\$	96,000	(4.00)%
Total Investment by Stockholder A (Assumed to be \$10 per Share)	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000		\$	100,000		\$	100,000	
Total Dilution to Stockholder A (Total NAV Less Total Investment)	\$ _	\$	(238)		\$	(909)		\$	(4,000)	

		Example 1 5% Offering at 5% Discount		Example 2 10% Offering at 10% Discount				ple 3 ering at scount		
	r to Sale ow NAV		llowing Sale	% Change		llowing Sale	% Change		llowing Sale	% Change
NAV Dilution per Share										
NAV per Share Held by Stockholder A		\$	9.98		\$	9.91		\$	9.60	
Investment per Share Held by Stockholder A (Assumed to be										
\$10per Share on Shares Held Prior to Sale)	\$ 10.00	\$	10.00		\$	10.00		\$	10.00	
NAV Dilution per Share Experienced by Stockholder A (NAV										
per Share Less Investment per Share)		\$	(0.02)		\$	(0.09)		\$	(0.40)	
Percentage NAV Dilution Experienced by Stockholder A (NAV										
Dilution per Share Divided by Investment per Share)				(0.24)%			(0.91)%			(4.00)%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us

### Impact on Existing Stockholders who do Participate in the Offering

Our existing stockholders who participate in an offering below NAV per share or who buy additional shares in the secondary market at the same or lower price as we obtain in the offering (after expenses and commissions) will experience the same types of NAV dilution as the nonparticipating stockholders, albeit at a lower level, to the extent they purchase less than the same percentage of the discounted offering as their interest in our shares immediately prior to the offering. The level of NAV dilution to such stockholders will decrease as the number of shares such stockholders purchase increases. Existing stockholders who buy more than their proportionate percentage will experience NAV dilution but will, in contrast to existing stockholders who purchase less than their proportionate share of the offering, experience an increase (often called accretion) in NAV per share over their investment per share and will also experience a disproportionately greater increase in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than our increase in assets, potential earning power and voting interests due to the offering. The level of accretion will increase as the excess number of shares purchased by such stockholder increases. Even a stockholder who over-participates will, however, be subject to the risk that we may make additional discounted offerings in which such stockholder does not participate, in which case such a stockholder will experience NAV dilution as described above in such subsequent offerings. These stockholders may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share. This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and the level of discount to NAV increases.

The following chart illustrates the level of dilution and accretion in the hypothetical 25% offering at a 20% discount from the prior chart (Example 3) for a stockholder that acquires shares equal to (1) 50% of its proportionate share of the offering (i.e., 1,250 shares, which is 0.5% of an offering of 250,000 shares rather than its 1.0% proportionate share) and (2) 150% of such percentage (i.e., 3,750 shares, which is 1.5% of an offering of 250,000 shares rather than its 1.0% proportionate share). The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any

discounted offering is made will include a chart for this example based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount from the most recently determined NAV per share.

				50% Partici		150% Participation			
	Prior to Sale Below NAV		F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	
Offering Price		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	<u>change</u>	_	<u> </u>	<u>change</u>	
Price per Share to Public(1)			\$	8.42		\$	8.42		
Net Proceeds per Share to Issuer			\$	8.00		\$	8.00		
Increase in Shares and Decrease to NAV									
Total Shares Outstanding		1,000,000	1	,250,000	25.00%	1	1,250,000	25.00%	
NAV per Share	\$	10.00	\$	9.60	(4.00)%	\$	9.60	(4.00)%	
Dilution/Accretion to Participating Stockholder A									
Share Dilution/Accretion									
Shares Held by Stockholder A		10,000		11,250	12.50%		13,750	37.50%	
Percentage Outstanding Held by Stockholder A		1.00%		0.90%	(10.00)%		1.10%	10.00%	
NAV Dilution/Accretion									
Total NAV Held by Stockholder A	\$	100,000	\$	108,000	8.00%	\$	132,000	32.00%	
Total Investment by Stockholder A (Assumed to be \$10 per Share on									
Shares Held Prior to Sale)	\$	100,000	\$	110,525		\$	131,575		
Total Dilution/Accretion to Stockholder A (Total NAV Less Total									
Investment)	\$	_	\$	(2,525)		\$	425		
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share									
NAV per Share Held by Stockholder A			\$	9.60		\$	9.60		
Investment per Share Held by Stockholder A (Assumed to be \$10 per Share									
on Shares Held Prior to Sale)	\$	10.00	\$	9.82	(1.76)%	\$	9.57	(4.31)%	
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share Experienced by Stockholder A (NAV									
per Share Less Investment per Share)			\$	(0.22)		\$	0.03		
Percentage NAV Dilution/Accretion Experienced by Stockholder A (NAV									
Dilution/Accretion per Share Divided by Investment per Share)					(2.28)%			0.32%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us

# **Impact on New Investors**

Investors who are not currently stockholders, but who participate in an offering below NAV and whose investment per share is greater than the resulting NAV per share due to selling compensation and expenses paid by us will experience an immediate decrease, albeit small, in the NAV of their shares and their NAV per share compared to the price they pay for their shares (Example 1 below). On the other hand, investors who are not currently stockholders, but who participate in an offering below NAV per share and whose investment per share is also less than the resulting NAV per share will experience an immediate increase in the NAV of their shares and their NAV per share compared to the price they pay for their shares (Examples 2 and 3 below). These latter investors will experience a disproportionately greater participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than our increase in assets, potential earning power and voting interests. These investors will, however, be subject to the risk that we may make additional discounted offerings in which such new stockholder does not participate, in which case such new stockholder will experience dilution as described above in such subsequent offerings. These investors may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share. This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and level of discount to NAV increases.

The following chart illustrates the level of dilution or accretion for new investors that would be experienced by a new investor in the same hypothetical discounted offerings as described in the first chart above. The illustration is for a new investor who purchases the same percentage (1.00%) of the shares in the offering as Stockholder A in the prior examples held immediately prior to the offering. The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any discounted offering is made will include a chart for these examples based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount from the most recently determined NAV per share.

			Example 1 5% Offering at 5% Discount		Example 2 10% Offering at 10% Discount			Example 3 25% Offering at 20% Discount			
		or to Sale ow NAV		llowing Sale	% Change	Fo	llowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change
Offering Price							_			_	
Price per Share to Public(1)			\$	10.00		\$	9.47		\$	8.42	
Net Proceeds per Share to Issuer			\$	9.50		\$	9.00		\$	8.00	
Increase in Shares and Decrease to NAV											
Total Shares Outstanding	1,	000,000	1,	050,000	5.00%	1,	100,000	10.00%	1,	,250,000	25.00%
NAV per Share	\$	10.00	\$	9.98	(0.24)%	\$	9.91	(0.91)%	\$	9.60	(4.00)%
Dilution/Accretion to New Investor A											
Share Dilution											
Shares Held by Investor A		_		500			1,000			2,500	
Percentage Outstanding Held by Investor A		0.00%		0.05%			0.09%			0.20%	
NAV Dilution											
Total NAV Held by Investor A	\$	_	\$	4,988		\$	9,909		\$	24,000	
Total Investment by Investor A (At Price to Public)	\$	_	\$	5,000		\$	9,470		\$	21,050	
Total Dilution/Accretion to Investor A (Total NAV											
Less Total Investment)	\$	_	\$	(12)		\$	439		\$	2,950	
NAV Dilution per Share											
NAV per Share Held by Investor A			\$	9.98		\$	9.91		\$	9.60	
Investment per Share Held by Investor A			\$	10.00		\$	9.47		\$	8.42	
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share Experienced by											
Investor A (NAV per Share Less Investment per											
Share)			\$	(0.02)		\$	0.44		\$	1.18	
Percentage NAV Dilution/Accretion Experienced by											
Investor A (NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share											
Divided by Investment per Share)					(0.20)%			4.64%			14.01%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us

### DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a DRIP that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our registered stockholders who hold their shares with American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our registered stockholders who have "opted in" to our DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of our common stock.

In addition to reinvestment of dividends, participating stockholders have the option of purchasing additional shares of common stock on a periodic basis through our DRIP. A participating stockholder may elect to invest from \$100 to \$10,000 in any calendar month into the plan by sending occasional cash payments or by authorizing monthly automatic cash withdrawals from the participants checking, savings or other bank accounts.

In order to participate in the DRIP, a holder of record of 25 or more shares must sign and return an authorization form to the plan administrator.

The share requirements of our DRIP may be satisfied through open market purchases of common stock by the plan administrator. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased by the plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs.

Participants in the DRIP will only pay their share of brokerage costs. We will pay the plan administrator's fees under the plan.

Stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at www.amstock.com, by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, Dividend Reinvestment Dept., Wall Street Station, P.O. Box 922, New York, NY 10269-0560 or by calling the plan administrators at (888) 666-0141. If notice of termination is received less than five (5) business days before a dividend record date, the plan administrator may not be able to process participant's notice until after the reinvestment of that dividend.

We may terminate the plan upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any dividend by us. All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, Dividend Reinvestment Dept., Wall Street Station, P.O. Box 922, New York, NY 10269-0560 or by telephone at (888) 666-0141.

### DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Texas Business Organizations Code, or TBOC, and our articles of incorporation, as amended, which we refer to as our charter, and our amended and restated bylaws, which we refer to as our bylaws. This summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you, and we refer you to the TBOC, our charter and bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below. Our charter is filed as Exhibit (a) to this registration statement, and our bylaws were filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.

## **Authorized Capital Stock**

Our authorized capital stock consists of 25,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.25 per share. Set forth below is a chart describing the classes of our common stock outstanding as of October 6, 2017:

(1)	(2)	(3)	<u>(4)</u>
		Amount Held	Amount Outstanding
	Amount	by us or for	Exclusive of Amount
Title of Class	Authorized	Our Account	Under Column 3
Common Stock	25,000,000	2,339,512	16,019,296

### **Common Stock**

Shares Outstanding. As of October 6, 2017, we had 16,019,296 issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

*Dividends:* Holders of our common stock are entitled to dividends or other distributions, as declared by our board of directors from time to time, in cash, property or common stock subject to the provisions of Texas law, our charter or our bylaws.

**Voting Rights:** The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote at a meeting of our stockholders. In matters other than the election of directors, stockholder approval requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the matter, voting as a single class, unless the matter is one upon which, by express provision of Texas law, our charter or our bylaws, a different vote is required.

*Liquidation Rights:* In the event of our liquidation, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to share ratably in any assets remaining after payment of all debts and other liabilities.

*Other:* Our common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights and is not entitled to the benefits of any redemption or sinking fund provision. The outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

### Certain Provisions of Texas Law, Our Charter and Our Bylaws

**Amendment of Articles of Incorporation:** The TBOC provides that an amendment to the charter must be recommended by the board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of the corporation, unless a different threshold, not less than a majority, is specified in the charter. Our charter does not provide for a different threshold.

Amendment of Bylaws: The TBOC, our charter and bylaws provide that our bylaws may be amended by action of the shareholders or action of the board of directors.

**Director Elections:** Our bylaws provide that directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast at a meeting of stockholders at which a quorum is present. Our charter does not permit cumulative voting for the election of directors.

**Term of Directors:** Our bylaws provide that directors are elected at each annual meeting of shareholders and hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting, and until such director's successor is elected and qualified, or until the earlier death, resignation, or removal of such director.

**Number of Directors:** Our bylaws provide that the number of directors is determined by resolution of the board of directors, except that the board of directors may not fill more than two directorships resulting from an increase in the size of the board during the period between any two successive annual meetings of stockholders.

**Removal of Directors:** Our charter provides that shareholders may remove directors only for cause by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of outstanding shares entitled to vote.

**Board Vacancies:** Our bylaws provide that vacancies may be filled by an election at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders or by the vote of a majority of the remaining directors although less than a quorum.

**Shareholder Vote** – **Nature of the Business:** Our charter provides that CSWC is organized and chartered expressly for the purpose of operating either as a management investment company under the 1940 Act or as a business development company under the 1940 Act. The affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of common stock are necessary to change the nature of the business of the Company so that it will cease to be either a management investment company or a business development company.

**Shareholder Action by Written Consent:** The TBOC provides that shareholders may act by written consent if all of the shareholders execute a written consent setting forth the action, unless the charter provides the shareholders may act by less than unanimous written consent. Our charter does not vary from the TBOC in this regard.

**Special Meeting of Shareholders:** Our bylaws provide that the Chairman of the board of directors, the president, the board of directors, or the holders of at least 10% of all the outstanding shares entitled to vote at the proposed special meeting may call a special meeting of shareholders.

Classification of Stock: None of the TBOC, our charter or our bylaws contain any provisions authorizing the board of directors to classify unissued shares of stock.

**Business Combination Statute:** Section 21.606 of the TBOC restricts certain business combinations between us and an affiliated shareholder (beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of our stock entitled to vote for directors) for three years after the shareholder becomes an affiliated shareholder. The restrictions do not apply if the board of directors approved the transaction that caused the shareholder to become an affiliated shareholder or if the business combination is approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of our voting stock that is not beneficially owned by the affiliated shareholder at a meeting of shareholders called for that purpose within six months of the affiliated shareholder's acquiring the shares.

Our charter further provides that the above referenced statute shall not be applicable if:

- the combination is solely between the Company and another corporation, fifty percent or more of the voting stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by the corporation and none of the voting stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly by a "Related Person" (as defined in our charter) with whom the combination is proposed; or
- (a) certain fair price and terms conditions are met, (b) the shareholder has not received any loans, financial assistance or tax advantages from the Company and (c) a proxy statement is mailed 40 days prior to the meeting that includes a board recommendation and fairness opinion.

#### **Indemnification of Directors and Officers**

Our charter, as amended, provides for indemnification for persons who are or were a director, officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC against any and all judgments, penalties (including excise and similar taxes), fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative or investigative, any appeal in such action, suit or proceeding, and any inquiry or investigation that could lead to such action, suit or proceeding, on account of such person's service as a director officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC, or service at the request of CSWC or CSMC as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise all to the fullest extent permitted by Texas law. The charter provides that we must not provide indemnification to the extent not prohibited by the 1940 Act. In accordance with the 1940 Act, the Registrant will not indemnify any person for any liability to which such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office.

Texas law requires a corporation to indemnify a director or officer against reasonable expenses actually incurred by him or her in connection with a threatened, pending, or completed action or other proceeding in which he or she is a named defendant or respondent because he or she is or was a director or officer if he or she has been wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of the action or proceeding. Texas law permits a corporation to indemnify a director or former director against judgments and expenses reasonably and actually incurred by the person in connection with a proceeding if the person (i) acted in good faith, (ii) reasonably believed, in the case of conduct in the person's official capacity, that the person's conduct was in the corporation's best interests, and otherwise, that the person's conduct was not opposed to the corporation's best interests, and (iii) in the case of a criminal proceeding, did not have a reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful. If, however, the person is found liable to the corporation, or is found liable on the basis that such person received an improper personal benefit, then indemnification under Texas law is limited to the reimbursement of reasonable expenses actually incurred, and no indemnification will be available if the person is found liable for (i) willful or intentional misconduct in the performance of the person's duty to the corporation, (ii) breach of the person's duty of loyalty owed to the corporation, or (iii) an act or omission not committed in good faith that constitutes a breach of a duty owed by the person to the corporation. In addition, Texas law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay

Our charter authorizes us to purchase or maintain insurance against any liability asserted against a director, officer or employee of the Company. We have obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against certain liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on our behalf, may also pay amounts for which we have granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC.

# **NASDAQ Listing**

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

### DESCRIPTION OF OUR DEBT SECURITIES

We may issue debt securities in one or more series. The specific terms of each series of debt securities will be described in the particular prospectus supplement relating to that series. The prospectus supplement may or may not modify the general terms found in this prospectus and will be filed with the SEC. For a complete description of the terms of a particular series of debt securities, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series.

As required by U.S. federal law for all bonds and notes of companies that are publicly offered, the debt securities are governed by a document called an "indenture." An indenture is a contract between us and a financial institution acting as trustee on your behalf, and is subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The trustee has two main roles. First, the trustee can enforce your rights against us if we default. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described in the second paragraph under "Events of Default—Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs." Second, the trustee performs certain administrative duties for us with respect to the debt securities.

Because this section is a summary, it does not describe every aspect of the debt securities and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of debt securities. A copy of the form of indenture is attached to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We urge you to read the indenture, including any supplemental indenture applicable to the debt securities, because it, and not this description, defines rights of a holder of debt securities. See "Available Information" for information on how to obtain a copy of the indenture.

The prospectus supplement, which will accompany this prospectus, will describe the particular series of debt securities being offered by including, among other things:

- the designation or title of the series of debt securities;
- the total principal amount of the series of debt securities;
- · the percentage of the principal amount at which the series of debt securities will be offered;
- the date or dates on which principal will be payable;
- · the rate or rates (which may be either fixed or variable) and/or the method of determining such rate or rates of interest, if any;
- the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, or the method of determining such date or dates, and the date or dates on which any interest will be payable;
- whether any interest may be paid by issuing additional securities of the same series in lieu of cash (and the terms upon which any such interest may be paid by issuing additional securities);
- · the terms for redemption, extension or early repayment, if any;
- the currencies in which the series of debt securities are issued and payable;
- whether the amount of payments of principal, premium or interest, if any, on a series of debt securities will be determined with reference to an
  index, formula or other method (which could be based on one or more currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices) and how these
  amounts will be determined;
- the place or places of payment, transfer, conversion and/or exchange of the debt securities;
- the denominations in which the offered debt securities will be issued (if other than \$2,000 and integral multiple of \$1,000 thereof);
- · the provision for any sinking fund;

- · any restrictive covenants;
- · any events of default;
- · whether the series of debt securities are issuable in certificated form;
- any provisions for defeasance, covenant defeasance or discharge;
- any special U.S. federal income tax implications, including, if applicable, U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount;
- whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts (and the terms of this option);
- any provisions for convertibility or exchangeability of the debt securities into or for any other securities;
- whether the debt securities are subject to subordination and the terms of such subordination;
- whether the debt securities are secured and the terms of any security interests;
- the listing, if any, on a securities exchange; and
- · any other terms.

The debt securities may be secured or unsecured obligations. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue debt only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after each issuance of debt. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, will be paid by us in immediately available funds.

### General

The indenture provides that any debt securities proposed to be sold under this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement ("offered debt securities") may be issued under the indenture in one or more series.

For purposes of this prospectus, any reference to the payment of principal of or premium or interest, if any, on debt securities will include additional amounts if required by the terms of the debt securities.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder from time to time. Debt securities issued under the indenture, when a single trustee is acting for all debt securities issued under the indenture, are called the "indenture securities". The indenture also provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more different series of indenture securities. See "Resignation of Trustee" below. At a time when two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, each with respect to only certain series, the term "indenture securities" means the one or more series of debt securities with respect to which each respective trustee is acting. In the event that there is more than one trustee under the indenture, the powers and trust obligations of each trustee described in this prospectus will extend only to the one or more series of indenture securities for which it is trustee. If two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, then the indenture securities for which each trustee is acting would be treated as if issued under separate indentures.

The indenture does not contain any provisions that give you protection in the event we issue a large amount of debt or we are acquired by another entity.

We refer you to the applicable prospectus supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or our covenants that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk protection or similar protection.

We have the ability to issue indenture securities with terms different from those of indenture securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen a previous issue of a series of indenture securities and issue additional indenture securities of that series unless the reopening was restricted when that series was created.

We expect that we will usually issue debt securities in book entry only form represented by global securities and will specify the method of issuance in the applicable prospectus supplement.

## **Conversion and Exchange**

If any debt securities are convertible into or exchangeable for other securities, the prospectus supplement will explain the terms and conditions of the conversion or exchange, including the conversion price or exchange ratio (or the calculation method), the conversion or exchange period (or how the period will be determined), if conversion or exchange will be mandatory or at the option of the holder or us, provisions for adjusting the conversion price or the exchange ratio and provisions affecting conversion or exchange in the event of the redemption of the underlying debt securities. These terms may also include provisions under which the number or amount of other securities to be received by the holders of the debt securities upon conversion or exchange would be calculated according to the market price of the other securities as of a time stated in the prospectus supplement.

## **Payment**

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement, we will pay interest to the person listed in the trustee's records as the owner of the debt security at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if that person no longer owns the debt security on the interest due date. That day, usually about two weeks in advance of the interest due date, is called the "record date." Because we will pay all the interest for an interest period to the holders on the record date, holders buying and selling the debt securities must work out between themselves the appropriate purchase price. The most common manner is to adjust the sales price of the debt securities to prorate interest fairly between buyer and seller based on their respective ownership periods within the particular interest period. This prorated interest amount is called "accrued interest."

#### Payments on Global Securities

We will make payments on a global security in accordance with the applicable policies of the depositary as in effect from time to time. Under those policies, we will make payments directly to the depositary, or its nominee, and not to any indirect holders who own beneficial interests in the global security. An indirect holder's right to those payments will be governed by the rules and practices of the depositary and its participants.

## Payment When Offices Are Closed

If any payment is due on a debt security on a day that is not a business day, we will make the payment on the next day that is a business day. Payments made on the next business day in this situation will be treated under the indenture as if they were made on the original due date, except as otherwise indicated in the attached prospectus supplement. Such payment will not result in a default under any debt security or the indenture, and no interest will accrue on the payment amount from the original due date to the next day that is a business day.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their debt securities.

## **Events of Default**

You will have rights if an Event of Default occurs in respect of the debt securities of your series and is not cured, as described later in this subsection.

The term "Event of Default" in respect of the debt securities of your series means any of the following (unless the applicable prospectus supplement or supplemental indenture relating to such debt securities states otherwise):

- We do not pay the principal of, or any premium on, a debt security of the series on its due date;
- We do not pay interest on a debt security of the series within 30 days of its due date;
- We do not deposit any sinking fund payment in respect of debt securities of the series within 2 business days of its due date;
- We remain in breach of a covenant in respect of debt securities of the series for 60 days after we receive a written notice of default stating we are in breach. The notice must be sent by either the trustee or holders of at least 25% of the principal amount of debt securities of the series;
- We file for bankruptcy or certain other events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur and, in the case of certain orders or decrees entered against us under any bankruptcy law, such order or decree remains undischarged or unstayed for a period of 60 days;
- Any series of debt securities issued under the indenture has an asset coverage, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, of less than 100 per
  centum on the last business day of each of twenty-four consecutive calendar months; giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to us by the
  SEC; or
- Any other Event of Default in respect of debt securities of the series described in the prospectus supplement occurs.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities does not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities issued under the same or any other indenture. The trustee may withhold notice to the holders of debt securities of any default, except in the payment of principal, premium, interest or sinking or purchase fund installment, if it in good faith considers the withholding of notice to be in the interest of the holders.

### Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs

Unless the prospectus supplement specifies otherwise, if an Event of Default has occurred and has not been cured, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may (and the trustee shall at the request of such holders) declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series to be due and immediately payable, but does not entitle any holder to any redemption payout or redemption premium. This is called a declaration of acceleration of maturity. A declaration of acceleration of maturity may be canceled by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series if (1) we have deposited with the trustee all amounts due and owing with respect to the securities (other than principal or payments that have become due solely by reason of such acceleration) and certain other amounts, and (2) all Events of Default have been cured or waived.

Except in cases of default, where the trustee has some special duties, the trustee is not required to take any action under the indenture at the request of any holders unless the holders offer the trustee reasonable protection from expenses and liability (called an "indemnity"). If reasonable indemnity is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any lawsuit or other formal legal action seeking any remedy available to the trustee. The trustee may refuse to follow those directions in certain circumstances. No delay or omission in exercising any right or remedy will be treated as a waiver of that right, remedy or Event of Default.

Before you are allowed to bypass your trustee and bring your own lawsuit or other formal legal action or take other steps to enforce your rights or protect your interests relating to the debt securities, the following must occur:

- You must give your trustee written notice that an Event of Default with respect to the relevant series of debt securities has occurred and remains uncured;
- The holders of at least 25% in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities of the relevant series must make a written request that the trustee take action because of the default and must offer reasonable indemnity to the trustee against the cost and other liabilities of taking that action;
- · The trustee must not have taken action for 60 days after receipt of the above notice and offer of indemnity; and
- The holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series must not have given the trustee a direction inconsistent with the above notice during that 60-day period.

However, you are entitled at any time to bring a lawsuit for the payment of money due on your debt securities on or after the due date.

Holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may waive any past defaults other than:

- · in respect of the payment of principal, any premium or interest or
- in respect of a covenant that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how to give notice or direction to or make a request of the trustee and how to declare or cancel an acceleration of maturity.

Each year, we will furnish to each trustee a written statement of certain of our officers certifying that to their knowledge we are in compliance with the indenture and the debt securities or else specifying any default.

## Merger or Consolidation

Under the terms of the indenture, we are generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another entity. We are also permitted to sell all or substantially all of our assets to another entity. However, we may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

- Where we merge out of existence or sell our assets, the resulting entity must agree to be legally responsible for our obligations under the debt securities;
- The merger or sale of assets must not cause a default on the debt securities and we must not already be in default (unless the merger or sale would cure the default). For purposes of this no-default test, a default would include an Event of Default that has occurred and has not been cured, as described under "Events of Default" above. A default for this purpose would also include any event that would be an Event of Default if the requirements for giving us a notice of default or our default having to exist for a specific period of time were disregarded;
- We must deliver certain certificates and documents to the trustee; and
- We must satisfy any other requirements specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, any subsidiary of ours may consolidate with, merge into or transfer all or part of its property and assets to other subsidiaries of ours or to us. Additionally, this covenant shall not

apply to: (1) our merger or the merger of one of our subsidiaries with an affiliate solely for the purpose of reincorporating in another jurisdiction; (2) any conversion by us or a subsidiary from an entity formed under the laws of one state to any entity formed under the laws of another state; (3) any conversion by us or a subsidiary from a limited liability company, corporation, limited partnership or similar entity to a limited liability company, corporation, limited partnership or similar entity, whether the converting entity and converted entity are formed under the laws of the same state or a different state; or (4) any combination of (1) through (3) above.

### **Modification or Waiver**

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder.

## **Changes Requiring Your Approval**

First, there are changes that we cannot make to your debt securities without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

- · change the stated maturity of the principal of, or interest on, a debt security or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any security;
- reduce any amounts due on a debt security;
- reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of an original issue discount or indexed security following a default or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in a bankruptcy proceeding;
- adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;
- change the place (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement) or currency of payment on a debt security;
- impair your right to sue for payment;
- adversely affect any right to convert or exchange a debt security in accordance with its terms;
- modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to holders of the outstanding debt securities;
- reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;
- reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to
  waive certain defaults or reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities required to satisfy quorum or voting requirements at a meeting of
  holders:
- modify any other aspect of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures with the consent of holders, waiver of past defaults, or the waiver of certain covenants; and
- · change any obligation we have to pay additional amounts.

## **Changes Not Requiring Approval**

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications, corrections in the indenture to match this "Description of our Debt Securities" or a similar section in any prospectus supplement, establishment of the form or terms of new securities of any series as permitted by the indenture and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding debt securities in any material respect. We also do not need any approval to make any change that affects only debt securities to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

## Changes Requiring Majority Approval

Any other change to the indenture and the debt securities would require the following approval:

- If the change affects only one series of debt securities, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series.
- If the change affects more than one series of debt securities issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

In each case, the required approval must be given by written consent.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of a series of debt securities issued under the indenture, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive our compliance with some of our covenants applicable to that series of debt securities. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under "—Changes Requiring Your Approval."

## **Further Details Concerning Voting**

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to a debt security:

- For original issue discount securities, we will use the principal amount that would be due and payable on the voting date if the maturity of these debt securities were accelerated to that date because of a default.
- For debt securities whose principal amount is not known (for example, because it is based on an index), we will use the principal face amount at original issuance or a special rule for that debt security described in the prospectus supplement.
- · For debt securities denominated in one or more foreign currencies, we will use the U.S. dollar equivalent.

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption or if we, any other obligor, or any affiliate of us or any obligor own such debt securities. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under "Defeasance—Full Defeasance."

We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. If we set a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within eleven months following the record date.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the debt securities or request a waiver.

## Defeasance

The following provisions will be applicable to each series of debt securities unless we state in the applicable prospectus supplement that the provisions of covenant defeasance and full defeasance will not be applicable to that series.

## **Covenant Defeasance**

Under current U.S. federal tax law and the indenture, we can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the particular series was issued. This is called "covenant defeasance". In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your debt securities. If applicable, you also would be released from the subordination provisions described under "Indenture Provisions—Subordination" below. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, we must do the following:

- We must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments.
- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel confirming that, under current U.S. federal income tax law, we may make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit.
- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with.
- Defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or result in a default under, the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments.
- No default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days.
- Satisfy the conditions for covenant defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we accomplish covenant defeasance, you can still look to us for repayment of the debt securities if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. In fact, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as our bankruptcy) and the debt securities became immediately due and payable, there might be a shortfall. Depending on the event causing the default, you may not be able to obtain payment of the shortfall.

## **Full Defeasance**

If there is a change in U.S. federal tax law or we obtain an IRS ruling, as described below, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the debt securities of a particular series (called "full defeasance") if we put in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

- We must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments.
- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current U.S. federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows us to make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit. Under current U.S. federal tax law, the deposit and our legal release from the debt securities would be treated as though we

paid you your share of the cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for your debt securities and you would recognize gain or loss on the debt securities at the time of the deposit.

- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with.
- Defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments.
- No default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days.
- Satisfy the conditions for full defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we ever did accomplish full defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the debt securities. You could not look to us for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of our lenders and other creditors if we ever became bankrupt or insolvent. If applicable, you would also be released from the subordination provisions described later under "Indenture Provisions—Subordination."

## Form, Exchange and Transfer of Certificated Registered Securities

If registered debt securities cease to be issued in book-entry form, they will be issued:

- · only in fully registered certificated form,
- · without interest coupons, and
- unless we indicate otherwise in the prospectus supplement, in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and increased amounts that are multiples of \$1,000.

Holders may exchange their certificated securities for debt securities of smaller denominations or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations, as long as the total principal amount is not changed and as long as the denomination is greater than the minimum denomination for such securities.

Holders may exchange or transfer their certificated securities at the office of the trustee. We have appointed the trustee to act as our agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders transferring debt securities. We may appoint another entity to perform these functions or perform them ourselves.

Holders will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange their certificated securities, but they may be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge associated with the transfer or exchange. The transfer or exchange will be made only if our transfer agent is satisfied with the holder's proof of legal ownership.

If we have designated additional transfer agents for your debt security, they will be named in your prospectus supplement. We may appoint additional transfer agents or cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts.

If any certificated securities of a particular series are redeemable and we redeem less than all the debt securities of that series, we may block the transfer or exchange of those debt securities during the period beginning 15 days before the day we mail the notice of redemption and ending on the day of that mailing, in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. We may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of any certificated securities selected for redemption, except that we will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security that will be partially redeemed.

If a registered debt security is issued in book-entry form, only the depositary will be entitled to transfer and exchange the debt security as described in this subsection, since it will be the sole holder of the debt security.

## **Resignation of Trustee**

Each trustee may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of indenture securities provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series and has accepted such appointment. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

## **Indenture Provisions—Subordination and Senior Indebtedness**

Upon any distribution of our assets upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities is to be subordinated to the extent provided in the indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness (as defined below), but our obligation to you to make payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected. In addition, no payment on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking fund or interest, if any, may be made on such subordinated debt securities at any time unless full payment of all amounts due in respect of the principal (and premium, if any), sinking fund and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment by us is received by the trustee in respect of subordinated debt securities or by the holders of any of such subordinated debt securities, upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, the payment or distribution must be paid over to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness or on their behalf for application to the payment of all the Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid until all the Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness. Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness upon this distribution by us, the holders of such subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Senior Indebtedness to the extent of payments made to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness out of the distributive share of such subordinated debt securities.

By reason of this subordination, in the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, certain of our senior creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of any subordinated debt securities or the holders of any indenture securities that are not Senior Indebtedness. The indenture provides that these subordination provisions will not apply to money and securities held in trust under the defeasance provisions of the indenture.

Senior Indebtedness is defined in the indenture as the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on:

- our indebtedness (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by us), whenever created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed
  (other than indenture securities issued under the indenture and denominated as subordinated debt securities), unless in the instrument creating or
  evidencing the same or under which the same is outstanding it is provided that this indebtedness is not senior or prior in right of payment to the
  subordinated debt securities, and
- renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any of this indebtedness.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with the offering of a series of indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement will set forth the approximate amount of our Senior Indebtedness and of our other indebtedness outstanding as of a recent date.

#### Secured Indebtedness

Certain of our indebtedness, including certain series of indenture securities, may be secured. The prospectus supplement for each series of indenture securities will describe the terms of any security interest for such series and will indicate the approximate amount of our secured indebtedness as of a recent date. In the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, the holders of unsecured indenture securities may recover less, ratably, than holders of any of our secured indebtedness.

## The Trustee under the Indenture

U.S. Bank National Association will serve as the trustee under the indenture.

## **Certain Considerations Relating to Foreign Currencies**

Debt securities denominated or payable in foreign currencies may entail significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant fluctuations in the foreign currency markets, the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls and potential illiquidity in the secondary market. These risks will vary depending upon the currency or currencies involved and will be more fully described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

## **Book-Entry Procedures**

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Depository Trust Company, or DTC, will act as securities depositary for the debt securities. The debt securities will be issued as fully registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for the debt securities, in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants, or Direct Participants, deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, or DTCC.

DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly, or Indirect Participants. DTC has Standard & Poor's Ratings Services' highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at <a href="https://www.dtcc.com">www.dtcc.com</a> and <a href="https://www.dtcc.com">www.dtcc.

Purchases of debt securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the debt securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each security, or the "Beneficial Owner," is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants'

records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the debt securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in debt securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the debt securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all debt securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of debt securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the debt securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such debt securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the debt securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the debt securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from us or the trustee on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, the trustee, or us, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of us or the trustee, but disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the debt securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to us or to the trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, certificates are required to be printed and delivered. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but we take no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

## MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and to an investment in our shares. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of the income tax considerations applicable to us or to investors in such an investment. For example, we have not described tax consequences that we assume to be generally known by investors or certain considerations that may be relevant to certain types of holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including shareholders subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, dealers in securities, pension plans and trusts, financial institutions, U.S. shareholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons who mark-to-market our shares and persons who hold our shares as part of a "straddle," "hedge" or "conversion" transaction. This summary assumes that investors hold shares of our common stock as capital assets (within the meaning of the Code). The discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations, each as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. This summary does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

For purposes of our discussion, a "U.S. shareholder" means a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- A citizen or individual resident of the U.S.;
- A corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the U.S. or any state thereof of the District of Columbia;
- An estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- A trust if (1) a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one of more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) it has a valid election in place to be treated as a U.S. person.

For purposes of our discussion, a "Non-U.S. shareholder" means a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is neither a U.S. shareholder nor a partnership (including an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes).

If an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (a "partnership") holds shares of our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner or member of the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner or member and the activities of the partnership. A prospective shareholder that is a partner or member in a partnership holding shares of our common stock should consult his, her or its tax advisors with respect to the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to an investor of an investment in our shares will depend on the facts of his, her or its particular situation. We encourage investors to consult their own tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

## Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company

Election to be Taxed as a RIC

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally are not subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any income that we distribute to our shareholders from our tax earnings and profits. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income

and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90.0% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess, if any, of realized net short-term capital gain over realized net long-term capital loss, or the Annual Distribution Requirement. Even if we qualify as a RIC, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on our undistributed taxable income and could be subject to U.S. federal excise, state, local and foreign taxes.

## Taxation as a RIC

Provided that we qualify as a RIC, we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain (which we define as net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss) that we timely distribute to shareholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on any income or capital gain not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our shareholders.

We will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one year period ended October 31 and (3) any income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years and on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- Meet the Annual Distribution Requirement;
- Qualify to be treated as a BDC or be registered as a management investment company under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- Derive in each taxable year at least 90.0% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock or other securities or foreign currencies or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies and net income derived from an interest in a "qualified publicly traded partnership" (as defined in the Code), or the 90% Income Test; and
- Diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:
  - at least 50.0% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer (which for these purposes includes the equity securities of a "qualified publicly traded partnership"); and
  - no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other RICs, (1) of one issuer (2) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable tax rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (3) of one or more "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or the Diversification Tests.

To the extent that we invest in entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes (other than a "qualified publicly traded partnership"), we generally must include the items of gross income derived by the partnerships for purposes of the 90% Income Test, and the income that is derived from a partnership (other than a "qualified publicly traded partnership") will be treated as qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test only to the extent that such income is attributable to items of income of the partnership which would be qualifying income if realized by us directly. In addition, we generally must take into account our proportionate share of the assets held by partnerships (other than a "qualified publicly traded partnership") in which we are a partner for purposes of the Diversification Tests.

In order to meet the 90% Income Test, we have established a wholly-owned subsidiary to hold assets from which we do not anticipate earning dividend, interest or other income under the 90% Income Test (the "Taxable Subsidiary"). We may establish additional subsidiaries for the same purpose in the future. Any investments held through a Taxable Subsidiary generally are subject to U.S. federal income and other taxes, and therefore we can expect to achieve a reduced after-tax yield on such investments.

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (including debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount or payment-in-kind interest that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We anticipate that a portion of our income may constitute original issue discount or other income required to be included in taxable income prior to receipt of cash.

Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of the accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount. As a result, we may have difficulty meeting the annual distribution requirement necessary to obtain and maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. We may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax.

Furthermore, a portfolio company in which we invest may face financial difficulty that requires us to work-out, modify or otherwise restructure our investment in the portfolio company. Any such restructuring may result in unusable capital losses and future non-cash income. Any restructuring may also result in our recognition of a substantial amount of non-qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test, such as cancellation of indebtedness income in connection with the work-out of a leveraged investment (which, while not free from doubt, may be treated as non-qualifying income) or the receipt of other non-qualifying income.

Gain or loss realized by us from warrants acquired by us as well as any loss attributable to the lapse of such warrants generally will be treated as capital gain or loss. Such gain or loss generally will be long-term or short-term, depending on how long we held a particular warrant.

Investments by us in non-U.S. securities may be subject to non-U.S. income, withholding and other taxes, and therefore, our yield on any such securities may be reduced by such non-U.S. taxes. Shareholders will generally not be entitled to claim a credit or deduction with respect to non-U.S. taxes paid by us.

We are authorized to borrow funds and to sell assets in order to satisfy distribution requirements. Under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our shareholders while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests are met. See "Regulation as a Business Development Company" below. Moreover, our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (1) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (2) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or to avoid the excise tax, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

If we fail to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we will be subject to tax in that year on all of our taxable income, regardless of whether we make any distributions to our shareholders. In that case, all of such income will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, reducing the amount available to be distributed to our shareholders. See "Failure To Obtain RIC Tax Treatment" below.

As a RIC, we are not allowed to carry forward or carry back a net operating loss for purposes of computing our investment company taxable income in other taxable years. U.S. federal income tax law generally permits a RIC to carry forward (1) the excess of its net short-term capital loss over its net long-term capital gain for a given year as a short-term capital loss arising on the first day of the following year and (2) the excess of its net long-term capital loss over its net short-term capital gain for a given year as a long-term capital loss arising on the first day of the following year. Future transactions we engage in may cause our ability to use any capital loss carryforwards, and unrealized losses once realized, to be limited under Section 382 of the Code. Certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things, (1) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions, (2) convert lower taxed long-term capital gain and qualified dividend income into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income, (3) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited), (4) cause us to recognize income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash, (5) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of stock or securities is deemed to occur, (6) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions and (7) produce income that will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test. We will monitor our transactions and may make certain tax elections in order to mitigate the effect of these provisions.

As described above, to the extent that we invest in equity securities of entities that are treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the effect of such investments for purposes of the 90% Income Test and the Diversification Tests will depend on whether or not the partnership is a "qualified publicly traded partnership" (as defined in the Code). If the entity is a "qualified publicly traded partnership," the net income derived from such investments will be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test and will be "securities" for purposes of the Diversification Tests. If the entity is not treated as a "qualified publicly traded partnership," however, the consequences of an investment in the partnership will depend upon the amount and type of income and assets of the partnership allocable to us. The income derived from such investments may not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test and, therefore, could adversely affect our qualification as a RIC. We intend to monitor our investments in equity securities of entities that are treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes to prevent our disqualification as a RIC.

We may invest in preferred securities or other securities the U.S. federal income tax treatment of which may not be clear or may be subject to recharacterization by the IRS. To the extent the tax treatment of such securities or the income from such securities differs from the expected tax treatment, it could affect the timing or character of income recognized, requiring us to purchase or sell securities, or otherwise change our portfolio, in order to comply with the tax rules applicable to RICs under the Code.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in cash or shares of our common stock at the election of each shareholder. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable in cash or in shares of stock at the election of shareholders are treated as taxable dividends. The Internal Revenue Service has issued private rulings indicating that this rule will apply even where the total amount of cash that may be distributed is limited to no more than 20.0% of the total distribution. Under these rulings, if too many shareholders elect to receive their distributions in cash, each such shareholder would receive a pro rata share of the total cash to be distributed and would receive the remainder of their distribution in shares of stock. If we decide to make any distributions consistent with these rulings that are payable in part in our stock, taxable shareholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend (whether received in cash, our stock, or a combination thereof) as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such distribution is properly reported as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. shareholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. shareholder sells the stock it receives in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. shareholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant

number of our shareholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

## Failure to Obtain RIC Tax Treatment

If we fail to satisfy the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify as a RIC for that year if certain relief provisions are applicable (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level federal taxes or to dispose of certain assets).

If we were unable to obtain tax treatment as a RIC, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to shareholders, nor would they be required to be made. Distributions would generally be taxable to our shareholders as dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits (in the case of non-corporate U.S. shareholders, generally at a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate applicable to qualified dividend income of 20.0%). Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributees would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the shareholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain.

If we fail to meet the RIC requirements for more than two consecutive years and then, seek to re-qualify as a RIC, we would be subject to corporate-level taxation on any built-in gain recognized during the succeeding 5-year period unless we made a special election to recognize all that built-in gain upon our re-qualification as a RIC and to pay the corporate-level tax on that built-in gain.

#### Taxation of U.S. Shareholders

Whether an investment in shares of our common stock is appropriate for a U.S. shareholder will depend upon that person's particular circumstances. An investment in shares of our common stock by a U.S. shareholder may have adverse tax consequences. The following summary generally describes certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in shares of our common stock by taxable U.S. shareholders and not by U.S. shareholders that are generally exempt from U.S. federal income taxation. U.S. shareholders should consult their own tax advisors before making an investment in our common stock.

Distributions by us generally are taxable to U.S. shareholders as ordinary income or capital gain. Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" (which generally is our ordinary income excluding net capital gain) will be taxable as ordinary income to U.S. shareholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. To the extent such distributions paid by us to non-corporate U.S. shareholders (including individuals) are attributable to dividends from U.S. corporations and certain qualified foreign corporations, such distributions generally will be eligible for taxation at rates applicable to "qualifying dividends" at a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate of 20.0% provided that we properly report such distribution as "qualified dividend income" in a written statement furnished to our shareholders and certain holding period and other requirements are satisfied. In this regard, it is not anticipated that a significant portion of distributions paid by us will be attributable to qualifying dividends; therefore, our distributions generally will not qualify for the preferential rates applicable to qualified dividend income. Distributions of our net capital gain (which generally is our net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss) properly designated by us as "capital gain dividends" will be taxable to a U.S. shareholder as long-term capital gain (at a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate of 20.0% in the case of individuals, trusts or estates), regardless of the U.S. shareholder's holding period for his, her or its common stock and regardless of whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits first will reduce a U.S. shareholder. Sadjusted tax basis in such shareholder's common stock and, after the adjusted basis is reduced to zero, will constitute capital gain to such U.S. shareholder.

In lieu of actually distributing our realized net capital gains, we may retain some or all of our long-term capital gain and elect to be deemed to have made a distribution of the retained portion to our shareholders (a "deemed distribution") under the "designated undistributed capital gains" rule of the Code. In that case, among other consequences, we will pay tax on the retained amount, each U.S. shareholder will be required to include his, her or its proportionate share of the deemed distribution in income as if it had been actually distributed to the U.S. shareholder, and the U.S. shareholder will be entitled to claim a credit equal to his, her or its allocable share of the tax paid thereon by us. The amount of the deemed distribution net of such tax will be added to the U.S. shareholder's tax basis for his, her or its common stock. Since we expect to pay tax on any retained capital gain at our regular corporate tax rate, and since that rate is in excess of the maximum rate currently payable by individuals on net capital gain, the amount of tax that individual shareholders will be treated as having paid and for which they will receive a credit will exceed the tax they owe on the retained net capital gain. Such excess generally may be claimed as a credit against the U.S. shareholder's other U.S. federal income tax obligations or may be refunded to the extent it exceeds a shareholder's liability for U.S. federal income tax. A shareholder that is not subject to U.S. federal income tax or otherwise required to file a U.S. federal income tax return would be required to file a U.S. federal income tax return on the appropriate form in order to claim a refund for the taxes we paid. In order to utilize the deemed distribution approach, we must provide written notice to our shareholders prior to the expiration of 60 days after the close of the relevant taxable year. We cannot treat any of our investment company taxable income as a "deemed distribution."

We could be subject to the alternative minimum tax, or the AMT, but any items that are treated differently for AMT purposes must be apportioned between us and our shareholders and this may affect U.S. shareholders'

AMT liabilities. Although regulations explaining the precise method of apportionment have not yet been issued, such items will generally be apportioned in the same proportion that distributions paid to each shareholder bear to our taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction), unless a different method for a particular item is warranted under the circumstances.

For purposes of determining (1) whether the Annual Distribution Requirement is satisfied for any year and (2) the amount of capital gain dividends paid for that year, we may, under certain circumstances, elect to treat a dividend that is paid during the following taxable year as if it had been paid during the taxable year in question. If we make such an election, the U.S. shareholder will still be treated as receiving the dividend in the taxable year in which the distribution is made. However, any dividend declared by us in October, November or December of any calendar year, payable to shareholders of record on a specified date in any such month and actually paid during January of the following year, will be treated as if it had been received by our U.S. shareholders on December 31 of the year in which the dividend was declared.

If an investor purchases shares of our common stock shortly before the record date of a distribution, the price of the shares will include the value of the distribution, and the investor will be subject to tax on the distribution even though it represents a return of his, her or its investment.

A U.S. shareholder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss if the shareholder sells or otherwise disposes of his, her or its shares of our common stock. The amount of gain or loss will be measured by the difference between such shareholder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock sold and the amount of the proceeds received in exchange. Any gain arising from such sale or disposition generally will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the shareholder has held his, her or its shares for more than one year. Otherwise, it will be classified as short-term capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss arising from the sale or disposition of shares of our common stock held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of capital gain dividends received, or undistributed capital gain deemed received, with respect to such shares. In addition, all or a portion of any loss recognized upon a disposition of shares of our common stock may be disallowed if other substantially identical shares are purchased (whether through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after the disposition. The ability to otherwise deduct capital loss may be subject to other limitations under the Code.

In general, non-corporate U.S. shareholders, including individuals, trusts and estates, are subject to U.S. federal income tax at a maximum rate of 20.0% on their net capital gain, or the excess of realized net long-term capital gain over realized net short-term capital loss for a taxable year, including a long-term capital gain derived from an investment in our shares. Such rate is lower than the maximum rate on ordinary income currently payable by individuals. Corporate U.S. shareholders currently are subject to U.S. federal income tax on net capital gain at the maximum 35.0% rate also applied to ordinary income. Non-corporate shareholders with net capital loss for a year (which we define as capital loss in excess of capital gain) generally may deduct up to \$3,000 of such losses against their ordinary income each year; any net capital loss of a noncorporate shareholder in excess of \$3,000 generally may be carried forward and used in subsequent years as provided in the Code. Corporate shareholders generally may not deduct any net capital loss for a year, but may carry back such losses for three years or carry forward such losses for five years.

Certain U.S. shareholders who are individuals, estates or trusts generally are subject to a 3.8% Medicare surtax on the lesser of (1) the U.S. shareholder's "net investment income" (or "undistributed net investment income" in the case of an estate or trust) for the relevant taxable year and (2) the excess of the U.S shareholder's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year over a certain threshold (which in the case of individuals is between \$125,000 and \$250,000, depending on the individual's circumstances). A U.S. shareholder's net investment income generally includes its dividends on, and capital gain from the sale or other disposition of, shares of our common stock.

A "publicly offered" RIC is a RIC whose shares are either (1) continuously offered pursuant to a public offering, (2) regularly traded on an established securities market or (3) held by at least 500 persons at all times during the taxable year. If we are not a publicly offered RIC for any period, a non-corporate shareholder's pro rata portion of our affected expenses, including our management fees, will be treated as an additional dividend to the shareholder and will be deductible by such shareholder only to the extent permitted under the limitations described below. For non-corporate shareholders, including individuals, trusts, and estates, significant limitations generally apply to the deductibility of certain expenses of a non-publicly offered RIC, including advisory fees. In particular, these expenses, referred to as miscellaneous itemized deductions, are deductible only to individuals to the extent they exceed 2.0% of such a shareholder's adjusted gross income, and are not deductible for AMT purposes. Because we anticipate that shares of our common stock will continue to be regularly traded on an established securities market, we believe that we will continue to qualify as a "publicly offered regulated investment company."

We will send to each of our U.S. shareholders, as promptly as possible after the end of each calendar year, a written statement detailing, on a per share and per distribution basis, the amounts includible in such U.S. shareholder's taxable income for such year as ordinary income and as long-term capital gain. In addition, the U.S. federal tax status of each year's distributions generally will be reported to the IRS. Distributions paid by us generally will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction or the preferential tax rate applicable to qualifying dividends. Distributions may also be subject to additional state, local and foreign taxes depending on a U.S. shareholder's particular situation.

We may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax, or backup withholding at a rate of 28.0%, from all taxable distributions to any U.S. shareholder (1) who fails to furnish us with a correct taxpayer identification number or a certificate that such shareholder is exempt from backup withholding (e.g., because it is a corporation) or (2) with respect to whom the IRS notifies us that such shareholder has failed to properly report certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect. An individual's taxpayer identification number is his or her social security number. Backup withholding tax is not an additional tax, and any amount withheld may be refunded or credited against the U.S. shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that proper information is timely provided to the IRS.

Under U.S. Treasury regulations, if a shareholder recognizes a loss with respect to shares of our stock of \$2.0 million or more for an individual, S corporation, trust or a partnership with at least one non-corporate

partner or \$10.0 million or more for a shareholder that is either a corporation or a partnership with only corporate partners in any single taxable year (or a greater loss over a combination of years), the shareholder must file with the IRS a disclosure statement on IRS Form 8886 (or successor form). Direct shareholders of portfolio securities in many cases are exempted from this reporting requirement, but under current guidance, shareholders of a RIC are not exempted. Future guidance may extend the current exception from this reporting requirement to shareholders of most or all RICs. The fact that a loss is reportable under these regulations does not affect the legal determination of whether the taxpayer's treatment of the loss is proper. Significant monetary penalties apply to a failure to comply with this reporting requirement. States may also have a similar reporting requirement. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisors to determine the applicability of these regulations in light of their individual circumstances.

## Taxation of Non-U.S. Shareholders

Whether an investment in the shares is appropriate for a Non-U.S. shareholder will depend upon that person's particular circumstances. An investment in the shares by a Non-U.S. shareholder may have adverse tax consequences. Non-U.S. shareholders should consult their tax advisers before investing in our common stock.

Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" to Non-U.S. shareholders that are not "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the Non-U.S. shareholder, will generally be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30.0% (or lower rate provided by an applicable treaty) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, unless an applicable exception applies.

Actual or deemed distributions of our net capital gain to a Non-U.S. shareholder, and gains realized by a Non-U.S. shareholder upon the sale of our common stock, that are not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the Non-U.S. shareholder, will generally not be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax and generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless the Non-U.S. shareholder is a nonresident alien individual and is physically present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year and meets certain other requirements. However, withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30.0% on capital gain of nonresident alien individuals who are physically present in the United States for more than the 182 day period only applies in exceptional cases because any individual present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year is generally treated as a resident for U.S. income tax purposes; in that case, he or she would be subject to U.S. income tax on his or her worldwide income at the graduated rates applicable to U.S. citizens, rather than the 30.0% U.S. federal withholding tax.

If we distribute our net capital gain in the form of deemed rather than actual distributions (which we may do in the future), a Non-U.S. shareholder will be entitled to a U.S. federal income tax credit or tax refund equal to the shareholder's allocable share of the tax we pay on the capital gain deemed to have been distributed. In order to obtain the refund, the Non-U.S. shareholder must obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and file a U.S. federal income tax return even if the Non-U.S. shareholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number or file a U.S. federal income tax return. Accordingly, investment in the shares may not be appropriate for a Non-U.S. shareholder.

Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" and net capital gain (including deemed distributions) to Non-U.S. shareholders, and gain realized by Non-U.S. shareholders upon the sale of our common stock that is "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the Non-U.S. shareholder (or if an income tax treaty applies, attributable to a "permanent establishment" in the U.S.), will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the graduated rates applicable to U.S. citizens, residents and domestic corporations. Corporate Non-U.S. shareholders may also be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a rate of 30.0% imposed by the Code (or lower rate provided by an applicable treaty). In the case of a non-corporate Non-U.S. shareholder, we may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax from distributions that are otherwise exempt from withholding tax (or taxable at a reduced rate) unless the Non-U.S. shareholder certifies his or her foreign status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establishes an exemption.

The tax consequences to a Non-U.S. shareholder entitled to claim the benefits of an applicable tax treaty may differ from those described herein. Non-U.S. shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisers with respect to the particular tax consequences to them of an investment in our shares.

Dividends distributed by CSWC as a regulated investment company may constitute interest-related dividends under Sections 871(k) and 881(e) of the Code to the extent paid out of U.S. source earnings that would have qualified for an exemption from U.S. nonresident withholding tax if a non-U.S. resident received such earnings directly. This provision of the Code had expired for tax years beginning after December 31, 2014. This provision was extended retroactively for the 2015 tax year and made permanent prospectively. As a result, ordinary dividends paid in the future by CSWC may be considered interest-related dividends and as such are not subject to U.S. nonresident withholding tax for non-U.S. residents.

A Non-U.S. shareholder who is a nonresident alien individual may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding of U.S. federal income tax on dividends unless the Non-U.S. shareholder provides us or the dividend paying agent with an IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or an acceptable substitute form) or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing that it is a Non-U.S. shareholder or otherwise establishes an exemption from backup withholding.

Non-U.S. persons should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the U.S. federal income tax and withholding tax, and state, local and foreign tax consequences of an investment in the shares.

## **FATCA**

Pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code and the Treasury Regulations and administrative guidance issued thereunder ("FATCA"), foreign financial institutions (which term includes most foreign hedge funds, private equity funds, mutual funds, securitization vehicles and other investment vehicles) and certain other foreign entities generally must comply with certain information reporting rules with respect to their U.S. account holders and investors or confront a 30% withholding tax on U.S.-source payments made to them (whether received as a beneficial owner or as an intermediary for another party). A foreign financial institution or such other foreign entity that does not comply with the FATCA reporting requirements will generally be subject to a 30% withholding tax with respect to any "withholdable payments." For this purpose, withholdable payments generally include our dividends and, beginning after December 1, 2018, also include the entire gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock, even if the payment would otherwise not be subject to U.S. nonresident withholding tax (e.g., because it is capital gain). Foreign financial institutions located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the U.S. governing FATCA may be subject to different rules. We will not pay any additional amounts to in respect of any amounts withheld pursuant to FATCA. Under certain circumstances, a shareholder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

## Possible Legislative or Other Actions Affecting Tax Considerations

Prospective investors should recognize that the present U.S. federal income tax treatment of an investment in our stock may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time, and that any such action may affect investments and commitments previously made. The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process any by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department, resulting in revisions of regulations and revised interpretations of established concepts as well as statutory changes. Revisions in U.S. federal tax laws and interpretations thereof could affect the tax consequences of an investment in our stock.

## **State and Local Tax Treatment**

The state and local tax treatment may differ from U.S. federal income tax treatment.

The discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice, and potential investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax considerations relevant to their particular situation.

#### REGULATION

## Regulation as a Business Development Company

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates and principal underwriters as well as their respective affiliates. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the members of the board of directors of a BDC be persons other than "interested persons," as defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities.

The 1940 Act defines "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" as the lesser of (1) 67.0% or more of the voting securities of holders present or represented by proxy at a meeting if the holders of more than 50.0% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy or (2) more than 50.0% of our voting securities.

The following is a brief description of the 1940 Act provisions applicable to BDCs, which is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the 1940 Act and rules issued thereunder by the SEC.

- Generally, to be eligible to elect BDC status, a company must primarily engage in the business of furnishing capital and making significant managerial assistance available to companies that do not have ready access to conventional financial channels. Companies that satisfy certain additional criteria are defined as "eligible portfolio companies." In general, in order to qualify as a BDC, a company must: (1) be a domestic company; (2) have registered a class of its securities pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act; (3) operate for the purpose of investing in the securities of certain types of eligible portfolio companies, including early stage or emerging companies and businesses suffering or just recovering from financial distress (see following paragraph); (4) make available significant managerial assistance to such portfolio companies; and (5) file a proper notice of election with the SEC.
- An eligible portfolio company generally is a domestic company that is not an investment company or is excluded from investment company status pursuant to exclusions for certain types of financial companies (such as brokerage firms, banks, insurance companies and investment banking firms) and that: (1) does not have a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange; (2) has a class of equity securities listed on a national securities exchange with a market capitalization of less than \$250.0 million; or (3) is controlled by the BDC itself or together with others and has a representative on the board of directors of the company controlled by the BDC. The 1940 Act presumes that a person has "control" of a portfolio company if that person owns at least 25.0% of its outstanding voting securities.
- As a BDC, we are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our shareholders arising from willful malfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of that person's office.
- We are required to adopt and implement written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws, review these policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation and designate a chief compliance officer to be responsible for administering these policies and procedures.

## Qualifying Assets

The 1940 Act provides that we may not make an investment in non-qualifying assets unless at the time of the investment at least 70% of the value of our total assets (measured as of the date of our most recently filed financial statements) consists of qualifying assets (the "70% test"). Qualifying assets include: (1) securities of eligible portfolio companies; (2) securities of certain companies that were eligible portfolio companies at the

time we initially acquired their securities and in which we retain a substantial interest; (3) securities of certain controlled companies; (4) securities of certain bankrupt, insolvent or distressed companies; (5) securities received in exchange for or distributed in or with respect to any of the foregoing; and (6) cash items, U.S. Government securities and high-quality short-term debt. The SEC has adopted a rule permitting a BDC to invest its funds in certain money market funds. The 1940 Act also places certain restrictions on the nature of the transactions in which, and the persons from whom, securities can be purchased and be considered qualifying assets.

## Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

In order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, we must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities significant managerial assistance. However, where we purchase securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide, and, if accepted, provides, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company.

## Temporary Investments

Pending investment in other types of "qualifying assets", as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, short-term investments in secured debt investments, independently rated debt investments and diversified bond funds, which we refer to as temporary investments.

## Senior Securities

We are permitted by the 1940 Act, under specific conditions, to issue multiple classes of debt and one class of stock senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined by the 1940 Act, is at least 200.0% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any preferred stock or publicly traded debt securities are outstanding, we may be prohibited from making distributions to our stockholders or the repurchasing of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. Under specific conditions, we are also permitted by the 1940 Act to issue warrants.

#### Common Stock

As a BDC, the 1940 Act generally limits our ability to issue and sell our common stock at a price below our NAV per share, exclusive of any distributing commission or discount, without shareholder approval. Shares of our common stock have traded below our NAV per share. While our common stock continues to trade at a price below our NAV per share, there are no assurances that we can issue or sell shares of our common stock if needed to fund our business. In addition, even in certain instances where we could issue or sell shares of our common stock at a price below our NAV per share, such issuance could result in dilution in our NAV per share, which could result in a decline of our stock price.

## Code of Ethics

We adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as those investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. Certain transactions involving certain persons closely related to us, including our directors, officers and employees, may require approval of the SEC. However, the 1940 Act ordinarily does not restrict transactions between us and our portfolio companies.

## Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We vote proxies relating to our portfolio securities in a manner in which we believe is consistent with the best interest of our stockholders. We review on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although we generally vote against proposals that we expect would have a negative impact on our portfolio securities, we may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so. Our proxy voting decisions are made by the investment team which is responsible for monitoring each of our investments. To ensure that our vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, we require that anyone involved in the decision-making process discloses to our Chief Compliance Officer any potential conflict of which he or she is aware. Stockholders may obtain information, without charge, regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Financial Officer c/o Capital Southwest Corporation, 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240.

## Compliance Policies and Procedures

We have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the U.S. federal securities laws, and are required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation, and to designate a Chief Compliance Officer to be responsible for administering these policies and procedures. Michael S. Sarner serves as our Chief Compliance Officer.

## Other

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our board of directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC. The SEC has interpreted the prohibition on transactions with affiliates to prohibit "joint transactions" among entities that share a common investment adviser. The staff of the SEC has granted no-action relief permitting purchases of a single class of privately placed securities, provided that the adviser negotiates no term other than price and certain other conditions are met.

We expect to be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

## Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance

We are subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Exchange Act, including the filing of quarterly, annual and current reports, proxy statements and other required items. In addition, we are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. For example:

- pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are required to certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;
- pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;
- pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding its assessment of our internal control over financial reporting, and our independent registered public accounting firm separately audits our internal control over financial reporting; and
- pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports must disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

## The Nasdaq Global Select Market Corporate Governance Regulation

Nasdaq has adopted corporate governance listing standards with which listed companies must comply in order to remain listed. We believe that we are in compliance with these corporate governance listing standards. We intend to monitor our compliance with future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that we remain in compliance.

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$500,000,000 of our common stock or debt securities in one or more underwritten public offerings, "at the market offerings" to or through a market maker or into an existing trading market for the securities, on an exchange, or otherwise negotiated transactions, block trades, best efforts, auctions or a combination of these methods. The holders of our common stock will indirectly bear any fees and expenses in connection with any such offerings. We may sell the securities through underwriters or dealers, directly to one or more purchasers. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. A prospectus supplement or supplements will also describe the terms of the offering of the securities, including: the purchase price of the securities and the proceeds we will receive from the sale; any overallotment options under which underwriters may purchase additional securities from us; any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed. In addition, we may enter into registration rights agreements or other similar agreements in the future pursuant to which certain of our stockholders may resell our securities under this prospectus and as described in any related prospectus supplement.

The distribution of our securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or at negotiated prices, provided, however, that the offering price per share of our common stock less any underwriting commissions or discounts must equal or exceed the NAV per share of our common stock except (i) with the consent of the majority of our voting securities or (ii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below NAV per share at our 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. We do not anticipate seeking such authorization in the future. However, in the event we change our position, we will seek the requisite approval of our common stockholders.

In connection with the sale of our securities, underwriters or agents may receive compensation from us or from purchasers of our securities, for whom they may act as agents, in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions. Underwriters may sell our securities to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents. Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of our securities may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act, and any discounts and commissions they receive from us and any profit realized by them on the resale of our securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. Any such underwriter or agent will be identified and any such compensation received from us will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Any underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum price. Syndicate covering or other short-covering transactions involve purchases of the securities, either through exercise of the over-allotment option or in the open market after the distribution is completed, to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a dealer when the securities originally sold by the dealer are purchased in a stabilizing or covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. If commenced, the underwriters may discontinue any of the activities at any time.

Any underwriters that are qualified market makers on Nasdaq may engage in passive market making transactions in our common stock on Nasdaq in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act, during the business day prior to the pricing of the offering, before the commencement of offers or sales of our common

stock. Passive market makers must comply with applicable volume and price limitations and must be identified as passive market makers. In general, a passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid for such security; if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, however, the passive market maker's bid must then be lowered when certain purchase limits are exceeded. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of the securities at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each class or series of securities will be a new issue with no trading market, other than our common stock, which is traded on Nasdaq. We may elect to list any other class or series of securities on any exchanges, but we are not obligated to do so. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any securities.

Under agreements into which we may enter, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of our securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase our securities from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of our securities shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, our securities offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in certain states, our securities may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Agents, dealers and underwriters may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act or to contribution with respect to payments which the agents or underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof. Agents, dealers and underwriters may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for us in the ordinary course of business.

We may enter into derivative transactions with third parties, or sell securities not covered by this prospectus to third parties in privately negotiated transactions. If the applicable prospectus supplement indicates, in connection with those derivatives, the third parties may sell securities covered by this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including in short sale transactions. If so, the third party may use securities pledged by us or borrowed from us or others to settle those sales or to close out any related open borrowings of stock, and may use securities received from us in settlement of those derivatives to close out any related open borrowings of stock. The third parties in such sale transactions will be underwriters and, if not identified in this prospectus, will be identified in the applicable prospectus supplement (or a post-effective amendment).

The maximum amount of any compensation to be received by any member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. will not be greater than 10% for the sale of any securities being registered.

## CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AND DISTRIBUTION PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Our securities are held under custody agreements by U.S. Bank, whose address is 8 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1100, Houston, Texas 77046. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC acts as our transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar. The principal business address of our transfer agent is 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219, telephone number: (800) 937-5449.

## **BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES**

Since we generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, we infrequently use brokers in the normal course of our business. Our investment team is primarily responsible for the execution of the publicly traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. We do not expect to execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but will seek to obtain the best net results for us, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. While we will generally seek reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, we may select a broker based partly upon brokerage or research services provided to us. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if we determine in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided. We did not pay any brokerage commissions during the three years ended March 31, 2017.

## LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Jones Day, Dallas, Texas. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for underwriters, if any, by the counsel named in the prospectus supplement, if any.

## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The audited consolidated financial statements, including the selected per share data and ratios, Schedule 12-14 and senior securities table as of March 31, 2017 of Capital Southwest Corporation and Subsidiaries included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the reports of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, as stated in their reports appearing herein. Grant Thornton LLP's principal business address is 171 N. Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois, 60601.

The audited consolidated financial statements of I-45 SLF LLC and its subsidiary included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the reports of RSM US LLP, independent registered public accountants, as stated in their reports appearing herein. RSM US LLP's principal business address is 1 South Wacker, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

The audited consolidated financial statements of Media Recovery, Inc. included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the report of Whitley Penn LLP, independent registered public accountants, as stated in their report appearing herein. Whitley Penn LLP's principal business address is 8343 Douglas Avenue, Suite 400, Dallas, Texas 75225.

## CHANGE IN INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

On June 12, 2017, the Audit Committee of Capital Southwest Corporation, following careful deliberation, approved the decision to change independent registered public accounting firms. On June 12, 2017, the Company notified Grant Thornton LLP, or Grant Thornton, of its decision to dismiss Grant Thornton as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, effective as of that date.

The reports of Grant Thornton on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion, and they were not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles.

On June 12, 2017, the Company engaged RSM US LLP, or RSM, as its new independent registered public accounting firm, effective immediately. The decision to engage RSM as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm was approved by the Company's Audit Committee. During the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, and during the subsequent interim period preceding RSM's engagement, neither the Company nor anyone on its behalf has consulted with RSM regarding either: (1) the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction, either completed or proposed, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Company's consolidated financial statements, and no written report or oral advice was provided that RSM concluded was an important factor considered by the Company in reaching a decision as to the accounting, auditing or financial reporting issue; or (2) any matter that was either the subject of a "disagreement," as that term is defined in Item 304(a)(1)(iv) of Regulation S-K or a "reportable event," as that term is defined in Item 304 (a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K. RSM US LLP's principal business address is 1 South Wacker, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus or any prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and our securities being offered by this prospectus or any prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements, code of ethics and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information is available free of charge by calling us at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated into this prospectus and you should not consider such information to be part of this document. You also may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

**Unaudited Financial Statements** 

Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited) and March 31, 2017

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## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(In thousands, except shares and per share data)

	June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2017
Assets	(1 111 111)	
Investments at fair value:		
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments (Cost: \$186,795 and \$172,437, respectively)	\$ 187,670	\$175,731
Affiliate investments (Cost: \$5,929 and \$5,925, respectively)	6,810	7,138
Control investments (Cost: \$76,219 and \$72,178, respectively)	112,102	104,011
Total investments (Cost: \$268,943 and \$250,540, respectively)	306,582	286,880
Cash and cash equivalents	12,359	22,386
Receivables:		
Dividends and interest	3,417	3,137
Escrow	545	545
Other	406	626
Deferred tax asset	1,858	2,017
Debt issuance costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$523 and \$366, respectively)	1,980	2,137
Other assets	4,043	8,024
Total assets	\$ 331,190	\$325,752
Liabilities		<del></del>
Credit facility	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
Other liabilities	3,761	5,996
Payable for unsettled transactions	9,263	_
Dividends payable	3,355	7,191
Accrued restoration plan liability	2,146	2,170
Deferred income taxes	238	323
Total liabilities	43,763	40,680
Net Assets		
Common stock, \$0.25 par value: authorized, 25,000,000 shares; issued, 18,345,808 shares at June 30, 2017 and 18,350,808		
shares at March 31, 2017	4,586	4,588
Additional paid-in capital	261,740	261,472
Accumulated net investment loss	(1,377)	(1,457)
Accumulated net realized gain	9,014	8,390
Unrealized appreciation of investments, net of income taxes	37,401	36,016
Treasury stock - at cost, 2,339,512 shares	(23,937)	(23,937)
Total net assets	287,427	285,072
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 331,190	\$325,752
Net asset value per share (16,006,296 shares outstanding at June 30, 2017 and 16,011,296 shares outstanding at March 31, 2017)	\$ 17.96	\$ 17.80

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except shares and per share data)

Three Months Ended June 30. 2016 **Investment income:** Interest income: Non-control/Non-affiliate investments 4,332 2,082 Affiliate investments 140 140 Control investments 41 Dividend income: Control investments 3,004 1,769 Interest income from cash and cash equivalents 70 Fees and other income 200 96 Total investment income 7,724 4,157 Operating expenses: 1,582 1,638 Compensation Spin-off compensation plan 172 172 Share-based compensation 368 239 Interest 738 Professional fees 479 518 Net pension expense 40 43 709 General and administrative 685 Total operating expenses 4,144 3,239 Income before taxes 3,580 918 Income tax expense 144 547 3,436 371 Net investment income Realized gain Non-control/Non-affiliate investments 624 199 Total net realized gain on investments before income tax 624 199 **Unrealized appreciation of investments** Non-control/Non-affiliate investments (2,419)1,353 Affiliate investments (332)506 Control investments 4,050 790 Income tax benefit (provision) 85 (522)Total net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments, net of tax 1,384 2,127 Net realized and unrealized gain on investments 2,008 2,326 \$ 5,444 2,697 Net increase in net assets from operations Pre-tax net investment income per share - basic and diluted 0.22 0.06 \$ Net investment income per share – basic and diluted \$ 0.21 \$ 0.02 0.34 0.17 Net increase in net assets from operations – basic and diluted Weighted average shares outstanding - basic 16,009,703 15,724,620 16,072,463 15,791,299 Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended June		
	 2017		2016
Operations:			
Net investment income	\$ 3,436	\$	371
Net realized gain on investments	624		199
Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments, net of tax	1,384		2,127
Net increase in net assets from operations	5,444		2,697
Distributions from:			
Undistributed net investment income	(3,355)		(939)
Distributions of CSW Industrials, Inc.:			
Spin-Off Compensation Plan distribution, net of tax of \$59 and \$-, respectively	(114)		(1,348)
Capital share transactions:			
Change in pension plan funded status	12		_
Share-based compensation expense	 368		239
Increase (decrease) in net assets	2,355		649
Net assets, beginning of period	285,072		272,635
Net assets, end of period	\$ 287,427	\$	273,284

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities         \$ 5,44         \$ 2,697           Net increase in net assets from operations         \$ 5,44         \$ 2,697           Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:         Secondary (41,662)         (5,836)           Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies         23,515         11,253           Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies         609         27           Payment of accreted original issue discounts         609         27           Payment of accreted original issue discounts         609         27           Depreciation and amortization         181         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (70)           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,29)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (1,29)         (2,127)           Accretion in interest         (1,29)         (2,127)           Accretion in discounts on investments         (1,29)         (2,127)           Accretion in discounts on investments         (1,29)         (2,127)           Accretion in discounts on inve		_	Three Months I	<u>∃nded Ju</u>	ne 30, 2016
Net increase in net assets from operations         \$ 5,444         \$ 2,697           Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:         \$ (41,662)         (5,836)           Purchases and originations of investments         (41,662)         (5,836)           Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies         15         —           Payment of accreted original issue discounts         6699         27           Depreciation and amortization         1811         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (7           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (1999)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (2,129)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (2,129)         (2,127)           Charrier and accretion of the comments	Cash flows from operating activities	_	2017	_	2010
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:  Purchases and originations of investments Purchases and originations of investments in portfolio companies Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies Payment of accreted original issue discounts One payment of discounts on investments One payment of discounts on the receivable One payment or accrete original issue discounts One payment original origin		\$	5,444	\$	2,697
Activities   Purchases and originations of investments   \$1,4662   \$1,836   Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies   \$23,515   \$11,253   Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies   \$15   \$			,		, i
Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies         23,515         11,253           Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies         15         —           Payment of accreted original issue discounts         609         27           Depreciation and amortization         181         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (7           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (1999)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         (160)         160           Increase (increase) in other receivables         281         368           Increase (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,340)           Net cash (used in) provided by o					
Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies         15         —           Payment of accreted original issue discounts         609         27           Depreciation and amorization         181         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (7)           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (183)         (75)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred increase ax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         —         1,600           (Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         220         (60           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase idecrease) in other assets         (3,24)         (3,24)	Purchases and originations of investments		(41,662)		(5,836)
Payment of accreted original issue discounts         609         27           Depreciation and amortization         181         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (7)           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         (160)         368           Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         281         368           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in cincrease in jabilities         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         3,940           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (7,191)         (625)	Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies		23,515		11,253
Depreciation and amortization         181         23           Net pension benefit         (12)         (7)           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         (281)         368           Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other rassets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         22,100         (60)           Decrease (increase) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         3,940           Net cash (losed in) provided by operating activities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Dividends to shareholders         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)	Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies		15		_
Net pension benefit         (12)         (7)           Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         (155)         547           (Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         2         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         2         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         2,219         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         3,940           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         7,191         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         7,191         (525)<	Payment of accreted original issue discounts		609		27
Realized gain on investments before income tax         (624)         (199)           Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         —         1,600           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in pother assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (7,191)         (625)           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,	Depreciation and amortization		181		23
Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments         (1,299)         (2,127)           Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         (160)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         281         368           Increase in escrow receivables         20         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Dividends to shareholders         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         7(7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         7(1,910)         (1,970)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)	Net pension benefit		(12)		(7)
Accretion of discounts on investments         (183)         (75)           Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         Stock option and restrain dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other reseivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (7,191)         (525)           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)	Realized gain on investments before income tax		(624)		(199)
Payment-in-kind interest         (73)         —           Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         —         1,600           Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         20         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         3,940           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         -         (1,345)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of perio	Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments		(1,299)		(2,127)
Stock option and restricted awards expense         368         239           Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         88         368           (Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         (2,119)         (1,257)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         21,359         96,957           Supplemental cash flow dis	Accretion of discounts on investments		(183)		(75)
Deferred income tax expense         (155)         547           Changes in other assets and liabilities:         368           (Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         220         (60)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Decrease in other labilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         equivalents			(73)		—
Changes in other assets and liabilities:       (Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable       (281)       368         Increase in escrow receivables       —       1,600         Decrease (increase) in other receivables       220       (60)         Decrease (increase) in other assets       3,957       (295)         Decrease in other liabilities       (2,119)       (1,257)         Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction       9,263       3,940         Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities       (2,836)       2,958         Cash flows from financing activities       (7,191)       (625)         Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution       —       (1,345)         Net cash used in financing activities       (7,191)       (1,970)         Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents       (10,027)       988         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       22,386       95,969         Cash and cash equivalents at end of period       \$ 12,359       \$ 96,957         Supplemental cash flow disclosures:         Cash paid for income taxes       \$ 21       \$ —         Cash paid for income taxes       \$ 21       \$ —         Cash paid for income taxes       \$ 21       \$ —         Cash paid for in			368		239
(Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable         (281)         368           Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other lassets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$12,359         \$96,957           Supplemental cash flow disclosures           Cash paid for income taxes         \$214         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$214         —     <			(155)		547
Increase in escrow receivables         —         1,600           Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         2,836         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$ 12,359         96,957           Supplemental cash flow disclosures:           Cash paid for income taxes         \$ 214         —           Cash paid for income taxes         611         —           Cash paid for incerest         611         —           Cash paid for incerest         612         —           Dividend declared, not yet paid<					
Decrease (increase) in other receivables         220         (60)           Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,336)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         22,386         95,969           Supplemental cash flow disclosures         \$ 214         \$ -           Cash paid for income taxes         \$ 214          -           Cash paid for income taxes         6 11          -           Cash paid for incerest         6 11          -           Dividend declared, not yet paid         3,355         939			(281)		
Decrease (increase) in other assets         3,957         (295)           Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         —         (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$12,359         \$96,957           Supplemental cash flow disclosures:         5         214         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$214         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$214         —           Cash paid for income taxes         611         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$21         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$21         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$21         — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			_		
Decrease in other liabilities         (2,119)         (1,257)           Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         (7,191)         (625)           Dividends to shareholders         (7,191)         (1,345)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         — (1,345)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$12,359         96,957           Supplemental cash flow disclosures:           Cash paid for income taxes         \$214         —           Cash paid for interest         611         —           Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:         509           Dividend declared, not yet paid         3,355         939					
Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction         9,263         (3,940)           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (2,836)         2,958           Cash flows from financing activities         To (1,911)         (625)           Dividends to shareholders         (7,191)         (1,345)           Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution         — (1,345)         (7,191)         (1,970)           Net cash used in financing activities         (7,191)         (1,970)         988           Cash and cash such add cash equivalents         (10,027)         988           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         22,386         95,969           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$ 12,359         \$ 96,957           Supplemental cash flow disclosures:         611         —           Cash paid for income taxes         \$ 214         \$ —           Cash paid for interest         611         —           Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:         500         500           Dividend declared, not yet paid         3,355         939					
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities       2,958         Cash flows from financing activities       (7,191)       (625)         Dividends to shareholders       (7,191)       (625)         Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution       —       (1,345)         Net cash used in financing activities       (7,191)       (1,970)         Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents       (10,027)       988         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       22,386       95,969         Cash and cash equivalents at end of period       \$ 12,359       \$ 96,957         Supplemental cash flow disclosures       \$ 214       —         Cash paid for income taxes       \$ 214       \$ —         Cash paid for interest       611       —         Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:       5 939					
Cash flows from financing activitiesDividends to shareholders(7,191)(625)Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution—(1,345)Net cash used in financing activities(7,191)(1,970)Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents(10,027)988Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period22,38695,969Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 12,359\$ 96,957Supplemental cash flow disclosures:Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214\$ —Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:5 939	Increase (decrease) in payable for unsettled transaction		9,263	_	(3,940)
Dividends to shareholders(7,191)(625)Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution—(1,345)Net cash used in financing activities(7,191)(1,970)Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents(10,027)988Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period22,38695,969Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 12,359\$ 96,957Supplemental cash flow disclosures:Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214—Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:Dividend declared, not yet paid3,355939	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(2,836)		2,958
Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution—(1,345)Net cash used in financing activities(7,191)(1,970)Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents(10,027)988Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period22,38695,969Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 12,359\$ 96,957Supplemental cash flow disclosures:Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214\$ —Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:Dividend declared, not yet paid3,355939	Cash flows from financing activities			·	
Net cash used in financing activities (7,191) (1,970)  Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (10,027) 988  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 22,386 95,969  Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$12,359 \$96,957  Supplemental cash flow disclosures:  Cash paid for income taxes \$214 \$—  Cash paid for interest \$611 —  Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:  Dividend declared, not yet paid \$3,355 939	Dividends to shareholders		(7,191)		(625)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  Supplemental cash flow disclosures: Cash paid for income taxes Cash paid for interest Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities: Dividend declared, not yet paid  (10,027) 988 95,969 96,957  Supplemental cash flow disclosures  Supplemental disclosures  \$214 \$— Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:  Dividend declared, not yet paid	Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution		_		(1,345)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  Supplemental cash flow disclosures: Cash paid for income taxes Cash paid for interest Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities: Dividend declared, not yet paid  (10,027) 988 95,969 96,957  Supplemental cash flow disclosures  Supplemental disclosures  \$214 \$— Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:  Dividend declared, not yet paid	Net cash used in financing activities		(7,191)		(1,970)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period22,38695,969Cash and cash equivalents at end of period\$ 12,359\$ 96,957Supplemental cash flow disclosures:Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214\$ —Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:Dividend declared, not yet paid3,355939	Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(10,027)		988
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$12,359\$ \$96,957  Supplemental cash flow disclosures:  Cash paid for income taxes \$214\$ \$—  Cash paid for interest \$611\$ —  Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:  Dividend declared, not yet paid \$3,355\$ 939					
Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214\$ —Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:Dividend declared, not yet paid3,355939		\$		\$	
Cash paid for income taxes\$ 214\$ —Cash paid for interest611—Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:Dividend declared, not yet paid3,355939	Supplemental cash flow disclosures:	_		_	
Cash paid for interest 611 — <b>Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:</b> Dividend declared, not yet paid 3,355 939		\$	214	\$	_
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:  Dividend declared, not yet paid  3,355  939			611		_
Dividend declared, not yet paid 3,355 939					
	Dividend declared, not yet paid		3,355		939
			172		_

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited)

June 30, 2017

Portfolio Company(1) Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments(5)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
AAC HOLDINGS	First Lien	Healthcare services	L+6.75% (Floor 1.00%)	6/28/2023	\$ 9,500,000	\$ 9,262,500	\$ 9,381,250
AG KINGS HOLDINGS(8)	First Lien	Food, agriculture & beverage	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	8/8/2021	9,850,000	9,679,554	9,850,000
AMERICAN TELECONFERENCING	First Lien	Telecommunications	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	12/8/2021	6,644,670	6,477,514	6,640,550
	Second Lien		L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/6/2022	2,005,714	1,932,383	1,986,910
AMWARE FULFILLMENT	First Lien	Distribution	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2019	12,897,500	12,713,209	12,897,500
ARGON MEDICAL DEVICES	Second Lien	Healthcare products	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/23/2022	5,000,000	4,875,571	5,000,000
BINSWANGER CORP.	First Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/9/2022	13,251,760	12,999,838	12,999,838
	900,000 shares of common stock		_	_	_	900,000	762,000 13,761,838
CALIFORNIA PIZZA KITCHEN	First Lien	Restaurants	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	8/23/2022	4,962,500	4,918,439	4,969,746
CAST AND CREW PAYROLL, LLC	Second Lien 127,004 shares of	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+7.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/12/2023	3,705,263	3,686,111	3,631,158
DEEPWATER CORROSION SERVICES, INC.	Series A convertible preferred stock	Energy services (upstream)	_	_	_	8,000,000	5,825,000
DIGITAL RIVER, INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2021	7,032,285	7,003,283	7,067,446
DIGITAL ROOM INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2023	7,000,000	6,868,326	6,872,622
DUNN PAPER, INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/26/2023	3,000,000	2,944,563	2,970,000
ELITE SEM, INC.(8)	First Lien 1,000 shares of	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/1/2022	12,150,000	11,875,016	12,150,000
	common stock		12% PIK	_	_	1,049,667 12,924,683	1,383,000 13,533,000
LIGHTING RETROFIT INTERNATIONAL(13)	First Lien	Environmental services	L+9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6/30/2022	15,000,000	14,748,115	14,748,115
	396,825 shares of Series B preferred stock		_	_	_	500,000	500,000
						15,248,115	15,248,115

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
PREPAID LEGAL SERVICES, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer services	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	7/1/2020	5,000,000	4,958,420	5,040,625
REDBOX AUTOMATED RETAIL	First Lien	Gaming & leisure	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	9/27/2021	7,437,500	7,231,067	7,480,862
RESEARCH NOW GROUP, INC.	Second Lien	Business services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3/18/2022	7,000,000	6,921,461	6,965,000
RESTAURANT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Second Lien	Restaurants	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	11/23/2023	3,500,000	3,450,606	3,482,500
RJO HOLDINGS CORP.(14)	First Lien	Financial services	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5/5/2022	7,500,000	7,426,849	7,426,849
TAX ADVISORS GROUP(13)	Senior subordinated debt	Consumer services	10.00% /2.00% PIK	12/23/2022	4,601,533	4,509,739	4,509,739
	143.3 Class A units		<u> </u>	_	_	541,176 5,050,915	541,176 5,050,915
VISTAR MEDIA INC.	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2/16/2022	8,250,000	7,464,254	8,105,625
	Warrants		_	_	_	886,000 8,350,254	1,362,000 9,467,625
WASTEWATER SPECIALTIES	First Lien	Business services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4/18/2022	11,000,000	10,813,640	10,813,640
WATER PIK, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1/8/2021	4,254,386	4,175,679	4,275,658
WINZER CORPORATION	Senior subordinated debt	Distribution	11.00%	6/1/2021	8,100,000	7,982,208	8,031,150
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments Affiliate Investments(6)						\$ 186,795,188	\$ 187,669,959
CHANDLER SIGNS, LP(13)	Senior subordinated debt	Business services	12.00%	7/4/2021	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 4,428,684	\$ 4,428,684
	1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock		_	_	_	<u>1,500,000</u> 5,928,684	2,381,000 6,809,684
The LACTIC AT A SECOND STATE OF THE SECOND STA							
Total Affiliate Investments Control Investments(7)						\$ 5,928,684	\$ 6,809,684
I-45 SLF LLC(9), (10), (11)	80% LLC equity interest 800,000 shares of	Multi-sector holdings	_	_	_	\$ 64,800,000	\$ 67,535,416
MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.(11)	Series A convertible preferred stock 4,000,002 shares of	Industrial products	_	_	_	800,000	5,277,488
	common stock		_	_	_	4,615,000 5,415,000	30,444,512 35,722,000

Current

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
TITANLINER, INC.	1,189,609 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock 339,277 shares of	Energy services (upstream)	6% PIK	_	_	2,799,768	3,463,000
	Series A convertible preferred stock		_	_	_	3,204,222 6,003,990	5,382,000 8,845,000
Total Control Investments TOTAL INVESTMENTS(12)						\$ 76,218,990 \$ 268,942,862	\$ 112,102,416 \$ 306,582,059

- All debt investments are income-producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity investments are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
- All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered as security for the Company's senior secured credit facility.

  The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("P") and reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at June 30, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Certain investments, as noted, accrue payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest.

  Investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards

  ("FASB") Accounting Standards
- Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

- ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

  Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither control investments nor affiliate investments. At June 30, 2017, approximately 61.2% of the Company's investment assets are non-control/non-affiliate investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 65.3%.

  Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At June 30, 2017, approximately 2.2% of the Company's investment assets are affiliate investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 2.4%.

  Control investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained. At June 30, 2017, approximately 36.6% of the Company's investment assets are control investments. The fair value of these investments as a percent of net assets is 39.0%.
- The investment is structured as a first lien last out term loan and earns interest in addition to the stated rate.
- Indicates assets that are considered "non-qualifying assets" under section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
- The investment has approximately \$3.2 million unfunded commitment as of June 30, 2017.
- Income producing through dividends on distributions.

  As of June 30, 2017, the cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for federal income tax purposes is approximately \$39.1 million; cumulative gross unrealized depreciation for federal income
- tax purposes is \$2.4 million. Cumulative net unrealized appreciation is \$36.7 million, based on a tax cost of \$269.1 million.

  Lighting Retrofit International Series B preferred stock, Tax Advisors Group Class A units and Chandler Signs, LP Class A-1 common stock are held through a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary. (13)
- (14) The investment is structured as a first lien first out term loan and earns less interest than the stated rate.

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

March 31, 2017

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(2)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(3)
Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments(4)							
AG KINGS HOLDINGS(8)	First Lien	Food, agriculture & beverage	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	8/10/2021	9,900,000	9,720,743	9,900,000
AMERICAN TELECONFERENCING	First Lien	Telecommunications	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	12/8/2021	6,733,503	6,559,616	6,720,709
	Second Lien		L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/6/2022	2,005,714	1,929,670	1,965,600
AMWARE FULFILLMENT	First Lien	Distribution	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2019	13,065,000	12,858,885	12,934,350
ARGON MEDICAL DEVICES	Second Lien	Healthcare products	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/23/2022	5,000,000	4,871,024	5,000,000
BINSWANGER CORP.	First Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/9/2022	13,251,760	12,988,847	12,988,848
	900,000 shares of common stock					900,000	900,000
						13,888,847	13,888,848
CALIFORNIA PIZZA KITCHEN	First Lien	Restaurants	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	8/23/2022	4,975,000	4,929,234	4,975,995
CAST AND CREW PAYROLL, LLC	Second Lien 127,004 shares of	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+7.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/12/2023	3,705,263	3,685,537	3,671,916
DEEPWATER CORROSION SERVICES, INC.	Series A convertible preferred stock	Energy services (upstream)	_	_	_	8,000,000	9,956,000
DIGITAL RIVER, INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2021	7,032,285	7,001,500	7,067,446
DIGITAL ROOM INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2023	7,000,000	6,864,682	6,864,682
DUNN PAPER, INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/26/2023	3,000,000	2,942,972	2,970,000
ELITE SEM, INC.(8)	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/1/2022	12,150,000	11,864,161	11,864,161
	1,000 shares of common stock		12% PIK	_	_	1,019,667 12,883,828	1,020,000 12,884,161
IMAGINE! PRINT SOLUTIONS, INC.	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/30/2022	4,853,233	4,800,146	4,913,898
INFOGROUP INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+5.50% (Floor 1.50%)	5/26/2018	4,895,007	4,822,951	4,890,112
LIGHTING RETROFIT INTERNATIONAL	First Lien	Environmental services	L+9.75% (Floor 0.5%)	9/28/2021	10,222,222	10,126,394	10,126,394
LTI HOLDINGS, INC.	Second Lien	Industrial products	L+9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4/17/2023	7,000,000	6,853,685	6,825,000
PREPAID LEGAL SERVICES, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer services	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	7/1/2020	5,000,000	4,955,404	5,029,000

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(2)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(3)
REDBOX AUTOMATED RETAIL	First Lien	Gaming & leisure	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	9/27/2021	8,750,000	8,505,558	8,761,375
RESEARCH NOW GROUP, INC.	Second Lien	Business services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3/18/2022	7,000,000	6,918,134	6,860,000
RESTAURANT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Second Lien	Restaurants	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	11/23/2023	3,500,000	3,449,262	3,482,500
TAXACT, INC.	First Lien	Financial services	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	12/31/2022	2,775,000	2,722,263	2,775,000
VISTAR MEDIA INC.	First Lien Warrants	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2/16/2022	11,000,000	9,898,494 886,000 10,784,494	9,898,494 886,000 10,784,494
WATER PIK, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	2/8/2021	4,473,684	4,385,853	4,507,237
WINZER CORPORATION	Senior subordinated debt	Distribution	11.00%	6/1/2021	8,100,000	7,976,347	7,976,347
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments						\$ 172,437,029	\$ 175,731,064
Affiliate Investments(6) CHANDLER SIGNS, LP(13)	Senior subordinated debt 1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock	Business services	12.00%	7/4/2021	4,500,000	4,425,310 1,500,000	4,477,500 2,661,000
						5,925,310	7,138,500
Total Affiliate Investments Control Investments(7)						\$ 5,925,310	\$ 7,138,500
I-45 SLF LLC(9), (10), (11)	80% LLC equity interest	Multi-sector holdings	_	_	_	\$ 60,800,000	\$ 63,394,679
MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.(11)	800,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock 4,000,002 shares of	Industrial products	_	_	_	800,000	5,590,249
	common stock					4,615,000 5,415,000	32,248,751 37,839,000
TITANLINER, INC.	1,189,609 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock 339,277 shares of Series A	Energy services (upstream)	6% PIK	_	_	2,758,528	2,777,000
	convertible preferred stock			_	_	3,204,222 5,962,750	2,777,000
Total Control Investments TOTAL INVESTMENTS(12)						\$ 72,177,750 \$ 250,540,089	\$ 104,010,679 \$ 286,880,243

- All debt investments are income-producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity investments are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
- All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered as security for the Company's senior secured credit facility.
- The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("P") and reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor.
- Investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.
- Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither control investments nor affiliate investments. At March 31, 2017, approximately 61.3% of the Company's investment assets are non-control/non-affiliate investments.
- Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At March 31, 2017, approximately 2.5% of the Company's investment assets are affiliate investments. Control investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or maintains greater than 50% of the board representation.
- At March 31, 2017, approximately 36.2% of the Company's investment assets are control investments.
- The investment is structured as a first lien last out term loan and earns interest in addition to the stated rate. Indicates assets that the Company believes do not represent "qualifying assets" under section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

  The investment has approximately \$7.2 million unfunded commitment as of March 31, 2017.
- Income producing through dividends on distributions.
- (12) As of March 31, 2017, the cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for federal income tax purposes is approximately \$40.1 million; cumulative gross unrealized depreciation for federal income tax purposes is \$3.4 million. Cumulative net unrealized appreciation is \$36.7 million, based on a tax cost of \$250.1 million.
   (13) Chandler Signs, LP Class A-1 common stock is held through a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary.

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

References in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "our," "us," "CSWC," or the "Company" refer to Capital Southwest Corporation, unless the context requires otherwise.

## Organization

Capital Southwest Corporation is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Until September 1969, we operated as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") licensed under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. At that time, CSWC transferred to its then wholly-owned subsidiary, Capital Southwest Venture Corporation ("CSVC"), certain assets including our license as an "SBIC". CSVC was a closed-end, non-diversified investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Effective June 14, 2016, CSVC was dissolved and its SBIC license was surrendered. All assets held in CSVC were transferred to CSWC upon dissolution. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a Business Development Company ("BDC") subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980. In order to remain a BDC, we must meet certain specified requirements under the 1940 Act, including investing at least 70% of our assets in eligible portfolio companies and limiting the amount of leverage we incur.

We are also a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC status, which requires that we annually qualify as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

Capital Southwest Management Company ("CSMC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, office expenses and other administrative costs required for its day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity (the "Taxable Subsidiary"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies, or LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90% of our gross income for federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

We focus on investing in companies with track records of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in the lower middle market, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in upper middle market companies. Our target lower middle market ("LMM") companies typically have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range in size from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our upper middle market ("UMM") investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million and typically range in size from

\$5.0 million to \$10.0 million. We make available significant managerial assistance to the companies in which we invest as we believe that providing managerial assistance to an investee company is critical to its business development activities.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). We meet the definition of an investment company and follow the accounting and reporting guidance in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946 – Financial Services – Investment Companies ("ASC Topic 946"). Under the rules and regulations applicable to investment companies, we are generally precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company subject to certain exceptions. One of the exceptions to this general principle occurs if the investment company has an investment in an operating company that provides services to the investment company. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements include CSMC, our management company, and the Taxable Subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are omitted. In the opinion of our management, the unaudited consolidated financial results included herein contain all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of consolidated financial statements for the interim periods included herein. The results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full fiscal year. Also, the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. Consolidated financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

## Portfolio Investment Classification

We classify our investments in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are generally defined as investments in which we own more than 25% of the voting securities or have rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation; "Affiliated Investments" are generally defined as investments in which we own between 5% and 25% of the voting securities; and "Non-Control/Non-Affiliated Investments" are generally defined as investments that are neither "Control Investments" nor "Affiliated Investments."

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC must meet certain requirements, including investing at least 70% of our assets in qualifying assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are:

- (1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC.
- (2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.
- (3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.

- (4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no readily available market for such securities and we already own 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
- (5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- (6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

Additionally, in order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things meet the following tests:

- (1) Continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year.
- (2) Derive in each taxable year at least 90.0% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities, loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test").
- (3) Diversify our holdings such that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (collectively, the "Diversification Tests").

The two Diversification Tests must be satisfied quarterly. If a RIC satisfies the tests for one quarter, and then, due solely to fluctuations in market value, fails to meet one of the tests in the next quarter, it retains RIC status. A RIC that fails to meet the Diversification Tests as a result of a nonqualified acquisition may be subject to excess taxes unless the nonqualified acquisition is disposed of and the tests are satisfied within 30 days of the close of the quarter in which the tests are failed.

This quarter we satisfied all RIC tests and have only 11.0% in nonqualified assets according to measurement criteria established in Section 851(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (as amended, the "IRC").

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of CSWC.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> We account for substantially all of our financial instruments at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 820 – *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC Topic 820"). ASC Topic 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework used to measure fair value and requires disclosures for fair value measurements, including the categorization of financial instruments into a three-level hierarchy based on the transparency of valuation inputs. ASC Topic 820 requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate such value. We believe that the carrying amounts of our financial instruments such as cash, receivables and payables approximate the fair value of these items due to the short maturity of these instruments. This is considered a Level 1 valuation technique. The carrying value of our credit facility approximates fair value because the interest rate adjusts to the market interest rate (Level 3 input). See Note 4 below for further discussion regarding the fair value measurements and hierarchy.

<u>Investments</u> Investments are stated at fair value and are reviewed and approved by our Board of Directors as described in the Notes to the Consolidated Schedule of Investments and Notes 3 and 4 below. Investments are recorded on a trade date basis.

Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment or a financial instrument and the cost basis of the investment or financial investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written-off during the period net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the investment portfolio and financial instruments and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, which consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase, are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits at financial institutions. We deposit our cash balances in financial institutions and, at times, such balances may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limits. At June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, cash balances totaling \$10.1 million and \$19.6 million, respectively, exceeded FDIC insurance limits, subjecting us to risk related to the uninsured balance. All of our cash deposits are held at large established high credit quality financial institutions and management believes that the risk of loss associated with any uninsured balances is remote.

<u>Segment Information</u> We operate and manage our business in a singular segment. As an investment company, we invest in portfolio companies in various industries and geographic areas as discussed in Note 3.

Consolidation As permitted under Regulation S-X and ASC Topic 946, we generally do not consolidate our investment in a portfolio company other than an investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to CSWC. Accordingly, we consolidated the results of CSWC's wholly-owned Taxable Subsidiary and CSWC's wholly-owned management company, CSMC. Prior to its dissolution, we consolidated the results of CSWC's wholly-owned subsidiary, CSVC. All intercompany balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We have identified investment valuation and revenue recognition as our most critical accounting estimates.

Interest and Dividend Income Interest and dividend income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recognized on the record date. Discounts/premiums received to par on loans purchased are capitalized and accreted or amortized into income over the life of the loan using the effective interest method. In accordance with our valuation policy, accrued interest and dividend income is evaluated periodically for collectability. When we do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally establish a reserve against interest income receivable, thereby placing the loan or debt security on non-accrual status, and cease to recognize interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding its ability to service debt or other obligations, it will be restored to accrual basis. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, we did not have any investments on non-accrual status.

To maintain RIC tax treatment, non-cash sources of income such as accretion of interest income may need to be paid out to shareholders in the form of distributions, even though CSWC may not have collected the interest income. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, approximately 2.4% of CSWC's total investment income was

attributable to interest income for the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction. For the three and three months ended June 30, 2016, approximately 1.8% of CSWC's total investment income was attributable to interest income for the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction.

Payment-in-Kind Interest The Company currently holds, and expects to hold in the future, some investments in its portfolio that contain payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest and dividend provisions. The PIK interest and dividends, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, are added to the principal balance of the loan, rather than being paid to the Company in cash, and are recorded as interest and dividend income. Thus, the actual collection of PIK interest and dividends may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment or disposition of equity investment. PIK interest and dividends, which are non-cash sources of income, are included in the Company's taxable income and therefore affect the amount the Company is required to distribute to stockholders to maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company ("RIC") for federal income tax purposes, even though the Company has not yet collected the cash. Generally, when current cash interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if the Company otherwise does not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, the Company will place the investment on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing PIK interest and dividend income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company writes off any accrued and uncollected PIK interest and dividends when it is determined that the PIK interest and dividends are no longer collectible. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, approximately 0.9% and 0.0%, respectively, of CSWC's total investment income was attributable to non-cash PIK interest and dividend income.

<u>Debt Issuance Costs</u> Debt issuance costs include commitment fees and other costs related to CSWC's senior secured credit facility (as discussed further in Note 5). These costs have been capitalized and are amortized into interest expense over the term of the credit facility.

Federal Income Taxes CSWC has elected and intends to comply with the requirements of the IRC necessary to qualify as a RIC. By meeting these requirements, we will not be subject to corporate federal income taxes on ordinary income distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a RIC, the company is required to timely distribute to its shareholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the IRC, each year. Investment company taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Investment company taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains and losses are not included in investment company taxable income until they are realized.

In addition to the requirement that we must annually distribute at least 90.0% of our investment company taxable income, we may either distribute or retain our realized net capital gains from investments, but any net capital gains not distributed may be subject to corporate level tax. If we retain the capital gains, they are classified as a "deemed distribution" to our shareholders and are subject to our corporate tax rate of 35.0%. As an investment company that qualifies as a RIC, federal income taxes payable on security gains that we elect to retain are accrued only on the last day of our tax year, December 31. Any capital gains actually distributed to shareholders are generally taxable to the shareholders as long-term capital gains. See Note 6 for further discussion.

CSMC, a wholly owned subsidiary of CSWC, and the Taxable Subsidiary are not RICs and are required to pay taxes at the current corporate rate of 34%. For tax purposes, CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary have elected to be treated as taxable entities, and therefore are not consolidated for tax purposes and are taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on taxable income and, as a result of their activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The taxable income, or loss, of each of CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

Management evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions with respect to tax at the CSWC level not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold would be recorded as an expense in the current year. Management's conclusions regarding tax positions will be subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Company has concluded that it does not have any uncertain tax positions that meet the recognition of measurement criteria of ASC 740 for the current period. Also, we account for interest and, if applicable, penalties for any uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. No interest or penalties expense was recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

<u>Deferred Taxes</u> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for losses or income at our taxable subsidiaries using statutory tax rates. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. See Note 6 for further discussion.

Stock-Based Compensation We account for our stock-based compensation using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. Accordingly, we recognize stock-based compensation cost on a straight-line basis for all share-based payments and awards granted to employees. The fair value of stock options are determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model and are expensed over the requisite service period of the related stock options. For restricted stock awards, we measured the grant date fair value based upon the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant. For restricted stock awards, we amortize this fair value to share-based compensation expense over the vesting term. The unvested shares of restricted stock awarded pursuant to CSWC's equity compensation plans are participating securities and are included in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation. At the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, weighted-average basic shares were adjusted for the diluted effect of stock-based awards of 62,761 and 66,679, respectively. For individual cash incentive awards, the option value of the individual cash incentive awards is calculated based on the changes in net asset value of our Company. In connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into an Employee Matters Agreement (the "Employee Matters Agreement") with CSWI. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, the value of individual cash incentive awards was determined based upon the net asset value of CSWC as of June 30, 2015. See Note 9 for further discussion.

<u>Shareholder Distributions</u> Distributions to common shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount of distributions, if any, is determined by the Board of Directors each quarter.

<u>Presentation</u> Presentation of certain amounts on the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the prior year comparative consolidated financial statements is updated to conform to the current period presentation. This mainly includes disclosure of amounts at a more disaggregated level.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. CSWC is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements, but the impact of the adoption is not expected to be material.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under SAC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that

an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)—Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients. This ASU clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. The FASB tentatively decided to defer the effective date of the new revenue standard for public entities under U.S. GAAP for one year. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. CSWC completed its initial assessment in evaluating the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements and based on its initial assessment, determined that its financial contracts are excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09. As a result of the scope exception for financial contracts, the Company's management has determined that there will be no material changes to the recognition timing and classification of revenues and expenses; additionally, the Company's management does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-09 to have a significant impact to pretax income upon adoption. The Company will continue to evaluate the impacts of ASU 2014-09 through the date of adoption to ensure that its initial assessment continues to remain accurate. Additionally, the Company is continuing its assessment of ASU 2014-09's impact on its consolidated financial statement disclosures.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The following table shows the composition of the investment portfolio, at fair value and cost (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments) as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio (dollars in n	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio
June 30, 2017:		(donars in in		
1st lien loans(1)	\$ 124.6	40.6%	\$122.6	45.6%
2nd lien loans	40.2	13.2	39.8	14.8
Subordinated debt	17.0	5.5	16.9	6.3
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	57.3	18.7	24.8	9.2
I-45 SLF LLC(2)	67.5	22.0	64.8	24.1
	\$ 306.6	100.0%	\$268.9	100.0%
March 31, 2017:	<del></del>			
1st lien loans	\$ 107.8	37.6%	\$106.8	42.6%
2nd lien loans	47.2	16.5	46.9	18.7
Subordinated debt	12.5	4.3	12.4	4.9
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	56.0	19.5	23.6	9.5
I-45 SLF LLC(2)	63.4	22.1	60.8	24.3
	\$ 286.9	100.0%	\$250.5	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in 1st lien loans are loans structured as first lien last out loans. These loans may in certain cases be subordinated in payment priority to other senior secured lenders.

<sup>(2)</sup> I-45 SLF LLC ("I-45 SLF") is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street Capital Corporation ("Main Street"). This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans to the UMM. The portfolio companies held by I-45 SLF represent a diverse set of industry classifications, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. See Note 15 for further discussion

The following table shows the composition of the investment portfolio by industry, at fair value and cost (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments) as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio
	<u>= + , +</u>		in millions)	
June 30, 2017:				
I-45 SLF LLC(1)	\$ 67.5	22.0%	\$ 64.8	24.1%
Industrial Products	35.7	11.7	5.4	2.0
Media, Marketing, & Entertainment	26.6	8.7	25.0	9.3
Distribution	20.9	6.8	20.7	7.7
Consumer Products and Retail	18.0	5.9	18.1	6.7
Environmental Services	15.2	5.0	15.2	5.7
Energy Services (Upstream)	14.7	4.8	14.0	5.2
Business Services	13.8	4.5	12.8	4.9
Industrial Services	10.8	3.5	10.8	4.0
Consumer Services	10.1	3.3	10.0	3.7
Paper & Forest Products	9.9	3.2	9.8	3.6
Food, Agriculture & Beverage	9.9	3.2	9.7	3.6
Healthcare Services	9.4	3.1	9.3	3.4
Telecommunications	8.6	2.8	8.4	3.1
Restaurants	8.5	2.8	8.4	3.1
Gaming & Leisure	7.5	2.4	7.2	2.7
Commodities & Mining	7.4	2.4	7.4	2.8
Software & IT Services	7.1	2.3	7.0	2.6
Healthcare Products	5.0	1.6	4.9	1.8
	\$ 306.6	100.0%	\$268.9	100.0%

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	
	ran value	(dollars in 1		10tai 1 01 (10110	
March 31, 2017:		,	ŕ		
I-45 SLF LLC(1)	\$ 63.4	22.1%	\$ 60.8	24.3%	
Industrial Products	44.7	15.6	12.3	4.9	
Media, Marketing, & Entertainment	32.3	11.2	32.2	12.8	
Distribution	20.9	7.3	20.8	8.3	
Consumer Products & Retail	18.4	6.4	18.3	7.3	
Business Services	14.0	4.9	12.8	5.1	
Energy Services (Upstream)	12.7	4.4	14.0	5.6	
Software & IT Services	12.0	4.2	11.8	4.7	
Environmental Services	10.1	3.5	10.1	4.0	
Food, Agriculture & Beverage	9.9	3.5	9.7	3.9	
Paper & Forest Products	9.8	3.4	9.8	3.9	
Gaming & Leisure	8.8	3.1	8.5	3.4	
Telecommunications	8.7	3.0	8.4	3.4	
Restaurants	8.4	2.9	8.4	3.4	
Consumer Services	5.0	1.8	5.0	2.0	
Healthcare Products	5.0	1.7	4.9	1.9	
Financial Services	2.8	1.0	2.7	1.1	
	\$ 286.9	100.0%	\$250.5	100.0%	

<sup>(1)</sup> I-45 SLF is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans to the UMM. The portfolio companies in I-45 SLF include multi-sector holdings, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. See Note 15 for further discussion.

The following tables summarize the composition of the investment portfolio by geographic region of the United States, at fair value and cost (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments), as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio
	1 un vuiuc		in millions)	100011 010000
June 30, 2017:			·	
Southwest	\$ 82.3	26.8%	\$ 50.1	18.6%
I-45 SLF LLC(1)	67.5	22.0	64.8	24.1
South	63.5	20.7	63.1	23.5
Northeast	48.1	15.7	46.2	17.2
Midwest	28.8	9.4	28.5	10.6
West	16.4	5.4	16.2	6.0
	\$ 306.6	100.0%	\$268.9	100.0%
March 31, 2017:				
Southwest	\$ 82.6	28.8%	\$ 50.0	20.0%
I-45 SLF LLC(1)	63.4	22.1	60.8	24.3
Northeast	43.7	15.2	43.4	17.4
South	38.5	13.4	38.2	15.2
West	30.3	10.6	30.2	12.0
Midwest	28.4	9.9	27.9	11.1
	\$286.9	100.0%	\$250.4	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> I-45 SLF is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans to the UMM. The portfolio companies held by I-45 SLF represent a diverse set of industry classifications, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. See Note 15 for further discussion.

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### **Investment Valuation Process**

The valuation process is led by the finance department in conjunction with the investment team. The process includes a monthly review of each investment by our executive officers and investment teams. Valuations of each portfolio security are prepared quarterly by the finance department using updated financial and other operational information collected by the investment teams. Each investment valuation is then subject to review by the executive officers and investment teams. In conjunction with the internal valuation process, we have also engaged multiple independent consulting firms specializing in financial due diligence, valuation, and business advisory services to provide third-party valuation reviews of certain investments. The third-party valuation firms provide a range of values for selected investments, which is presented to CSWC's executive officers and Board of Directors.

CSWC also uses a standard internal investment rating system in connection with its investment oversight, portfolio management, and investment valuation procedures for its debt portfolio. This system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the portfolio company and the investments held therein.

There is no single standard for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon the specific circumstances of each individual investment. While management believes our valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with market participants, the recorded fair values of our investments may differ significantly from fair values that would have been used had an active market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently

assigned. The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for reviewing and approving, in good faith, the fair value of CSWC's investments in accordance with the 1940 Act.

#### **Fair Value Hierarchy**

CSWC has established and documented processes for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and ASC Topic 820. As required by ASC Topic 820, when the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized within the Level 3 tables below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3). CSWC conducts reviews of fair value hierarchy classifications on a quarterly basis. We also use judgment and consider factors specific to the investment in determining the significance of an input to a fair value measurement.

The three levels of valuation inputs established by ASC Topic 820 are as follows:

- · Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- *Level 2*: Investments whose values are based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3: Investments whose values are based on unobservable inputs that are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, 100% of the CSWC investment portfolio consisted of debt and equity instruments of privately held companies for which inputs falling within the categories of Level 1 and Level 2 are generally not available. Therefore, CSWC determines the fair value of its investments (excluding investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value) in good faith using Level 3 inputs, pursuant to a valuation policy and process that is established by the management of CSWC, with assistance from multiple third-party valuation advisors, which is subsequently approved by our Board of Directors.

#### **Investment Valuation Inputs**

ASC Topic 820 defines fair value in terms of the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date excluding transaction costs. Under ASC Topic 820, the fair value measurement also assumes that the transaction to sell an asset occurs in the principal market for the asset or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset. The principal market is the market in which the reporting entity would sell or transfer the asset with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset. In determining the principal market for an asset or liability under ASC Topic 820, it is assumed that the reporting entity has access to the market as of the measurement date.

The Level 3 inputs to CSWC's valuation process reflect our best estimate of the assumptions that would be used by market participants in pricing the investment in a transaction in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset.

The fair value determination of each portfolio investment categorized as Level 3 required one or more of the following unobservable inputs:

- Financial information obtained from each portfolio company, including unaudited statements of operations and balance sheets for the most recent period available as compared to budgeted numbers;
- Current and projected financial condition of the portfolio company;
- Current and projected ability of the portfolio company to service its debt obligations;
- Type and amount of collateral, if any, underlying the investment;
- Current financial ratios (e.g., fixed charge coverage ratio, interest coverage ratio and net debt/EBITDA ratio) applicable to the investment;
- Current liquidity of the investment and related financial ratios (e.g., current ratio and quick ratio);
- Indicative dealer quotations from brokers, banks, and other market participants;
- · Market yields on other securities of similar risk;
- Pending debt or capital restructuring of the portfolio company;
- · Projected operating results of the portfolio company;
- Current information regarding any offers to purchase the investment;
- · Current ability of the portfolio company to raise any additional financing as needed;
- Changes in the economic environment which may have a material impact on the operating results of the portfolio company;
- Internal occurrences that may have an impact (both positive and negative) on the operating performance of the portfolio company;
- · Qualitative assessment of key management;
- Contractual rights, obligations or restrictions associated with the investment; and
- Other factors deemed relevant.

CSWC uses several different valuation approaches depending on the security type including the Market Approach, the Income Approach, the Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach, and the NAV Valuation Method.

#### Market Approach

Market Approach is a qualitative and quantitative analysis of the aforementioned unobservable inputs. It is a combination of the Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach and Income Approach as described in detail below. For debt investments recently originated or where the value has not departed significantly from its cost, we generally rely on our cost basis or recent transaction price to determine the fair value, unless a material event has occurred since origination.

#### Income Approach

In valuing debt securities, CSWC typically uses an Income Approach model, which considers some or all of the factors listed above. Under the Income Approach, CSWC develops an expectation of the yield that a hypothetical market participant would require when purchasing each debt investment (the "Required Market Yield"). The Required Market Yield is calculated in a two-step process. First, using quarterly market data from our third-party valuation provider we estimate the current market yield of similar debt securities. Next, based on the factors described above, we modify the current market yield for each security to produce a unique Required

Market Yield for each of our investments. The resulting Required Market Yield is the significant Level 3 input to the Income Approach model. If, with respect to an investment, the unobservable inputs have not fluctuated significantly from the date the investment was made or have not fluctuated significantly from CSWC's expectations on the date the investment was made, and there have been no significant fluctuations in the market pricing for such investments, we may conclude that the Required Market Yield for that investment is equal to the stated rate on the investment. In instances where CSWC determines that the Required Market Yield is different from the stated rate on the investment, we discount the contractual cash flows on the debt instrument using the Required Market Yield in order to estimate the fair value of the debt security.

In addition, under the Income Approach, CSWC also determines the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, if any, as a significant Level 3 input in determining fair value. In determining the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, CSWC evaluates the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote, whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer, the depth and consistency of broker quotes, the source of the broker quotes, and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company and other market indices. To the extent sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value, CSWC may use third-party broker quotes or other independent pricing to determine the fair value of certain debt investments.

Fair value measurements using the Income Approach model can be sensitive to significant changes in one or more of the inputs. A significant increase (decrease) in the Required Market Yield for a particular debt security may result in a lower (higher) fair value for that security. A significant increase (decrease) in a third-party broker quote for a particular debt security may result in a higher (lower) value for that security.

#### Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach

In valuing equity securities (including warrants), CSWC estimates fair value using an Enterprise Value Waterfall valuation model. CSWC estimates the enterprise value of a portfolio company and then allocates the enterprise value to the portfolio company's securities in order of their relative liquidation preference. In addition, CSWC assumes that any outstanding debt or other securities that are senior to CSWC's equity securities are required to be repaid at par. Additionally, we estimate the fair value of a limited number of our debt securities using the Enterprise Value Waterfall approach.

To estimate the enterprise value of the portfolio company, CSWC uses a weighted valuation model based on public comparable companies, observable transactions and discounted cash flow analyses. A main input into the valuation model is a measure of the portfolio company's financial performance, which generally is either earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted ("Adjusted EBITDA") or revenues. In addition, we consider other factors, including but not limited to (1) offers from third parties to purchase the portfolio company and (2) the implied value of recent investments in the equity securities of the portfolio company. For certain non-performing assets, we may utilize the liquidation or collateral value of the portfolio company's assets in our estimation of its enterprise value.

The significant Level 3 inputs to the Enterprise Value Waterfall model are (1) an appropriate multiple derived from the comparable public companies and transactions, (2) discount rate assumptions used in the discounted cash flow model and (3) a measure of the portfolio company's financial performance, which generally is either Adjusted EBITDA or revenues. Inputs can be based on historical operating results, projections of future operating results or a combination thereof. The operating results of a portfolio company may be unaudited, projected or pro forma financial information and may require adjustments for certain non-recurring items. CSWC also may consult with the portfolio company's senior management to obtain updates on the portfolio company's performance, including information such as industry trends, new product development, loss of customers and other operational issues. Fair value measurements using the Enterprise Value Waterfall model can be sensitive to significant changes in one or more of the inputs. A significant increase (decrease) in either the multiple, Adjusted EBITDA or revenues for a particular equity security would result in a higher (lower) fair value for that security.

#### NAV Valuation Method

Under the NAV valuation method, for an investment in an investment fund that does not have a readily determinable fair value, CSWC measures the fair value of the investment predominately based on the NAV of the investment fund as of the measurement date. However, in determining the fair value of the investment, we may consider whether adjustments to the NAV are necessary in certain circumstances, based on the analysis of any restrictions on redemption of our investment as of the measurement date, recent actual sales or redemptions of interests in the investment fund, expected future cash flows available to equity holders, or other uncertainties surrounding CSWC's ability to realize the full NAV of its interests in the investment fund.

The table below presents the Valuation Techniques and Significant Level 3 Inputs (ranges and weighted averages) used in the valuation of CSWC's debt and equity securities at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017. The table is not intended to be all inclusive, but instead captures the significant unobservable inputs relevant to our determination of fair value.

Type Equity Investments	Valuation Technique Enterprise Value	June	Value at e 30, 2017 millions)	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
Equity investments	Waterfall Approach	\$	57.3	EBITDA Multiple	4.70x - 9.20x	7.20x
	vuterian ripproden	Ψ	57.5	Weighted Average Cost of Capital	12.9% - 27.1%	20.5%
Debt Investments	Income Approach		159.0	Required Market Yield	7.33% - 12.50%	10.8%
	**			Third Party Broker Quote	98.1 - 100.8	
	Market Approach		22.8	Recent Transaction		
			181.8			
Total Level 3 Investments		\$	239.1			
Туре	Valuation Technique	Marc	Value at th 31, 2017 millions)	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
Type Equity Investments		Marc	h 31, 2017	Unobservable	Range	Weighted Average
	Technique	Marc	h 31, 2017	Unobservable	Range 4.10x - 9.30x	
	Technique Enterprise Value	Marc (in	ch 31, 2017 millions)	Unobservable Inputs		Average
	Technique Enterprise Value	Marc (in	ch 31, 2017 millions)	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple	4.10x - 9.30x	Average 7.80x
Equity Investments	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach	Marc (in	th 31, 2017 millions) 56.0	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple Weighted Average Cost of Capital	4.10x - 9.30x 14.1% - 27.8%	7.80x 17.5%
Equity Investments	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach	Marc (in	th 31, 2017 millions) 56.0	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple Weighted Average Cost of Capital Required Market Yield	4.10x - 9.30x 14.1% - 27.8% 7.70% - 12.60%	7.80x 17.5%
Equity Investments	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach Income Approach	Marc (in	56.0 132.8	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple Weighted Average Cost of Capital Required Market Yield Third Party Broker Quote	4.10x - 9.30x 14.1% - 27.8% 7.70% - 12.60%	7.80x 17.5%

The following fair value hierarchy tables set forth our investment portfolio by level as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 (in millions):

			Fair Value Measureme at June 30, 2017 Usin	
Asset Category	Total	Quoted Prices Active Marke for Identical Assets (Level 1)	ts Other	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
1st lien loans	\$124.6	\$ _	- \$ —	\$ 124.6
2nd lien loans	40.2	_	- –	40.2
Subordinated debt	17.0	_	- –	17.0
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	57.3	_		57.3
Investments measured at net asset value(1)	67.5	_	- –	_
Total Investments	\$306.6	\$ —	<u> </u>	\$ 239.1

			at March 31, 2017 U	
Asset Category	Total	Quoted Price Active Mark for Identica Assets (Level 1)	ets Other	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
1st lien loans	\$107.8	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ 107.8
2nd lien loans	47.2	-		47.2
Subordinated debt	12.5	-		12.5
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	56.0	_		56.0
Investments measured at net asset value(1)	63.4	-		_
Total Investments	\$286.9	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 223.5

Fair Value Measurements

#### **Changes in Fair Value Levels**

We monitor the availability of observable market data to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. We recognize the transfer of financial instruments between levels at the end of each quarterly reporting period. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we had no transfers between levels.

The following tables provide a summary of changes in the fair value of investments measured using Level 3 inputs during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (in millions):

	Fair Value 3/31/2017	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Purchases of Investments(1)	Repayments	PIK Interest Earned	Fair Value at 6/30/2017
1st lien loans	\$ 107.8	\$ 1.4	\$ 32.3	\$ (16.9)	\$ —	\$ 124.6
2nd lien loans	47.2	0.2	_	(7.2)	_	40.2
Subordinated debt	12.5	_	4.5	_	_	17.0
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	56.0	0.2	1.0	_	0.1	57.3
Total Investments	\$ 223.5	\$ 1.8	\$ 37.8	\$ (24.1)	\$ 0.1	\$ 239.1

<sup>1)</sup> Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

	Fair Value 3/31/2016	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Purchases of Investments(1)	Repayments	PIK Interest Earned	Fair Value at 6/30/2016
1st lien loans	\$ 39.5	\$ 0.3	\$ 1.9	\$ (6.3)	\$ —	\$ 35.4
2nd lien loans	38.2	0.1	_	(5.0)	_	33.3
Subordinated debt	15.1	(0.1)	_	_	_	15.0
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	49.3	1.8	_	_	_	51.1
Total Investments	\$ 142.1	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.9	\$ (11.3)	<u> </u>	\$ 134.8

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes purchases of new investments, as well as discount accretion on existing investments.

The total net unrealized gains (excluding reversals) included in earnings that related to assets still held at the report date for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

#### 5. CREDIT FACILITY

In August 2016, CSWC entered into a senior secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") to provide additional liquidity to support its investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility includes total commitments of \$100.0 million from a diversified group of five lenders and is scheduled to mature August 30, 2020. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature that allows CSWC to increase the total commitments under the facility up to \$150.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate plus 3.25% with no LIBOR floor. CSWC pays unused commitment fees of 0.50% to 1.50% per annum, based on utilization, on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (1) certain reporting requirements, (2) maintaining RIC and BDC status, (3) maintaining a minimum shareholders' equity, (4) maintaining a minimum consolidated net worth, (5) maintaining a regulatory asset coverage of not less than 200.0%, (6) maintaining a consolidated interest coverage ratio of at least 2.5 to 1.0, and (7) at any time the outstanding advances exceed 90.0% of the borrowing base, maintaining a minimum liquidity of not less than 10.0% of the covered debt amount.

The Credit Facility also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, bankruptcy, and change of control, with customary cure and notice provisions. If the Company defaults on its obligations under the Credit Facility, the lenders may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests.

The Credit Facility is secured by (1) substantially all of the present and future property and assets of the Company and the guarantors and (2) 100.0% of the equity interests in the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2017, substantially all of the Company's assets were pledged as collateral for the Credit Facility.

At June 30, 2017, CSWC had \$25.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. CSWC recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs of \$0.7 million and \$0.0 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The weighted average interest rate on the Credit Facility was 4.45% as of June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, CSWC was in compliance with all financial covenants under the Credit Facility.

#### INCOME TAXES

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the IRC and have a tax year end of December 31. In order to qualify as a RIC, we must annually distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the IRC, to our shareholders in a timely manner. Investment company income generally includes net short-term capital gains but excludes net long-term capital gains. A RIC is not subject to federal income tax on the portion of its ordinary income and long-term capital gains that is distributed to its shareholders, including "deemed distributions" as discussed below. As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income, which is subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax, pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (1) the filing of the U.S. federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year and (2) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

As of June 30, 2017, CSWC qualified to be taxed as a RIC. We intend to meet the applicable qualifications to be taxed as a RIC in future periods. However, the Company's ability to meet certain portfolio diversification requirements of RICs in future years may not be controllable by the Company.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, CSWC declared quarterly dividends in the amount of \$3.0 milion, or \$0.19 per share and declared special dividends in the amount of \$4.2 million, or \$0.26 per share. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, CSWC declared quarterly dividends in the amount of \$3.3 million, or \$0.21 per share.

The determination of the tax attributes for CSWC's distributions is made annually, based upon its taxable income for the full year and distributions paid for the full year. Therefore, any determination made on an interim basis is forward-looking based on currently available facts, rules and assumptions and may not be representative of the actual tax attributes of distributions for a full year.

Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the 20.0% maximum tax rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) on dividend income from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations. The tax attributes for distributions will generally include both ordinary income and capital gains, but may also include qualified dividends or return of capital.

The following reconciles net increase in assets resulting from operations to estimated RIC taxable income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		ıne 30,		
		2017		2016	
Reconciliation of RIC Taxable Income(1)					
Net increase in net assets from operations	\$	5,444	\$	2,697	
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments		(1,384)		(2,127)	
Income/gain recognized for tax on pass-through entities		(168)		56	
Net operating loss (income) - management company		352		522	
Non-deductible tax expense		(125)		_	
Estimated taxable income before deductions for distributions	\$	4,119	\$	1,148	

<sup>(1)</sup> The calculation of taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the Company files its tax return each year. Final taxable income may be different than this estimate.

A RIC may elect to retain its long-term capital gains by designating them as a "deemed distribution" to its shareholders and paying a federal tax rate of 35% on the long-term capital gains for the benefit of its shareholders. Shareholders then report their share of the retained capital gains on their income tax returns as if it had been received and report a tax credit for tax paid on their behalf by the RIC. Shareholders then add the amount of the "deemed distribution" net of such tax to the basis of their shares.

CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is not a RIC and is required to pay taxes at the current corporate rate. For tax purposes, CSMC has elected to be treated as a taxable entity, and therefore is not consolidated for tax purposes and is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The taxable income, or loss, of CSMC may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements. CSMC records individual cash incentive award and bonus accruals on a quarterly basis. Deferred taxes related to the changes in the qualified defined pension plan, restoration plan, individual cash incentive award and bonus accruals are also recorded on a quarterly basis. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Establishing a valuation allowance of a deferred tax asset requires management to make estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from CSMC's operations. As of June 30, 2017, CSMC had a deferred tax asset of approximately \$3.3 million, our valuation allowance was \$1.4 million and our net deferred tax asset was \$1.9 million. As of June 30, 2017, we believe that it is more likely than not that we will be able to utilize \$1.9 million of our deferred tax assets. We will continue to assess our ability to realize our existing deferred tax assets. As of March 31, 2017, CSMC had a deferred tax asset of \$2.0 million.

Based on our assessment of our unrecognized tax benefits, management believes that all benefits, net of the valuation allowance, will be realized and they do not contain any uncertain tax positions. Additionally, the increase in valuation allowance of \$0.1 million was a result of adjusting the net realizable deferred tax asset to an amount management believes will be realized. Our analysis of the net realizable deferred tax assets is based on projections of future taxable income.

In addition, we have a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary, or the Taxable Subsidiary, which holds a portion of one or more of our portfolio investments that are listed on the Consolidated Schedule of Investments. The Taxable Subsidiary is consolidated for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP, so that our consolidated financial statements reflect our investments in the portfolio companies owned by the Taxable Subsidiary. The purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit us to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies, or LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. Absent the Taxable Subsidiary, a proportionate amount of any gross income of a partnership or LLC (or other pass-through entity) portfolio investment would flow through directly to us. To the extent that our income did not consist of investment income, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and therefore cause us to incur significant amounts of corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes. Where interests in LLCs (or other pass-through entities) are owned by the Taxable Subsidiary, however, the income from those interests is taxed to the Taxable Subsidiary and does not flow through to us, thereby helping us preserve our RIC status and resultant tax advantages. The Taxable Subsidiary is not consolidated for U.S. federal income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities, if any, are reflected in our Statement of Operations.

The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities, generated by CSWC, CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary, if any, are reflected in CSWC's consolidated financial statements. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized a net income tax expense of \$0.1 million, principally consisting of a provision for current U.S. federal income taxes of \$0.2 million and a \$0.1 million benefit for excise tax on our

estimated undistributed taxable income. For the three months ended June 30, 2016, we recognized a net income tax expense of \$0.5 million, principally consisting of a provision for current U.S. federal income taxes of \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million relating to the Taxable Subsidiary. Although we believe our tax returns are correct, the final determination of tax examinations could be different from what was reported on the returns. In our opinion, we have made adequate tax provisions for years subject to examination. Generally, we are currently open to audit under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service as well as state taxing authorities for the years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2016.

#### 7. ACCUMULATED NET REALIZED GAINS ON INVESTMENTS

The Company may retain some or all of its realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses and may designate the retained net capital gain as a "deemed distribution." For the tax year ended December 31, 2016, the Company did not elect to designate retained net capital gains as deemed distributions. "Deemed distributions" are generally reclassified from accumulated net realized gains into additional capital after out tax year ends each December 31.

#### 8. SPIN-OFF COMPENSATION PLAN

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors adopted a compensation plan (the "Spin-off Compensation Plan") consisting of grants of nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and cash incentive awards to certain officers of the Company at the time. The plan was intended to align the compensation of the Company's key officers with the Company's strategic objective of increasing the market value of the Company's shares through a transformative transaction for the benefit of the Company's shareholders. Under the plan, Joseph B. Armes, former CEO of the Company, Kelly Tacke, former CFO of the Company, and Bowen S. Diehl, former CIO and current CEO of the company, in aggregate, were eligible to receive an amount equal to six percent of the aggregate appreciation in the Company's share price from August 28, 2014 (using a base price of \$36.16 per share) to 90 days after the completion of a transformative transaction (the "Trigger Event Date"). The first plan component consisted of nonqualified options awarded to purchase 259,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$36.60 per share. The second plan component consisted of awards of 127,000 shares of restricted stock, which, prior to their vesting, have voting rights but do not have cash dividend rights. See Note 9 for further discussion on the first two components of the Executive Compensation Plan. The final plan component consisted of cash incentive payments awarded to each participant in an amount equal to the excess of each awardee's allocable portion of the total payment amount over the aggregate value as of the Trigger Event Date of the awardee's restricted common stock and nonqualified option awards under the plan.

On September 8, 2015, the Board of Directors designated the Share Distribution as a transformative transaction for purposes of the Spin-off Compensation Plan and amended the award agreements granted under the plan to provide for accelerated vesting of the awards held by a participant in the event of a termination of that participant's service effected by the participant for good reason, by the employer without cause, or as a result of the disability or death of the participant. On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution.

Effective immediately with the Share Distribution, both Joseph B. Armes and Kelly Tacke became employees of CSWI and Bowen Diehl, our President and Chief Executive Officer, continued to be an employee of our Company. The Company entered into the Employee Matters Agreement with CSWI as discussed above. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, we retained the cash incentive awards granted under the Spin-off Compensation Plan, and all liabilities with respect to the cash incentive awards remained liabilities of CSWC. The equity based awards vesting terms are as follows: (1) one-third on December 29, 2015; (2) one-third on December 29, 2016; and (3) one-third on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

The total value accretion was six percent of the aggregate appreciation in the Company's share price from \$36.16 to the combined volume-weighted average prices of both CSWC and CSWI stock as of December 29, 2015. The cash component of the Spin-off Compensation Plan was the difference between the total value

accretion and the aggregate value of the awardee's restricted common stock and non-qualified option awards under the plan. The total cash liabilities for three participants under the plan totaled \$6.1 million, of which \$2.1 million was fully vested as of December 29, 2015 and was subsequently paid out in January 2016. \$1.4 million was fully vested as of December 29, 2016 and was subsequently paid out in January 2017. The remaining payment will be fully vested on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

During each of the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we recognized the cash component of spin-off compensation expense of \$0.2 million, which represented the cash component of spin-off compensation for our current employee. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we also recorded \$0.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, directly to additional capital for the cash component of the spin-off compensation related to the two employees who transferred to CSWI, of which \$1.2 million was paid to Kelly Tacke upon her separation from CSWI.

#### 9. EMPLOYEE STOCK BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

#### **Stock Options**

On July 20, 2009, shareholders approved our 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2009 Plan"), which provides for the granting of stock options to employees and officers and authorizes the issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options for up to 560,000 shares. All options are granted at or above market price, generally expire up to 10 years from the date of grant and are generally exercisable on or after the first anniversary of the date of grant in five annual installments.

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors amended the 2009 Plan, as permitted pursuant to Section 18 of the 2009 Plan (the "First Amendment to the 2009 Plan"). The First Amendment to the 2009 Plan provides that an award agreement may allow an award to remain outstanding after a spin-off or change in control of one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, on August 28, 2014, options to purchase 259,000 shares at \$36.60 per share were granted under the 2009 Plan, as amended. On September 8, 2015, the Board of Directors designated the Share Distribution a transformative transaction for purposes of the 2009 Plan and amended the award agreements granted under the 2009 Plan to provide for accelerated vesting of the awards held by a participant in the event of a termination of such participant's service effected by the participant for good reason, by the employer without cause, or as a result of the disability or death of the participant. A third of these options were vested on December 29, 2015, a third vested on December 29, 2016 and the remaining options will vest on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

At June 30, 2017, there are options to acquire 206,364 shares of common stock outstanding. The Compensation Committee does not intend to grant additional options under the 2009 Plan or request shareholders' approval of additional stock options to be added under the 2009 Plan.

We previously granted stock options under our 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "1999 Plan"), as approved by shareholders on July 19, 1999. The 1999 Plan expired on April 19, 2009. Options previously granted under our 1999 Plan and outstanding on July 20, 1999 continue in effect and are governed by the provisions of the 1999 Plan. All options granted under the 1999 Plan were granted at market price on the date of grant, generally expire up to 10 years from the date of grant and are generally exercisable on or after the first anniversary of the date of grant in five to ten annual installments. At June 30, 2017, there are no options to acquire shares of common stock outstanding under the 1999 Plan.

At September 30, 2015, in connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into the Employee Matters Agreement, which provided that each option to acquire CSWC common stock that was outstanding immediately prior to September 30, 2015, would be converted into both an option to acquire post-Share Distribution CSWC common stock and an option to acquire CSWI common stock and would be subject to substantially the same terms and conditions (including with respect to vesting and expiration) after the September 30, 2015. Certain

adjustments, using volumetric weighted-average prices for the 10-day period immediately prior to and immediately following the distribution, were made to the exercise price and number of shares of CSWC subject to such awards, with the intention of preserving the economic value of the awards immediately prior to the distribution for all CSWC employees. We compared the fair market value of our stock options on the day of the Share Distribution with the combined fair value of our stock options and CSWI stock options the day after the completion of the Share Distribution. The distribution-related adjustments did not have an impact on compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017.

The following table summarizes activity in the 2009 Plan and the 1999 Plan as of June 30, 2017, including adjustments in connection with the Share Distribution:

Number of Shares	A	eighted verage cise Price
362,513	\$	11.21*
_		_
(131,252)		11.48
(24,897)		10.56
206,364		11.12
_		_
_		—
		_
206,364	\$	11.12
	of Shares  362,513  (131,252) (24,897) 206,364  — — —	Number of Shares  362,513 \$   (131,252)  (24,897)  206,364    206,364  \$

	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
June 30, 2017		
Outstanding	6.3 years	\$ 1,023,847
Exercisable	5.8 years	\$ 649,504

<sup>\*</sup> Certain adjustments were made to the exercise price and number of shares of Capital Southwest awards using volumetric weighted-average prices for the 10-day period immediately prior to and immediately following the distribution with the intention of preserving the economic value of the awards immediately prior to the distribution for all Capital Southwest employees.

We recognize compensation cost using the straight-line method for all share-based payments. The fair value of stock options are determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model and are expensed over the requisite service period of the related stock options. Accordingly, for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we recognized stock option compensation expense of \$48.0 thousand and \$53.9 thousand, respectively, related to the stock options held by our employees and officers.

As of June 30, 2017, the total remaining unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options was \$0.1 million, which will be amortized over the weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.3 years. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, we recognized stock-based compensation expense for awards that are held by our employees.

At June 30, 2017, the range of exercise prices was \$7.55 to \$11.66 and the weighted-average remaining contractual life of outstanding options was 6.3 years. The total number of shares of common stock exercisable under both the 2009 Plan and the 1999 Plan at June 30, 2017 was 125,141 shares with a weighted-average exercise price of \$10.89. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, no options became exercisable and no options were exercised. During the quarter ended June 30, 2016, no options were exercised.

#### **Stock Awards**

Pursuant to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan ("2010 Plan"), our Board of Directors originally reserved 188,000 shares of restricted stock for issuance to certain of our employees. At our annual shareholder meeting in August 2015, our shareholders approved an increase of an additional 450,000 shares to our 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan. A restricted stock award is an award of shares of our common stock, which generally have full voting and dividend rights but are restricted with regard to sale or transfer. Restricted stock awards are independent of stock grants and are generally subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to these restrictions lapsing. Unless otherwise specified in the award agreement, these shares vest in equal annual installments over a four- to five-year period from the grant date and are expensed over the vesting period starting on the grant date.

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors amended the 2010 Plan, as permitted pursuant to Section 14 of the 2010 Plan (the "First Amendment to the 2010 Plan"). The First Amendment to the 2010 Plan provides that an award agreement may allow an award to remain outstanding after a spin-off or change in control of one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries of CSWC. In addition, on August 28, 2014, the Board of Directors granted 127,000 shares of restricted stock under the Spin-off Compensation Plan.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution. Each holder of an outstanding Capital Southwest Restricted Stock Award immediately prior to the Share Distribution received, as of the effective date of the Share Distribution, a CSWI Restricted Stock Award for the number of CSWI Shares the holder would have received if the outstanding Capital Southwest Restricted Stock Award comprised fully vested Capital Southwest Shares as of the effective date

The vesting terms for restricted stock awards previously granted under the Spin-off Compensation Plan are as follows: (1) one-third on December 29, 2015; (2) one-third on December 29, 2016; and (3) one-third on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock available for issuance for the three months ended June 30, 2017:

Restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2017	190,502
Additional restricted stock approved under the plan	_
Restricted stock granted during the three months ended June 30, 2017	_
Restricted stock forfeited during the three months ended June 30, 2017	5,000
Restricted stock available for issuance as of June 30, 2017	195,502

We expense the cost of the restricted stock awards, which is determined to equal the fair value of the restricted stock award at the date of grant on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. For these purposes, the fair value of the restricted stock award is determined based upon the closing price of our common stock on the date of the grant. Due to the Share Distribution, the Company evaluated (1) the value of the CSWC stock awards prior to the Share Distribution and (2) the combined value of CSWC and CSWI stock awards following the Share Distribution and recorded additional incremental stock based compensation expenses.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we recognized total share based compensation expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, related to the restricted stock issued to our employees and officers.

As of June 30, 2017, the total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock awards was \$3.2 million, which will be amortized over the weighted-average vesting period of approximately 2.8 years. Subsequent to the Share Distribution, the compensation expense related to non-vested awards held by employees who are now employed by CSWI is recorded by CSWI.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock outstanding as of June 30, 2017:

Restricted Stock Awards	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value Per Share at grant date	Weighted Average Remaining Vesting Term (in Years)
Unvested at March 31, 2017	294,043	\$ 14.99	3.1
Granted	_	_	_
Vested	(1,875)	13.92	_
Forfeited	(5,000)	14.48	_
Unvested at June 30, 2017	287,168	\$ 15.01	2.8

#### **Individual Incentive Awards**

On January 16, 2012, our Board of Directors approved the issuance of 104,000 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline for measuring increases in net asset value per share of \$36.74 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2011) to provide deferred compensation to certain key employees. On January 22, 2013, the Board of Directors granted 16,200 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$41.34 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2012) to officers of the Company. On July 15, 2013, the Board of Directors granted 24,000 shares of individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$43.80 (Net Asset Value at June 30, 2013) to a key officer of the Company. Additionally, the Board of Directors granted 38,000 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$50.25 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2013) to several key employees of the Company in January 2014 and March 2014. Under the individual cash incentive award agreements, awards vest on the fifth anniversary of the award date. Upon exercise of an individual cash incentive award, the Company pays the recipient a cash payment in an amount equal to the net asset value per share minus the baseline net asset value per share, adjusted for capital gain dividends declared.

In connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into the Employee Matters Agreement with CSWI. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, the individual cash incentive award agreements were amended to provide that the value of each individual cash incentive award was determined based upon the net asset value of CSWC as of June 30, 2015. The remaining terms of each individual cash incentive award agreement, including the vesting and payment terms, will remain unchanged. After the effective date of the Share Distribution, CSWC retains all liabilities associated with all individual cash incentive awards granted by CSWC.

There are currently 48,000 individual cash incentive awards outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and the liability for individual cash incentive awards was \$0.3 million at June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, there is no remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to individual cash incentive awards.

There were no individual cash incentive awards vested or granted during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Individual Cash Incentive Awards	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Vesting Term (in Years)
Unvested at March 31, 2017	48,000	\$ 47.03	1.6
Granted	_	_	_
Vested	_	_	_
Forfeited or expired			
Unvested at June 30, 2017	48,000	\$ 47.03	1.4

#### 10. OTHER EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

We established a 401(k) plan ("401K Plan") effective October 1, 2015. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the 401K Plan. The 401K Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their total annual compensation up to the Internal Revenue Service annual maximum based on age and eligibility. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, we made contributions to the 401K Plan of up to 4.5% of the Internal Revenue Service's annual maximum eligible compensation, all of which is fully vested immediately. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we made matching contributions of approximately \$48.0 thousand and \$47.0 thousand, respectively.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On September 9, 2015, we entered into an agreement to co-manage I-45 SLF LLC (the "Joint Venture" or "I-45 SLF") with Main Street. Both companies have equal voting rights on the Joint Venture's Board of Managers. CSWC has committed to provide \$68.0 million of equity to the Joint Venture, with Main Street providing \$17.0 million. I-45 SLF invests primarily in syndicated senior secured loans in the UMM. To date, CSWC has contributed \$64.8 million and currently has unfunded equity commitments outstanding of \$3.2 million as of June 30, 2017.

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. To our knowledge, we have no currently pending material legal proceedings to which we are party or to which any of our assets is subject.

#### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. "Making available significant managerial assistance" refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio company. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we received management and other fees from certain of our portfolio companies totaling \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, which were recognized as Fees and other income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 3, 2017, CSWC paid quarterly dividends declared on May 31, 2017 in the amount of \$3.3 million, or \$0.21 per share.

#### SUMMARY OF PER SHARE INFORMATION

The following presents a summary of per share data for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (share amounts presented in thousands).

	Three Mont	
	2017	2016
Per Share Data:		
Investment income(1)	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.27
Operating expenses(1)	(0.26)	(0.21)
Income taxes(1)	(0.01)	(0.04)
Net investment income(1)	0.21	0.02
Dividends to shareholders	(0.21)	(0.06)
Net realized gain(1)	0.04	0.01
Net increase in unrealized appreciation of investments <sup>(1)</sup>	0.09	0.14
Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution, net of tax	(0.01)	(80.0)
Share based compensation expense	0.02	0.02
Other(2)	0.02	_
Increase in net asset value	0.16	0.05
Net asset value		
Beginning of period	17.80	17.34
End of period	\$ 17.96	\$ 17.39
Ratios and Supplemental Data	<del></del>	<del></del>
Ratio of operating expenses, excluding interest expense, to average net assets(3)	1.19%	1.19%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets(3)	1.20%	0.14%
Portfolio turnover	7.67%	2.06%
Total investment return(3),(4)	(3.67)%	(1.01)%
Total return based on change in NAV(3),(5)	2.08%	0.81%
Weighted-average fully diluted shares outstanding	16,072	15,791
Common shares outstanding at end of period	16,006	15,718

### SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES

#### Media Recovery, Inc.

Media Recovery, Inc. (MRI), through its subsidiary, ShockWatch, provides solutions that currently enable over 3,000 customers and some 200 partners in 62 countries to detect mishandling that causes product damage and spoilage during transport and storage. The ShockWatch product portfolio includes impact, tilt, temperature, vibration, and humidity detection systems and is widely used in the energy, transportation, aerospace, defense, food, pharmaceutical, medical device, consumer goods and manufacturing sectors.

Based on weighted average of common shares outstanding for the period.
Includes the impact of the different share amounts as a result of calculating certain per share data based on the weighted-average basic shares outstanding during the period and certain per share data based on the shares outstanding as of a period end.
Not annualized.

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and

assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by CSWC's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor. Total return based on change in NAV was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to shareholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as divided by the beginning net asset value, and has not been annualized. (5)

At June 30, 2017, the value of Media Recovery, Inc. represented 10.8% of our total assets. Below is certain selected key financial data from its Balance Sheet at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 and Income Statement for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands).

	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Current Assets	\$ 8,719	\$ 9,935
Non-Current Assets	24,521	23,173
Current Liabilities	2,351	2,083
Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 2,657	\$ 2,396

	Three months ended June 30, 2017		
Revenue	\$ 4,995	\$ 5,234	
Income from continuing operations	291	809	
Net income	291	809	

#### I-45 SLF LLC

In September 2015, we entered into an LLC agreement with Main Street to form I-45 SLF. I-45 SLF began investing in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market during the quarter ended December 31, 2015. The initial equity capital commitment to I-45 SLF totaled \$85.0 million, consisting of \$68.0 million from us and \$17.0 million from Main Street. Approximately \$81.0 million was funded as of June 30, 2017, relating to these commitments, of which \$64.8 million was from CSWC. As of June 30, 2017, CSWC has unfunded equity commitments outstanding of \$3.2 million. We own 80.0% of I-45 SLF and have a profits interest of 75.6%, while Main Street owns 20.0% and has a profits interest of 24.4%. I-45 SLF's Board of Managers makes all investment and operational decisions for the fund, and consists of equal representation from CSWC and Main Street.

As of June 30, 2017, I-45 SLF had total assets of \$231.2 million. I-45 SLF currently has approximately \$209.9 million of credit investments at fair value as of June 30, 2017. The portfolio companies in I-45 SLF are in industries similar to those in which we may invest directly. As of June 30, 2017, approximately \$11.4 million were unsettled trades. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, I-45 SLF declared a total dividend of \$3.0 million of which \$2.3 million was paid to CSWC in July 2017.

Additionally, I-45 SLF closed on a \$75.0 million 5-year senior secured credit facility (the "I-45 credit facility") in November 2015. This facility includes an accordion feature which will allow I-45 SLF to achieve leverage of approximately 2x debt-to-equity. Borrowings under the facility are secured by all of the assets of I-45 SLF and bear interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 2.5% per annum. During the year ended March 31, 2017, I-45 SLF increased debt commitments outstanding by an additional \$90.0 million by adding three additional lenders to the syndicate, bringing total debt commitments to \$165.0 million. Under the I-45 credit facility, \$132.0 million has been drawn as of June 30, 2017.

Below is a summary of I-45 SLF's portfolio, followed by a listing of the individual loans in I-45 SLF's portfolio as of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

## I-45 SLF LLC Loan Portfolio as of June 30, 2017

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
AAC Holdings	Healthcare services	First Lien	6/28/2023	L+6.75% (Floor 1.00%)	\$ 6,700,000	\$ 6,532,500	\$ 6,616,250
Ahead, LLC	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2020	L+ 6.50%	4,625,000	4,531,787	4,613,437
American Scaffold Holdings	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	3/31/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2,887,500	2,852,024	2,873,062
American Teleconferencing	Telecommunications	First Lien	12/8/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,635,955	5,199,037	5,632,461
		Second Lien	6/6/2022	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,708,571	1,645,748	1,692,554
Ansira Partners	Business services	First Lien	12/20/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,480,363	3,866,517	3,874,034
Array Technologies	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/23/2021	L+7.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4,500,000	4,422,594	4,488,750
ATX Networks Corp.	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/11/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,899,749	4,855,562	4,850,752
Beaver-Visitec International	Healthcare products	First Lien	8/21/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,962,500	4,918,402	4,962,500
California Pizza Kitchen	Food, agriculture & beverage	First Lien	8/23/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,952,475	6,909,800	6,962,626
CMN.com (Higher Education)	Consumer services	First Lien	11/3/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,868,750	6,749,431	6,868,750
Contextmedia	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	12/23/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,950,000	1,774,618	1,969,500
Digital River	Software & IT services	First Lien	2/12/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	7,015,452	6,989,989	7,050,529
Digital Room	Paper & forest products	Second Lien	5/22/2023	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,000,000	3,927,213	3,920,000
Highline Aftermarket	Automobile	First Lien	3/15/2024	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	2,992,500	2,978,049	3,022,425
Hunter Defense Technologies	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	8/5/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,644,737	2,638,846	2,489,359
iEnergizer	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.25%)	6,089,424	5,804,290	6,074,200
Imagine! Print Solutions	Media, marketing & entertainment	Second Lien	6/21/2023	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,955,000	2,970,000
InfoGroup Inc.	Software & IT services	First Lien	4/3/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,992,500	2,963,555	2,992,500
Integro Parent Inc.	Business services	First Lien	10/28/2022	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4,926,424	4,785,301	4,938,740
iPayment, Inc.	Financial services	First Lien	4/11/2023	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,951,377	5,050,000

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
KeyPoint Government Solutions	Business services	First Lien	4/18/2024	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,937,500	4,889,573	4,889,572
LSF9 Atlantis Holdings	Telecommunications	First Lien	5/1/2023	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	7,000,000	6,931,448	7,080,220
MHVC Acquisition	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	4/29/2024	L+5.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,000,000	5,970,636	6,075,000
MWI Holdings	Industrial products	First Lien	6/29/2020	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,950,000	4,912,206	4,971,656
Nielsen and Bainbridge	Wholesale	First Lien	4/26/2024	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,941,442	2,985,000
New Media Holdings II LLC	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	6/4/2020	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,884,242	6,869,816	6,867,066
PetValu	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/5/2022	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,962,500	4,920,938	4,968,703
Pike Corp.	Utilities	Second Lien	9/10/2024	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	1,000,000	990,381	1,017,500
Polycom	Telecommunications	First Lien	9/27/2023	L+5.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,206,083	6,206,083	6,293,372
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc.	Consumer services	First Lien	7/1/2019	L+5.25% (Floor 1.25%)	4,253,522	4,250,434	4,292,059
		Second Lien	7/1/2020	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	405,000	396,399	408,291
PT Network	Healthcare products	First Lien	11/30/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,981,945	3,877,303	3,889,909
Redbox Automated Retail	Gaming & leisure	First Lien	9/27/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,206,250	5,072,732	5,236,602
Sigma Electric	Industrial products	First Lien	10/13/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,987,500	4,880,635	4,987,500
SRP Companies	Consumer services	First Lien	9/11/2023	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,962,912	5,613,971	5,638,971
Teleguam Holdings	Telecommunications	Second Lien	4/12/2024	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2,000,000	1,960,000	1,990,000
Terra Millennium	Industrial products	First Lien	10/31/2022	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,912,500	6,848,567	6,947,063
TestEquity	Capital equipment	First Lien	4/28/2022	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,000,000	3,961,189	3,961,189
Time Manufacturing	Capital equipment	First Lien	2/3/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,992,500	2,978,504	2,985,019
Turning Point Brands	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	5/17/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,987,500	4,940,256	4,975,031
Tweddle Group	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	10/24/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,475,000	2,430,703	2,493,563
UniTek Global Services	Telecommunications	First Lien	1/14/2019	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,584,809	4,584,809	4,584,809
Utility One Source	Capital equipment	First Lien	4/18/2023	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,000,000	990,308	1,018,750
US Joiner (IMECO and RAACI)	Transportation & logistics	First Lien	4/16/2020	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,590,629	4,542,658	4,602,106
US Telepacific	Telecommunications	First Lien	5/2/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,968,150	4,950,625

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
VIP Cinema	Hotel, gaming & leisure	First Lien	3/1/2023	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,937,500	4,914,112	4,996,133
Water Pik, Inc.	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/8/2020	L+4.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,128,057	1,126,230	1,134,165
		Second Lien	1/8/2021	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,701,754	1,672,630	1,710,263
Total Investments						\$ 206,893,753	\$ 209,862,566

Represents the interest rate as of June 30, 2017. All interest rates are payable in cash, unless otherwise noted. The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime "P") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at June 30, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Represents the fair value determined utilizing a similar process as the Company in accordance with ASC 820. However, the determination of such fair value is determined by the Board of Managers of the Joint Venture. It is not included in the Company's Board of Directors' valuation process described elsewhere herein.

### I-45 SLF LLC Loan Portfolio as of March 31, 2017

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
Ahead, LLC	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2020	L+ 6.50%	\$ 4,687,500	\$ 4,585,980	\$ 4,640,625
American Scaffold Holdings	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	3/31/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2,925,000	2,887,177	2,910,375
American Teleconferencing	Telecommunications	First Lien	12/8/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,711,302	5,243,687	5,700,451
		Second Lien	6/6/2022	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,708,571	1,643,620	1,674,400
Ansira Partners	Business services	First Lien	12/31/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	3,921,777	3,884,092	3,893,523
Array Technologies	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/22/2021	L+7.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4,325,000	4,542,126	4,613,437
ATX Networks Corp.	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/12/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,924,812	4,877,593	4,875,564
Beaver-Visitec International	Healthcare products	First Lien	8/21/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,975,000	4,928,997	4,975,000
California Pizza Kitchen	Food, agriculture & beverage	First Lien	8/23/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,969,987	6,925,133	6,971,381
CMN.com (Higher Education)	Consumer services	First Lien	10/15/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,912,500	6,785,531	6,785,531
Contextmedia	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	12/31/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,975,000	1,787,489	1,975,000
Digital River	Software & IT services	First Lien	2/12/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	7,015,452	6,988,236	7,050,529
Digital Room	Paper & forest products	Second Lien	5/28/2023	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,000,000	3,924,128	3,924,128
Highline Aftermarket	Automobile	First Lien	3/17/2024	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,985,000	3,033,900

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
Hunter Defense Technologies	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	8/5/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,703,947	2,697,208	2,514,671
ICSH, Inc.	Containers & packaging	First Lien	12/31/2018	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	6,698,007	6,670,865	6,685,051
iEnergizer	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.25%)	6,567,046	6,217,720	6,542,748
IG Investments Holdings	Business services	First Lien	10/31/2021	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,480,470	2,469,439	2,507,856
Imagine! Print Solutions	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	3/30/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,565,489	3,526,760	3,610,057
InfoGroup Inc.	Software & IT services	First Lien	5/28/2018	L+5.50% (Floor 1.50%)	5,913,550	5,813,451	5,907,637
		First Lien	4/3/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.50%)	3,000,000	2,970,000	2,970,000
Integro Parent Inc.	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2022	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4,938,924	4,790,756	4,963,618
iPayment, Inc.	Financial services	First Lien	5/8/2017	L+5.25% (Floor 1.50%)	6,964,029	6,947,920	6,929,209
LTI Holdings, Inc.	Industrial products	First Lien	4/17/2022	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	1,974,874	1,780,886	1,974,874
Mood Media Corporation	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,503,289	4,427,043	4,483,024
MWI Holdings	Industrial products	First Lien	6/29/2020	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,962,500	4,921,442	5,006,170
New Media Holdings II LLC	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	6/4/2020	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,901,894	6,886,200	6,867,385
Northstar Travel	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	6/7/2022	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4,090,625	4,036,655	4,070,172
PetValu	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/5/2022	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,975,000	4,931,261	4,987,438
Pike Corp.	Utilities	Second Lien	8/30/2024	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	1,000,000	990,000	1,017,500
Polycom	Telecommunications	First Lien	9/27/2023	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6,445,833	6,445,833	6,547,678
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc.	Consumer services	First Lien	7/1/2019	L+5.25% (Floor 1.25%)	4,474,279	4,470,626	4,507,836
		Second Lien	7/1/2020	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	405,000	395,663	407,349
PT Network	Healthcare products	First Lien	11/30/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	3,930,277	3,883,735	3,883,735
Redbox Automated Retail	Gaming & leisure	First Lien	9/27/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6,125,000	5,958,692	6,132,963
Safe Guard	Automobile	First Lien	3/31/2024	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,250,000	3,152,500	3,225,625
Sigma Electric	Industrial products	First Lien	8/31/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,886,637	4,886,637
SRP Companies	Consumer services	First Lien	9/8/2023	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,152,273	5,106,492	5,132,212

	_	Investment	Maturity	Current Interest			
Portfolio Company	Industry	Туре	Date	Rate(1)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
TaxACT	Financial services	First Lien	12/31/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	1,269,915	1,238,463	1,269,915
Terra Millennium	Industrial products	First Lien	11/23/2022	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,956,250	6,889,423	6,956,250
Time Manufacturing	Capital Equipment	First Lien	2/10/2022	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,985,343	2,985,343
Turning Point Brands	Retail	First Lien	12/31/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,950,846	4,950,846
Tweddle Group	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	10/24/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,506,731	2,459,763	2,525,531
US Joiner (IMECO and RAACI)	Transportation & logistics	First Lien	4/16/2020	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,791,601	4,737,062	4,767,643
VIP Cinema	Hotel, gaming & leisure	First Lien	3/31/2023	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,975,275	5,059,500
Water Pik, Inc.	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/8/2020	L+4.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,137,090	1,135,097	1,139,478
		Second Lien	1/8/2021	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,789,474	1,756,683	1,802,895
Total Investments						\$ 197,494,528	\$ 200,242,690

Represents the interest rate as of March 31, 2017. All interest rates are payable in cash, unless otherwise noted. The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("P") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Represents the fair value determined utilizing a similar process as the Company in accordance with ASC 820. However, the determination of such fair value is determined by the Board of Managers of the Joint Venture. It is not included in the Company's Board of Directors' valuation process described elsewhere herein.

Below is certain summarized financial information for I-45 SLF LLC as of June 30, 2017 and for the three months ended June 30, 2017 (amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Selected Balance Sheet Information:		
Investments, at fair value (cost \$206,894 and \$197,494)	\$ 209,862	\$ 200,243
Cash and cash equivalents	15,244	12,093
Due from broker	4,013	1,732
Deferred financing costs and other assets	1,544	1,659
Interest receivable	583	474
Total assets	\$ 231,246	\$ 216,201
Senior credit facility payable	\$ 132,000	\$ 122,000
Payable for unsettled transactions	11,447	11,795
Other liabilities	3,195	2,988
Total liabilities	\$ 146,642	\$ 136,783
Members' equity	84,604	79,418
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 231,246	\$ 216,201

		Ionths Ended e 30, 2017	 Ionths Ended 2 30, 2016
Selected Statement of Operations Information:			
Total revenues	\$	3,951	\$ 2,158
Total expenses		(1,552)	(753)
Net investment income		2,399	 1,405
Net unrealized appreciation		221	808
Net realized gains		614	187
Net increase in members' equity resulting from			
operations	\$	3,234	\$ 2,400

#### CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Unaudited Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Portfolio Company/ Type of Investment(1)	Inte or D Cre	nount of rest, Fees dividends edited in come(2)	Fair Value at March 31, 2017	Gross <u>Additions(3)</u>	Rec	Gross luctions(4)		ir Value at 1e 30, 2017
Control Investments								
I-45 SLF LLC	ď	2.204	ф C2 20E	ф. 4.1.4O	ተ		ď	C7 F2F
80% LLC equity interest	\$	2,304	\$ 63,395	\$ 4,140	\$	_	\$	67,535
Media Recovery, Inc.								
800,000 shares Series A Convertible Preferred Stock,								
convertible into 800,000 shares common stock		113	5,590	_		(313)		5,277
4,000,002 shares common stock		650	32,249	_		(1,804)		30,445
TitanLiner								
1,189,609 shares Series B convertible preferred stock		54	2,777	686		_		3,463
702,475 shares Series A convertible preferred stock		_	_	5,382		_		5,382
Total Control				<u></u> -				
Investments	\$	3,121	\$ 104,011	\$ 10,208	\$	(2,117)	\$	112,102
Affiliate Investments								
Chandler Signs, LP								
Senior secured debt		140	4,478	3		(52)		4,429
1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock		_	2,661	_		(280)		2,381
Total Affiliate Investments	\$	140	\$ 7,139	\$ 3	\$	(332)	\$	6,810
<b>Total Control &amp; Affiliate Investments</b>	\$	3,261	\$ 111,150	\$ 10,211	\$	(2,449)	\$	118,912

The principal amount and ownership detail as shown in the Consolidated Schedules of Investments.

existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.

Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and exchanges of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category and into a different category.

Represents the total amount of interest, fees and dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Control or Affiliate categories, respectively.

Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, follow-on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in unrealized depreciation as well as movement of an

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders Capital Southwest Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of Capital Southwest Corporation (a Texas corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company"), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2017 and the selected per share data and ratios for each of the five years in the period ended March 31, 2017. Our audits of the basic consolidated financial statements included the Schedule of Investments In and Advances to Affiliates listed in the index appearing under Item 15(2). These financial statements, per share data and ratios, and financial statements chedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements, per share data and ratios, and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedules of investments, referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Capital Southwest Corporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations, changes in their net assets and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2017, and the selected per share data and ratios for each of the five years in the period ended March 31, 2017, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2017, based on criteria established in the 2013 *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated June 1, 2017 (not separately included herein), expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Dallas, Texas June 1, 2017

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(In thousands except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Assets		
Investments at fair value:		
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments (Cost: March 31, 2017 - \$172,437, March 31, 2016 - \$101,538)	\$175,731	\$ 99,279
Affiliate investments (Cost: March 31, 2017 - \$5,925, March 31, 2016 - \$6,356)	7,138	10,618
Control investments (Cost: March 31, 2017 - \$72,178, March 31, 2016 - \$42,215)	104,011	68,539
Total investments (Cost: March 31, 2017 - \$250,540, March 31, 2016 - \$150,110)	286,880	178,436
Cash and cash equivalents	22,386	95,969
Receivables:		
Dividends and interest	3,137	1,752
Escrow	545	3,424
Other	626	219
Income tax receivable	_	1,010
Deferred tax asset	2,017	2,342
Debt issuance costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$366 and \$- as of March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively)	2,137	
Other assets	8,024	1,341
Total assets	\$325,752	\$284,493
Liabilities		
Credit facility	\$ 25,000	\$ —
Other liabilities	5,996	5,088
Payable for unsettled transactions	_	3,940
Dividends payable	7,191	625
Accrued restoration plan liability	2,170	2,205
Deferred income taxes	323	
Total liabilities	40,680	11,858
Net Assets		
Common stock, \$0.25 par value per share: authorized, 25,000,000 shares; issued, 18,350,808 shares at March 31, 2017 and 18,065,518 shares at March 31, 2016	4,588	4,516
Additional capital	261,472	262,539
Accumulated net investment loss	(1,457)	(307)
Accumulated net realized gain	8,390	1,498
Unrealized appreciation on investments, net of income taxes	36,016	28,326
Treasury stock - at cost, 2,339,512 shares	(23,937)	(23,937)
Total net assets	285,072	272,635
Total liabilities and net assets	\$325,752	\$284,493
Net asset value per share (16,011,296 shares outstanding at March 31, 2017 and 15,726,006 shares outstanding at March 31,		
2016)	<u>\$ 17.80</u>	\$ 17.34

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands except share and per share data)

		Years Ended March 31,				
Investment income:		2017	_	2016	_	2015
Interest and dividends:						
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	\$	11.759	\$	4,409	\$	356
Affiliate investments	Ψ	723	Ψ.	135	Ψ.	581
Control investments		9,842		3,489		8,294
Interest income from cash and cash equivalents		166		386		122
Fees and other income		984		741		595
Total investment income		23,474	_	9,160	_	9,948
Operating expenses:			_		_	
Compensation		6,330		7,310		5,625
Spin-off compensation plan		690		1,303		_
Share-based compensation		1,197		1,181		1,027
Interest		989		_		_
Net pension expense (benefit)		166		(99)		(280)
Spin-off professional fees		_		7,040		1,819
General and administrative		4,435		4,390		3,932
Total operating expenses		13,807		21,125		12,123
Income (loss) before income taxes		9,667		(11,965)		(2,175)
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,779		(1,278)		270
Net investment income (loss)	\$	7,888	\$	(10,687)	\$	(2,445)
Realized gain (loss):						
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments		3,992		(9,575)		8,226
Affiliate investments		3,876		(1,458)		157,213
Control investments		28		231		(1,175)
Total net realized gain (loss) on investments before income tax		7,896		(10,802)		164,264
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments:						
Portfolio company investments		8,013		16,089		(108,377)
Income tax provision		(323)				
Total net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments		7,690		16,089		(108,377)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$	15,586	\$	5,287	\$	55,887
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	\$	23,474	\$	(5,400)	\$	53,442
Pre-tax net investment income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$	0.61	\$	(0.76)	\$	(0.14)
Net investment income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$	0.50	\$	(0.68)	\$	(0.16)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations - basic and diluted	\$	1.48	\$	(0.35)	\$	3.44
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	15,	,824,879	1	5,635,597		15,491,870
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	15,	,877,331	_1	5,723,617	_1	15,530,974

# CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

(In thousands)

	Ye	31,	
	2017	2016	2015
Operations:			
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 7,888	\$ (10,687)	\$ (2,445)
Net realized (loss) gain on investments	7,896	(10,802)	164,264
Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments, net of tax	7,690	16,089	(108,377)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	23,474	(5,400)	53,442
Distributions from:			
Undistributed net investment income	(8,132)	(625)	(3,083)
Realized gains	(4,428)	(1,544)	_
Taxes incurred on deemed capital gain distributions	_	(2,948)	(54,370)
Distributions of CSW Industrials, Inc.			
Decrease in unrealized appreciation related to spin-off investments	_	(458,338)	_
Distribution from additional capital for spin-off	_	(26,279)	_
Spin-Off Compensation Plan distribution, net of tax of \$692, \$- and \$- for the years ended March 31,			
2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	(1,175)	(1,261)	_
Capital share transactions:			
Change in pension plan funded status	(6)	_	(789)
Exercise of employee stock options	1,507	431	803
Share-based compensation expense	1,197	1,181	1,027
Increase (decrease) in net assets	12,437	(494,783)	(2,970)
Net assets, beginning of period	272,635	767,418	770,388
Net assets, end of period	\$285,072	\$ 272,635	\$ 767,418

## CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Yea	31,	
	2017	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities		d (= 400)	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	\$ 23,474	\$ (5,400)	\$ 53,442
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	(4.45.550)	(400.04.4)	(5.404)
Purchases and originations of investments	(145,778)	(123,014)	(7,421)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies	44,568	529	1,701
Proceeds from sales and return of capital of equity investments in portfolio companies	7,692	19,637	203,991
Payment of accreted original issue discounts	1,218	12	
Depreciation and amortization	459	86	55
Net pension benefit	(41)	(308)	(530)
Realized (gain) loss on investments before income tax	(7,896)	10,802	(164,264)
Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	(8,013)	(16,089)	108,377
Accretion of discounts on investments	(434)	(96)	
Payment-in-kind interest	(63)	<del>-</del>	
Stock option and restricted awards expense	1,197	1,181	1,027
Deferred income taxes	1,813	(363)	(528)
Changes in other assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in dividend and interest receivable	(1,385)	(1,675)	705
Decrease (increase) in escrow receivables	2,860	(570)	(3,687)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(127)	1,173	(137)
Decrease (increase) in tax receivable	1,010	(915)	72
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(6,775)	(601)	(604)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	602	165	2,085
(Decrease) increase in payable for unsettled transaction	(3,940)	3,940	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(89,559)	(111,506)	194,284
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from credit facility	25,000	_	_
Debt issuance costs paid	(2,503)	_	_
Taxes incurred on deemed capital gain distribution	_	(2,948)	(54,370)
Dividends to shareholders	(5,994)	(1,544)	(3,083)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	1,507	431	803
Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution	(2,034)	(1,261)	_
Cash distribution to CSW Industrials, Inc.		(13,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	15,976	(18,322)	(56,650)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(73,583)	(129,828)	137,634
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	95,969	225,797	88,163
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 22,386	\$ 95,969	\$ 225,797
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:			
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 289	\$ 2,948	\$ 54,732
Cash paid for interest	325		
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities:	5_5		
Dividend declared, not yet paid	\$ 7,191	\$ 625	\$ —
Noncash adjustment to realized gain for escrow receivable	118	_	_
Cost of Investments spun-off(1)	_	6,981	_
Decrease in unrealized appreciation due to spin-off of CSWI(1)	_	458,338	_
Net pension assets(1)	_	9,687	_
Change in deferred tax liabilities(1)	_	3,391	
Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution accrued, not yet paid	345	513	_
	545	019	

<sup>(1)</sup> These non-cash items are related to the spin-off of CSW Industrials, Inc. at September 30, 2015.

# CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

March 31, 2017

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments(5)							
AG KINGS HOLDINGS(8)	First Lien	Food, agriculture & beverage	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	8/10/2021	\$ 9,900,000	\$ 9,720,743	\$ 9,900,000
AMERICAN TELECONFERENCING	First Lien	Telecommunications	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	12/8/2021	6,733,503	6,559,616	6,720,709
	Second Lien		L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/6/2022	2,005,714	1,929,670	1,965,600
AMWARE FULFILLMENT	First Lien	Distribution	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2019	13,065,000	12,858,885	12,934,350
ARGON MEDICAL DEVICES	Second Lien	Healthcare products	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/23/2022	5,000,000	4,871,024	5,000,000
BINSWANGER CORP.	First Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/9/2022	13,251,760	12,988,847	12,988,848
	900,000 shares of common stock					900,000	900,000
						13,888,847	13,888,848
CALIFORNIA PIZZA KITCHEN	First Lien	Restaurants	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	8/23/2022	4,975,000	4,929,234	4,975,995
CAST AND CREW PAYROLL, LLC	Second Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+7.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/12/2023	3,705,263	3,685,537	3,671,916
DEEPWATER CORROSION SERVICES, INC.	127,004 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock	Energy services (upstream)	_	_	_	8,000,000	9,956,000
DIGITAL RIVER, INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2021	7.032.285	7,001,500	7,067,446
DIGITAL ROOM INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5/21/2023	7,000,000	6,864,682	6,864,682
DUNN PAPER, INC.	Second Lien	Paper & forest products	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/26/2023	3,000,000	2,942,972	2,970,000
ELITE SEM, INC.(8)	First Lien 1,000 shares of	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+8.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/1/2022	12,150,000	11,864,161	11,864,161
	common stock		12% PIK	_	_	1,019,667	1,020,000
						12,883,828	12,884,161
IMAGINE! PRINT SOLUTIONS, INC.	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/30/2022	4,853,233	4,800,146	4,913,898
INFOGROUP INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+5.50% (Floor 1.50%)	5/26/2018	4,895,007	4,822,951	4,890,112
LIGHTING RETROFIT INTERNATIONAL	First Lien	Environmental services	L+9.75% (Floor 0.5%)	9/28/2021	10,222,222	10,126,394	10,126,394
LTI HOLDINGS, INC.	Second Lien	Industrial products	L+9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4/17/2023	7,000,000	6,853,685	6,825,000

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(3)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(4)
PREPAID LEGAL SERVICES, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer services	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	7/1/2020	5,000,000	4,955,404	5,029,000
REDBOX AUTOMATED RETAIL	First Lien	Gaming & leisure	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	9/27/2021	8,750,000	8,505,558	8,761,375
RESEARCH NOW GROUP, INC.	Second Lien	Business services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3/18/2022	7,000,000	6,918,134	6,860,000
RESTAURANT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Second Lien	Restaurants	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	11/23/2023	3,500,000	3,449,262	3,482,500
TAXACT, INC.	First Lien	Financial services	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	12/31/2022	2,775,000	2,722,263	2,775,000
VISTAR MEDIA INC.	First Lien Warrants	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2/16/2022	11,000,000	9,898,494	9,898,494 886,000
		Consumer products &	L+8.75%			10,784,494	10,784,494
WATER PIK, INC.	Second Lien	retail	(Floor 1.00%)	2/8/2021	4,473,684	4,385,853	4,507,237
WINZER CORPORATION	Senior subordinated debt	Distribution	11.00%	6/1/2021	8,100,000	7,976,347	7,976,347
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments						\$ 172,437,029	\$ 175,731,064
Affiliate Investments(6)							
CHANDLER SIGNS, LP(13)	Senior subordinated debt 1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock	Business services	12.00%	7/4/2021	4,500,000	4,425,310 1,500,000	4,477,500 2,661,000
	Chastr r common stock					5,925,310	7,138,500
Total Affiliate Investments						\$ 5,925,310	\$ 7,138,500
Control Investments(7) I-45 SLF LLC(9),(10),(11)	80% LLC equity interest	Multi-sector holdings	_	_	_	\$ 60,800,000	\$ 63,394,679
MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.(11)	800,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock 4,000,002 shares of common stock	Industrial products	- -	_ _	<u>-</u> -	800,000 <u>4,615,000</u> 5,415,000	5,590,249 <u>32,248,751</u> 37,839,000
						3,413,000	37,033,000

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment(2)	Industry	Current Interest Rate(3)	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Cost	Fair Value(4)
TITANLINER, INC.	1,189,609 shares of Series B convertible preferred stock 339,277 shares of Series A convertible	Energy services (upstream)	6% PIK	_	_	2,758,528	2,777,000
	preferred stock		_	_	_	3,204,222	
						5,962,750	2,777,000
Total Control Investments						\$ 72,177,750	\$104,010,679
TOTAL INVESTMENTS(12)						\$250,540,089	\$286,880,243

- All debt investments are income-producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity investments are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
- All of the Company's investments, unless otherwise noted, are encumbered as security for the Company's senior secured credit facility.

  The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("P") and reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. Certain investments, as noted, accrue payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest.

  Investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard
- Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

  Non-control/Non-affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments. At March 31, 2017, approximately
- 61.3% of the Company's investment assets were non-control/non-affiliate investments.

  Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5.0% and 25.0% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At March 31, 2017, approximately 2.5% of the Company's investment assets were affiliate investments.
- Control investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which more than 25.0% of the voting securities are owned or where greater than 50.0% of the board representation is maintained. At March 31, 2017, approximately 36.2% of the Company's investment assets were control investments.

  The investment is structured as a first lien last out term loan and earns interest in addition to the stated rate.
- Indicates assets that are considered "non-qualifying assets" under section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.0% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
- The investment has approximately \$7.2 million unfunded commitment as of March 31, 2017.
- Income producing through dividends on distributions.

  As of March 31, 2017, the cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for federal income tax purposes is approximately \$40.1 million; cumulative gross unrealized depreciation for federal income tax purposes is \$3.4 million. Cumulative net unrealized appreciation is \$36.7 million, based on a tax cost of \$250.1 million.

  Chandler Signs, LP Class A-1 common stock is held through a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary. (12)

# CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

March 31, 2016

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment	Industry	Current Interest Rate(2)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(3)
Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments(4)	Investment	Industry	Kate(2)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	Fair value(3)
360 HOLDINGS III CORP.	First Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+9.00% (Floor 1.00%)	10/1/2021	\$ 6,965,000	\$ 6,695,926	\$ 6,721,225
ARGON MEDICAL DEVICES	Second Lien	Healthcare products	L+9.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/23/2022	5,000,000	4,854,244	4,962,500
BDF ACQUISITION CORP.	Second Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2022	5,000,000	4,803,167	4,825,000
CAST AND CREW PAYROLL, LLC	Second Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+7.75% (Floor 1.00%)	8/12/2023	5,000,000	4,970,378	4,725,000
DEEPWATER CORROSION SERVICES, INC.	127,004 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock	Energy services (upstream)	_	_	_	8,000,000	5,046,000
DIGITAL RIVER, INC.	First Lien	Software & IT services	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2/12/2021	4,632,285	4,598,218	4,626,495
FREEDOM TRUCK FINANCE, LLC(5),(6)	Senior secured debt	Financial services	Prime plus 9.75% (Floor 3.25%)	4/15/2016	5,839,504	5,839,504	5,839,504
HYGEA HOLDINGS	First Lien Warrants	Healthcare services	L+9.25% —	2/22/2019	8,000,000	7,298,715 546,000	7,298,715 546,000
						7,844,715	7,844,715
IMAGINE! PRINT SOLUTIONS, INC.	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/30/2022	4,000,000	3,940,000	3,940,000
LTI HOLDINGS, INC.	Second Lien	Industrial products	L+9.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4/17/2023	7,000,000	6,837,644	6,298,099
PREPAID LEGAL SERVICES, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer services	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	7/1/2020	5,000,000	4,944,630	4,950,000
RESEARCH NOW GROUP, INC.	Second Lien	Business services	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	3/18/2022	7,000,000	6,906,072	6,790,000
ROYAL HOLDINGS, INC.	Second Lien	Specialty chemicals	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6/19/2023	1,000,000	992,994	955,000
TAXACT, INC.	First Lien	Financial services	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	12/31/2022	4,500,000	4,405,601	4,432,500
TITANLINER, INC.	Senior subordinated debt		8.50%	6/30/2017	2,747,000	2,747,000	2,747,000
	339,277 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock	Energy services (upstream)	_	_	_	3,204,222 5,951,222	3,352,000 6,099,000

Portfolio Company(1)	Type of Investment	Industry	Current Interest Rate(2)	Maturity	Principal	Cost	FairValue(3)
TRAX DATA	Common stock	Software & IT services	_			817,781	1,916,000
VIVID SEATS	First Lien	Media, marketing & entertainment	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3/1/2022	7,000,000	6,514,058	6,632,500
WATER PIK, INC.	Second Lien	Consumer products & retail	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	2/8/2021	4,780,702	4,667,815	4,720,943
WINZER CORPORATION	Senior subordinated debt	Distribution	11.00%	5/31/2021	8,100,000	7,954,440	7,954,440
Total Non-control/Non-affiliate Investments						\$ 101,538,409	\$ 99,278,921
Affiliate Investments(7)			10.000/	= / / /0.00 /	. =		
CHANDLER SIGNS, LP(13)	Senior subordinated debt 1,500,000 units of	Business services	12.00%	7/4/2021	4,500,000	4,412,800	4,412,800
	Class A-1 common stock		_	_	_	1,500,000	2,529,000
						5,912,800	6,941,800
kSEP HOLDINGS, INC.	861,591 shares of common stock	Healthcare products	_	_	_	443,518	3,676,000
Total Affiliate Investments						\$ 6,356,318	\$ 10,617,800
Control Investments(8) I-45 SLF LLC(6), (9), (10)	80% LLC equity interest	Multi-sector holdings	_	_	_	\$ 36,800,000	\$ 36,337,174
MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.(10)	800,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock 4,000,002 shares of	Industrial products Specialty	_	_	_	800,000	4,757,452
	common stock	chemicals	_	_	_	4,615,000 5,415,000	27,444,548 32,202,000
Total Control Investments						\$ 42,215,000	\$ 68,539,174
TOTAL INVESTMENTS(11)						\$ 150,109,727	\$ 178,435,895

All debt investments are income-producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity investments are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted. (1)

The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("Prime") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each investment, the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2016. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor.

Investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Non-control/Non-affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments. At March 31, 2016, approximately

Non-Coliton/Non-affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5.0% and 25.0% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At March 31, 2016, approximately 6.0% of the Company's investment has \$1.7 million unfunded commitment as of March 31, 2016. Indicates assets that the Company believes do not represent "qualifying assets" under section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.0% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

Affiliate investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5.0% and 25.0% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as control investments. At March 31, 2016, approximately 6.0% of the Company's investment assets are affiliate investments.

- Control investments are generally defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which more than 25.0% of the voting securities are owned or maintains greater than 50.0% of the board representation. At March 31, 2016, approximately 38.4% of the Company's investment assets are control investments.

  The investment has approximately \$31.2 million unfunded commitment as of March 31, 2016.

  Income producing through dividends on distributions.

  As of March 31, 2016, the cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for federal income tax purposes is \$4.6 million. Cumulative errors unrealized appreciation is \$30.8 million, based on a tax cost of \$147.7 million.

  Changes to the Consolidated Schedule of Investments at March 31, 2016 are presentation changes only to confirm to current period presentation.

  Changles Signs, LP Class A-1 common stock is held through a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary.

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

## **Organization**

Capital Southwest Corporation ("CSWC") is an investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Until September 1969, we operated as a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") licensed under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. At that time, CSWC transferred to its then wholly-owned subsidiary, Capital Southwest Venture Corporation ("CSVC"), certain assets including our license as a "SBIC". CSVC was a closed-end, non-diversified investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Effective June 14, 2016, CSVC was dissolved and its SBIC license was surrendered. All assets held in CSVC were transferred to CSWC upon dissolution. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a business development company ("BDC") subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980. In order to remain a BDC, we must meet certain specified requirements under the 1940 Act, including investing at least 70% of our assets in eligible portfolio companies and limiting the amount of leverage we incur.

We are also a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC status, which requires that we qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

Capital Southwest Management Corporation ("CSMC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, equipment and other administrative costs required for day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a direct wholly owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity (the "Taxable Subsidiary"). The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies, or LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior and subordinated investments in the lower middle market, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in upper middle market companies. Our target lower middle market ("LMM") companies typically have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range in size from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our upper middle market ("UMM") investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million and typically range in size from \$3.0 million to \$10.0 million. We make available significant managerial assistance to the companies in which we invest as we believe that providing managerial assistance to an investee company is critical to its business development activities.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the spin-off (the "Share Distribution") of CSW Industrials, Inc. ("CSWI"). CSWI is now an independent publicly traded company. CSWI's common stock trades on the Nasdaq

Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "CSWI." The Share Distribution was effected through a tax-free, pro-rata distribution of 100% of CSWI's common stock to shareholders of the Company. Each Company shareholder received one share of CSWI common stock for every one share of Company common stock on the record date, September 18, 2015. Cash was paid in lieu of any fractional shares of CSWI common stock.

Following the Share Distribution, we have maintained operations as an internally-managed BDC and pursue a credit-focused investing strategy akin to similarly structured organizations. We intend to continue to provide capital to middle-market companies. In the future, we intend to invest primarily in debt securities, including senior debt, second lien and subordinated debt, and may also invest in preferred stock and common stock alongside our debt investments or through warrants.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). We meet the definition of an investment company and follow the accounting and reporting guidance in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946 – *Financial Services* – *Investment Companies* ("ASC Topic 946"). Under rules and regulations applicable to investment companies, we are generally precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company, subject to certain exceptions. One of the exceptions to this general principle occurs if the investment company has an investment in an operating company that provides services to the investment company. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements include CSMC, our management company, and the Taxable Subsidiary.

#### Portfolio Investment Classification

We classify our investments in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are generally defined as investments in which we own more than 25.0% of the voting securities or have rights to maintain greater than 50.0% of the board representation; "Affiliate investments" are generally defined as investments in which we own between 5.0% and 25.0% of the voting securities; and "Non-control/Non-affiliate investments" are generally defined as investments that are neither "Control Investments" nor "Affiliate Investments."

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC must meet certain requirements, including investing at least 70.0% of our assets in qualifying assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

- (1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of those securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to any rules that may be prescribed by the SEC.
- (2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.
- (3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.
- (4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for the securities and we already own at least 60.0% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.

- (5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to those securities.
- (6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

Additionally, in order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- (1) Continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- (2) Derive in each taxable year at least 90.0% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities, loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test"); and
- (3) Diversify our holdings such that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (collectively, the "Diversification Tests").

The two Diversification Tests must be satisfied quarterly. If a RIC satisfies the tests for one quarter, and then, due solely to fluctuations in market value, fails to meet one of the tests in the next quarter, it retains RIC status. A RIC that fails to meet the Diversification Tests as a result of a nonqualified acquisition may be subject to excess taxes unless the nonqualified acquisition is disposed of and the tests are satisfied within 30 days of the close of the quarter in which the tests are failed.

This quarter we satisfied all RIC tests and have only 11.8% in nonqualified assets according to measurement criteria established in IRC Section 851(d).

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of CSWC.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> We account for substantially all of our financial instruments at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 820 – *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC Topic 820"). ASC Topic 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework used to measure fair value, and requires disclosures for fair value measurements, including the categorization of financial instruments into a three-level hierarchy based on the transparency of valuation inputs. ASC Topic 820 requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate such value. We believe that the carrying amounts of our financial instruments such as cash, receivables and payables approximate the fair value of these items due to the short maturity of these instruments. This is considered a Level 1 valuation technique. The carrying value of our credit facility approximates fair value because the interest rate adjusts to the market interest rate (Level 3 input). See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion regarding the fair value measurements and hierarchy.

<u>Investments</u> Investments are stated at fair value and are reviewed and approved by our Board of Directors as described in the Notes to the Consolidated Schedule of Investments and Notes 3 and 4 below. Investments are recorded on a trade date basis.

Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment or a financial instrument and the cost basis of the investment or financial investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written off during the period net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the investment portfolio and financial instruments and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, which consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase, are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits at financial institutions. We deposit our cash balances in financial institutions and, at times, such balances may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limits. At March 31, 2017 and 2016, cash balances totaling \$19.6 million and \$93.7 million, respectively, exceeded FDIC insurance limits, subjecting us to risk related to the uninsured balance. All of our cash deposits are held at large established high credit quality financial institutions and management believes that the risk of loss associated with any uninsured balances is remote.

<u>Segment Information</u> We operate and manage our business in a singular segment. As an investment company, we invest in portfolio companies in various industries and geographic areas as discussed in Note 3.

<u>Consolidation</u> As permitted under Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Regulation S-X and ASC Topic 946, we generally do not consolidate our investment in a portfolio company other than an investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to CSWC. Accordingly, we consolidated the results of CSWC's wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Taxable Subsidiary and CSWC's wholly-owned management company, CSMC. All intercompany balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We have identified investment valuation and revenue recognition as our most critical accounting estimates.

Interest and Dividend Income Interest and dividend income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recognized on the record date. Discounts/premiums received to par on loans purchased are capitalized and accreted or amortized into income over the life of the loan using the effective interest method. Any remaining discount/premium is accreted or amortized into income upon prepayment of the loan. In accordance with our valuation policy, accrued interest and dividend income is evaluated periodically for collectability. When we do not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, we will generally establish a reserve against interest income receivable, thereby placing the loan or debt security on non-accrual status, and cease to recognize interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding its ability to service debt or other obligations, it will be restored to accrual basis. As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, we did not have any investments on non-accrual status.

To maintain RIC tax treatment, non-cash sources of income such as accretion of interest income may need to be paid out to shareholders in the form of distributions, even though CSWC may not have collected the interest income. For the year ended March 31, 2017, approximately 1.8% of CSWC's total investment income was attributable to non-cash interest income for the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction. For the year ended March 31, 2016, approximately 1.0% of CSWC's total investment income was attributable to non-cash interest income for the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction.

Payment-in-Kind Interest The Company currently holds, and expects to hold in the future, some investments in its portfolio that contain payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest and dividend provisions. The PIK interest and dividends, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, are added to the principal balance of the loan, rather than being paid to the Company in cash, and are recorded as interest and dividend income. Thus, the actual collection of PIK interest and dividends may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment or disposition of equity investment. PIK interest and dividends, which are non-cash sources of income, are included in the Company's taxable income and therefore affect the amount the Company is required to distribute to stockholders to maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company ("RIC") for federal income tax purposes, even though the Company has not yet collected the cash. Generally, when current cash interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if the Company otherwise does not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, the Company will place the investment on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing PIK interest and dividend income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company writes off any accrued and uncollected PIK interest and dividends when it is determined that the PIK interest and dividends are no longer collectible. For the year ended March 31, 2017, approximately 0.3% of CSWC's total investment income was attributable to non-cash PIK interest and dividend income.

<u>Debt Issuance Costs</u> Debt issuance costs include commitment fees and other costs related to CSWC's senior secured credit facility (as discussed further in Note 5). These costs have been capitalized and are amortized into interest expense over the term of the credit facility.

<u>Federal Income Taxes</u> CSWC has elected and intends to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") necessary to qualify as a RIC. By meeting these requirements, we will not be subject to corporate federal income taxes on ordinary income distributed to shareholders. In order to qualify as a RIC, the Company is required to timely distribute to its shareholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the IRC, each year. Investment company taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Investment company taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains and losses are not included in investment company taxable income until they are realized.

In addition to the requirement that we must annually distribute at least 90.0% of our investment company taxable income, we may either distribute or retain our realized net capital gains from investments, but any net capital gains not distributed may be subject to corporate level tax. If we retain the capital gains, they are classified as a "deemed distribution" to our shareholders and are subject to our corporate tax rate of 35.0%. As an investment company that qualifies as a RIC under the IRC, federal income taxes payable on security gains that we elect to retain are accrued only on the last day of our tax year, December 31. Any capital gains actually distributed to shareholders are generally taxable to the shareholders as long-term capital gains. See Note 6 for further discussion.

CSMC, a wholly owned subsidiary of CSWC, and the Taxable Subsidiary are not RICs and are required to pay taxes at the current corporate rate of 34%. For tax purposes, CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary have elected to be treated as taxable entities, and therefore are not consolidated for tax purposes and are taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on taxable income and, as a result of their activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The taxable income, or loss, of each of CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

Management evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions with respect to tax at the Company level not deemed to meet the "more-

likely-than-not" threshold would be recorded as an expense in the current year. Management's conclusions regarding tax positions will be subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Company has concluded that it does not have any uncertain tax positions that meet the recognition of measurement criteria of ASC 740 for the current period. Also, we account for interest and, if applicable, penalties for any uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. No interest or penalty expense was recorded during the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

<u>Deferred Taxes</u> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for losses or income at our taxable subsidiaries using statutory tax rates. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. See Note 6 for further discussion.

Stock-Based Compensation We account for our stock-based compensation using the fair value method, as prescribed by FASB ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. Accordingly, we recognize stock-based compensation cost on a straight-line basis for all share-based payments awards granted to employees. The fair value of stock options are determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model and are expensed over the requisite service period of the related stock options. For restricted stock awards, we measured the grant date fair value based upon the market price of our common stock on the date of the grant. For restricted stock awards, we will amortize this fair value to share-based compensation expense over the vesting term. The unvested shares of restricted stock awarded pursuant to CSWC's equity compensation plans are participating securities and are included in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation. At the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, weighted-average basic shares were adjusted for the diluted effect of stock-based awards of 52,452, 88,020 and 39,104, respectively. For individual cash incentive awards, the option value of the individual cash incentive awards is calculated based on the changes in net asset value of our Company. In connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into an Employee Matters Agreement (the "Employee Matters Agreement") with CSWI. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, the value of individual cash incentive awards was determined based upon the net asset value of CSWC as of June 30, 2015. See Note 9 for further discussion.

<u>Shareholder Distributions</u> Distributions to common shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount of distributions, if any, is determined by the Board of Directors each quarter.

<u>Presentation</u> Presentation of certain amounts on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the prior year comparative financial statements is updated to conform to the current period presentation. This mainly includes disclosure of amounts at a more disaggregated level.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, *Interest-Imputation of Interest* (Subtopic 835-30), *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs.* ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Subsequently, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, *Interest-Imputation of Interest* (Subtopic 835-30), *Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements*. ASU 2015-15 allows debt issuance costs for lines of credit to be presented as an asset and subsequently amortized ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. We adopted this guidance during the quarter ended September 30, 2016.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet a right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability for all leases with terms greater than 12 months. The guidance also requires qualitative and quantitative disclosures designed to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard requires the use of a modified retrospective transition approach, which includes a number of optional

practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. CSWC is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on its financial statements, but the impact of the adoption is not expected to be material.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation – Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, which is intended to simplify several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods therein. Early application is permitted. CSWC completed its assessment of the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements, and based on our assessment, determined there would be no material change to the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under SAC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)—Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients. This ASU clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. The FASB tentatively decided to defer the effective date of the new revenue standard for public entities under U.S. GAAP for one year. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. CSWC completed its initial assessment in evaluating the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements and based on its initial assessment determined that its financial contracts are excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09. As a result of the scope exception for financial contracts, the Company's management has determined that there will be no material changes to the recognition timing and classification of revenues and expenses; additionally, the Company's management does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-09 to have a significant impact to pretax income upon adoption. The Company will continue to evaluate the impacts of ASU 2014-09 through the date of adoption to ensure that its initial assessment continues to remain accurate. Additionally, the Company is continuing its assessment of ASU 2014-09's impact on its consolidated financial statement disclosures.

#### **INVESTMENTS** 3.

The following tables show the composition of the investment portfolio, at cost and fair value (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments), as of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

		Percentage of		Percentage of
	Cost	Total Portfolio (dollars in	Fair Value	Total Portfolio
March 31, 2017:		(dollars ill	illillions )	
•				
1st lien loans(1)	\$106.8	42.6%	\$ 107.8	37.6%
2nd lien loans	46.9	18.7	47.2	16.5
Subordinated debt	12.4	4.9	12.5	4.3
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	23.6	9.5	56.0	19.5
I-45 SLF, LLC(2)	60.8	24.3	63.4	22.1
	\$250.5	100.0%	\$ 286.9	100.0%
March 31, 2016:	<del></del>		<del></del>	
1st lien loans	\$ 39.3	26.2%	\$ 39.5	22.1%
2nd lien loans	39.0	26.0	38.2	21.4
Subordinated debt	15.1	10.1	15.1	8.5
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	19.9	13.2	49.3	27.6
I-45 SLF, LLC(2)	36.8	24.5	36.3	20.4
	\$150.1	100.0%	\$ 178.4	100.0%

The following tables show the composition of the investment portfolio by industry, at cost and fair value (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments), as of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

		Percentage of		Percentage of
	Cost	Total Portfolio (dollars in	Fair Value	Total Portfolio
March 31, 2017:		(donars in	minons)	
I-45 SLF, LLC(1)	\$ 60.8	24.3%	\$ 63.4	22.1%
Media, Marketing, & Entertainment	32.2	12.8	32.3	11.2
Distribution	20.8	8.3	20.9	7.3
Consumer Products & Retail	18.3	7.3	18.4	6.4
Energy Services (Upstream)	14.0	5.6	12.7	4.4
Business Services	12.8	5.1	14.0	4.9
Industrial Products	12.3	4.9	44.7	15.6
Software & IT Services	11.8	4.7	12.0	4.2
Environmental Services	10.1	4.0	10.1	3.5
Paper & Forest Products	9.8	3.9	9.8	3.4
Food, Agriculture & Beverage	9.7	3.9	9.9	3.5
Gaming & Leisure	8.5	3.4	8.8	3.1
Telecommunications	8.4	3.4	8.7	3.0
Restaurants	8.4	3.4	8.4	2.9
Consumer Services	5.0	2.0	5.0	1.8
Healthcare Products	4.9	1.9	5.0	1.7
Financial Services	2.7	1.1	2.8	1.0
	\$250.5	100.0%	\$ 286.9	100.0%

Included in 1st lien loans are loans structured as first lien last out loans. These loans may in certain cases be subordinated in payment priority to other senior secured lenders.

I-45 SLF, LLC is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street Capital. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market. The portfolio companies held by I-45 represent a diverse set of industry classifications, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. See Note 18 for further discussion.

	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio Fair Value		Percentage of Total Portfolio
		(dollars	in millions)	
March 31, 2016:				
I-45 SLF, LLC(1)	\$ 36.8	24.5%	\$ 36.3	20.4%
Consumer Products & Retail	16.2	10.8	16.3	9.1
Media, Marketing, & Entertainment	15.4	10.3	15.3	8.6
Energy Services (Upstream)	14.0	9.3	11.1	6.2
Business Services	12.8	8.5	13.7	7.7
Industrial Products	12.3	8.2	38.5	21.5
Financial Services	10.2	6.8	10.3	5.8
Distribution	8.0	5.3	8.0	4.5
Healthcare Services	7.8	5.2	7.8	4.4
Software & IT Services	5.4	3.6	6.5	3.7
Healthcare Products	5.3	3.5	8.6	4.8
Consumer Services	4.9	3.3	5.0	2.8
Specialty Chemicals	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.5
	\$150.1	100.0%	\$ 178.4	100.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> I-45 SLF, LLC is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street Capital. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market. The portfolio companies in I-45 include multi-sector holdings, which are similar to those in which CSWC invests directly. See Note 18 for further discussion.

The following tables summarize the composition of the investment portfolio by geographic region of the United States, at cost and fair value (with corresponding percentage of total portfolio investments), as of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
		(dolla	rs in millions)	
March 31, 2017:				
I-45 SLF, LLC(1)	\$ 60.8	24.3%	\$ 63.4	22.1%
Southwest	50.0	20.0	82.6	28.8
Northeast	43.4	17.4	43.7	15.2
South	38.2	15.2	38.5	13.4
West	30.2	12.0	30.3	10.6
Midwest	27.9	11.1	28.4	9.9
	\$250.5	100.0%	\$ 286.9	100.0%

	Cost			Percentage of Total Portfolio
		(dolla	rs in millions)	
March 31, 2016:				
Southwest	\$ 55.8	37.2%	\$ 80.8	45.3%
I-45 SLF, LLC(1)	36.8	24.5	36.3	20.4
West	24.0	16.0	24.4	13.7
Midwest	20.4	13.6	20.6	11.4
South	8.3	5.5	11.5	6.5
Northeast	4.8	3.2	4.8	2.7
	\$150.1	100.0%	\$ 178.4	100.0%

<sup>1)</sup> I-45 SLF, LLC is a joint venture between CSWC and Main Street Capital. This entity primarily invests in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market. The portfolio companies in I-45 are located within the geographic regions listed above. See Note 18 for further discussion.

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### **Investment Valuation Process**

The valuation process is led by the finance department in conjunction with the investment team. The process includes a monthly review of each investment by our executive officers and investment teams. Valuations of each portfolio security are prepared quarterly by the finance department using updated financial and other operational information collected by the investment teams. Each investment valuation is then subject to review by the executive officers and investment teams. In conjunction with the internal valuation process, we have also engaged multiple independent consulting firms specializing in financial due diligence, valuation, and business advisory services to provide third-party valuation reviews of certain investments. The third-party valuation firms provide a range of values for selected investments, which is presented to CSWC's executive officers and Board of Directors.

CSWC also uses a standard internal investment rating system in connection with its investment oversight, portfolio management, and investment valuation procedures for its debt portfolio. This system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the portfolio company and the investments held therein.

There is no single standard for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon the specific circumstances of each individual investment. While management believes our valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with market participants, the recorded fair values of our investments may differ significantly from fair values that would have been used had an active market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for reviewing and approving, in good faith, the fair value of CSWC's investments in accordance with the 1940 Act.

## **Fair Value Hierarchy**

CSWC has established and documented processes for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and ASC Topic 820. As required by ASC Topic 820, when the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized within the Level 3 tables below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3). CSWC conducts

reviews of fair value hierarchy classifications on a quarterly basis. We also use judgment and consider factors specific to the investment in determining the significance of an input to a fair value measurement.

The three levels of valuation inputs established by ASC Topic 820 are as follows:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Investments whose values are based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3: Investments whose values are based on unobservable inputs that are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, 100.0% of the CSWC investment portfolio consisted of debt and equity instruments of privately held companies for which inputs falling within the categories of Level 1 and Level 2 are generally not available. Therefore, CSWC determines the fair value its investments (excluding investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value) in good faith using Level 3 inputs, pursuant to a valuation policy and process that is established by the management of CSWC with the assistance from multiple third-party valuation advisors, which is subsequently approved by our Board of Directors.

## **Investment Valuation Inputs**

ASC Topic 820 defines fair value in terms of the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and excludes transaction costs. Under ASC Topic 820, the fair value measurement also assumes that the transaction to sell an asset occurs in the principal market for the asset or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset. The principal market is the market in which the reporting entity would sell or transfer the asset with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset. In determining the principal market for an asset or liability under ASC Topic 820, it is assumed that the reporting entity has access to the market as of the measurement date.

The Level 3 inputs to CSWC's valuation process reflect our best estimate of the assumptions that would be used by market participants in pricing the investment in a transaction in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset.

The fair value determination of each portfolio investment categorized as Level 3 required one or more of the following unobservable inputs:

- Financial information obtained from each portfolio company, including unaudited statements of operations and balance sheets for the most recent period available as compared to budgeted numbers;
- Current and projected financial condition of the portfolio company;
- Current and projected ability of the portfolio company to service its debt obligations;
- Type and amount of collateral, if any, underlying the investment;
- · Current financial ratios (e.g., fixed charge coverage ratio, interest coverage ratio and net debt/EBITDA ratio) applicable to the investment;
- Current liquidity of the investment and related financial ratios (e.g., current ratio and quick ratio);
- Indicative dealer quotations from brokers, banks, and other market participants;
- Market yields on other securities of similar risk;

- Pending debt or capital restructuring of the portfolio company;
- · Projected operating results of the portfolio company;
- · Current information regarding any offers to purchase the investment;
- · Current ability of the portfolio company to raise any additional financing as needed;
- · Changes in the economic environment which may have a material impact on the operating results of the portfolio company;
- Internal occurrences that may have an impact (both positive and negative) on the operating performance of the portfolio company;
- · Qualitative assessment of key management;
- · Contractual rights, obligations or restrictions associated with the investment; and
- Other factors deemed relevant.

CSWC uses several different valuation approaches depending on the security type including the Market Approach, the Income Approach, the Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach, and the NAV Valuation Method.

#### Market Approach

Market Approach is a qualitative and quantitative analysis of the aforementioned unobservable inputs. It is a combination of the Enterprise Value Approach and Income Approach as described in detail below. For debt investments recently originated or where the value has not departed significantly from its cost, we generally rely on our cost basis or recent transaction price to determine the fair value, unless a material event has occurred since origination.

#### Income Approach

In valuing debt securities, CSWC typically uses an Income Approach model, which considers some or all of the factors listed above. Under the Income Approach, CSWC develops an expectation of the yield that a hypothetical market participant would require when purchasing each debt investment (the "Required Market Yield"). The Required Market Yield is calculated in a two-step process. First, using quarterly market data from our third-party valuation provider we estimate the current market yield of similar debt securities. Next, based on the factors described above, we modify the current market yield for each security to produce a unique Required Market Yield for each of our investments. The resulting Required Market Yield is the significant Level 3 input to the Income Approach model. If, with respect to an investment, the unobservable inputs have not fluctuated significantly from the date the investment was made or have not fluctuated significantly from CSWC's expectations on the date the investment was made, and there have been no significant fluctuations in the market pricing for such investments, we may conclude that the Required Market Yield for that investment is equal to the stated rate on the investment. In instances where CSWC determines that the Required Market Yield is different from the stated rate on the investment, we discount the contractual cash flows on the debt instrument using the Required Market Yield in order to estimate the fair value of the debt security.

In addition, under the Income Approach, CSWC also determines the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, if any, as a significant Level 3 input in determining fair value. In determining the appropriateness of the use of third-party broker quotes, CSWC evaluates the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote, whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer, the depth and consistency of broker quotes, the source of the broker quotes, and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company and other market indices. To the extent sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value, CSWC may use third-party broker quotes or other independent pricing to determine the fair value of certain debt investments.

Fair value measurements using the Income Approach model can be sensitive to significant changes in one or more of the inputs. A significant increase (decrease) in the Required Market Yield for a particular debt security may result in a lower (higher) fair value for that security. A significant increase (decrease) in a third-party broker quote for a particular debt security may result in a higher (lower) value for that security.

## Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach

In valuing equity securities (including warrants), CSWC estimates fair value using an Enterprise Value Waterfall valuation model. CSWC estimates the enterprise value of a portfolio company and then allocates the enterprise value to the portfolio company's securities in order of their relative liquidation preference. In addition, CSWC assumes that any outstanding debt or other securities that are senior to CSWC's equity securities are required to be repaid at par. Additionally, we estimate the fair value of a limited number of our debt securities using the Enterprise Value Waterfall approach.

To estimate the enterprise value of the portfolio company, CSWC uses a weighted valuation model based on public comparable companies, observable transactions and discounted cash flow analyses. A main input into the valuation model is a measure of the portfolio company's financial performance, which generally is either earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted ("Adjusted EBITDA") or revenues. In addition, we consider other factors, including but not limited to (1) offers from third parties to purchase the portfolio company, and (2) the implied value of recent investments in the equity securities of the portfolio company. For certain non-performing assets, we may utilize the liquidation or collateral value of the portfolio company's assets in our estimation of its enterprise value.

The significant Level 3 inputs to the Enterprise Value Waterfall model are (1) an appropriate multiple derived from the comparable public companies and transactions, (2) discount rate assumptions used in the discounted cash flow model and (3) a measure of the portfolio company's financial performance, which generally is either Adjusted EBITDA or revenues. Inputs can be based on historical operating results, projections of future operating results or a combination thereof. The operating results of a portfolio company may be unaudited, projected or pro forma financial information and may require adjustments for certain non-recurring items. CSWC also may consult with the portfolio company's senior management to obtain updates on the portfolio company's performance, including information such as industry trends, new product development, loss of customers and other operational issues. Fair value measurements using the Enterprise Value Waterfall model can be sensitive to significant changes in one or more of the inputs. A significant increase (decrease) in either the multiple, Adjusted EBITDA or revenues for a particular equity security would result in a higher (lower) fair value for that security.

#### NAV Valuation Method

Under the NAV valuation method, for an investment in an investment fund that does not have a readily determinable fair value, CSWC measures the fair value of the investment predominately based on the NAV of the investment fund as of the measurement date. However, in determining the fair value of the investment, we may consider whether adjustments to the NAV are necessary in certain circumstances, based on the analysis of any restrictions on redemption of our investment as of the measurement date, recent actual sales or redemptions of interests in the investment fund, expected future cash flows available to equity holders, or other uncertainties surrounding CSWC's ability to realize the full NAV of its interests in the investment fund.

Total Level 3 Investments

The table below presents the Valuation Techniques and Significant Level 3 Inputs (ranges and weighted averages) used in the valuation of CSWC's debt and equity securities at March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016. The table is not intended to be all inclusive, but instead captures the significant unobservable inputs relevant to our determination of fair value.

Туре	Valuation Technique	Fair Value at 3/31/2017 (in millions)	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
Equity Investments	Enterprise Value				
	Waterfall Approach	\$ 56.0	EBITDA Multiple	4.10x - 9.30x	7.80x
			Discount Rate	14.1% - 27.8%	17.5%
Debt Investments	Income Approach	132.8	Discount Rate	7.70% - 12.60%	10.8%
			Third Party Broker Quote	97.50 - 101.25	
	Market Approach	34.8	Cost		
		167.5			
Total Level 3 Investments		\$ 223.5			
Туре	Valuation Technique	Fair Value at 3/31/2016 (in millions)	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
<u>Type</u> Equity Investments		3/31/2016	Unobservable	Range	
	Technique	3/31/2016	Unobservable	Range 3.5x - 7.60x	
	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall	3/31/2016 (in millions)	Unobservable Inputs		Average
	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall	3/31/2016 (in millions)	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple	3.5x - 7.60x	Average 6.78x
	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall	3/31/2016 (in millions)	Unobservable Inputs  EBITDA Multiple Revenue Multiple	3.5x - 7.60x 3.70x	6.78x 3.70x
Equity Investments	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach	3/31/2016 (in millions) \$ 49.3	EBITDA Multiple Revenue Multiple Discount Rate	3.5x - 7.60x 3.70x 12.9% - 18.62%	6.78x 3.70x 14.0%
Equity Investments	Technique Enterprise Value Waterfall Approach	3/31/2016 (in millions) \$ 49.3	EBITDA Multiple Revenue Multiple Discount Rate Discount Rate	3.5x - 7.60x 3.70x 12.9% - 18.62% 6.00% - 11.5%	6.78x 3.70x 14.0%

The following fair value hierarchy tables set forth our investment portfolio by level as of March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 (in millions):

142.1

		Fa at		
Asset Category	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
1st lien loans	\$107.8	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 107.8
2 <sup>nd</sup> lien loans	47.2	_	_	47.2
Subordinated debt	12.5	_	_	12.5
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	56.0	_	_	56.0
Investments measured at net asset value(1)	63.4	_	_	_
Total Investments	\$286.9	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 223.5

			ir Value Measurements March 31, 2016 Using	
		Quoted Prices in	Significant	C' . 'C' .
		Active Markets	Other	Significant
		for Identical Assets	Observable	Unobservable Inputs
Asset Category	Total	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	(Level 3)
1st lien loans	\$ 39.5	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 39.5
2nd lien loans	38.2	_	_	38.2
Subordinated debt	15.1	_	_	15.1
Preferred equity, common equity & warrants	49.3	_	_	49.3
Investments measured at net asset value(1)	36.3	_	_	_
Total Investments	\$178.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 142.1

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

## **Changes in Fair Value Levels**

We monitor the availability of observable market data to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value to another. We recognize transfer of financial instruments between levels at the end of each quarterly reporting period. During the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we had no transfers between levels.

The following table provides a summary of changes in the fair value of investments measured using Level 3 inputs during the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (in millions):

	Fair Value 3/31/2016	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Purchases of Investments(1)	Repayments	Divestitures	Conversion of Security from Debt to Equity	Fair Value at 3/31/2017
1st lien loans	\$ 39.5	\$ 2.3	102.2	(36.2)		<del>\$</del> —	\$ 107.8
2nd lien loans	38.2	1.3	17.2	(7.0)	(2.5)	_	47.2
Subordinated debt	15.1	0.1	_	_	_	(2.7)	12.5
Preferred equity, common equity &							
warrants	49.3	8.9	3.1	_	(8.0)	2.7	56.0
Total Investments	\$ 142.1	\$ 12.6	\$ 122.5	\$ (43.2)	\$ (10.5)	<del>\$</del> —	\$ 223.5
	Fair Value 3/31/2015	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share Distribution	Purchases of Investments(1)	Repayments	Divestitures	Fair Value at 3/31/2016
1st lien loans		Realized & Unrealized	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share			Divestitures	
1st lien loans 2nd lien loans	3/31/2015	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share Distribution	Investments(1)	Repayments	Divestitures \$ —	3/31/2016
	3/31/2015 \$ —	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses) \$ 0.2	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share Distribution	<u>Investments(1)</u> \$ 39.3	Repayments	Divestitures \$ — — (1)	3/31/2016 \$ 39.5
2nd lien loans	3/31/2015 \$ — 6.9	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses) \$ 0.2 (0.7)	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share Distribution	Investments(1) \$ 39.3 32.0	Repayments	\$ <u>—</u> —	3/31/2016 \$ 39.5 38.2
2nd lien loans Subordinated debt	3/31/2015 \$ — 6.9	Realized & Unrealized Gains (Losses) \$ 0.2 (0.7)	Unrealized Depreciation due to Share Distribution	Investments(1) \$ 39.3 32.0	Repayments	\$ <u>—</u> —	3/31/2016 \$ 39.5 38.2

Includes purchases of new investments, as well as discount accretion on existing investments.

Includes the cost basis of The Rectorseal Corporation, Whitmore Manufacturing Company, Balco, Inc. and CapStar Holdings Company, which were spun off to CSW Industrials, Inc. at September 30, 2015.

The total net unrealized gains (excluding reversals) included in earnings that related to assets still held at the report date for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were \$12.5 million and \$7.6 million, respectively.

## 5. CREDIT FACILITY

In September of 2016, CSWC entered into a credit facility (the "Credit Facility") to provide additional liquidity to support its investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility includes total commitments of \$100.0 million from a diversified group of five lenders and is scheduled to mature August 30, 2020. The Credit Facility also contains an accordion feature that allows CSWC to increase the total commitments under the facility up to \$150.0 million from new and existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (1.13% as of March 31, 2017) plus 3.25% with no LIBOR floor. For the first six months following the close of the Credit Facility, CSWC paid unused commitment fees of 0.50% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. Subsequent to that period, the unused commitment fee is 0.50% to 1.50% based on utilization.

The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (1) certain reporting requirements, (2) maintaining RIC and BDC status, (3) maintaining a minimum consolidated net worth, (4) maintaining a regulatory asset coverage of not less than 200.0%, and (5) maintaining a consolidated interest coverage ratio of at least 2.5 to 1.0.

The Credit Facility also contains customary events of default, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, bankruptcy, and change of control, with customary cure and notice provisions. If the Company defaults on its obligations under the Credit Facility, the lenders may have the right to foreclose upon and sell, or otherwise transfer, the collateral subject to their security interests.

The Credit Facility is secured by (1) substantially all of the present and future property and assets of the Company and the guarantors and (2) 100% of the equity interests in the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. As of March 31, 2017, all of the Company's assets were pledged as collateral for the Credit Facility.

At March 31, 2017, CSWC had \$25.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. CSWC recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs of \$1 million for the year ended March 31, 2017. The weighted average interest rate on the Credit Facility was 4.3% as of March 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2017, CSWC was in compliance with all financial covenants under the Credit Facility.

## INCOME TAXES

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the IRC and have a tax year end of December 31. In order to qualify as a RIC, we must annually distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the IRC, to our shareholders in a timely manner. Investment company income generally includes net short-term capital gains but excludes net long-term capital gains. A RIC is not subject to federal income tax on the portion of its ordinary income and long-term capital gains that is distributed to its shareholders, including "deemed distributions" as discussed below. As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income, which is subject to a 4% non-deductible U.S. federal excise tax, pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared on or prior to the later of (1) the filing of the U.S federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year or (2) the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the year in which such taxable income was generated.

For the tax years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, CSWC qualified to be taxed as a RIC. We intend to meet the applicable qualifications to be taxed as a RIC in future periods. However, the company's ability to meet certain portfolio diversification requirements of RICs in future years may not be controllable by the company.

We have distributed or intend to distribute sufficient dividends to eliminate taxable income for our completed tax years. If we fail to satisfy the 90.0% distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any tax year, we would be subject to tax in that year on all of our taxable income, regardless of whether we made any distributions to our shareholders. During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, CSWC declared regular dividends in the amount of \$3.0 million, or \$0.19 per share and declared special dividends in the amount of \$4.2 million, or \$0.26 per share. During the tax year ended December 31, 2016, we declared total dividends of \$6.0 million or \$0.38 per share. We declared quarterly dividends of \$0.04 per share in March 2016, \$0.06 per share in June 2016, \$0.11 per share in September 2016, and \$0.17 per share in December 2016. For the tax year ended December 31, 2015, we declared total dividends of \$1.5 million, or \$0.10 per share, in May 2015. For the tax year ended December 31, 2014, we declared total dividends of \$3.1 million, or \$0.10 per share in November 2014.

Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are typically reclassified among the CSWC's capital accounts. In addition, the character of income and gains to be distributed is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP; accordingly for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, CSWC reclassified for book purposes amounts arising from permanent book/tax differences related to the tax treatment of return of capital and/or deemed distributions, tax treatment of investments upon disposition, and non-deductible expenses, as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2016
Additional capital	\$ (2,518)	\$ (16,877)
Accumulated net investment (income) loss	\$ (889)	\$ 15,395
Accumulated net realized gains	\$ 3,407	\$ 1,482

The determination of the tax attributes of CSWC's distributions is made after tax year end, based upon its taxable income for the full tax year and distributions paid for the full tax year. Therefore, the determination of tax attributes made on an interim basis for fiscal year end may not be representative of the actual tax attributes determined at tax year end.

For tax purposes, the 2016 dividends totaled \$0.38 per share and were comprised of (1) ordinary income totaling approximately \$0.065 per share, (2) long term capital gains totaling approximately \$0.28 per share, and (3) qualified dividend income totaling approximately \$0.035 per share. In addition, 19.75% of total distributions are considered an interest-related dividend and 97.78% of total distributions represent the portion of CSWC's dividends received by non-U.S. residents and foreign corporation shareholders that are generally exempt from US withholding tax. Of the qualified dividends of \$0.5 million, 34.65% are eligible for the dividends received deduction. For tax purposes, the 2015 dividends were comprised entirely of long term capital gains.

Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the 20.0% maximum tax rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) on dividend income from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations. The tax attributes for distributions will generally

include both ordinary income and capital gains, but may also include qualified dividends or return of capital. The tax character of distributions paid for the tax years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2016		2015		
Ordinary income	\$	1,551	<del>\$</del>		
Distributions of long term capital gains		4,367	1,544		
Distributions on tax basis(1)	\$	5,918	\$ 1,544		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes only those distributions which reduce estimated taxable income.

As of March 31, 2017, CSWC estimates that it has undistributed taxable income of approximately \$7.8 million, or \$0.49 per share, that will be carried forward toward distributions to be paid in future periods. We intend to meet the applicable qualifications to be taxed as a RIC in future periods.

The following reconciles net increase in assets resulting from operations to estimated RIC taxable income for the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015:

	Years ended March 31,		
	2017	2016	2015
Reconciliation of RIC Taxable Income(1)			
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$23,474	\$ (5,400)	\$ 53,442
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments	(7,690)	(16,089)	108,377
Disallowed net operating loss		3,630	3,944
Income/gain recognized for tax on pass-through entities	986	2,334	(446)
Gain (loss) recognized for tax on dispositions	1,248	(2,165)	373
Net operating loss (income) - management company	1,323	6,188	9
Non-deductible tax expense	588	_	_
Other book tax differences	223	563	(1,062)
Estimated taxable income (loss) before deductions for			
distributions	20,152	(10,939)	164,637
Distributions(2):			
Ordinary	932	_	3,083
Capital gains	4,367	1,544	_
Deemed distributions	_	8,423	155,343
Distributions payable(2)	7,072	619	<u> </u>
Estimated RIC undistributed taxable income (loss)	7,781	(21,525)	6,211

<sup>(1)</sup> The calculation of taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the Company files its tax return each year. Final taxable income may be different than this estimate.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes only those distributions which reduce estimated taxable income.

As of March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, the components of estimated RIC accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Years ended March 31,		
	2017	2016	2015
Components of Accumulated Earnings on a Tax Basis(1)			
Undistributed ordinary income - tax basis	\$11,890	\$ —	\$ —
Capital loss carryforward	_	(10,939)	_
Undistributed net realized gain	3,085	_	8,922
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	36,481	30,740	470,886
Other temporary differences	(122)	243	(2,710)
Distributions payable(2)	(7,072)	(619)	_
Components of distributable earnings at year-end	\$44,262	\$ 19,425	\$477,098

<sup>(1)</sup> The calculation of taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the Company files its tax return each year. Final taxable income may be different than this estimate

As of March 31, 2017, the cost of investments for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$250.1 million, with such investments having a gross unrealized appreciation of \$40.1 million and gross unrealized depreciation of \$3.4 million.

A RIC may elect to retain its long-term capital gains by designating them as a "deemed distribution" to its shareholders and paying a federal tax rate of 35% on the long-term capital gains for the benefit of its shareholders. Shareholders then report their share of the retained capital gains on their income tax returns as if it had been received and report a tax credit for tax paid on their behalf by the RIC. Shareholders then add the amount of the "deemed distribution" net of such tax to the basis of their shares.

For the tax year ended December 31, 2016, we intend to distribute all long-term capital gains and therefore had no deemed distributions to our shareholders or federal taxes incurred related to such items. During our tax year ended December 31, 2015, we had net long-term capital gains of \$8.4 million for tax purposes, which we elected to retain and treat as deemed distributions to our shareholders. For the tax year ended December 31, 2015, we incurred federal taxes on behalf of our shareholders in the amount of \$2.9 million. During the tax year ended December 31, 2014, we had net long-term capital gains of \$155.3 million for tax purposes, which we elected to retain and treat as deemed distributions to our shareholders. For the tax year ended December 31, 2014, we incurred federal taxes on behalf of our shareholders in the amount of \$54.4 million.

The following table sets forth a summary of our net realized gains for book purposes on transactions by category (amounts in thousands):

	 For the Tax Year ended December 31,		
Net Realized Gains on Transactions In Investment Securities of	 2016		2015
Control investments	\$ 28	\$	231
Affiliate investments	3,986		(1,457)
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	(201)		12,758
Net realized gain on investments	\$ 3,813	\$	11,532
Capital gain distribution	(4,367)		(1,544)
Taxes incurred on deemed capital gain distribution	_		2,948
Net realized gains on investments(for book purposes; after tax)	\$ (554)	\$	7,040
Net realized gains on investments (for tax purposes; after tax)	\$ 3,680	\$	5,475

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes only those distributions which reduce estimated taxable income.

CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is not a RIC and is required to pay taxes at the current corporate rate. For tax purposes, CSMC has elected to be treated as a taxable entity, and therefore is not consolidated for tax purposes and is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The taxable income, or loss, of CSMC may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements. CSMC records individual incentive award and bonus accruals on a quarterly basis. Deferred taxes related to the changes in the qualified defined pension plan, restoration plan, individual cash incentive award and bonus accruals are also recorded on a quarterly basis. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Establishing a valuation allowance of a deferred tax asset requires management to make estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from CSMC's operations. As of March 31, 2017, CSMC had a deferred tax asset of approximately \$3.4 million, a deferred tax liability of \$0.1 million, our valuation allowance was \$1.3 million and our net deferred tax asset was \$2.0 million. As of March 31, 2017, we believe that it is more likely than not that we will be able to utilize \$2.0 million of our deferred tax assets. We will continue to assess our ability to realize our existing deferred tax assets. As of March 31, 2016, CSMC had a deferred tax asset of \$2.3 million.

Based on our assessment of our unrecognized tax benefits, management believes that all benefits, net of the valuation allowance, will be realized and they do not contain any uncertain tax positions. Additionally, the increase in valuation allowance of \$0.5 million was a result of adjusting the net realizable deferred tax asset to an amount management believes will be realized. Our analysis of the net realizable deferred tax assets is based on projections of future taxable income.

The following table sets forth the significant components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands):

	Years o	ended
	2017	2016
Deferred tax asset:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 1,571	\$1,381
Compensation	1,110	874
Pension liability	722	750
Other	76	203
Total deferred tax asset	3,479	3,208
Less valuation allowance	(1,325)	(866)
Total net deferred tax asset	2,154	2,342
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Other	(137)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	(137)	_
Total net deferred tax assets	\$ 2,017	\$2,342

The above referenced Net Operating Loss was generated in 2015 and expires in 2035.

In addition, we have a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary, or the Taxable Subsidiary, which holds a portion of one or more of our portfolio investments that are listed on the Consolidated Schedule of Investments. The Taxable Subsidiary is consolidated for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP, so that our consolidated financial statements reflect our investments in the portfolio companies owned by the Taxable Subsidiary. The purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit us to hold certain interests in portfolio companies

that are organized as limited liability companies, or LLCs (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. Absent the Taxable Subsidiary, a proportionate amount of any gross income of a partnership or LLC (or other pass-through entity) portfolio investment would flow through directly to us. To the extent that our income did not consist of investment income, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and therefore cause us to incur significant amounts of corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes. Where interests in LLCs (or other pass-through entities) are owned by the Taxable Subsidiary, however, the income from those interests is taxed to the Taxable Subsidiary and does not flow through to us, thereby helping us preserve our RIC status and resultant tax advantages. The Taxable Subsidiary is not consolidated for U.S. federal income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. This income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities, if any, are reflected in our Statement of Operations.

The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities generated by CSMC and the Taxable Subsidiary, if any, are reflected in CSWC's consolidated financial statements. For the year ended March 31, 2017, we recognized a total net income tax provision of \$1.8 million, principally consisting of a provision for deferred U.S. federal income taxes relating to CSMC of \$1.0 million, a \$0.6 million accrual for excise tax on our estimated undistributed taxable income and \$0.2 million relating to the Taxable Subsidiary. We also recognized a deferred tax provision of \$0.3 million, which is primarily the result of the unrealized appreciation related to the portfolio investment held in the Taxable Subsidiary. For the year ended March 31, 2016, we recognized a net income tax benefit of \$1.3 million, of which the entire amount consisted of a benefit for current U.S. federal income taxes. Although we believe our tax returns are correct, the final determination of tax examinations could be different from what was reported on the returns. In our opinion, we have made adequate tax provisions for years subject to examination. Generally, we are currently open to audit under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service as well as state taxing authorities for the years ended December 31, 2013 through 2015.

The following table sets forth the significant components of the income tax expense as of March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 (amounts in thousands):

	Yea		
Components of Income Tax Expense	2017	2016	2015
Statutory federal income tax	\$ (175)	\$(2,593)	\$ 98
162(m) limitation	625	545	14
Excise tax	588	_	_
Valuation allowance	459	866	_
Tax related to Taxable Subsidiary	173	_	_
Prior year deferred tax true-up	67	(125)	213
Other	42	29	(55)
Total income tax expense	\$1,779	\$(1,278)	\$270

#### 7. ACCUMULATED NET REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS

The Company may retain some or all of its realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses and may designate the retained net capital gain as a "deemed distribution." For the tax year ended December 31, 2016, the Company did not elect to designate retained net capital gains as deemed distributions. For the tax year ended December 31, 2015, we elected to retain a portion of our long-term capital gains, incur the applicable taxes of \$2.9 million and designate the after-tax gain as "deemed distributions" to the shareholders. "Deemed distributions" are generally reclassified from accumulated net realized gains into additional capital after our tax year ends each December 31.

#### 8. SPIN-OFF COMPENSATION PLAN

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors adopted a compensation plan (the "Spin-off Compensation Plan") consisting of grants of nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and cash incentive awards to certain officers of the Company at the time. The plan was intended to align the compensation of the Company's key officers with the Company's strategic objective of increasing the market value of the Company's shares through a transformative transaction for the benefit of the Company's shareholders. Under the plan, Joseph B. Armes, former CEO of the Company, Kelly Tacke, former CFO of the Company, and Bowen S. Diehl, former CIO and current CEO of the company, were eligible to receive an amount equal to six percent of the aggregate appreciation in the Company's share price from August 28, 2014 (using a base price of \$36.16 per share) to 90 days after the completion of a transformative transaction (the "Trigger Event Date"). The first plan component consisted of nonqualified options awarded to purchase 259,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$36.60 per share. The second plan component consisted of awards of 127,000 shares of restricted stock, which have voting rights but do not have cash dividend rights. See Note 9 for further discussion on the first two components of the Spin-off Compensation Plan. The final plan component consisted of cash incentive payments awarded to each participant in an amount equal to the excess of each awardee's allocable portion of the total payment amount over the aggregate value as of the Trigger Event Date of the awardee's restricted common stock and nonqualified option awards under the plan.

On September 8, 2015, the Board designated the Share Distribution as a transformative transaction for purposes of the Spin-off Compensation Plan and amended the award agreements granted under the plan to provide for accelerated vesting of the awards held by a participant in the event of a termination of that participant's service effected by the participant for good reason, by the employer without cause, or as a result of the disability or death of the participant. On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution.

Effective immediately with the Share Distribution, both Joseph B. Armes and Kelly Tacke became employees of CSWI and Bowen Diehl, our President and Chief Executive Officer, continued to be an employee of our Company. The Company entered into the Employee Matters Agreement with CSWI. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, we retained the cash incentive awards granted under the Spin-off Compensation Plan, and all liabilities with respect to the cash incentive awards remained liabilities of CSWC. The equity based awards vesting terms are as follows: (1) 1/3 on December 29, 2015; (2) 1/3 on December 29, 2016; and (3) 1/3 on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

The total value accretion was six percent of the aggregate appreciation in the Company's share price from \$36.16 to the combined volume-weighted average prices of both CSWC and CSWI stock as of December 29, 2015. The cash component of the Spin-off Compensation Plan was the difference between the total value accretion and the aggregate value of the awardee's restricted common stock and non-qualified option awards under the plan. The total cash liabilities for three participants under the plan totaled \$6.1 million, of which \$4.8 million was fully vested as of December 29, 2016, and was paid as of March 31, 2017. The remaining payment will be fully vested on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

During the twelve months ended March 31, 2017, we recognized the cash component of spin-off compensation expense of \$0.7 million, which represented the cash component of spin-off compensation for our current employee. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2017, we also recorded \$1.9 million directly to additional capital for the cash component of spin-off compensation related to the two employees who transferred to CSWI, of which \$1.3 million was paid to Kelly Tacke upon her separation from CSWI. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2016, we recognized the cash component of spin-off compensation expense of \$1.3 million, which represented the cash component of spin-off compensation for our current employee and two transferred employees to CSWI prior to the Share Distribution. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2016, we also recorded \$1.3 million directly to additional capital for the cash component of the spin-off compensation related to the two transferred employees to CSWI.

## 9. EMPLOYEE STOCK BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

## **Stock Options**

On July 20, 2009, shareholders approved our 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2009 Plan"), which provides for the granting of stock options to employees and officers and authorizes the issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options for up to 560,000 shares. All options are granted at or above market price, generally expire up to 10 years from the date of grant and are generally exercisable on or after the first anniversary of the date of grant in five annual installments.

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors amended the 2009 Plan, as permitted pursuant to Section 18 of the 2009 Plan (the "First Amendment to the 2009 Plan"). The First Amendment to the 2009 Plan provides that an award agreement may allow an award to remain outstanding after a spin-off or change in control of one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, on August 28, 2014, options to purchase 259,000 shares at \$36.60 per share were granted under the 2009 Plan, as amended. On September 8, 2015, the Board designated the Share Distribution as a transformative transaction for purposes of the 2009 Plan and amended the award agreements granted under the 2009 Plan to provide for accelerated vesting of the awards held by a participant in the event of a termination of that participant's service effected by the executive for good reason, by the employer without cause, or as a result of the disability or death of the participant. A third of these options were vested on each of December 29, 2015 and December 29, 2016, respectively, and the rest of the options will vest on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

At March 31, 2017, there are options to acquire 206,364 shares of common stock outstanding. The Compensation Committee does not intend to grant additional options under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan or request shareholders' approval of additional stock options to be added under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan.

We previously granted stock options under our 1999 Stock Option Plan (the "1999 Plan"), as approved by shareholders on July 19, 1999. The 1999 Plan expired on April 19, 2009. Options previously granted under our 1999 Plan and outstanding on July 20, 2009 continue in effect and are governed by the provisions of the 1999 Plan. All options granted under the 1999 Plan were granted at market price on the date of grant, generally expire up to 10 years from the date of grant and are generally exercisable on or after the first anniversary of the date of grant in five to ten annual installments. At March 31, 2017 and 2016, there are no options to acquire shares of common stock outstanding under the 1999 Plan.

At September 30, 2015, in connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into the Employee Matters Agreement, which provided that each option to acquire CSWC common stock that was outstanding immediately prior to September 30, 2015, would be converted into both an option to acquire post-Share Distribution CSWC common stock and an option to acquire CSWI common stock and would be subject to substantially the same terms and conditions (including with respect to vesting and expiration) after the September 30, 2015. Certain adjustments, using volumetric weighted-average prices for the 10-day period immediately prior to and immediately following the distribution, were made to the exercise price and number of shares of CSWC subject to such awards, with the intention of preserving the economic value of the awards immediately prior to the distribution for all CSWC employees. We compared the fair market value of our stock options on the day of the Share Distribution with the combined fair value of our stock options and CSWI stock options the day after the completion of the Share Distribution. The distribution-related adjustments did not have a material impact on compensation expense for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following table summarizes activity in the 2009 Plan and the 1999 Plan as of March 31, 2017, including adjustments in connection with the Share Distribution:

2009 Plan         123,800         \$ 31,40           Granted         259,000         36,60           Exercised         (6,800)         23,95           Canceled/Forfeited         (4,000)         23,95           Balance at March 31, 2015         372,000         35,24           Granted             Exercised         (8,00)         23,37           Canceled/Forfeited             Spin-off adjustments         (1,487)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         36,251         11,21*           Granted             Exercised         (131,252)         11,48           Granted             Exercised         (131,252)         11,48           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10,56           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26,68           Granted             Exercised         (30,00)         \$ 20,33           Granted             Exercised         (15,974)         17,38           Canceled/Forfeited		Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Granted         259,000         36,60           Exercised         (6,000)         23,95           Ganceled/Forfeited         (4,000)         35,24           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (8,000)         23,37           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (8,000)         23,37           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11,21           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (21,387)         10,56           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11,21           Granted         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10,56           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26,68           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29,10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23,37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17,38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustme	2009 Plan		
Exercised Ganceled/Forfeited         (6,800)         23.95 (23.95)           Balance at March 31, 2015         372,000         35.24 (25.05)           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (8,000)         23.37 (25.05)           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (1,487)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21*           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,252)         11.48           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26.88           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (20,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Salance at March 31, 2015         —         —           Granted         —         —           Spin-off adjustments	Balance at March 31, 2014	123,800	\$ 31.40
Canceled/Forfeited         (4,000)         23.95           Balance at March 31, 2015         372,000         35.24           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (8,000)         23.37           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (1,427)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21*           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,252)         11.48           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26,68           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         \$ 29,10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23,37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (26,68         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Granted	Granted	259,000	36.60
Balance at March 31, 2015         372,000         35.24           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (8,000)         23.37           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (1,487)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21*           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,252)         11.48           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26.68           Granted         —         —           Granted         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —	Exercised	(6,800)	23.95
Granted         ————————————————————————————————————	Canceled/Forfeited	(4,000)	23.95
Exercised	Balance at March 31, 2015	372,000	35.24
Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (1,487)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21*           Granted         —	Granted	_	_
Spin-off adjustments         (1,487)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21*           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,522)         11.48*           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56*           Balance at March 31, 2017         38,000         \$ 26.68*           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (26)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —	Exercised	(8,000)	23.37
Balance at March 31, 2016         362,513         11.21°           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,252)         11.48°           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17°           1999 Plan           Balance at March 31, 2014         38,000         \$ 26.68           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance	Canceled/Forfeited	_	_
Granted         —         —           Exercised         (131,252)         11.48           Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           1999 Plan         Salonce at March 31, 2014         38,000         \$ 26,68           Granted         —         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10         Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37         Granted         —         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38         17.38         17.38         17.38         17.38         17.38         17.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         18.38         19.38	Spin-off adjustments	(1,487)*	NA
Exercised Canceled/Forfeited	Balance at March 31, 2016	362,513	11.21*
Canceled/Forfeited         (24,897)         10.56           Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           1999 Plan           Balance at March 31, 2014         38,000         \$ 26.68           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (26)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2017         —         —           Combined Balance at March 31, 2017         —         —           Combined Balance at March 31, 2017         —         Aggregate Intrinsic Value           March 31, 2017         —         Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Granted		
Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           1999 Plan         38,000         \$ 26.68           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (20,00)         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2017         —         —           Combined Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17           Outstanding         6.5 years         \$ 1,195,125	Exercised	(131,252)	11.48
1999 Plan	Canceled/Forfeited	(24,897)	10.56
Balance at March 31, 2014       38,000       \$ 26.68         Granted       —       —         Exercised       (22,000)       29.10         Canceled/Forfeited       —       —         Balance at March 31, 2015       16,000       23.37         Granted       —       —         Exercised       (15,974)       17.38         Canceled/Forfeited       —       —         Spin-off adjustments       (26)*       NA         Balance at March 31, 2016       —       —         Granted       —       —         Exercised       —       —         Canceled/Forfeited       —       —         Balance at March 31, 2017       —       —         Combined Balance at March 31, 2017       206,364       \$ 11.17*         Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term       Aggregate Intrinsic Value         March 31, 2017       —       —         Outstanding       6.5 years       \$ 1,195,125*	Balance at March 31, 2017	206,364	\$ 11.17
Granted       —        —<		38.000	\$ 26.68
Exercised         (22,000)         29.10           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2015         16,000         23.37           Granted         —         —           Exercised         (15,974)         17.38           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Spin-off adjustments         (26)*         NA           Balance at March 31, 2016         —         —           Granted         —         —           Exercised         —         —           Canceled/Forfeited         —         —           Balance at March 31, 2017         —         —           Combined Balance at March 31, 2017         206,364         \$ 11.17*           March 31, 2017         _         Aggregate Contractual Term         _           March 31, 2017         _         Aggregate Contractual Term         _           Outstanding         6.5 years         \$ 1,195,125	•		
Canceled/Forfeited	Exercised	(22.000)	29.10
Granted         — </td <td>Canceled/Forfeited</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>	Canceled/Forfeited	_	_
Granted         — </td <td>Balance at March 31, 2015</td> <td>16.000</td> <td>23.37</td>	Balance at March 31, 2015	16.000	23.37
Exercised       (15,974)       17.38         Canceled/Forfeited       —       —         Spin-off adjustments       (26)*       NA         Balance at March 31, 2016       —       —         Granted       —       —         Exercised       —       —         Canceled/Forfeited       —       —         Balance at March 31, 2017       —       \$         Combined Balance at March 31, 2017       206,364       \$ 11.17*         Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term       Aggregate Intrinsic Value         March 31, 2017       —       Aggregate Intrinsic Value         Outstanding       6.5 years       \$ 1,195,125*		<del>_</del>	_
Canceled/Forfeited — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		(15,974)	17.38
Balance at March 31, 2016 — ——————————————————————————————————	Canceled/Forfeited		_
Granted	Spin-off adjustments	(26)*	NA
Exercised — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Balance at March 31, 2016		_
Canceled/Forfeited — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Granted	_	_
Balance at March 31, 2017 — \$— Combined Balance at March 31, 2017 206,364 \$ 11.17 \  Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term Aggregate Intrinsic Value  March 31, 2017  Outstanding 6.5 years \$ 1,195,125	Exercised	_	_
Combined Balance at March 31, 2017  Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term  March 31, 2017  Outstanding  6.5 years  \$ 11.17^5  Aggregate Intrinsic Value  \$ 11.17^5  \$ 206,364  Aggregate Intrinsic Value \$ 11.17^5  \$ 11.17^5  \$ 11.17^5  \$ 11.17^5  \$ 206,364  Arerage Remaining Contractual Term  \$ 11.17^5	Canceled/Forfeited	_	_
Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term  March 31, 2017  Outstanding  6.5 years  \$1,195,125	Balance at March 31, 2017		\$ —
Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term  March 31, 2017  Outstanding  6.5 years  \$1,195,125	Combined Balance at March 31, 2017	206,364	\$ 11.17*
March 31, 2017       6.5 years       \$ 1,195,129		Weighted Average Remaining	
	March 31, 2017		
Exercisable 6.0 years \$ 753,372	Outstanding		\$ 1,195,129
	Exercisable	6.0 years	\$ 753,371

Certain adjustments were made to the exercise price and number of shares of Capital Southwest awards using volumetric weighted-average prices for the 10-day period immediately prior to and immediately following the distribution with the intention of preserving the economic value of the awards immediately prior to the distribution for all Capital Southwest employees.

We recognize compensation cost using the straight-line method for all share-based payments. The fair value of stock options is determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model and is expensed over the requisite service period of the related stock options. Accordingly, for the years ended March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, we recognized stock option compensation expense of \$0.2 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.5 million, respectively, related to the stock options held by our employees and officers.

As of March 31, 2017, the total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options was \$0.2 million, which will be amortized over the weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.4 years. During the year ended March 31, 2017, we recognized stock-based compensation expense for awards that are held by our employees.

At March 31, 2017, the range of exercise prices was \$7.55 to \$11.53 and the weighted-average remaining contractual life of outstanding options was 6.5 years. The total number of shares of common stock exercisable under both the 2009 Plan and the 1999 Plan at March 31, 2017 was 125,141 shares with a weighted-average exercise price of \$11.12. During the year ended March 31, 2017, no options were granted and 131,252 options were exercised with an average exercise price of \$11.48.

At March 31, 2016, the range of exercise prices was \$7.55 to \$11.53 and the weighted-average remaining contractual life of outstanding options was 7.8 years. The total number of options exercisable under both the 2009 Plan and the 1999 Plan at March 31, 2016, was 139,759 shares with a weighted-average exercise price of \$10.86. During the year ended March 31, 2016, no options were granted and 23,974 options were exercised with an average exercise price of \$19.38.

At March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, the number of options exercisable was 125,141, 139,759 and 49,000, respectively, and the weighted average price of those options was \$11.12, \$10.86 and \$27.04, respectively.

#### **Stock Awards**

Pursuant to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan ("2010 Plan"), our Board of Directors originally reserved 188,000 shares of restricted stock for issuance to certain of our employees. At our annual shareholder meeting in August 2015, our shareholders approved an increase of an additional 450,000 shares to our 2010 Plan. A restricted stock award is an award of shares of our common stock, which generally have full voting and dividend rights but are restricted with regard to sale or transfer. Restricted stock awards are independent of stock grants and are generally subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to these restrictions lapsing. Unless otherwise specified in the award agreement, these shares vest in equal annual installments over a four to five-year period from the grant date and are expensed over the vesting period starting on the grant date.

On August 28, 2014, our Board of Directors amended the 2010 Plan, as permitted pursuant to Section 14 of the 2010 Plan (the "First Amendment to the 2010 Plan"). The First Amendment to the 2010 Plan provides that an award agreement may allow an award to remain outstanding after a spin-off or change in control of one or more wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, on August 28, 2014, the Board of Directors granted 127,000 shares of restricted stock under the Spin-Off Compensation Plan.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the Share Distribution. Each holder of an outstanding Capital Southwest Restricted Stock Award immediately prior to the Share Distribution received, as of the effective date of the Share Distribution, a CSWI Restricted Stock Award for the number of CSWI Shares the holder would have received if the outstanding Capital Southwest Restricted Stock Award comprised fully vested Capital Southwest Shares as of the effective date.

The vesting terms for restricted stock awards previously granted under the Spin-off Compensation Plan are as follows: (1) one-third on December 29, 2015; (2) one-third on December 29, 2016; and (3) one-third on December 29, 2017, subject to accelerated vesting as described above.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock available for issuance for the year ended March 31, 2017:

Restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2016	344,540
Additional restricted stock approved under the plan	<del>_</del>
Restricted stock granted during the year ended March 31, 2017	(161,918)
Restricted stock forfeited during the year ended March 31, 2017	7,880
Restricted stock available for issuance as of March 31, 2017	190,502

We expense the cost of the restricted stock awards, which is determined to equal the fair value of the restricted stock award at the date of grant, on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. For these purposes, the fair value of the restricted stock award is determined based upon the closing price of our common stock on the date of the grant. Due to the Share Distribution, the Company evaluated (1) the value of the CSWC stock awards prior to the Share Distribution and (2) the combined value of CSWC and CSWI stock awards following the Share Distribution and recorded additional incremental stock based compensation expenses.

For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 we recognized total share based compensation expense of \$1.0 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.5, respectively, related to the restricted stock issued to our employees and officers.

As of March 31, 2017, the total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock awards was \$3.6 million, which will be amortized over the weighted-average vesting period of approximately 3.1 years. Subsequent to the Share Distribution, the compensation expense related to non-vested awards held by employees who are now employed by CSWI is recorded by CSWI.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock outstanding as of March 31, 2017:

Restricted Stock Awards	Number of Shares	Fair	ted Average Value Per it grant date	Weighted Average Remaining Vesting Term (in Years)
Unvested at March 31, 2015	142,960	\$	17.07	2.6
Granted	143,500		14.87	3.6
Vested	(46,453)		17.93	_
Forfeited	(6,800)		17.84	_
Unvested at March 31, 2016	233,207	\$	15.79	3.0
Granted	161,918		14.46	3.6
Vested	(93,202)		15.87	_
Forfeited	(7,880)		22.44	
Unvested at March 31, 2017	294,043	\$	14.99	3.1

## **Individual Incentive Awards**

On January 16, 2012, our Board of Directors approved the issuance of 104,000 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline for measuring increases in net asset value per share of \$36.74 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2011) to provide deferred compensation to certain key employees. On January 22, 2013, the Board of Directors granted 16,200 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$41.34 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2012) to officers of the Company. On July 15, 2013, the Board of Directors granted 24,000 shares of individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$43.80 (Net Asset Value at June 30, 2013) to a key officer of the Company. Additionally, the Board of Directors granted 38,000 individual cash incentive awards with a baseline net asset value per share of \$50.25 (Net Asset Value at December 31, 2013) to several key employees of the Company in January 2014 and March 2014. Under the

individual cash incentive award agreements, awards vest on the fifth anniversary of the award date. Upon exercise of an individual cash incentive award, the Company pays the recipient a cash payment in an amount equal to the net asset value per share minus the baseline net asset value per share, adjusted for capital gain dividends declared.

In connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into the Employee Matters Agreement with CSWI. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, the individual cash incentive award agreements were amended to provide that the value of each individual cash incentive award is determined based upon the net asset value of CSWC as of June 30, 2015. The remaining terms of each individual incentive award agreement, including the vesting and payment terms, will remain unchanged. After the effective date of the Share Distribution, CSWC retains all liabilities associated with all individual cash incentive awards granted by CSWC.

There are currently 48,000 individual cash incentive awards outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and the liability for individual cash incentive awards was \$0.3 million at March 31, 2017. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2016, payments in the amount of \$0.3 million were paid to vested employees. The estimated liability for individual cash incentive awards was \$0.6 million at March 31, 2016. At March 31, 2015, our estimated liability for individual cash incentive awards was \$0.7 million. During the twelve months ended March 31, 2015, a payment in the amount of \$0.2 million was paid out to a vested employee.

There were no individual cash incentive awards granted during the twelve months ended March 31, 2017.

Individual Cash Incentive Awards Unvested at March 31, 2016	Number of Shares 74,000	Weighted Average Grant Price Per Share \$ 45.60	Average Remaining Vesting Term (in Years)
Granted	_	_	_
Vested	(14,000)	36.74	_
Forfeited or expired	(12,000)	50.25	_
Unvested at March 31, 2017	48,000	\$ 47.03	1.6

Weighted

#### 10. OTHER EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

We established a 401(k) plan ("401K Plan") effective October 1, 2015. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the 401K Plan. The 401K Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their total annual compensation up to the Internal Revenue Service annual maximum based on age and eligibility. During the year ended March 31, 2017, we made contributions to the 401K Plan of up to 4.5% of the Internal Revenue Service's annual maximum eligible compensation, all of which is fully vested immediately. During the year ended March 31, 2017, we made matching contributions of approximately \$119.0 thousand. During the year ended March 31, 2016, we made matching contributions of approximately \$49.0 thousand.

## 11. RETIREMENT PLANS

Until the Share Distribution, CSWC sponsored a qualified defined benefit pension plan which covers its employees and employees of certain of its controlled affiliates. The following information about the plan represents amounts and information related to CSWC's participation in the plan and is presented as though CSWC sponsored a single-employer plan. Benefits were based on years of service and an average of the highest five consecutive years of compensation during the last 10 years of employment. The funding policy of the plan was to contribute annual amounts that are currently deductible for tax reporting purposes. No contribution was made to the plan during the three years ended March 31, 2017. The qualified defined benefit pension plan is closed to any employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2015. In connection with the Share Distribution, we entered into an Employee Matters Agreement with CSWI on September 8, 2015. The Employee Matters

Agreement was amended and restated on September 14, 2015. Under the Employee Matters Agreement, Capital Southwest Corporation and Capital Southwest Management Corporation withdrew as participating employers in the Plan and CSWI became the Sponsoring Employer of the Qualified Retirement Plan and assumed all the liabilities, assets, and future funding obligations for providing benefits for the covered Participants under the Qualified Retirement Plan.

Additionally, CSWC sponsors an unfunded Retirement Restoration Plan, which is a nonqualified plan that provides for the payment, upon retirement, of the difference between the maximum annual payment permissible under the qualified retirement plan pursuant to federal limitations and the amount which would otherwise have been payable under the qualified plan. Effective September 30, 2015, the benefits accrued under the Restoration Plan on behalf of CSWI employees, including employees who transferred from the Company to CSWI, were transferred to a non-qualified deferred compensation plan established by CSWI. The Company retained all liabilities associated with benefits accrued under the Restoration Plan on behalf of individuals who remain employees of the Company or Capital Southwest Management Corporation following September 30, 2015 or who terminated employment prior to September 30, 2015 with vested benefits under the Restoration Plan were forfeited as of September 30, 2015.

The following tables set forth the qualified plan's net pension benefit, benefit obligation, fair value of plan assets, and amounts recognized in our Consolidated Statements of Operations at March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, as well as amounts recognized in our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities at March 31, 2017 and 2016 in thousands):

	Y	Years ended March 31,			
	2017	2016	2015		
Net pension benefit			<u> </u>		
Service cost-benefits earned during the year	\$	\$ 190	\$ 199		
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	_	173	348		
Expected return on assets	_	(579)	(1,043)		
Net amortization	_	5	25		
Immediate recognition of benefit cost due to Plan Freeze at					
9/30/2016	_	(72)	_		
Net pension benefit from qualified plan	<del>\$</del> —	\$(283)	\$ (471)		

		rears enueu March 31,			
	2017	2016	2015		
Change in benefit obligation					
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$—	\$ 8,329	\$7,149		
Service cost	_	190	199		
Interest cost	_	173	348		
Actuarial (gain) loss	_	(508)	931		
Benefits paid	_	(172)	(298)		
Curtailment recognition	_	(409)	_		
Transferred to CSWI at 9/30/2016	_	(7,603)	_		
Benefit obligation at end of year	<del>\$</del> —	\$ —	\$8,329		

Vears ended March 31

	Years ended March 31,			
	2017	2016	2015	
Change in plan assets			<u> </u>	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$—	\$ 18,623	\$18,112	
Actual return on plan assets	_	(315)	809	
Benefits paid	_	(172)	(298)	
Transferred to CSWI at 9/30/2016	_	(18, 136)	_	
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$—	\$ —	\$18,623	

Following the Share Distribution, all plan assets were transferred to CSWI. As such, CSWC did not record any prepaid pension cost or accumulated benefit obligation in connection with the qualified defined benefit pension plan for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following tables set forth the retirement restoration plan's net pension benefit and benefit obligation amounts at March 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, as well as amounts recognized in our consolidated statements of assets and liabilities at March 31, 2017 and 2016:

rears ended March 51,		
2017	2016	2015
<b>\$</b> —	\$ 82	\$ 18
125	138	143
47	45	31
_	(82)	_
\$172		\$192
	\$— 125 47	2017     2016       \$—     \$ 82       125     138       47     45       —     (82)       \$172     \$183

	Years ended March 31,			
	2017	2016	2015	
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$3,061	\$3,119	\$3,103	
Service cost	_	82	18	
Interest cost	125	138	143	
Actuarial loss	41	428	105	
Benefits paid	(207)	(200)	(250)	
Curtailment recognition	_	(329)	_	
Other adjustments		(177)		
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$3,020	\$3,061	\$3,119	

	Years ended	l March 31,
	2017	2016
Amounts recognized in our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities		
Projected benefit obligation	\$ (3,020)	\$ (3,061)
Portion recognized as a component of equity	850	856
Accrued pension cost included in pension liabilities	\$ (2,170)	\$ (2,205)

The following assumptions were used in estimating the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligations:

	Years	Years ended March 31,		
	2017	2017 2016		
Discount rate	4.00%	4.25%	4.25%	
Rate of compensation increases	N/A	5.00%	5.00%	

The following assumptions were used in estimating the net periodic (income)/expense:

	Years	Years ended March 31,		
	2017	2016	2015	
Discount rate	4.00%	4.25%	5.00%	
Expected return on plan assets	N/A	N/A	7.00%	
Rate of compensation increases	N/A	N/A	5.00%	

Following are the expected benefit payments for the next five years and in the aggregate for the years 2023-2027 (amounts in thousands):

(In thousands)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023-2027
Restoration Plan	\$214	\$214	\$213	\$223	\$232	\$ 1.096

#### 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On September 9, 2015, we entered into an agreement to co-manage I-45 SLF LLC (the "Joint Venture" or "I-45 SLF") with Main Street Capital Corporation ("Main Street"). Both companies have equal voting rights on the Joint Venture's Board of Managers. We have committed to provide \$68 million of equity to the Joint Venture, with Main Street providing \$17 million. The Joint Venture invests primarily in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market. To date we have contributed \$60.8 million and currently have commitments outstanding of \$7.2 million as of March 31, 2017.

We lease office space under an operating lease which requires annual base rentals of approximately \$250 thousand. For the three years ended March 31, 2017, total rental expense was \$233 thousand in 2017, \$186 thousand in 2016, and \$207 thousand in 2015, and the rent commitments for the next five years as of March 31, 2017 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Year ending March 31,	Rent Commitment
2018	239
2019	248
2020	258
2021	267
2022	226
Thereafter	_
Total	\$ 1,238

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. We have no currently pending material legal proceedings to which we are part or to which any of our assets is subject.

# 13. SOURCES OF INCOME (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Investment Income Realized Gain					
Year ended March 31, 2017	T	Other		on Investments		
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	\$11,759	<u>Dividends</u> \$ —	\$ 622	\$ 3,992		
Affiliate investments	561	3 — 162	\$ 022	3,876		
Control investments	160		362	28		
	100	9,682	302	20		
Other sources, including temporary	1.00					
investments	166					
	\$12,646	\$ 9,844	\$ 984	\$ 7,896		
		Investment Income		Realized Gain (Loss)		
Year ended March 31, 2016	Interest	Dividends	Other Income	on Investments before Income Taxes		
Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	\$4,409	\$ —	\$ 130	\$ (9,575)		
Affiliate investments	135	_	_	(1,458)		
Control investments	_	3,489	530	231		
Other sources, including temporary						
investments	386	_	81	_		
	\$4,930	\$ 3,489	\$ 741	\$ (10,802)		
		Investment Income		Realized Gain (Loss)		
Year ended		Other		on Investments		
March 31, 2015 Non-control/Non-affiliate investments	Interest	Dividends	Income	before Income Taxes		
	\$ 288	\$ 67	\$ 75	\$ 8,226		
Affiliate investments	_	581		157,213		
Control investments	_	8,295	485	(1,175)		
Other sources, including temporary investments	122		35			

# 14. SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA

The following presents a summary of the unaudited quarterly consolidated financial information for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (in thousands except per share amounts):

\$ 410

\$ 8,943

\$ 595

164,264

2017	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 371	\$1,365	\$2,873	\$ 3,279	\$ 7,888
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	199	3,527	72	4,098	7,896
Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments	2,127	2,026	4,940	(1,403)	7,690
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	2,697	6,918	7,885	5,974	23,474
Net investment (loss) income per share	0.02	0.09	0.18	0.21	0.50
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations per share	0.17	0.44	0.50	0.37	1.48

2016	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
Net investment income (loss)	\$ (2,830)	\$(9,335)	\$ (20)	\$1,498	\$(10,687)
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	749	(3,396)	(8,170)	15	(10,802)
Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments	4,245	3,783	7,060	1,001	16,089
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	2,164	(8,948)	(1,130)	2,514	(5,400)
Net investment (loss) income per share	(0.18)	(0.60)	_	0.10	(0.68)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations per share	0.14	(0.58)	(0.07)	0.16	(0.35)

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a BDC, we are obligated under the 1940 Act to make available to certain of our portfolio companies significant managerial assistance. "Making available significant managerial assistance" refers to any arrangement whereby we provide significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. We are also deemed to be providing managerial assistance to all portfolio companies that we control, either by ourselves or in conjunction with others. The nature and extent of significant managerial assistance provided by us will vary according to the particular needs of each portfolio company. During the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we received management and other fees from certain of our portfolio companies totaling \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, which were recognized as fees and other income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 3, 2017, CSWC paid regular dividends declared on February 28, 2017 in the amount of \$3.0 million, or \$0.19 per share, and special dividends declared in the amount of \$4.2 million, or \$0.26 per share.

On May 10, 2017, CSWC announced that the Chairman of the Board, Joseph B. Armes has informed the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") of his decision not to stand for re-election at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders in August 2017. The Company reported this along with the plan for replacing Mr. Armes in connection with the Company's upcoming annual meeting on August 3, 2017 in an 8-K filed with the SEC on that day.

On May 31, 2017, we announced our Board of Directors had declared a \$0.21 dividend per share for the quarter ended for June 30, 2017. The record date for the dividend is June 15, 2017. The payment date for the dividend is July 3, 2017.

#### SELECTED PER SHARE DATA AND RATIOS

The following presents a summary of the selected per share data for the years ended March 31, 2013 through 2017 (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Years Ended March 31,					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Per Share Data:						
Investment income(1)	\$ 1.48	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.71	
Operating expenses(1)	(0.87)	(1.34)	(0.78)	(0.55)	(0.55)	
Income taxes(1)	(0.11)	0.08	(0.02)	0.05	(0.04)	
Net investment income (loss)(1)	0.50	(0.68)	(0.16)	0.32	0.12	
Dividends to shareholders	(0.79)	(0.14)	(0.20)	(0.20)	(5.27)	
Net realized gain (loss)	0.50	(88.0)	7.06	0.66	5.81	
Net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments	0.49	1.02	(6.96)	6.04	1.08	
Distribution from additional capital for spin-off	_	(1.67)	_	_	_	
Spin-off Compensation Plan distribution, net of tax	(80.0)	(80.0)	_	_	_	
Decrease in unrealized appreciation due to distributions to						
CSWI	_	(29.15)	_	_	_	
Exercise of employee stock options(2)	(0.09)	0.03	(0.04)	(0.18)	(0.24)	
Forfeiture/ (Issuance) of restricted stock(3)	(0.15)	(0.49)	(0.40)	_	(0.10)	
Share based compensation expense	0.08	0.08	0.07	(0.04)	0.03	
Net change in pension plan funded status			(0.05)	0.08	0.01	
Increase (decrease) in net asset value	0.46	(31.96)	(0.68)	6.68	1.44	
Net asset value						
Beginning of period	17.34	49.30	49.98	43.30	41.86	
End of period	\$ 17.80	\$ 17.34	\$ 49.30	\$ 49.98	\$ 43.30	
Ratios and Supplemental Data						
Ratio of operating expenses, excluding interest expense, to average net						
assets(6)	4.59%	4.48%	1.59%	1.18%	1.36%	
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	2.83%	(2.27)%	(0.32)%	0.68%	0.31%	
Portfolio turnover	17.3%	4.2%	0.93%	1.76%	2.22%	
Total investment return(4)	27.9%	(20.7)%	8.4%	16.9%	27.0%	
Total return based on change in NAV <sup>(5)</sup>	7.2%	(2.2)%	(1.0)%	15.9%	16.0%	
Weighted-average fully diluted shares outstanding	15,877	15,724	15,531	15,298	15,207	
Common shares outstanding at end of period	16,011	15,726	15,565	15,414	15,236	

Based on weighted average of common shares outstanding for the period.

Net decrease is due to the exercise of employee stock options at prices less than beginning of period net asset value.

Reflects impact of the different share amounts as a result of issuance or forfeiture of restricted stock during the period.

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by CSWC's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect any sales load that may be paid by an investor. Total return based on change in near taset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to shareholders and other non-operating changes during the period, as dividend when beginning net asset value.

divided by the beginning net asset value.

Amounts for fiscal 2015, 2014 and 2013 are based on average net assets prior to the Share Distribution.

#### 18. SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES

#### Media Recovery Inc.

Media Recovery, Inc. (MRI), through its subsidiary ShockWatch, provides solutions that currently enable over 3,000 customers and some 200 partners in 62 countries to detect mishandling that causes product damage and spoilage during transport and storage. The ShockWatch product portfolio includes impact, tilt, temperature, vibration, and humidity detection systems and is widely used in the energy, transportation, aerospace, defense, food, pharmaceutical, medical device, consumer goods and manufacturing sectors. MRI completed the divestiture of DataSpan, Inc., a leading data storage, products, and management provider, to DataSpan Holdings in September 2014, and continued to provide post-closing services to DataSpan Holdings under a transition services agreement ("TSA") through June 27, 2015. Our valuation is based primarily on adjusted EBITDA.

At March 31, 2017, our investment in Media Recovery, Inc. exceeded the 10.0% and 20.0% thresholds in at least one of the tests under Rule 3-09 and Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, we will amend our Form 10-K to include the financial statements of Media Recovery, Inc. once they are available. At March 31, 2016, our investment in Media Recovery, Inc. exceeded the 10% and 20% thresholds in at least one of the tests under Rule 3-09 and Rule 4-08(g). Accordingly, we amended our Form 10-K to include the financial statements of Media Recovery, Inc. in December 2016, within 90 days of Media Recovery, Inc.'s fiscal year end. Below is certain selected key financial data from its Balance Sheet at March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the twelve months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 Income Statement (amounts in thousands).

	Marc	h 31, 2017	Marc	h 31, 2016
Current Assets	\$	9,935	\$	11,242
Non-Current Assets		23,173		23,644
Current Liabilities		2,083		1,997
Non-Current Liabilities	\$	2,396	\$	2,240

	Years Er	nded March 31
	2017	2016
Revenue	\$ 19,571	\$ 20,765
Income from continuing operations	1,100	591
Net income	1,100	472

#### I-45 SLF LLC

In September 2015, we entered into an LLC agreement with Main Street to form I-45 SLF LLC ("I-45 SLF"). I-45 SLF began investing in syndicated senior secured loans in the upper middle market during the quarter ended December 31, 2015. The initial equity capital commitment to I-45 SLF totaled \$85.0 million, consisting of \$68.0 million from us and \$17.0 million from Main Street. Approximately \$76.0 million was funded as of March 31, 2017, relating to these commitments, of which \$60.8 million was from CSWC. We own 80.0% of I-45 SLF and have a profits interest of 75.6%, while Main Street owns 20.0% and has a profits interest of 24.4%. I-45 SLF's Board of Managers make all investment and operational decisions for the fund, and consist of equal representation from CSWC and Main Street.

As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, I-45 SLF had total assets of \$216.2 million and \$102.9 million. I-45 SLF had approximately \$200.2 million and \$99.2 million of credit investments at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The portfolio companies in I-45 SLF are in industries similar to those in which we may invest directly. As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, approximately \$11.8 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, were unsettled trades. For the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, I-45 SLF declared total dividends of \$9.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively.

Additionally, I-45 SLF closed on a \$75.0 million 5-year senior secured credit facility led by Deutsche Bank AG ("Deutsche Bank facility") in November 2015. This facility includes an accordion feature which will allow

I-45 to achieve leverage of up to 2x debt-to-equity. Borrowings under the facility are secured by all of the assets of I-45 SLF and bear interest at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 2.5% per annum. During the year ended March 31, 2017, I-45 increased debt commitments outstanding by an additional \$90.0 million by adding three additional lenders to the syndicate, bringing total debt commitments to \$165.0 million. There is \$122.0 million drawn on the facility as of March 31, 2017.

Below is a summary of I-45 SLF's portfolio, followed by a listing of the individual loans in I-45 SLF's portfolio as of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

I-45 SLF LLC Loan Portfolio as of March 31, 2017

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1,3)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
Ahead, LLC	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2020	L+ 6.50%	\$ 4,687,500	\$ 4,585,980	4,640,625
American Scaffold Holdings	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	3/31/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2,925,000	2,887,177	2,910,375
American Teleconferencing	Telecommunications	First Lien	12/8/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%) L+9.50%	5,711,302	5,243,687	5,700,451
		Second Lien	6/6/2022	(Floor 1.00%)	1,708,571	1,643,620	1,674,400
Ansira Partners	Business services	First Lien	12/31/2022	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,500,000	3,884,092	3,893,523
Array Technologies	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/22/2021	L+7.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4,625,000	4,542,126	4,613,437
ATX Networks Corp	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/12/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,924,812	4,877,593	4,875,564
Beaver-Visitec International	Healthcare products	First Lien	8/21/2023	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,975,000	4,928,997	4,975,000
California Pizza Kitchen	Food, agriculture & beverage	First Lien	8/23/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,969,987	6,925,133	6,971,381
CMN.com (Higher Education)	Consumer services	First Lien	10/15/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	6,912,500	6,785,531	6,785,531
Contextmedia	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	12/31/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	1,975,000	1,787,489	1,975,000
Digital River	Software & IT services	First Lien	2/12/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	7,015,452	6,988,236	7,050,529
Digital Room	Paper & forest products	Second Lien	5/28/2023	L+10.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,000,000	3,924,128	3,924,128
Highline Aftermarket	Automobile	First Lien	3/17/2024	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,985,000	3,033,900
Hunter Defense Technologies	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	8/5/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,703,947	2,697,208	2,514,671
ICSH, Inc.	Containers & packaging	First Lien	12/31/2018	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	6,698,007	6,670,865	6,685,051
iEnergizer	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.25%)	6,567,046	6,217,720	6,542,748
IG Investments Holdings	Business services	First Lien	10/31/2021	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,480,470	2,469,439	2,507,856
Imagine! Print Solutions	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	3/30/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,565,489	3,526,760	3,610,057

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1,3)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
InfoGroup Inc.	Software & IT services	First Lien	5/28/2018	L+5.50% (Floor 1.50%)	5,913,550	5,813,451	5,907,637
		First Lien		L+5.00% (Floor 1.50%)	3,000,000	2,970,000	2,970,000
Integro Parent Inc.	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2022	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4,938,924	4,790,756	4,963,618
iPayment, Inc.	Financial services	First Lien	5/8/2017	L+5.25% (Floor 1.50%)	6,964,029	6,947,920	6,929,209
LTI Holdings, Inc.	Industrial products	First Lien	4/17/2022	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	1,974,874	1,780,886	1,974,874
Mood Media Corporation	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,503,289	4,427,043	4,483,024
MWI Holdings	Industrial products	First Lien	6/29/2020	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,962,500	4,921,442	5,006,170
New Media Holdings II LLC	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	6/4/2020	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,901,894	6,886,200	6,867,385
Northstar Travel	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	6/7/2022	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	4,090,625	4,036,655	4,070,172
PetValu	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/5/2022	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,975,000	4,931,261	4,987,438
Pike Corp.	Utilities	Second Lien	8/30/2024	(Floor 1.00%)	1,000,000	990,000	1,017,500
Polycom	Telecommunications	First Lien	9/27/2023	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6,445,833	6,445,833	6,547,678
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc.	Consumer services	First Lien	7/1/2019	L+5.25% (Floor 1.25%)	4,474,279	4,470,626	4,507,836
		Second Lien	7/1/2020	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	405,000	395,663	407,349
PT Network	Healthcare products	First Lien	11/30/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,990,972	3,883,735	3,883,735
Redbox Automated Retail	Gaming & leisure	First Lien	9/27/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	6,125,000	5,958,692	6,132,963
Safe Guard	Automobile	First Lien	3/31/2024	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,250,000	3,152,500	3,225,625
Sigma Electric	Industrial products	First Lien	8/31/2021	L+7.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,886,637	4,886,637
SRP Companies	Consumer services	First Lien	9/8/2023	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,152,273	5,106,492	5,132,212
TaxACT	Financial services	First Lien	12/31/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	1,269,915	1,238,463	1,269,915
Terra Millennium	Industrial products	First Lien	11/23/2022	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%)	6,956,250	6,889,423	6,956,250
Time Manufacturing	Capital Equipment	First Lien	2/10/2022	L+5.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,985,343	2,985,343
Turning Point Brands	Retail	First Lien	12/31/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,950,846	4,950,846
Tweddle Group	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	10/24/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,506,731	2,459,763	2,525,531
US Joiner (IMECO and RAACI)	Transportation & logistics	First Lien	4/16/2020	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,791,601	4,737,062	4,767,643

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1,3)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
VIP Cinema	Hotel, gaming & leisure	First Lien	3/31/2023	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,975,275	5,059,500
Water Pik, Inc.	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/8/2020	L+4.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,137,090	1,135,097	1,139,478
Total Investments		Second Lien	1/8/2021	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,789,474	1,756,683 \$ 197,494,528	1,802,895 \$ 200,242,690

(1) (2)

Represents the interest rate as of March 31, 2017. All interest rates are payable in cash, unless otherwise noted.

Represents the fair value determined utilizing a similar process as the Company in accordance with ASC 820. However, the fair value is determined by the Board of Managers of the Joint Venture. It is not included in the Company's Board of Directors' valuation process described elsewhere herein.

The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("Prime") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor.

### I-45 SLF LLC Loan Portfolio as of March 31, 2016

Portfolio Company	Industry	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1),(3)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
Ahead, LLC	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2020	L+6.50%	\$ 4,937,500	\$ 4,800,794	\$ 4,814,063
ATX Networks Corp.	Technology products & components	First Lien	6/12/2021	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,974,937	4,915,874	4,925,188
BDF Acquisition Corp.	Consumer products & retail	Second Lien	2/12/2022	L+8.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,859,650	2,895,000
Compuware Corporation	Software & IT services	First Lien	12/15/2019	L+5.25% (Floor 1.00%)	2,922,078	2,854,681	2,829,857
CRGT	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	12/19/2020	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	3,923,567	3,918,804	3,913,758
Digital River	Software & IT services	First Lien	2/12/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	5,415,452	5,383,375	5,408,683
Hunter Defense Technologies	Aerospace & Defense	First Lien	8/5/2019	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	2,960,526	2,950,002	2,442,434
ICSH, Inc.	Containers & packaging	First Lien	12/31/2018	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4,974,243	4,953,875	4,941,503
Imagine! Print Solutions	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	3/30/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	3,000,000	2,947,500	3,011,250
Integro Parent Inc.	Business services	First Lien	11/2/2022	L+5.75% (Floor 1.00%)	4,988,287	4,821,625	4,813,697
iPayment, Inc.	Financial services	First Lien	5/8/2017	L+5.25% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,904,057	4,778,150
Jet Support Services, Inc.	Aerospace & defense	First Lien	8/31/2021	L+6.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,875,000	4,768,698	4,631,250
Kendra Scott	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/17/2020	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,899,684	4,892,037	4,887,434
LTI Holdings, Inc.	Industrial products	First Lien	4/17/2022	L+4.25% (Floor 1.00%)	1,994,975	1,760,565	1,890,239
MediMedia USA	Healthcare services	First Lien	11/20/2018	L+6.75% (Floor 1.25%)	5,000,000	4,876,157	4,887,500

Portfolio Company	<u> </u>	Investment Type	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate(1),(3)	Principal	Cost	Fair Value(2)
Milk Specialties	Food, agriculture & beverage	First Lien	11/9/2018	L+7.00% (Floor 1.25%)	3,686,288	3,681,983	3,693,200
Mood Media Corporation	Business services	First Lien	5/1/2019	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,549,714	4,435,393	4,260,375
New Media Holdings II LLC.	Media, marketing & entertainment Consumer	First Lien	6/4/2020	L+6.25% (Floor 1.00%) L+5.25%	4,962,311	4,951,057	4,853,785
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc.	services	First Lien	7/1/2019	(Floor 1.25%)	4,824,760	4,819,070	4,812,698
		Second Lien	7/1/2020	L+9.00% (Floor 1.25%)	405,000	392,850	400,950
Stardust Finance Holdings, Inc.	Buildings & infrastructure products	First Lien	3/13/2022	L+5.50% (Floor 1.00%)	4,974,874	4,928,459	4,937,563
TaxACT	Financial services	First Lien	12/31/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	4,500,000	4,369,102	4,432,500
US Joiner (IMECO and RAACI)	Transportation & logistics	First Lien	4/16/2020	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	2,992,366	2,940,000	2,947,481
Vivid Seats	Media, marketing & entertainment	First Lien	3/1/2022	L+6.00% (Floor 1.00%)	5,000,000	4,653,688	4,737,500
Water Pik, Inc.	Consumer products & retail	First Lien	7/8/2020	L+4.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,191,287	1,188,560	1,179,868
Total Investments		Second Lien	1/8/2021	L+8.75% (Floor 1.00%)	1,912,281	1,867,957 \$ 99,835,813	1,888,377 \$ 99,214,303

Represents the interest rate as of March 31, 2016. All interest rates are payable in cash, unless otherwise noted.
Represents the fair value determined utilizing a similar process as the Company in accordance with ASC 820. However, the fair value is determined by the Board of Managers of the Joint Venture. It is not included in the Company's Board of Directors' valuation process described elsewhere herein.

The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") or Prime ("Prime") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR or Prime and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2016. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR or Prime interest rate floor. (3)

At March 31, 2017, our investment in I-45 SLF, LLC exceeded the 10.0% and 20.0% thresholds in at least one of the tests under Rule 3-09 and Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, we have included as an exhibit to our Form 10-K the financial statements of I-45 SLF, LLC. Below is certain summarized financial information for I-45 SLF, LLC as of March 31, 2017 and 2016 and for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 (amounts in thousands):

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
elected Balance Sheet Information:		
Investments, at fair value (cost \$197,495 and \$99,836)	\$ 200,243	\$ 99,214
Cash and cash equivalents	12,093	2,181
Due from broker	1,732	_
Deferred financing costs	1,659	1,060
Interest receivable	474	436
Total assets	\$ 216,201	\$ 102,891
Senior credit facility payable	\$ 122,000	\$ 48,000
Payable for unsettled transactions	11,795	8,040
Other liabilities	2,988	1,494
Total liabilities	\$ 136,783	\$ 57,534
Members' equity	79,418	45,357
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 216,201	\$ 102,891
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 21 2017	March 21 2016

	March 31, 2017	Year Ended March 31, 2016
Selected Statement of Operations Information:		
Total revenues	\$ 12,542	\$ 2,401
Total expenses	4,400	689
Net investment income	8,142	1,712
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	3,370	(621)
Net realized gains	1,653	42
Net increase in members' equity resulting from operations	\$ 13,165	\$ 1,133

#### SCHEDULE 12-14

#### Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates

(In thousands)

Portfolio Company/ Type of Investment(1)	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited in Income(2)	Fair Value at March 31, 2016	Gross Additions(3)	Gross Reductions(4)	Fair Value at March 31, 2017
Control Investments					
I-45 SLF LLC					
80% LLC equity interest	\$ 6,883	\$ 36,337	\$ 27,058	\$ —	\$ 63,395
Media Recovery, Inc.					
800,000 shares Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible					
into 800,000 shares common stock	460	4,757	833		5,590
4,000,002 shares common stock	2,653	27,445	4,804		32,249
TitanLiner					
1,189,609 shares Series B convertible preferred stock	44	_	2,777	_	2,777
702,475 shares Series A convertible preferred stock		3,352		(3,352)	<u> </u>
Total Control Investments	\$ 10,040	\$ 71,891	\$ 35,472	\$ (3,352)	\$ 104,011
Portfolio Company / Type of Investment(1) Affiliate Investments	Amount of Interest, Fees or Dividends Credited in Income(2)	Fair Value at March 31, 2016	Gross <u>Additions(3)</u>	Gross <u>Reductions(4)</u>	Fair Value at March 31, 2017
Chandler Signs, LP					
Senior secured debt	561	4,413	65	_	4,478
1,500,000 units of Class A-1 common stock	163	2,529	132	_	2,661
kSEP Holdings, Inc.		ĺ			
861,591 shares of common stock	_	3,676	_	(3,676)	_
<b>Total Affiliate Investments</b>	\$ 724	\$ 10,618	\$ 197	\$ (3,676)	\$ 7,139
Total Control & Affiliate Investments	\$ 10,764	\$ 82,509	\$ 35,669	\$ (7,028)	\$ 111,150

This schedule should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements, including the Consolidated Schedules of Investments and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The principal amount and ownership detail as shown in the Consolidated Schedules of Investments.

The principal amount and ownership detail as shown in the Consolidated Schedules of Investments.

Represents the total amount of interest, fees and dividends, credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Control or Affiliate categories, respectively.

Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, follow-on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in unrealized depreciation as well as movement of an existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.

Gross reductions include in decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and exchanges of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category, and into a different category.

this category and into a different category.

# INDEX TO OTHER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULES

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Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended March 31, 2017 and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to	
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Consolidated Statements of Changes in Member's Equity for the year ended March 31, 2017 and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of	
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# IMPORTANT NOTE

In accordance with certain SEC rules, Capital Southwest Corporation. (the "Company") is providing additional information regarding the following two portfolio companies: I-45 SLF LLC and Media Recovery, Inc. However, pursuant to SEC rules, the Company does not consolidate portfolio company investments, including those in which it has a controlling interest. As a result, the additional financial information regarding these entities does not directly impact the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Managers I-45 SLF LLC

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of I-45 SLF LLC and its subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated statements of assets, liabilities and members' equity, including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2017, and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively, the financial statements).

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of I-45 SLF LLC and its subsidiary as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2017, and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ RSM LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 12, 2017

# I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Equity

	Mar	ch 31,
	2017	2016
Assets		
Investments, at fair value (cost \$197,494,528 and \$99,835,813, respectively)	\$ 200,242,690	\$ 99,214,303
Cash and cash equivalents	12,092,653	2,180,769
Due from broker	1,732,500	_
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$439,982 and \$65,323, respectively)	1,659,042	1,059,677
Interest receivable	474,331	436,392
	\$ 216,201,216	\$ 102,891,141
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Liabilities		
Credit facility	\$ 122,000,000	\$ 48,000,000
Payable for securities purchased	11,795,000	8,040,191
Distributions payable	2,830,442	1,425,474
Interest payable	60,192	29,205
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	97,882	39,040
Total liabilities	136,783,516	57,533,910
Members' equity	79,417,700	45,357,231
	\$ 216,201,216	\$ 102,891,141

# I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Schedule of Investments March 31, 2017

Description	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Corporate Bank Loans	Maturity Date	Nate	Amount	Cost	Tall value	Equity
United States						
Aerospace & Defense						
American Scaffold Holdings	3/31/2022	L+6.50%	\$ 2,925,000	\$ 2.887.177	\$ 2.910.375	
Hunter Defense Technologies	8/5/2019	L+6.00%	2,703,947	2,697,208	2,514,671	
Automobile	0/0/2010	2 0.0070	2,7 00,0 17	2,057,200	2,01 1,07 1	
Highline Aftermarket	3/17/2024	L+4.25%	3,000,000	2,985,000	3,033,900	
Safe Guard	3/31/2024	L+5.00%	3,250,000	3,152,500	3,225,625	
Business Services	5/51/202	2 0.0070	5,250,000	5,152,500	0,220,020	
Ahead, LLC	11/2/2020	L+6.50%	4,687,500	4,585,981	4,640,625	
Ansira Partners	12/31/2022	L+6.50%	4,500,000	3,884,092	3,893,523	
iEnergizer	5/1/2019	L+6.00%	6,567,046	6,217,720	6,542,748	
IG Investments Holdings	10/31/2021	L+5.00%	2,480,570	2,469,439	2,507,856	
Integro Parent Inc.	11/2/2022	L+5.75%	4,938,924	4,790,756	4,963,618	
Mood Media Corporation	5/1/2019	L+6.00%	4,503,289	4,427,043	4,483,024	
Capital Equipment	5/1/2015	2 0.0070	1,000,200	1, 127,013	1, 100,02 1	
Time Manufacturing	2/10/2022	L+5.00%	3,000,000	2,985,343	2,985,343	
Consumer Products & Retail			2,000,000	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
PetValu	7/5/2022	L+5.50%	4,975,000	4,931,261	4,987,438	
Water Pik, Inc 1st lien	7/8/2020	L+4.75%	1,137,090	1,135,097	1,139,478	
Water Pik, Inc 2nd lien	1/8/2021	L+8.75%	1,789,474	1,756,683	1,802,895	
Consumer Services			,,	,,	, ,	
CMN.com (Higher Education)	10/15/2021	L+6.00%	6.912.500	6,785,531	6,785,531	
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc 2nd Lien	7/1/2020	L+9.00%	405,000	395,663	407,349	
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc 1st Lien	7/1/2019	L+5.25%	4,474,279	4,470,626	4,507,836	
SRP Companies	9/8/2023	L+6.50%	5,975,275	5,106,492	5,132,212	
Containers & Packaging			-,,	-,,	-, - ,	
ICSH, Inc.	12/31/2018	L+5.75%	6,698,007	6,670,865	6,685,051	
Financial Services						
iPayment, Inc.	5/8/2017	L+5.25%	6,964,029	6,947,920	6,929,209	
TaxACT	12/31/2022	L+6.00%	1,269,915	1,238,463	1,269,915	
Food, Agriculture & Beverage			i i	í í	· · ·	
California Pizza Kitchen	8/23/2022	L+6.00%	6,969,987	6,925,133	6,971,381	
Gaming & leisure					· · ·	
Redbox Automated Retail	9/27/2021	L+7.50%	6,125,000	5,958,692	6,132,963	
Healthcare Services					· · ·	
Beaver-Visitec International	8/21/2023	L+5.00%	4,975,000	4,928,997	4,975,000	
PT Network	11/30/2021	L+6.50%	4,990,972	3,883,735	3,883,735	
Hotel, gaming & leisure						
VIP Cinema	3/31/2023	L+6.00%	5,000,000	4,975,275	5,059,500	

### I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Schedule of Investments March 31, 2017

#### (Continued)

		Current Interest	Principal			Percentage of Members'
Description	Maturity Date	Rate	Amount	Cost	Fair Value	Equity
Industrial products						
LTI Holdings, Inc.	4/17/2022	L+4.25%	\$ 1,974,874	\$ 1,780,886	\$ 1,974,874	
MWI Holdings	6/29/2020	L+5.50%	4,962,500	4,921,442	5,006,170	
Sigma Electric	8/31/2021	L+7.50%	5,000,000	4,886,637	4,886,637	
Terra Millennium	11/23/2022	L+6.25%	6,956,250	6,889,423	6,956,250	
Media, Marketing & Entertainment			· · ·			
Contextmedia	12/31/2021	L+6.50%	1,975,000	1,787,489	1,975,000	
Imagine! Print Solutions	3/30/2022	L+6.00%	3,565,489	3,526,760	3,610,057	
New Media Holdings II LLC	6/4/2020	L+6.25%	6,901,894	6,886,200	6,867,385	
Northstar Travel	6/7/2022	L+6.25%	4,090,625	4,036,655	4,070,172	
Tweddle Group	10/24/2022	L+6.00%	2,506,731	2,459,763	2,525,531	
Paper & forest products			· · ·			
Digital Room	5/28/2023	L+10.00%	4,000,000	3,924,128	3,924,128	
Retail			,,	-,- , -	-,- , -	
Turning Point Brands	12/31/2021	L+6.00%	5,000,000	4,950,846	4,950,846	
Software & IT Services			· · ·			
Digital River	2/12/2021	L+6.50%	7,015,452	6,988,236	7,050,529	
InfoGroup Inc 1st Lien	5/28/2018	L+5.50%	3,000,000	2,970,000	2,970,000	
InfoGroup Inc 1st Lien	5/28/2018	L+5.00%	5,913,550	5,813,451	5,907,637	
Technology Products & Components			· · ·			
Array Technologies	6/22/2021	L+7.25%	4,625,000	4,542,126	4,613,438	
ATX Networks Corp.	6/12/2021	L+6.00%	4,924,812	4,877,594	4,875,564	
Telecommunications						
American Teleconferencing - 1st Lien	12/8/2021	L+6.50%	5,711,302	5,243,685	5,700,450	7.18%
American Teleconferencing - 2nd Lien	6/6/2022	L+9.50%	1,708,571	1,643,620	1,674,400	2.11%
Polycom	9/27/2023	L+6.50%	6,445,833	6,445,833	6,547,678	8.24%
Transportation & Logistics			-, -,	-, -,	-,- ,	
US Joiner	4/16/2020	L+6.00%	4,791,601	4,737,062	4,767,643	6.00%
Utilities			, = ,===	, - ,	, , , , , ,	
Pike Corp.	8/30/2024	L+8.00%	1,000,000	990,000	1,017,500	1.28%
Total Investments -						
(cost \$197,494,528)				\$ 197,494,528	\$ 200,242,690	252.13%

The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2017. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR interest rate floor.

#### I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Schedule of Investments March 31, 2017

Description	Maturity Date	Current Interest Rate	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Corporate Bank Loans	Maturity Date	- Kutt	Aimount		Tun vulue	Lquity
United States						
Aerospace & Defense						
CRGT	12/19/2020	L+6.50%	\$ 3,923,567	\$ 3,918,804	\$ 3,913,758	
Hunter Defense Technologies	8/5/2019	L+5.50%	2,960,526	2,950,002	2,442,434	
Jet Support Services, Inc.	8/31/2021	L+6.50%	4,875,000	4,768,698	4,631,250	
Building & Infrastructure Products	0/31/2021	L · 0.5070	4,075,000	4,700,030	4,031,230	
Stardust Finance Holdings, Inc.	3/13/2022	L+5.50%	4,974,874	4,928,459	4,937,563	
Specialty Chemicals	3/13/2022	L · 3.30 / 0	4,574,074	4,320,433	4,557,505	
LTI Holdings, Inc.	4/17/2022	L+4.25%	1,994,975	1,760,565	1,890,239	
Software & IT Services	4/1//2022	L 14.23/0	1,334,373	1,700,303	1,030,233	
Compuware Corporation	12/15/2019	L+5.25%	2,922,078	2,854,681	2,829,857	
Digital River, Inc.	2/12/2021	L+6.50%	5,415,452	5,383,375	5,408,683	
Containers & Packaging	2/12/2021	L · 0.5070	3,413,432	5,505,575	3,400,003	
ICSH, Inc.	12/31/2018	L+5.75%	4,974,243	4,953,875	4,941,503	
Media, Marketing & Entertainment	12/31/2010	L · J./ J/0	7,377,273	4,333,073	7,571,505	
Imagine! Print Solutions, Inc.	3/30/2022	L+6.00%	3,000,000	2.947.500	3.011.250	
Mood Media Corporation	5/1/2019	L+6.00%	4,549,714	4,435,393	4,260,375	
New Media Holdings II LLC	6/4/2020	L+6.25%	4,962,311	4,951,057	4,853,785	
Vivid Seats	3/1/2022	L+6.00%	5,000,000	4,653,688	4,737,500	
Food, Agriculture & Beverage	3/1/2022	L 10.0070	3,000,000	4,055,000	4,737,300	
Milk Specialties	11/9/2018	L+7.00%	3,686,288	3,681,983	3,693,200	
Consumer Products & Retail	11/3/2010	L · / .00/0	3,000,200	3,001,303	3,033,200	
BDF Acquisition Corp.	2/12/2022	L+8.00%	3,000,000	2,859,650	2,895,000	
Kendra Scott	7/17/2020	L+6.00%	4,899,684	4,892,037	4,887,434	
Water Pik. Inc 1st lien	7/9/2020	L+4.75%	1,191,287	1,188,560	1,179,868	
Water Pik, Inc 2nd lien	1/9/2021	L+8.75%	1,912,281	1,867,957	1,888,377	
Business Services	1/3/2021	L 10.7570	1,312,201	1,007,337	1,000,577	
Ahead, LLC	11/2/2020	L+6.50%	4,937,500	4,800,794	4,814,063	
Integro Parent Inc.	11/2/2020	L+5.75%	4,988,287	4,821,625	4,813,697	
Healthcare Services	11/2/2022	L 13.7370	4,300,207	4,021,023	4,013,037	
MediMedia USA	11/20/2018	L+6.75%	5,000,000	4,876,157	4,887,500	
Financial Services	11/20/2010	L 10.7570	3,000,000	4,070,137	4,007,500	
iPayment, Inc.	5/8/2017	L+5.25%	5,000,000	4,904,057	4,778,150	
TaxACT, Inc.	12/31/2022	L+6.00%	4,500,000	4,369,102	4,432,500	
Consumer Services	12/31/2022	L 10.00 /0	4,300,000	4,303,102	4,432,300	
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc 1st lien	7/1/2019	L+5.25%	4,824,760	4,819,070	4,812,698	
Prepaid Legal Services, Inc 1st liell Prepaid Legal Services, Inc 2nd lien	7/1/2019	L+9.00%	4,624,760	392,850	400,950	
Transportation & Logistics	//1/2020	L 1 3.00 /0	403,000	332,030	400,330	
US Joiner	4/16/2020	L+6.00%	2,992,366	2,940,000	2,947,481	
Technology Products & Components	4/10/2020	L 10.0070	2,332,300	2,540,000	2,347,401	
ATX Networks Corp.	6/12/2021	L+6.00%	4,974,937	4,915,874	4,925,188	
1	0/12/2021	L 10.0070	4,3/4,33/			210 110/
Total Investments - (cost \$99,835,813)				\$ 99,835,813	\$ 99,214,303	210.11%

<sup>(1)</sup> The majority of investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") which reset daily, monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR and the current contractual interest rate in effect at March 31, 2016. Certain investments are subject to a LIBOR interest rate floor.

# I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Statements of Operations For the year ended March 31, 2017 and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016

	Year ended March 31, 2017	Period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016
Investment income		
Interest income	\$ 12,541,556	\$ 2,400,871
Total investment income	12,541,556	2,400,871
Expenses		
Interest expense	3,164,136	309,949
Unused facility fee	185,897	95,264
Organizational expense	_	80,853
Administrative agent fee	318,150	69,792
Amortization of facility fee	374,659	65,323
Administrative fee	120,543	35,106
Professional fees and other	236,372	32,295
Total expenses	4,399,757	688,582
Net investment income	8,141,799	1,712,289
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		
Net realized gain on investments	1,653,143	41,926
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	3,369,673	(621,510)
Net gain (loss) on investments	5,022,816	(579,584)
Net increase in members' equity resulting from operations	\$ 13,164,615	\$ 1,132,705

# I-45 SLF LLC

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity For the year ended March 31, 2017 and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016

	Year ended March 31, 2017	Period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016
Members' equity beginning balance	\$ 45,357,231	\$ —
Contributions	30,000,000	46,000,000
Distributions	(9,104,146)	(1,775,474)
	66,253,085	44,224,526
Net increase in members' equity resulting from operations:		
Net investment income	8,141,799	1,712,289
Net realized gain on investments	1,653,143	41,926
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	3,369,673	(621,510)
Net increase in members' equity resulting from operations	13,164,615	1,132,705
Members' equity ending balance	\$ 79,417,700	\$ 45,357,231

# I-45 SLF LLC Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the year ended March 31, 2017 and for the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016

	Year ended March 31, 2017	Period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase in members' equity resulting from operations	\$ 13,164,615	\$ 1,132,705
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in members' equity resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities:		
Net realized gain on investments	(1,653,143)	(41,926)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments	(3,369,673)	621,510
Amortization of premiums and discounts on investments	(1,084,012)	(84,867)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	374,659	65,323
Purchases of investments	(161,951,431)	(101,973,261)
Proceeds from sales / paydowns of investments	67,029,872	2,264,241
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Due from broker	(1,732,500)	_
Interest receivable	(37,939)	(436,392)
Payable for securities purchase	3,754,809	8,040,191
Interest payable	30,987	29,205
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	58,842	39,040
Net cash used in operating activities	(85,414,914)	(90,344,231)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from credit facility contracts	74,000,000	48,000,000
Deferred financing costs paid	(974,024)	(1,125,000)
Capital contributions	30,000,000	46,000,000
Distributions	(7,699,178)	(350,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	95,326,798	92,525,000
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	9,911,884	2,180,769
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,180,769	_
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 12,092,653	\$ 2,180,769
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 3,133,149	\$ 280,744
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities	<del></del>	
Distributions payable	\$ 2,830,442	\$ 1,425,474

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **ORGANIZATION**

I-45 SLF LLC (the "Company") was organized as a Delaware limited liability company on September 3, 2015 by the filing of a certificate of formation (the "Certificate") with the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware under and pursuant to the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Act"). The Company is a joint venture between Main Street Capital Corporation and Capital Southwest Corporation. Capital Southwest Corporation owns 80.0% of the Company and has a profits interest of 75.6%, while Main Street Capital Corporation owns 20.0% and has a profits interest of 24.4%. The initial equity capital commitment to I-45 SLF totaled \$85 million, consisting of \$68 million from Capital Southwest Corporation and \$17 million from Main Street Capital Corporation, of which, \$76 million, or 89.4%, in total was funded as of March 31, 2017 and \$46 million, or 54.1% was funded as of March 31, 2016.

On September 18, 2015, the Company's wholly-owned and consolidated subsidiary, I-45 SPV LLC (the "SPV") was organized as a Delaware limited liability company by the filing of a certificate of formation with the Office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. The Company is the sole equity member of the SPV. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The registered agent and office of the Company required by the Act to be maintained in the State of Delaware is The Corporation Trust Company, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware 19801. The principal office of the Company shall be located at such place within or without the State of Delaware, and the Company shall maintain such records, as the Members shall determine from time to time.

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") as detailed in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). The Company is an investment company and follows the accounting and reporting guidance in FASB Topic 946 – *Financial Services* – *Investment Companies* ("ASC Topic 946"). Financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade-date basis. Premiums and discounts are amortized over the lives of the respective debt securities using the effective interest method. Investments that are held by the Company are stated at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 820 – *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC Topic 820").

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment and the cost basis of the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written-off during the year net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the investment portfolio and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents, which consist of cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase, are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

In the normal course of business, the Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents balances in financial institutions, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any financial institution with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. Management monitors the financial condition of such financial institutions and does not anticipate any losses from these counterparties.

#### DEFERRED FINANCING COSTS

Deferred financing costs include commitment fees and other costs related to the Company's credit facility (the "Credit Facility", as discussed further in Note 4). These costs have been capitalized and are amortized into interest expense over the term of the individual instrument.

#### INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME

Interest income is recorded as earned on the accrual basis and includes amortization of premiums or accretion of discounts. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. In accordance with the Company's valuation policy, accrued interest and dividend receivables are evaluated periodically for collectability. When the Company does not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, the Company will generally establish a reserve against interest income receivable, thereby placing the loan or debt security on non-accrual status, and cease to recognize interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the ability to service debt or other obligations, it will be restored to accrual basis. As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company did not have any investments on non-accrual status.

#### **EXPENSES**

Unless otherwise voluntarily or contractually assumed by the Board of Managers or another party, the Company bears all expenses incurred in its business including, but not limited to, the following: all costs and expenses related to investment transactions and positions for the Company, legal fees, accounting, auditing and tax preparation fees, recordkeeping and custodial fees, costs of computing the Company's net asset value, research expenses, costs of insurance, registration expenses, offering costs, all costs with respect to communications with members, and other types of expenses as may be approved from time to time.

#### **INCOME TAXES**

The Company is organized and operates as a limited liability company and is not subject to income taxes as a separate entity. Such taxes are the responsibility of the individual members. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the Company's financial statements. Investments in foreign securities may result in foreign taxes being withheld by the issuer of such securities.

For the current open tax year and for all major jurisdictions, management of the Company has evaluated the tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions will "more-likely-than-not" be sustained by the Company upon challenge by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold and that would

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

result in a tax benefit or expense to the Company would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. For the year ended March 31, 2017 and the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016, the Company determined that it did not have any uncertain tax positions. Generally, the Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities during the three years prior to the periods covered by these financial statements.

#### RECENTLY ISSUED OR ADOPTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, *Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30)*, *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs*. ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. It is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Subsequently, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, *Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30)*, *Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements*. ASU 2015-15 allows debt issuance costs for lines of credit to be presented as an asset and subsequently amortized ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. The Company adopted this guidance during the period ended March 31, 2017 and there was no impact to its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements under ASC Topic 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Industry Topics of the ASC. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to perform the following five steps: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance will significantly enhance comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions and capital markets. Additionally, the guidance requires improved disclosures as to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)—Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients*. This ASU clarified guidance on assessing collectability, presenting sales tax, measuring noncash consideration, and certain transition matters. The FASB decided to defer the effective date of the new revenue standard for public entities under U.S. GAAP for one year. The new guidance will be effective for the annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption would be permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statem

#### 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

ASC Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. The fair value of the Company's investments is determined as of the close of business at the end of each reporting period ("Valuation Date") in conformity with the guidance on fair value measurements and disclosures under U.S. GAAP.

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The inputs used to determine the fair value of the Company's investments are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

- Level 1- unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2- investments with other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayments speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3- investments with significant unobservable inputs (including the Company's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The Company establishes valuation processes and procedures to ensure the valuation methodologies for investments categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are fair, consistent, and verifiable. The Company designates the Board of Managers to oversee the entire valuation process of Level 3 investments. The Board of Managers is responsible for developing the Company's valuation processes and procedures, conducting periodic reviews of the valuation policies, and evaluating the overall fairness and consistent application of the valuation policies. Additionally, the Board of Managers is generally responsible for reviewing and approving the valuation determinations and any information provided by U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC (the "Administrator"), as well as determining the levels of the fair value hierarchy in which the investments fall.

The Board of Managers meets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently as needed, to determine the valuations of Level 3 investments. Valuations determined by the Board of Managers are required to be supported by market data, third-party pricing sources, industry accepted pricing models, counterparty prices, or other methods the Board of Managers deems to be appropriate, including the use of internal proprietary pricing models. The Company, along with the Board of Managers, periodically reviews the valuations of Level 3 investments, and if necessary, recalibrates its valuation procedures.

Investments currently held by the Company are generally valued as follows:

Securities that are listed on a recognized exchange are valued at their last available public sales price. Securities that are listed on more than one national securities exchange are valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange on which the security is listed. If a security was not traded on the primary exchange on the valuation date, such security is valued at the last quoted sales price on the next most active market, if the Board of Managers determines the price to be representative of fair value. Investments that are not listed on an exchange but are traded over-the-counter are generally valued using independent pricing services. These pricing services may use the broker quotes or models that consider such factors as issue type, coupon rate, maturity, rating, prepayment speed, yield, or prices of comparable quality, when pricing securities.

In the case of investments not priced by independent pricing services, the Board of Managers will endeavor to obtain market maker quotes. For both long and short positions, the average of all "bid" and "asked" quotations is generally used.

The fair value determination of the Company's investments consists of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets and unobservable inputs. The observable inputs are not always sufficient to determine the fair value of these investments. As a result, all investments currently held by the Company are categorized as Level 3 under ASC 820. The significant unobservable input utilized in the valuation process is broker quotes.

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs used for the Company's investments that are categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as of March 31, 2017 and 2016:

Type of Investment	Fair Value at March 31, 2017	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range
Corporate bank loans	\$ 161,497,019	Income Approach	Broker Quotes	93 - 101.75
	8,359,451	Income Approach	Discount Rate	6.06% - 10.5%
	30,386,220	Market Approach	Cost	

Type of	Fair Value at	Valuation	Unobservable	Range
Investment	March 31, 2016	Technique	Input	
Corporate bank loans	\$ 99,214,303	Income Approach	Broker Quotes	83 - 100

The Board of Managers will evaluate the valuation hierarchy and make changes when necessary. The Company discloses transfers between levels based on valuations at the end of the reporting period. The inputs or methodology used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments.

The following is a summary categorization, as of March 31, 2017, of the Company's investments based on the level of inputs utilized in determining the value of such investments:

	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	Total
Investments (at fair value)				
Corporate bank loans	\$	<u> </u>	\$200,242,690	\$200,242,690
Total investments	_	_	200,242,690	200,242,690
Cash equivalents - money market fund	8,861,173			8,861,173
	\$8,861,173	<u>\$</u>	\$200,242,690	\$209,103,863

The following is a summary categorization, as of March 31, 2016, of the Company's investments based on the level of inputs utilized in determining the value of such investments:

	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	Total
Investments (at fair value)				
Corporate bank loans	\$ —	\$ —	\$99,214,303	\$ 99,214,303
Total investments			99,214,303	99,214,303
Cash equivalents - money market fund	1,876,414			1,876,414
	\$1,876,414	\$ —	\$99,214,303	\$101,090,717

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table represents additional information about Level 3 assets measured at fair value. Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions that the Company has classified within the Level 3 category. As a result, the unrealized gains and losses for assets within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs. Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value for the year ended March 31, 2017 and the period from September 3, 2015 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2016 were as follows:

LEVEL 3

	Beginning Balance March 31, 2016	Purchases	Settlements	Change in Unrealized Appreciation	Realized Gains (Losses)	Ending Balance March 31, 2017
Investments (at fair value)						
Corporate bank loans	\$ 99,214,303	\$ 162,546,451	\$ (66,540,880)	\$ 3,369,673	\$ 1,653,143	\$ 200,242,690
Total	\$ 99,214,303	\$ 162,546,451	\$ (66,540,880)	\$ 3,369,673	\$ 1,653,143	\$ 200,242,690
	Reginning		LEV	EL 3		

	LEVEL 3						
	Beginning Balance September 3, 2015	Purchases	Settlements	Change in Unrealized Appreciation	Realized Gains (Losses)	Ending Balance March 31, 2016	
Investments (at fair value)							
Corporate bank loans	\$ —	\$ 102,054,707	\$ (2,260,820)	\$ (621,510)	\$ 41,926	\$ 99,214,303	
Total	<u>\$</u>	\$ 102,054,707	\$ (2,260,820)	\$ (621,510)	\$ 41,926	\$ 99,214,303	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes purchases of new investments, as well as discount accretion on investments.

#### 4. CREDIT FACILITY

The Company closed on a \$75.0 million 5-year senior secured credit facility with Deutsche Bank AG ("Credit Facility") in the period ended March 31, 2016. This facility included an accordion feature which allows the Company to achieve leverage of up to 2x debt-to-equity. During 2017, the Company increased credit facility commitments outstanding by an additional \$90.0 million by adding three additional lenders to the syndicate, bringing total debt commitments to \$165.0 million. The Company maintains the Credit Facility to provide additional liquidity to support its investment and operational activities.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest on a per annum basis at a rate equal to the applicable LIBOR rate (1.15% as of March 31, 2017 and 0.63% as of March 31, 2016) plus 2.50%. The Company pays an Admin Fee of 0.25% per annum and unused fees of 0.50% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of the Company. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to maintenance of a borrowing base. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in November 2020.

<sup>(</sup>b) The change in unrealized appreciation is reflected in the net change in unrealized appreciation on investments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. This amount is equivalent to the change in unrealized appreciation for investments still held at March 31, 2017 and 2016.

c) Realized gains (losses) are included in the net realized gain on investments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

At March 31, 2017, the Company had \$122 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. The Company recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs, of approximately \$3.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2017.

At March 31, 2016, the Company had \$48 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. The Company recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs, of approximately \$470,000 for the period ended March 31, 2016.

#### 5. ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES

For each fiscal year, profits or net losses of the Company are allocated among and credited to or debited against the capital accounts of the members as of the last day of each fiscal year in accordance the Limited Liability Company Agreement (the "LLC Agreement"). Net profits or net losses are allocated after giving effect for any initial or additional applications for interests or any repurchases of interests. Net investment income, realized gains and losses, and unrealized gains or losses are allocated to the members pro rata in accordance with their profit percentages, as defined in the LLC Agreement. Net profits or net losses are measured as the net change in the value of the members' equity in the Company, including any change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments and income, net of expenses, and realized gains or losses during a fiscal year.

Each quarter a cash distribution may be made to the members, which is generally equivalent to estimated taxable income less non-cash revenue (such as original issue discount amortization or PIK interest). The estimated taxable income distributions are generally made up of taxable net investment income (excluding non-cash revenue) and realized gains and losses. Estimated taxable income and distributions made to the members therefore may be materially different than GAAP net investment income. The distribution policy is subject to change by the Board of Managers based on business and market conditions at any time.

#### 6. DUE FROM BROKERS

The Company conducts business with brokers for its investment activities. The clearing and depository operations for the investment activities are performed pursuant to agreements with the brokers. The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with whom the Company conducts business is unable to deliver cash balances or securities, or clear security transactions on the Company's behalf. The Company monitors the financial condition of the brokers with which the Company conducts business and believes the likelihood of loss under the aforementioned circumstances is remote. At March 31, 2017 and 2016, the balance in due from brokers is cash of approximately \$1.7 million and \$0, respectively.

#### 7. ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

In consideration for administrative, accounting, and recordkeeping services, the Company pays the Administrator a pro rata portion of a monthly administration fee. This fee is calculated based on the quarter end invested assets. For the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company had incurred \$120,543 in administration fees to US Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, of which \$35,101 were payable at the end of the year. For the period ended March 31, 2016, the Company had incurred \$35,106 in administration fees to US Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, of which \$19,068 were payable at the end of the period.

The Administrator is affiliated with a broker, US Bank, through which the Company transacts operations. At March 31, 2017, cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$12,092,653 are held with US Bank. At March 31, 2016, cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$2,322,946 are held by US Bank.

# I-45 SLF LLC Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company entered into various trades during the periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. As of March 31, 2017, there were outstanding trades in the amount of \$11,795,000 that remained unsettled. As of March 31, 2016, there were outstanding trades in the amount of \$8,040,191 that remained unsettled. This is shown as payable for securities purchased on the Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Equity.

The Company may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of its operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on the Company in connection with the activities of its portfolio companies. The Company has no currently pending material legal proceedings to which it is are party or to which any of its assets is subject.

#### 9. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights are as follows:

		Period from
		September 3,
		2015 (date of
	Year ended	incorporation) to
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Net investment income to average members' equity	12.17%	14.79%
Expenses to average members' equity	(6.58)%	(5.55)%
Internal Rate of Return, end of year	15.13%	(1.32)%

- (1) Ratios are calculated by dividing the indicated amount by average members' equity measured at the end of each quarter during the period.
- (2) The internal rate of return since inception ("IRR") of the members is computed based on the actual dates of cash inflows, outflows, and the ending net assets at the end of the year of the members' equity account as of the measurement date.

Financial highlights are calculated for the members' class taken as a whole. An individual member's return and ratios may vary. Financial highlights disclosed may not be indicative of future performance of the fund.

#### 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the need for additional disclosures and/or adjustments resulting from subsequent events through May 12, 2017, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.



Dallas Office 8343 Douglas Avenue Suite 400 Dallas, Texas 75225 214.393.9300 Main whitleypenn.com

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Media Recovery, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Media Recovery, Inc. (the "Company") which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Dallas Fort Worth Houston

SF-17

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 in conformity with GAAP.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Goodwill

As discussed in Note B to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has changed its method of accounting for goodwill in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, due to unwinding the effects of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-02, *Accounting for Goodwill, a Consensus of the Private Company Council* as the Company meets the definition of a public business entity. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Redeemable Preferred Stock

Whitley tenn LLP

As discussed in Note F to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has changed its classification for its mandatorily redeemable preferred stock in the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, as the Company meets the definition of a public business entity and is no longer eligible for certain nonpublic company exceptions under Accounting Standards Codification 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Dallas, Texas December 6, 2016

# MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Septem	iber 30.
	2016	2015
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,125,854	\$ 3,641,141
Accounts receivable - trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$28,298 in 2016 and \$54,997 in 2015	2,786,063	2,685,517
Accounts receivable, other	141,542	1,671,083
Inventories, net of allowance of \$193,627 in 2016 and \$455,940 in 2015	3,144,056	2,485,339
Prepaid expenses and other	126,502	74,387
Prepaid income taxes	_	878,255
Total current assets	10,324,017	11,435,722
Property and equipment, net	4,076,658	4,242,500
Other assets	43,202	55,452
Goodwill	19,403,349	19,403,349
Total assets	\$ 33,847,226	\$ 35,137,023
	+ 55,511,225	4 00,201,020
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 934,674	\$ 779,019
Accrued liabilities	1,017,384	1,612,164
Income taxes payable	513,492	_
Total current liabilities	2,465,550	2,391,183
Long-term liabilities:		
Line of credit	_	_
Non-current deferred income taxes	2,094,755	1,629,563
Long-term accrued liabilities	97,334	123,870
Total liabilities	4,657,639	4,144,616
Commitments and contingencies	, ,	, , , -
Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, \$1 liquidating preference, 10,000,000 shares authorized,		
5,850,000 shares issued and 800,000 shares outstanding	800,000	800,000
Stockholders' equity:	,	
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 5,539,002 shares issued and 4,102,002 shares		
outstanding	5,539	5,539
Treasury common stock, 1,437,000 shares in 2016 and 2015, at cost	(13,712,275)	(13,712,275)
Additional paid-in capital	5,908,389	5,795,457
Other comprehensive income	966	2,070
Retained earnings	36,186,968	38,101,616
Total stockholders' equity	28,389,587	30,192,407
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 33,847,226	\$ 35,137,023
rotal naturates and stockholders equity	φ JJ,04/,220	\$ 55,157,025

# MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Year Ended September 30,				
	2016	2015	2014		
Net sales	\$ 20,423,432	\$ 21,125,532	\$ 21,300,336		
Cost of sales	9,811,630	11,228,220	11,609,280		
Gross profit	10,611,802	9,897,312	9,691,056		
General and administrative expenses	7,883,368	9,392,459	7,393,256		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	_	315,182	_		
Income from continuing operations	2,728,434	189,671	2,297,800		
Interest expense	(305)	(11,351)	(108,660)		
Interest income	_	_	17,272		
Other	17,835	419,818	79,622		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	2,745,964	598,138	2,286,034		
Income tax expense	1,344,602	527,123	650,778		
Income from continuing operations	1,401,362	71,015	1,635,256		
Discontinued operations Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	_	1,286,694		
Loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax benefit	_	(119,310)	(2,017,569)		
Loss from discontinued operations		(119,310)	(730,875)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,401,362	\$ (48,295)	\$ 904,381		
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Gain (loss) on cumulative translation adjustment	(1,104)	2,070			
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 1,400,258	\$ (46,225)	\$ 904,381		

# MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

# Years Ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Compr Inc	her ehensive ome oss)	Total
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ 5,539	\$ (13,712,275)	\$5,795,457	\$37,245,530	\$		\$ 29,334,251
Net income				904,381			904,381
Balance at September 30, 2014	5,539	(13,712,275)	5,795,457	38,149,911		_	30,238,632
Cumulative translation adjustment	_	_		_		2,070	2,070
Net loss				(48,295)			(48,295)
Balance at September 30, 2015	5,539	(13,712,275)	5,795,457	38,101,616		2,070	30,192,407
Cumulative translation adjustment	_	_	_	_		(1,104)	(1,104)
Stock compensation expense	_	_	112,932	_		_	112,932
Dividends	_	_	_	(3,316,010)		_	(3,316,010)
Net income				1,401,362			1,401,362
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 5,539	\$ (13,712,275)	\$5,908,389	\$36,186,968	\$	966	\$ 28,389,587

# MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2014
Operating Activities			
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,401,362	\$ (48,295)	\$ 904,381
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating			
activities:			
Depreciation	621,080	559,094	538,805
Deferred income taxes	465,192	1,048,056	(1,369,161)
Reserve for inventory obsolescence	_	619,000	904,116
Stock based compensation (forfeiture)	112,932	(441,258)	257,364
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	_	315,182	_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, trade	(100,546)	759,302	(1,439,831)
Accounts receivable, other	1,529,541	5,192,990	(6,741,070)
Inventories	(658,717)	600,594	(535,113)
Prepaid expenses and other	(52,115)	262,583	596,069
Prepaid income taxes and income taxes payable	1,391,747	(44,180)	(786,959)
Other assets	12,250	58,031	98,959
Accounts payable	155,655	(176,946)	(513,402)
Accrued liabilities	(621,316)	(1,410,550)	452,891
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,257,065	7,293,603	(7,632,951)
Investing Activities			
Shocklog Holdings acquisition	_	_	(12,034,862)
Proceeds from note receivable	_	_	1,042,469
Purchases of property and equipment	(455,238)	(978,089)	(927,183)
Net cash used in investing activities	(455,238)	(978,089)	(11,919,576)
Financing Activities	( , ,	, ,	( ) , , ,
Payment of dividends	(3,316,010)	_	_
Proceeds from line of credit	_	_	36,697,582
Payments on line of credit	_	(2,754,794)	(33,942,788)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(3,316,010)	(2,754,794)	2,754,794
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(1,104)	2,070	
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	(1,101)		16,871,488
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	484,713	3,562,790	73,755
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,641,141	78,351	4,596
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 4,125,854	\$ 3,641,141	\$ 78,351
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information			
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ —	\$ 28,042	\$ 87,952
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$ 133,080	\$ 293,181	\$ 2,137,100
Non-cash Transactions			
Deferred payment Shocklog Holdings acquisition	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 633,414
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#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of September 30, 2016 and 2015 and the Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014

#### A. Nature of Business

Media Recovery, Inc. (the "Company") is a manufacturing and distribution company that manufactures shipping and handling monitors and recorders, which measure impact, temperature, and tilt of products during shipment and equipment monitors, used primarily to measure impact and other safety factors. The Company has two distribution and manufacturing facilities located in Graham, Texas and Loenen, Netherlands. The Company's corporate offices are located in Dallas, Texas.

#### **B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements follows:

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The accounts are maintained and the consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries ShockWatch, Inc.; MRI DPC; DataSpan, Inc.; Shocklog Holdings Limited; and ShockWatch Europe, B.V. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. MRI DPC and DataSpan were sold during 2014 and classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. see Note L.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

#### **Foreign Currency Translation**

All assets and liabilities in the balance sheet of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is other than the U.S. dollar are translated at year-end exchange rates. All revenues and expenses in the statement of operations, of these foreign subsidiaries, are translated at average exchange rates for the year. Translation gains and losses are not included in determining net income but are shown in other comprehensive income on the consolidated balance sheets. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are included in determining net income.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company had no such investments. The

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Company maintains deposits primarily in one financial institution, which may at times exceed amounts covered by insurance provided by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Company has not experienced any losses related to amounts in excess of FDIC limits.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are stated at amounts management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. Changes in the valuation allowance have not been material to the consolidated financial statements. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the large number of customers comprising the Company's customer base, and their dispersion across many different industries and geographies. One customer's accounts receivable balance consisted of approximately 12% and 10% of the accounts receivable balance as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is principally determined by the weighted-average cost method, which approximates the first-in, first-out method. Inventories include factory overhead that is applied on the basis of labor costs and manufacturing expenses incurred, less allowances for obsolete items. The Company determines that items are slow moving or obsolete based on whether they have been sold or used in production between 180 and 365 days, or greater than 365 days, respectively, during the fiscal year. Such items are then specifically reviewed for obsolescence based on other criteria which include the frequency that these items are purchased, manufactured, and sold. The amount of the inventory reserve for each year presented is disclosed in Note D.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the assets' estimated service lives. For major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense in the period in which they are incurred, and betterments are capitalized. The cost of assets sold or abandoned and the related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gains or losses are reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss of the respective period. The estimated useful lives for buildings and improvements range from 10 to 39 years and for machinery and equipment range from 3 to 7 years.

### **Concentrations of Credit Risk**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of trade accounts receivable. The Company continually evaluates its customers' financial condition and generally does not require collateral. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable are generally limited due to the large number of entities comprising the Company's customer base. Additionally, credit losses have historically been within management's expectations.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenue on product sales upon the passage of title, which generally occurs upon shipment, or the rendering of services, and when collectability is deemed probable.

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Presentation of Sales Tax

The states in which the Company operates and the counties within those states impose a sales tax on all of the Company's sales to nonexempt customers. The Company collects that sales tax from customers and remits the entire amount to the applicable state. The Company's accounting policy is to exclude the tax collected and remitted to the states from revenue and cost of sales.

#### **Shipping and Handling Costs**

Shipping and handling costs are included in cost of sales on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

#### Advertising

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Total advertising costs for the years ended September 30 2016, 2015, and 2014, were approximately \$100, \$400, and \$21,000, respectively.

#### **Stock Awards**

The Company may, with the approval of its Board of Directors, grant stock awards for a fixed number of shares to employees with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option valuation model for use in estimating the fair value of stock awards.

#### Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations.

#### Goodwill

In January 2014 the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-02 related to the accounting for goodwill by private companies. Under this guidance, private companies may elect to amortize goodwill over 10 years, or less than 10 years if the entity can demonstrate that another useful life is more appropriate, and to test goodwill for impairment only upon occurrence of a triggering event that indicates that the book value of the entity may exceed the fair value of the entity, as opposed to testing goodwill for impairment annually under prior accounting guidance. The accounting guidance was originally adopted by the Company for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2014, however, these consolidated financial statements were revised as the Company now meets the definition of a public business entity and is precluded from adopting ASU 2014-02.

The Company records goodwill when consideration paid in an acquisition exceeds the fair value of the assets acquired. Goodwill is not amortized, but rather is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company conducted their annual impairment test of goodwill as of September 30, 2016 and 2015. They have elected to first assess the qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the single reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment under GAAP. If the Company determines that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount, then the two-step goodwill impairment test is performed. The first step,

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

identifying a potential impairment, compares the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount. If the carrying amount exceeds its fair value, the second step would need to be performed; otherwise, no further step is required. The second step, measuring the impairment loss, compares the implied fair value of the goodwill with the carrying amount of the goodwill. Any excess of the goodwill carrying amount over the applied fair value is recognized as an impairment loss, and the carrying value of goodwill is written down to fair value. No impairment of goodwill was required at September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014.

#### **Long-lived Assets**

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets including goodwill, property, and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of these assets is measured by comparison of their carrying amounts to future undiscounted cash flows that the assets are expected to generate. If long-lived assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized equals the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair market value and is recorded in the period the determination was made. Based upon management's assessment, there was no impairment of long-lived assets at September 30, 2016 or 2015.

#### **Income Taxes**

Deferred income taxes are determined using the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred income taxes are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in years in which such temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred income taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations of the period that includes the enactment date. In addition, a valuation allowance is established to reduce any deferred tax asset for which it is determined that it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU 2015-17 in November of 2015. The Company has early adopted this guidance for the year ended September 30, 2016. ASU 2015-17 eliminates the requirement to present deferred tax assets and liabilities as current and noncurrent amounts in a classified balance sheet. The new standard requires deferred tax liabilities and assets to be netted together and classified as noncurrent.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various states, and foreign jurisdictions. The Company has not taken a tax position that, if challenged, would have a material effect on the financial statements or the effective tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2016, or during the prior three years. The Company and its subsidiaries are currently subject to a three-year statute of limitations by major tax jurisdictions.

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Company calculates the fair value of its assets and liabilities which qualify as financial instruments and includes this additional information in the notes to consolidated financial statements when the fair value is different than the carrying value of those financial instruments. The estimated fair value of accounts receivable (trade and other), accounts payable, and accrued liabilities approximate the carrying amounts due to the relatively short maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of the line of credit also approximates fair value since the instrument bears market rates of interest. None of these instruments are held for trading purposes.

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### C. Fair Value Measurements

GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about assets and liabilities measured at fair value. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a three-tier hierarchy that is used to identify assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The hierarchy focuses on the inputs used to measure fair value and requires that the lowest level input be used. The three levels defined are as follows:

- Level 1 observable inputs that are based upon quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities within active markets.
- Level 2 observable inputs other than Level 1 that are based upon quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, based upon quoted prices within inactive markets, or inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable through market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 inputs that are unobservable for the particular asset or liability due to little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability. These inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use when valuing the particular asset or liability.

The Company holds no instruments which have fair value measured at Level 1 or Level 2. The Company's stock awards and goodwill were valued using Level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy contained in ASC 820-10, in accordance with policies disclosed in Note B, and are reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
Assets:		
Goodwill	\$ 19,403,349	\$ 19,403,349

There were no changes to fair value for the Company's Goodwill using Level 3 inputs during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

#### D. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following as of September 30:

	2016	2015
Raw materials	\$ 974,374	\$ 1,038,549
Work-in-progress	331,612	343,966
Finished goods	2,031,697	1,558,764
Allowance for obsolescence	(193,627)	(455,940)
	\$3,144,056	\$ 2,485,339

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### E. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at September 30:

	2016	2015
Land	\$ 63,332	\$ 63,332
Buildings & improvements	2,865,116	2,865,116
Machinery & equipment	6,803,184	6,354,651
Projects in progress	204,508	197,007
	9,936,140	9,480,106
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,859,482)	(5,237,606)
	\$ 4,076,658	\$ 4,242,500

#### F. Mandatorily Redeemable Preferred Stock

In fiscal year 1998 the Company issued 5,850,000 shares of Series A preferred stock which are convertible into shares of voting common stock at the option of the holder at any time at the initial conversion price of \$1.00 per share, resulting in an initial conversion rate of one fully paid and non-assessable share of voting common stock for each share of Series A preferred stock, subject to adjustment. During the year ended September 30, 2006, 5,050,000 preferred shares were converted to common shares. No preferred shares were converted to common shares during the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014. Dividends are paid to holders of preferred stock concurrently with dividends paid to holders of common stock and such dividends do not accumulate. In addition, at any time on or after December 31, 2004, holders of preferred stock representing in the aggregate at least 10% of the then outstanding shares of Series A preferred stock may require the Company to redeem such stock for \$1.00 per share. The Company has classified the Series A Preferred Stock as temporary equity in accordance with ASC Topic No. 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, which states that certain mandatorily redeemable financial instruments should be classified as temporary equity.

The Series A preferred stock has a \$0.01 par value and a \$1 liquidation preference. The Series A preferred stock could be redeemed through a cash payment if requested by the stockholders. Holders of preferred stock are not allowed to vote on matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Company. However, certain corporate matters including dividend payments, issuances of certain stock awards, disposal of shares of capital stock, and a merger of the Company, require the consent of the holders of at least 85% of the then outstanding shares of Series A preferred stock. The Company has reserved 800,000 shares of common stock for the potential conversion of preferred stock. When the Company did not meet the definition of a public business entity it was eligible for certain nonpublic company exceptions under Accounting Standards Codification 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, and classified these redeemable preferred shares as equity.

#### G. Stockholders' Equity

#### **Stock Awards**

During October of 2010 the Company canceled all 160,260 phantom stock awards previously outstanding and granted 215,260 new phantom stock awards to key management employees. The 2010 phantom stock awards vested at the expiration of a 63 month period (December 31, 2014). The awards were not exercisable until the end of the period (December 31, 2014), and were to be automatically exercised by the Company between February 1, 2015 and February 28, 2015, entitling the employees to a cash payment at an amount equal to the excess of the value of a share of the Company's stock (as determined by the Board of Directors of a corporation

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

that is the major stockholder of the Company) over the phantom award "exercise price" of \$2.46 per share. The Company recorded compensation expense for valuing its phantom stock awards based on the Company's assessment of its enterprise value at each fiscal year end. In assessing such value, the Company considered its financial condition and operating results; the long-term potential of its business; the market for and recent sales prices of the Company's securities, if any; and the values of similar securities issued by companies in similar businesses. Two of the key management employees left the Company and forfeited 65,000 of the 2010 phantom stock awards.

During 2015 all remaining phantom stock awards were forfeited or expired. For the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the Company recorded approximately \$0, (\$441,000), and \$257,000, respectively, in compensation expense (benefit) associated with the issuance of forfeitures of phantom stock awards. As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no phantom stock award liability.

#### **Option Grants**

During 2016 certain officers of the Company were granted options to purchase common shares of the Company. Option transactions for the year ended September 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
Balance at October 1, 2015	<del></del>	<del>\$</del> —	
Granted	350,744	5.22	3.76
Balance at September 30, 2016	350,744	\$ 5.22	3.76
Exercisable at September 30, 2016	51,600	\$ 5.15	3.59

As of September 30, 2016, the range of exercise prices for outstanding options was \$5.15 to \$5.76.

All stock-based compensation must be recognized as an expense in the consolidated financial statements and such cost should be measured at the fair value of the award. The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. The expected life of awards granted represents the period of time that they are expected to be outstanding. The Company determined the initial expected life based on a simplified method, giving consideration to the contractual terms, vesting schedules, and pre-vesting and post-vesting forfeitures.

The fair value of options granted for the year ended September 30, 2016, was estimated to be \$550,262 at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions at the date of grant:

Risk-free interest rate	1.63%
Expected option life	6.5 years
Expected stock volatility	23.61%
Expected dividend yields	_

The expected stock volatility was calculated by averaging the historical volatility of a comparable public entity. As of September 30, 2016, all options were outstanding.

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded \$112,932 of stock-based compensation related to the awards, which is included in general and administrative expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. Total unamortized stock-based compensation expense at September 30, 2016, was \$437,330 and will be expensed ratably through 2021. There was no stock-based compensation expense or unamortized expense as of or for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### H. Line of Credit

The Company maintains a financing arrangement with a bank. The line of credit requires compliance with certain financial covenants and is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. Outstanding amounts bear interest at the prime or LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin (2.25% at September 30, 2016). The Company had no debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and 2015. There was approximately \$2,755,000 outstanding under this line of credit at September 30, 2014, which was paid off in 2015. The line of credit matured in 2016 but was extended until March 19, 2017.

#### I. Income Taxes

Significant components of the provision for income taxes are as follows:

	2016	2015
Current	\$ (879,410)	\$ 582,396
Deferred	(465,192)	(1,048,056)
Less: income tax expense from discontinued operations		(61,463)
Total income tax expense from continuing operations	\$(1,344,602)	\$ (527,123)

The difference between income tax expense and tax expense computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate to income before taxes is due primarily to the effect of nondeductible goodwill impairment, applicable state income taxes, foreign tax credits, and nondeductible meals and entertainment expense. Deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended September 30, consisted of the following:

20,899
173,257
141,703
760
1,442
101,805
444,601
(418,175)
(1,025,287)
(625,967)
(444,601)
(1,629,563)

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### J. Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has a 401(k) deferred compensation plan for all eligible employees. Active participants may contribute up to 90% of their annual compensation, subject to annual limit established by the government. The Company matches 50% of the employees' contributions up to 6% of the employees' salaries. Effective November 30, 2015, the Plan merged into the Capital Southwest Management Corporation Employee Savings Plan. For the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the Company recognized approximately \$111,000, \$128,000, and \$284,000, respectively, of expense related to this Plan.

#### K. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Operating Leases**

The Company leases operating facilities and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Lease agreements expire at various dates through 2021. Associated rent expense for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, was approximately \$128,000, \$148,000, and \$308,000, respectively. As a result of escalating lease payments, the Company has recorded deferred rent of approximately \$124,000 and \$148,000 as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, included in accrued liabilities and long-term accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Future minimum payments under non-cancelable operating leases with initial terms of one year or more consisted of the following at September 30, 2016:

2017	\$ 132,000
2018	132,000
2019	132,000
2020	132,000
2021	88,000
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 616,000

#### Litigation

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of operations. As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company has no known material legal contingencies.

#### L. Discontinued Operations

On October 14, 2013, the Company sold substantially all the assets of MRI DPC, Inc. for a purchase price of approximately \$6.3 million, which included a working capital price adjustment of approximately \$207,000.

On September 30, 2014, the Company sold substantially all the assets of DataSpan, Inc. for a purchase price of approximately \$8.7 million, which included a working capital price adjustment of approximately \$2.3 million. The Company incurred a net loss of \$119,310 and \$730,875 on the sale of the entity for 2015. No gain or loss was recorded in 2016.

The operations of both entities net of applicable income taxes, are presented as discontinued operations and comprehensive income for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, in the accompanying

#### MEDIA RECOVERY, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. Interest expense was not allocated to the reporting unit and, therefore, all of the Company's interest expense is included in continuing operations.

	2016	2015	2014
Income from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 910,183
Loss on sale of discontinued operations		(180,773)	(2,017,569)
Income tax benefit		61,463	376,511
Net loss from discontinued operations	<u>\$</u>	\$(119,310)	\$ (730,875)
Net sales from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ —	\$71,497,005

#### M. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated and considered disclosure of subsequent events up to and including December 6, 2016, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available for issuance.



**Common Stock Debt Securities** 

**PROSPECTUS** 

#### PART C Other Information

#### Item 25. Financial Statements And Exhibits

(1) Financial Statements

The following financial statements of Capital Southwest Corporation (the "Registrant" or the "Company") are included in Part A of this Registration Statement:

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Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited) for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016	F-5
Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of June 30, 2017 (Unaudited) and March 31, 2017	F-6
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Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates (Unaudited) for the three months ended June 30, 2017	F-43
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Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for Years Ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014	SF-20
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for Years Ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014	SF-21
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Years Ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014	SF-22
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	SF-23

#### (2) Exhibits

- (a) Articles of Incorporation, dated April 19, 1961, including amendments dated June 30, 1969, July 21, 1987, April 23, 2007 and July 15, 2013.\*\*
- (b) Amended and Restated Bylaws (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-K filed on May 25, 2007).
- (c) Not Applicable.
- (d)(1) Specimen of Common Stock certificate (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-K filed on June 14, 2002).
- (d)(2) Indenture, dated October 23, 2017 between Capital Southwest Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association, Trustee.\*
- (d)(3) Statement of Eligibility of Trustee on Form T-1.\*
- (e) Dividend Reinvestment Plan.\*\*
- (f)(1) Guarantee, Pledge and Security Agreement dated as of August 30, 2016 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed on September 2, 2016).
- (f)(2) Credit Agreement dated as of August 30, 2016 among Capital Southwest Corporation, the Lenders party thereto, ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent, and Texas Capital Bank, N.A., as documentation agent (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on September 2, 2016).
- (g) Not Applicable.
- (h)(1) Form of Underwriting Agreement for equity securities\*\*\*
- (h)(2) Form of Underwriting Agreement for debt securities\*\*\*
- (i)(1) Capital Southwest Corporation 1999 Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Form 10-K filed on June 16, 2000).
- (i)(2) Severance Pay Agreement with William M. Ashbaugh (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on July 18, 2005).
- (i)(3) Joseph B. Armes Revised Offer Letter (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to Form 8-K filed on May 17, 2013).
- (i)(4) Capital Southwest Corporation 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2011).
- (i)(5) Capital Southwest Corporation 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2011).
- (i)(6) First Amendment to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2014).
- (i)(7) Second Amendment to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on August 12, 2015).
- (i)(8) First Amendment to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2014).
- (i)(9) Second Amendment to the Capital Southwest Corporation 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed on August 12, 2015).
- (i)(10) Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan, as amended (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2014).
- (i)(11) Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2014).
- (i)(12) Form of Cash Incentive Award Agreement (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2014).
- (i)(13) Tax Matters Agreement, dated September 8, 2015, between the Company and CSW Industrials, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on September 14, 2015).
- (i)(14) Amended and Restated Employee Matters Agreement, dated September 4, 2015, between the Capital Southwest Corporation and CSW Industrials, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed on September 14, 2015).

- (i)(15) Form of Amended and Restated Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (CSWC Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(16) Form of Amended and Restated Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (CSWI Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(17) Form of Amended and Restated Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (CSWC Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(18) Form of Amended and Restated Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (CSWI Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(19) Form of Amended and Restated Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Executive Compensation Plan CSWC Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(20) Form of Amended and Restated Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (Executive Compensation Plan CSWI Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(21) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan (CSWC Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(22) Form of Amended and Restated Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2010 Restricted Stock Award Plan (CSWI Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Form 10-O filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(23) Form of Amended and Restated Restricted Stock Award (Executive Compensation Plan CSWC Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(24) Form of Amended and Restated Restricted Stock Award (Executive Compensation Plan CSWI Employee Form) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(25) Form of Amended and Restated Cash Incentive Award Agreement (Executive Compensation Plan) (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).
- (i)(26) Capital Southwest Corporation and Its Affiliates Restoration of Retirement Income Plan as amended and restated effective January 1, 2008 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 10-K filed on May 29, 2009).
- (i)(27) Retirement Plan for Employees of Capital Southwest Corporation and its Affiliates as amended and restated effective April 1, 2011 (Incorporated
- by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to Form 10-K filed on June 1, 2012).
  (i)(28) Amendment One to Retirement Plan for employees of Capital Southwest Corporation and its affiliates as amended and restated effective April 1,
- 2011 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to Form 10-K filed on May 31, 2013).

  (i)(29) Amendment Four to Retirement Plan for employees of Capital Southwest Corporation and its Affiliates as amended and restated effective April 1,
- (j)(1) Custody Agreement dated as of August 30, 2016, by and between Capital Southwest Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association.\*\*

2011 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on August 6, 2015).

- (j)(2) Custody Control Agreement dated as of August 30, 2016, by and among Capital Southwest Corporation, ING Capital LLC and U.S. Bank National Association.\*\*
- (j)(3) Document Custody Agreement dated as of August 30, 2016, by and among Capital Southwest Corporation, ING Capital LLC and U.S. Bank National Association.\*\*
- (k)(1) Distribution Agreement, dated September 8, 2015, by and between Capital Southwest Corporation and CSW Industrials, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Form 8-K filed on September 14, 2015).
- (k)(2) I-45 SLF LLC Agreement dated September 9, 2015 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2015).

(k)(3)	Amended and Restated Administration Agreement, dated as of March 9, 2017, by and between Capital Southwest Corporation and Capital
	Southwest Management Corporation.**
(l)	Opinion and Consent of Counsel.**
(m)	Not Applicable.
(n)(1)	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP relating to Capital Southwest Corporation.*
(n)(2)	Report of Grant Thornton LLP regarding the senior security table contained herein.**
(n)(3)	Consent of RSM US LLP regarding the financials of I-45 SLF LLC.*
(n)(4)	Consent of Whitley Penn LLP regarding the financials of Media Recovery, Inc.*
(n)(5)	Consent of Counsel (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit l hereto).
(o)	Not Applicable.
(p)	Not Applicable.
(p)	Not Applicable.
(r)	Code of Ethics.**
(s)	Power of Attorney.**
99.1	Statement of Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges.**
99.2	Form of Preliminary Prospectus Supplement for Common Stock Offerings.*
99.3	Form of Preliminary Prospectus Supplement for Debt Securities Offerings.*

 <sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

#### Item 26. Marketing Arrangements

The information contained under the heading "Plan of Distribution" on this Registration Statement is incorporated herein by reference and any information concerning any underwriters will be contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement, if any.

#### Item 27. Other Expenses Of Issuance And Distribution

SEC registration fee	\$ 57,950
Nasdaq additional listing fee	65,000*
FINRA filing fee	75,500
Accounting fees and expenses	85,000*
Legal fees and expenses	200,000*
Printing and engraving	45,000*
Miscellaneous fees and expenses	<u>16,550*</u>
Total	\$545,000*

Estimated for filing purposes.

All of the expenses set forth above shall be borne by the Registrant.

#### Item 28. Persons Controlled By Or Under Common Control

Capital Southwest Corporation, directly or indirectly, owns 100% of each of the following consolidated subsidiaries:

- · Capital Southwest Management Corporation, a Nevada corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Registrant
- · Capital Southwest Equity Investments, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Registrant

<sup>\*\*</sup> Previously filed as an exhibit to this Registration Statement.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> To be filed by post-effective amendment, if applicable.

In addition, Capital Southwest Corporation controls certain portfolio companies that are not consolidated by Capital Southwest Corporation:

- Media Recovery, Inc., a Nevada corporation, of which the Registrant owns 97.5%
- TitanLiner, Inc., a Nevada corporation, of which the Registrant owns 63.0%

In addition, Capital Southwest Corporation may be deemed to control certain portfolio companies. For a more detailed discussion of these entities, see "Portfolio Companies" in the prospectus.

#### Item 29. Number Of Holders Of Securities

The following table sets forth the number of record holders of the Registrant's capital stock at October 6, 2017.

	Number of
	Record
Title of Class	Holders
Common Stock, \$0.25 par value	478

#### Item 30. Indemnification

Our charter, as amended, provides for indemnification for persons who are or were a director, officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC against any and all judgments, penalties (including excise and similar taxes), fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative or investigative, any appeal in such action, suit or proceeding, and any inquiry or investigation that could lead to such action, suit or proceeding, on account of such person's service as a director officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC, or service at the request of CSWC or CSMC as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise all to the fullest extent permitted by Texas law. The charter provides that we must not provide indemnification to the extent not prohibited by the 1940 Act. In accordance with the 1940 Act, the Registrant will not indemnify any person for any liability to which such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office.

Texas law requires a corporation to indemnify a director or officer against reasonable expenses actually incurred by him or her in connection with a threatened, pending, or completed action or other proceeding in which he or she is a named defendant or respondent because he or she is or was a director or officer if he or she has been wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of the action or proceeding. Texas law permits a corporation to indemnify a director or former director against judgments and expenses reasonably and actually incurred by the person in connection with a proceeding if the person (i) acted in good faith, (ii) reasonably believed, in the case of conduct in the person's official capacity, that the person's conduct was in the corporation's best interests, and otherwise, that the person's conduct was not opposed to the corporation's best interests, and (iii) in the case of a criminal proceeding, did not have a reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful. If, however, the person is found liable to the corporation, or is found liable on the basis that such person received an improper personal benefit, then indemnification under Texas law is limited to the reimbursement of reasonable expenses actually incurred, and no indemnification will be available if the person is found liable for (i) willful or intentional misconduct in the performance of the person's duty to the corporation, (ii) breach of the person's duty of loyalty owed to the corporation, or (iii) an act or omission not committed in good faith that constitutes a breach of a duty owed by the person to the corporation. In addition, Texas law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay

Our charter authorizes us to purchase or maintain insurance against any liability asserted against a director, officer or employee of the Company. We have obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against certain liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on our behalf, may also pay amounts for which we have granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

#### Item 31. Business And Other Connections Of Investment Adviser

Not Applicable

#### Item 32. Location Of Accounts And Records

All accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the 1940 Act, and the rules thereunder are maintained at the Registrant's offices at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240. In addition, our securities are held under custody agreements by U.S. Bank, whose address is 8 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1100, Houston, Texas 77046.

#### Item 33. Management Services

Not Applicable

#### Item 34. Undertakings

- 1. We hereby undertake to suspend any offering of shares until the prospectus is amended if: (1) subsequent to the effective date of this registration statement, our net asset value declines more than ten percent from our net asset value as of the effective date of this registration statement or (2) our net asset value increases to an amount greater than our net proceeds as stated in the prospectus.
- 2. Not applicable.
- 3. Not applicable.

4.

- We hereby undertake:
  - a. to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement:
    - (1) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the 1933 Act;
    - (2) to reflect in the prospectus or prospectus supplement any facts or events after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement; and
    - (3) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement.
  - b. that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the 1933 Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of those securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.
  - c. to remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
  - d. that, for the purpose of determining liability under the 1933 Act to any purchaser, if we are subject to Rule 430C under the 1933 Act, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 497(b), (c), (d) or (e) under the 1933 Act as part of a registration statement relating to an offering shall be deemed to be part of and

included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. *Provided*, *however*, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus or prospectus supplement that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

- e. that for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the 1933 Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of securities, the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to the purchaser:
  - (1) any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act;
  - (2) the portion of any advertisement pursuant to Rule 482 under the 1933 Act relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
  - (3) any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.
- 5. Not applicable.
- 6. The Registrant undertakes to send by first class mail or other means designed to ensure equally prompt delivery within two business days of receipt of a written or oral request, any Statement of Additional Information.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Dallas, State of Texas, on October 23, 2017.

#### CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION

By: /s/ BOWEN S. DIEHL

Bowen S. Diehl President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	Date
/s/ BOWEN S. DIEHL Bowen S. Diehl	President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)	October 23, 2017
/s/ MICHAEL S. SARNER Michael S. Sarner	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer (principal financial officer)	October 23, 2017
* David R. Brooks	Chairman of the Board of Directors	October 23, 2017
* Jack D. Furst	Director	October 23, 2017
* T. Duane Morgan	Director	October 23, 2017
* William R. Thomas III	Director	October 23, 2017
* John H. Wilson	Director	October 23, 2017

\*By: /s/ Michael S. Sarner

Michael S. Sarner Attorney-in-fact

\* Signed by Michael S. Sarner pursuant to a power of attorney signed by each individual and filed with this Registration Statement on September 8, 2017.

#### **Execution Version**

### CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION

(Issuer)

and

#### U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Trustee)

Indenture

Dated as of October 23, 2017

**Providing for the Issuance** 

of

**Debt Securities** 

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Notices to Trustee

Trustee as Holder of Senior Indebtedness

Modifications of Terms of Senior Indebtedness
Reliance on Judicial Order or Certificate of Liquidating Agent

#### **CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION**

Reconciliation and tie between Trust Indenture Act of 1939 and Indenture, dated as of October 23, 2017

Trust Indenture Act Section	Indenture Section
§ 310(a)(1)	6.07
(a)(2)	6.07
(a)(3)	N/A
(a)(4)	N/A
(a)(5)	6.07
(b)	6.08, 6.09
§ 311(a)	6.13
(b)	6.13
§ 312(a)	7.01
(b)	7.01, 7.02
(c)	7.02
§ 313(a)	7.03
(b)	7.03
(c)	7.03
(d)	7.03
§ 314(a)	7.04
(a)(4)	10.05
(b)	N/A
(c)(1)	1.02
(c)(2)	1.02
(d)	N/A
(e)	1.02
(f)	N/A
§ 315(a)	6.01(c)
(b)	6.01(a)
(c)	6.01(b)
(d)	6.01(c), 6.02
(e)	5.07(Last paragraph)
§ 316(a) (last sentence)	1.01("Outstanding")
§ 316(a)(1)(A)	5.02, 5.12
(a)(1)(B)	5.13
(a)(2)	N/A
(b)	5.08
(c)	1.04(d)
§ 317(a)(1)	5.03
(a)(2)	5.04
(b)	10.03
§ 318(a)	1.14
(b)	1.14
(c)	1.14

NOTE: This reconciliation and tie shall not, for any purpose, be deemed to be a part of the Indenture.

Attention should also be directed to Section 318(c) of the Trust Indenture Act, which provides that the provisions of Sections 310 to and including 317 of the Trust Indenture Act are a part of and govern every qualified indenture, whether or not physically contained therein.

INDENTURE, dated as of October 23, 2017, between Capital Southwest Corporation, a Texas corporation (the "Company"), and U.S. Bank National Association, a national banking association, as Trustee (as trustee in such capacity and not in its individual capacity, the "Trustee").

#### RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

WHEREAS, the Company deems it necessary to issue from time to time for its lawful purposes debt securities (hereinafter called the "Securities") evidencing its secured or unsecured indebtedness, which may or may not be convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company), and has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture to provide for the issuance from time to time of the Securities, to be issued in one or more series, unlimited as to principal amount, to bear such rates of interest, to mature at such times and to have such other provisions as shall be fixed as hereinafter provided;

WHEREAS, this Indenture is subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act that are required to be part of this Indenture and shall, to the extent applicable, be governed by such provisions; and

WHEREAS, all things necessary to make this Indenture a valid and legally binding agreement of, and enforceable against, the Company, in accordance with its terms, have been done.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH:

For and in consideration of the premises and the purchase of the Securities by the Holders thereof, it is mutually covenanted and agreed, for the equal and proportionate benefit of all Holders of the Securities, or of a series thereof, as follows:

## ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

#### Section 1.01 Definitions.

For all purposes of this Indenture, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) the terms defined in this Article have the meanings assigned to them in this Article, and include the plural as well as the singular and, pursuant to Section 3.01, any such item may, with respect to any particular series of Securities, be amended or modified or specified as being inapplicable;
- (b) all other terms used herein which are defined in the Trust Indenture Act, either directly or by reference therein, have the meanings assigned to them therein, and the terms "cash transaction" and "self-liquidating paper", as used in Section 311 of the Trust Indenture Act, shall have the meanings assigned to them in the rules of the Commission adopted under the Trust Indenture Act;
- (c) all accounting terms not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America;
- (d) the words "herein", "hereof" and "hereunder" and other words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision;
  - (e) "or" is not exclusive;
  - (f) provisions apply to successive events and transactions; and
- (g) references to sections of or rules under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, shall be deemed to include substitute, replacement of successor sections or rules adopted by the Commission from time to time.

Certain terms, used in other Articles herein, are defined in those Articles.

- "Act", when used with respect to any Holder of a Security, has the meaning specified in Section 1.04.
- "<u>Additional Amounts</u>" means any additional amounts that are required by a Security or by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, under circumstances specified therein, to be paid by the Company in respect of certain taxes imposed on certain Holders and that are owing to such Holders.
- "Affiliate" of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.
- "<u>Authenticating Agent</u>" means any authenticating agent appointed by the Trustee pursuant to Section 6.12 to act on behalf of the Trustee to authenticate Securities of one or more series.
- "<u>Authorized Newspaper</u>" means a newspaper, in the English language or in an official language of the country of publication, customarily published on each Business Day, whether or not published on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays, and of general circulation in each place in connection with which the term is used or in the financial community of each such place. Where successive publications are required to be made in Authorized Newspapers, the successive publications may be made in the same or in different newspapers in the same city meeting the foregoing requirements and in each case on any Business Day.
  - "Bankruptcy Law" has the meaning specified in Section 5.01.
  - "Board of Directors" means the board of directors of the Company or any committee of that board duly authorized to act hereunder.
- "Board Resolution" means a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification, and delivered to the Trustee.
- "Business Day", when used with respect to any Place of Payment or any other particular location referred to in this Indenture or in the Securities, means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in that Place of Payment or particular location are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.
- "Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or, if at any time after execution of this instrument such Commission is not existing and performing the duties now assigned to it under the Trust Indenture Act, then the body performing such duties on such date.
- "Company" means the Person named as the "Company" in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor Person shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter "Company" shall mean such successor Person.
- "Company Request" and "Company Order" mean, respectively, a written request or order signed in the name of the Company by the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or any Vice President, and by the Chief Financial Officer, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company, and delivered to the Trustee.

"Component Currency" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"Conversion Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(d).

"Conversion Event" means the cessation of use of (i) a Foreign Currency both by the government of the country which issued such currency and for the settlement of transactions by a central bank or other public institutions of or within the international banking community, (ii) the Euro both within the European Monetary System and for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the European Communities or (iii) any currency unit (or composite currency) other than the Euro for the purposes for which it was established.

"Corporate Trust Office" means the office of the Trustee at which, at any particular time, its corporate trust business shall be principally administered, which office at the date hereof is located at 13737 Noel Road, Suite 800, Dallas, Texas 75240, Attention: Corporate Trust Services, or such other address as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Issuer, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor Trustee (or such other address as such successor Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company).

"Corporation" includes corporations, associations, companies and business trusts.

"<u>Currency</u>" means any currency or currencies, composite currency or currency unit or currency units, including, without limitation, the Euro, issued by the government of one or more countries or by any reorganized confederation or association of such governments.

"Default" means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time or both would be, an Event of Default.

"Defaulted Interest" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(a).

"<u>Depository</u>" means the clearing agency registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that is designated to act as the Depository for global Securities. DTC shall be the initial Depository, until a successor shall have been appointed and become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter, "Depository" shall mean or include such successor.

"Dollar" or "\$" means a dollar or other equivalent unit in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

"DTC" means The Depository Trust Company.

"Euro" means the official currency of the eurozone.

"Election Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"European Communities" means the European Union.

"<u>European Monetary System</u>" means the European Monetary System established by the Resolution of December 5, 1978 of the Council of the European Communities.

"Event of Default" has the meaning specified in Section 5.01.

"Exchange Rate Agent", with respect to Securities of or within any series, means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, a New York Clearing House Bank designated pursuant to Section 3.01 or Section 3.13.

"Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate" means a certificate setting forth (i) the applicable Market Exchange Rate or the applicable bid quotation and (ii) the Dollar or Foreign Currency amounts of principal (and premium,

if any) and interest, if any (on an aggregate basis and on the basis of a Security having the lowest denomination principal amount determined in accordance with Section 3.02 in the relevant Currency), payable with respect to a Security of any series on the basis of such Market Exchange Rate or the applicable bid quotation signed by the Chief Financial Officer or any Vice President of the Company.

"Extension Notice" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Extension Period" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Final Maturity" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Foreign Currency" means any Currency other than the U.S. dollar, including, the Euro.

"Government Obligations" means securities that are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America or the government which issued the Foreign Currency in which the Securities of a particular series are payable, for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or such government that issued the Foreign Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable, the timely payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States of America or such other government, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and shall also include a depository receipt issued by a bank or trust company as custodian with respect to any such Government Obligation or a specific payment of interest on or principal of any such Government Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of a depository receipt; provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Government Obligation or the specific payment of interest on or principal of the Government Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt.

"Holder" means the Person in whose name a Security is registered in the Security Register.

"Indenture" means this instrument as originally executed or as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into pursuant to the applicable provisions hereof, and shall include the terms of particular series of Securities established as contemplated by Section 3.01; provided, however, that, if at any time more than one Person is acting as Trustee under this instrument, "Indenture" shall mean, with respect to any one or more series of Securities for which such Person is Trustee, this instrument as originally executed or as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into pursuant to the applicable provisions hereof and shall include the terms of the or those particular series of Securities for which such Person is Trustee established as contemplated by Section 3.01, exclusive, however, of any provisions or terms that relate solely to other series of Securities for which such Person is not Trustee, regardless of when such terms or provisions were adopted, and exclusive of any provisions or terms adopted by means of one or more indentures supplemental hereto executed and delivered after such Person had become such Trustee but to which such Person, as such Trustee, was not a party.

"Indexed Security" means a Security as to which all or certain interest payments and/or the principal amount payable at Maturity are determined by reference to prices, changes in prices, or differences between prices, of securities, Currencies, intangibles, goods, articles or commodities or by such other objective price, economic or other measures as are specified in Section 3.01 hereof.

"Interest", when used with respect to an Original Issue Discount Security which by its terms bears interest only after Maturity, means interest payable after Maturity, and, when used with respect to a Security which provides for the payment of Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 10.04, includes such Additional Amounts.

"Interest Payment Date", when used with respect to any Security, means the Stated Maturity of an installment of interest on such Security.

"Junior Subordinated Security" or "Junior Subordinated Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Junior Subordinated Security.

"Junior Subordinated Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and unpaid interest on (i) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, which in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness ranks junior in right of payment to the Company's Senior Indebtedness and Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and equally and *pari passu* in right of payment to any other Junior Subordinated Indebtedness, (ii) Junior Subordinated Securities and (iii) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.

"Market Exchange Rate" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, (i) for any conversion involving a currency unit on the one hand and Dollars or any Foreign Currency on the other, the exchange rate between the relevant currency unit and Dollars or such Foreign Currency calculated by the method specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of the relevant series, (ii) for any conversion of Dollars into any Foreign Currency, the noon buying rate for such Foreign Currency for cable transfers quoted in the City of New York as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and (iii) for any conversion of one Foreign Currency into Dollars or another Foreign Currency, the spot rate at noon local time in the relevant market at which, in accordance with normal banking procedures, the Dollars or Foreign Currency into which conversion is being made could be purchased with the Foreign Currency from which conversion is being made from major banks located in either New York, London or any other principal market for Dollars or such purchased Foreign Currency, in each case determined by the Exchange Rate Agent. Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, in the event of the unavailability of any of the exchange rates provided for in the foregoing clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), the Exchange Rate Agent shall use, in its sole discretion and without liability on its part, such quotation of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as of the most recent available date, or quotations from one or more major banks in New York, London or other principal market for such currency or currency unit in question, or such other quotations as the Exchange Rate Agent shall deem appropriate. Unless otherwise specified by the Exchange Rate Agent, if there is more than one market for dealing in any currency or currency unit by reason of foreign exchange regulations or otherwise, the market to be used in respect of such currency or currency unit shall be that upon which a nonresident issuer of securities designated in such currency or currency unit would purchase such currency or currency unit in order to make payments in respect of such securities as determined by the Exchange Rate Agent, in its sole discretion.

"Maturity", when used with respect to any Security, means the date on which the principal of such Security or an installment of principal becomes due and payable as therein or herein provided, whether at the Stated Maturity or by declaration of acceleration, notice of redemption, notice of option to elect repayment, notice of exchange or conversion or otherwise.

"Notice of Default" has the meaning provided in Section 5.01.

"Officers' Certificate" means a certificate signed by the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or any Vice President and by the Chief Financial Officer, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company and delivered to the Trustee.

"Opinion of Counsel" means a written opinion of counsel, who may be counsel for the Company or who may be an employee of or other counsel for the Company.

"Optional Reset Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).

"Original Issue Discount Security" means any Security that provides for an amount less than the principal amount thereof to be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02.

"Original Stated Maturity" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Outstanding", when used with respect to Securities or any series of Securities, means, as of the date of determination, all Securities or all Securities of such series, as the case may be, theretofore authenticated and delivered under this Indenture, except:

- (i) Securities theretofore cancelled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation;
- (ii) Securities, or portions thereof, for whose payment or redemption or repayment at the option of the Holder, money in the necessary amount has been theretofore deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent (other than the Company) in trust or set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent) for the Holders of such Securities, provided that, if such Securities are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption has been duly given pursuant to this Indenture or provision therefor satisfactory to the Trustee has been made;
- (iii) Securities, except to the extent provided in Sections 14.02 and 14.03, with respect to which the Company has effected defeasance and/or covenant defeasance as provided in Article Fourteen; and
- (iv) Securities that have been paid pursuant to Section 3.06 or in exchange for or in lieu of which other Securities have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to this Indenture, other than any such Securities in respect of which there shall have been presented to the Trustee proof satisfactory to it that such Securities are held by a protected purchaser in whose hands such Securities are valid obligations of the Company;

provided, however, that in determining whether the Holders of the requisite principal amount of the Outstanding Securities have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver hereunder or are present at a meeting of Holders for quorum purposes, and for the purpose of making the calculations required by TIA Section 316, (i) the principal amount of an Original Issue Discount Security that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed to be Outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the amount of principal thereof that would be (or shall have been declared to be) due and payable, at the time of such determination, upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, (ii) the principal amount of any Security denominated in a Foreign Currency that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed Outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the Dollar equivalent, determined as of the date such Security is originally issued by the Company as set forth in an Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate delivered to the Trustee, of the principal amount (or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security or Indexed Security, the Dollar equivalent as of such date of original issuance of the amount determined as provided in clause (i) above or (iii) below, respectively) of such Security, (iii) the principal amount of any Indexed Security that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the principal face amount of such Indexed Security at original issuance, unless otherwise provided with respect to such Security pursuant to Section 3.01, and (iv) Securities owned by the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor shall be disregarded and deemed not to be Outstanding, except that, in determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in making such calculation or in relying upon any such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver or upon any such determination as to the presence of a quorum, only Securities which a Responsible Officer of the Trustee actually knows to be so owned shall be so disregarded. Securities so owned which have been pledged in good faith may be regarded as Outstanding if the pledgee establishes to the satisfaction of the Trustee the pledgee's right so to act with respect to such Securities and that the pledgee is not the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor.

"Paying Agent" means any Person authorized by the Company to pay the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Securities on behalf of the Company.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, limited liability company, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or any other entity.

- "<u>Place of Payment</u>", when used with respect to the Securities of or within any series, means the place or places where the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Securities are payable as specified and as contemplated by Sections 3.01 and 10.02.
- "<u>Predecessor Security</u>" of any particular Security means every previous Security evidencing all or a portion of the same debt as that evidenced by such particular Security; and, for the purposes of this definition, any Security authenticated and delivered under Section 3.06 in exchange for or in lieu of a mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security.
- "Redemption Date", when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, in whole or in part, means the date fixed for such redemption by or pursuant to this Indenture.
  - "Redemption Price", when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, means the price at which it is to be redeemed pursuant to this Indenture.
  - "Registered Security" means any Security that is registered in the Security Register.
- "Regular Record Date" for the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date on the Registered Securities of or within any series means the date specified for that purpose as contemplated by Section 3.01, whether or not a Business Day.
- "Repayment Date" means, when used with respect to any Security to be repaid at the option of the Holder, means the date fixed for such repayment by or pursuant to this Indenture.
- "Repayment Price" means, when used with respect to any Security to be repaid at the option of the Holder, means the price at which it is to be repaid by or pursuant to this Indenture.
  - "Reset Notice" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).
- "Responsible Officer", when used with respect to the Trustee, means any officer of the Trustee assigned by the Trustee to administer its corporate trust matters and who shall have direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture.
- "Security" or "Securities" has the meaning stated in the first recital of this Indenture and, more particularly, means any Security or Securities authenticated and delivered under this Indenture; provided, however, that, if at any time there is more than one Person acting as Trustee under this Indenture, "Securities" with respect to the Indenture as to which such Person is Trustee shall have the meaning stated in the first recital of this Indenture and shall more particularly mean Securities authenticated and delivered under this Indenture, exclusive, however, of Securities of any series as to which such Person is not Trustee.
  - "Security Register" and "Security Registrar" have the respective meanings specified in Section 3.05.
- "Senior Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on (i) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed (other than Securities issued under the Indenture and denominated as Subordinated Securities), unless in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or under which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness is not senior or prior in right of payment to Subordinated Indebtedness, and (ii) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.
  - "Senior Security" or "Senior Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Senior Security.

"Senior Subordinated Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and unpaid interest on (i) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, that in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness ranks junior in right of payment to the Company's Senior Indebtedness, equally and *pari passu* in right of payment with all other Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any Junior Subordinated Indebtedness, (ii) Senior Subordinated Securities and (iii) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.

"Senior Subordinated Security" or "Senior Subordinated Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Senior Subordinated Security.

"Special Record Date" for the payment of any Defaulted Interest on the Registered Securities of or within any series means a date fixed by the Trustee pursuant to Section 3.07.

"Specified Amount" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"<u>Stated Maturity</u>", when used with respect to any Security or any installment of principal thereof or interest thereon, means the date specified in such Security as the fixed date on which the principal of such Security or such installment of principal or interest is due and payable, as such date may be extended pursuant to the provisions of Section 3.08.

"Subordinated Indebtedness" means any Senior Subordinated Indebtedness or Junior Subordinated Indebtedness.

"Subordinated Security" or "Subordinated Securities" means any Senior Subordinated Securities or Junior Subordinated Securities.

"Subsequent Interest Period" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).

"Subsidiary" means (i) any corporation a majority of the outstanding voting stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company or by one or more other Subsidiaries of the Company, (ii) any other Person (other than a corporation) in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination thereof has a majority ownership interest or (iii) a partnership in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the time, a general partner and in which such Person, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination thereof has a majority ownership interest. For the purposes of this definition, "voting stock" means stock having voting power for the election of directors, whether at all times or only so long as no senior class of stock has such voting power by reason of any contingency.

"Trust Indenture Act or "TIA" means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as in force at the date as of which this Indenture was executed, except as provided in Section 9.05.

"Trustee" means the Person named as the "Trustee" in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor Trustee shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter "Trustee" shall mean or include each Person who is then a Trustee hereunder; provided, however, that if at any time there is more than one such Person, "Trustee" as used with respect to the Securities of any series shall mean only the Trustee with respect to Securities of that series.

"<u>United States</u>" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, the United States of America (including the states and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction.

"<u>United States person</u>" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, any individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia (other than a partnership that is not treated as a United States person under any applicable Treasury regulations), any estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source, or any trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, to the extent provided in the Treasury regulations, certain trusts in existence on August 20, 1996, and treated as United States persons prior to such date that elect to continue to be treated as United States persons, will also be United States persons.

"Valuation Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(c).

"Yield to Maturity" means the yield to maturity, computed at the time of issuance of a Security (or, if applicable, at the most recent redetermination of interest on such Security) and as set forth in such Security in accordance with generally accepted United States bond yield computation principles.

#### Section 1.02 Compliance Certificates and Opinions.

Upon any application or request by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under any provision of this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that all conditions precedent, if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with and an Opinion of Counsel stating that in the opinion of such counsel all such conditions precedent, if any, have been complied with, except that in the case of any such application or request as to which the furnishing of such documents is specifically required by any provision of this Indenture relating to such particular application or request, no additional certificate or opinion need be furnished.

Every certificate or opinion with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant provided for in this Indenture (other than pursuant to Section 10.05) shall include:

- (a) a statement that each individual signing such certificate or opinion has read such condition or covenant;
- (b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such certificate or opinion are based;
- (c) a statement that, in the opinion of such person, he or she has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him or her to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such covenant or condition has been complied with; and
  - (d) a statement as to whether or not, in the opinion of such person, such condition or covenant has been complied with.

#### Section 1.03 Form of Documents Delivered to Trustee.

In any case where several matters are required to be certified by, or covered by an opinion of, any specified Person, it is not necessary that all such matters be certified by, or covered by the opinion of, only one such Person, or that they be so certified or covered by only one document, but one such Person may certify or give an opinion as to some matters and one or more other such Persons as to other matters, and any such Person may certify or give an opinion as to such matters in one or several documents.

Any certificate or opinion of an officer of the Company may be based, insofar as it relates to legal matters, upon an Opinion of Counsel, or a certificate or representations by counsel, unless such officer knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the opinion, certificate or representations with respect to the matters upon which his certificate or opinion is based are erroneous. Any such Opinion of Counsel or certificate

or representations may be based, insofar as it relates to factual matters, upon a certificate or opinion of, or representations by, an officer or officers of the Company stating that the information as to such factual matters is in the possession of the Company, unless such counsel knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the certificate or opinion or representations as to such matters are erroneous.

Where any Person is required to make, give or execute two or more applications, requests, consents, certificates, statements, opinions or other instruments under this Indenture, they may, but need not, be consolidated and form one instrument.

#### Section 1.04 Acts of Holders.

- (a) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be given or taken by Holders of the Outstanding Securities of all series or one or more series, as the case may be, may be embodied in and evidenced by one or more instruments of substantially similar tenor signed by such Holders in person or by agents duly appointed in writing. Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be given or taken by Holders of Securities of such series may, alternatively, be embodied in and evidenced by the record of Holders of Securities of such series voting in favor thereof, either in person or by proxies duly appointed in writing, at any meeting of Holders of Securities of such series duly called and held in accordance with the provisions of Article Fifteen, or a combination of such instruments and any such record. Except as herein otherwise expressly provided, such action shall become effective when such instrument or instruments or record or both are delivered to the Trustee and, where it is hereby expressly required, to the Company. Such instrument or instruments and any such record (and the action embodied therein and evidenced thereby) are herein sometimes referred to as the "Act" of the Holders signing such instrument or instruments or so voting at any such meeting. Proof of execution of any such instrument or of a writing appointing any such agent, or of the holding by any Person of a Security, shall be sufficient for any purpose of this Indenture and conclusive in favor of the Trustee and the Company and any agent of the Trustee or the Company, if made in the manner provided in this Section. The record of any meeting of Holders of Securities shall be proved in the manner provided in Section 15.06.
- (b) The fact and date of the execution by any Person of any such instrument or writing may be proved by the affidavit of a witness of such execution or by a certificate of a notary public or other officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments of deeds, certifying that the individual signing such instrument or writing acknowledged to him or her the execution thereof. Where such execution is by a signer acting in a capacity other than his individual capacity, such certificate or affidavit shall also constitute sufficient proof of his authority. The fact and date of the execution of any such instrument or writing, or the authority of the Person executing the same, may also be proved in any other manner that the Trustee deems reasonably sufficient.
  - (c) The ownership of Registered Securities shall be proved by the Security Register.
- (d) If the Company shall solicit from the Holders of Registered Securities any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, the Company may, at its option, in or pursuant to a Board Resolution, fix in advance a record date for the determination of Holders entitled to give such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, but the Company shall have no obligation to do so. Notwithstanding TIA Section 316(c), such record date shall be the record date specified in or pursuant to such Board Resolution, which shall be a date not earlier than the date 30 days prior to the first solicitation of Holders generally in connection therewith and not later than the date such solicitation is completed. If such a record date is fixed, such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act may be given before or after such record date, but only the Holders of record at the close of business on such record date shall be deemed to be Holders for the purposes of determining whether Holders of the requisite proportion of Outstanding Securities have authorized or agreed or consented to such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, and for that purpose the Outstanding Securities shall be computed as of such record date; provided that no such

authorization, agreement or consent by the Holders on such record date shall be deemed effective unless it shall become effective pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture not later than eleven months after the record date.

(e) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act of the Holder of any Security shall bind every future Holder of the same Security and the Holder of every Security issued upon the registration of transfer thereof or in exchange therefor or in lieu thereof in respect of anything done, omitted or suffered to be done by the Trustee, any Security Registrar, any Paying Agent, any Authenticating Agent or the Company in reliance thereon, whether or not notation of such action is made upon such Security.

#### Section 1.05 Notices, Etc., to Trustee and Company.

Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or Act of Holders or other document provided or permitted by this Indenture to be made upon, given or furnished to, or filed with,

- (i) the Trustee by any Holder or by the Company shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid or sent via overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery or same day messenger service to the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office, Attention: Capital Southwest Corporation [identify Securities], or
- (ii) the Company by the Trustee or by any Holder shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid, or sent via overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery or same day messenger service, to the Company, to the attention of its Chief Financial Officer at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240.

The Company or the Trustee, by notice to the other, may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

All notices and communications (other than those sent to Holders) shall be deemed to have been duly given: (i) at the time delivered by hand, if personally delivered; (ii) five Business Days after being deposited in the mail, postage prepaid; and (iii) the next Business Day after timely delivery to the courier, if sent by overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery.

In addition to the foregoing, the Trustee agrees to accept and act upon notice, instructions or directions pursuant to this Indenture sent by unsecured e-mail, facsimile transmission or other similar unsecured electronic methods. If the party elects to give the Trustee e-mail or facsimile instructions (or instructions by a similar electronic method) and the Trustee in its discretion elects to act upon such instructions, the Trustee's understanding of such instructions shall be deemed controlling. The party providing electronic instructions agrees to assume all risks arising out of the use of such electronic methods to submit instructions and directions to the Trustee, including without limitation the risk of the Trustee acting on unauthorized instructions, and the risk or interception and misuse by third parties.

#### Section 1.06 Notice to Holders; Waiver.

Where this Indenture provides for notice of any event to Holders of Registered Securities by the Company or the Trustee, such notice shall be sufficiently given (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid, or by overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery to each such Holder affected by such event, at his address as it appears in the Security Register, not later than the latest date, and not earlier than the earliest date, prescribed for the giving of such notice. Any notice or communication shall also be so mailed to any Person described in TIA Section 313(c), to the extent required by the TIA. In any case where notice to Holders of Registered Securities is given by mail or by overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery, neither the failure to mail such notice, nor any defect in any notice so mailed, to any particular Holder

shall affect the sufficiency of such notice with respect to other Holders of Registered Securities. Any notice mailed or sent to a Holder in the manner herein prescribed shall be conclusively deemed to have been received by such Holder, whether or not such Holder actually receives such notice.

If by reason of the suspension of or irregularities in regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice by mail, then such notification to Holders of Registered Securities as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient notification to such Holders for every purpose hereunder.

Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver required or permitted under this Indenture shall be in the English language, except that any published notice may be in an official language of the country of publication.

Where this Indenture provides for notice in any manner, such notice may be waived in writing by the Person entitled to receive such notice, either before or after the event, and such waiver shall be the equivalent of such notice. Waivers of notice by Holders shall be filed with the Trustee, but such filing shall not be a condition precedent to the validity of any action taken in reliance upon such waiver.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent the Securities are held with DTC, any and all such notices and communications shall be transmitted electronically to DTC in accordance with its applicable procedures.

#### Section 1.07 Effect of Headings and Table of Contents.

The Article and Section headings herein and the Table of Contents are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

#### Section 1.08 Successors and Assigns.

All covenants and agreements in this Indenture by the Company shall bind its successors and assigns, whether so expressed or not.

#### Section 1.09 Separability Clause.

In case any provision in this Indenture or in any Security shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

#### Section 1.10 Benefits of Indenture.

Nothing in this Indenture or in the Securities, express or implied, shall give to any Person, other than the parties hereto, any Security Registrar, any Paying Agent, any Authenticating Agent and their successors hereunder and the Holders any benefit or any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Indenture.

#### Section 1.11 Governing Law.

This Indenture and the Securities shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New York without regard to principles of conflicts of laws. This Indenture is subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act that are required to be part of this Indenture and shall, to the extent applicable, be governed by such provisions.

#### Section 1.12 Legal Holidays.

In any case where any Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date, sinking fund payment date, Stated Maturity or Maturity of any Security shall not be a Business Day at any Place of Payment, then (notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or any Security other than a provision in the Securities of any series which specifically states that such provision shall apply in lieu of this Section), payment of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, need not be made at such Place of Payment on such date, but may be made on the next succeeding Business Day at such Place of Payment with the same force and effect as if made on the Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date or sinking fund payment date, or at the Stated Maturity or Maturity; provided that no interest shall accrue on the amount so payable for the period from and after such Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date, sinking fund payment date, Stated Maturity or Maturity, as the case may be.

#### Section 1.13 Submission to Jurisdiction.

The Company hereby irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of any New York state or federal court sitting in the City of New York in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Indenture and the Securities of any series, and the Company hereby irrevocably agrees that all claims in respect of such action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such New York state or federal court. The Company hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent it may effectively do so, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding.

#### Section 1.14 Conflict with the TIA.

If any provision of this Indenture limits, qualifies or conflicts with a provision of the TIA that is required under the TIA to be a part of and govern this Indenture, the provision of the TIA shall control. If any provision of this Indenture modifies or excludes any provision of the TIA that may be so modified or excluded, the provision of the TIA shall be deemed to apply to this Indenture as so modified or only to the extent not so excluded, as the case may be. Notwithstanding any provision in this Indenture, the Company may, at its election, deregister if allowed under the Commission's rules and regulations. If the Company deregisters, the Securities Outstanding will continue to comply with the Trust Indenture Act other than any provision of the Trust Indenture Act that conflicts with the prior sentence.

#### Section 1.15 Waiver of Jury Trial.

EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE, THE NOTES OR THE TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

## ARTICLE II SECURITIES FORMS

#### Section 2.01 Forms of Securities.

The Registered Securities of each series, the temporary global Securities of each series, if any, and the permanent global Securities of each series, if any, shall be in substantially the forms as shall be established in one or more indentures supplemental hereto or approved from time to time by or pursuant to a Board Resolution in accordance with Section 3.01, shall have such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as are required or permitted by this Indenture or any indenture supplemental hereto, and may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification or designation and such legends or endorsements placed

thereon as the Company may deem appropriate and as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, or as may be required to comply with any law or with any rule or regulation made pursuant thereto or with any rule or regulation of any stock exchange on which the Securities may be listed, or to conform to usage.

The definitive Securities shall be printed, lithographed or engraved or produced by any combination of these methods on a steel engraved border or steel engraved borders or may be produced in any other manner, all as determined by the officers executing such Securities, as evidenced by their execution of such Securities.

Section 2.02 Form of Trustee's Certificate of Authentication.

Subject to Section 6.11, the Trustee's certificate of authentication shall be in substantially the following form:

This is one of the Securities of the series designated therein referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

U.S. Bank National Association,
as Trustee
By:
Authorized Officer

Section 2.03 Securities Issuable in Global Form.

If Securities of or within a series are issuable in global form, as specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, then, notwithstanding clause (viii) of Section 3.01 and the provisions of Section 3.02, any such Security shall represent such of the Outstanding Securities of such series as shall be specified therein and may provide that it shall represent the aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities of such series from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities of such series represented thereby may from time to time be increased or decreased to reflect exchanges. Any endorsement of a Security in global form to reflect the amount or any increase or decrease in the amount of Outstanding Securities represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee or the Security Registrar in such manner and upon instructions given by such Person or Persons as shall be specified therein or in the Company Order to be delivered to the Trustee pursuant to Section 3.03 or 3.04. Subject to the provisions of Section 3.03 and, if applicable, Section 3.04, the Trustee or the Security Registrar shall deliver and redeliver any Security in permanent global form in the manner and upon instructions given by the Person or Persons specified therein or in the applicable Company Order. If a Company Order pursuant to Section 3.03 or 3.04 has been, or simultaneously is, delivered, any instructions by the Company with respect to endorsement, delivery or redelivery of a Security in global form shall be in writing but need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel.

The provisions of the last sentence of Section 3.03 shall apply to any Security represented by a Security in global form if such Security was never issued and sold by the Company and the Company delivers to the Trustee or the Security Registrar the Security in global form together with written instructions (which need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel) with regard to the reduction in the principal amount of Securities represented thereby, together with the written statement contemplated by the last sentence of Section 3.03.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.07, unless otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, payment of principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on any Security in permanent global form shall be made to the Person or Persons specified therein.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.09 and except as provided in the preceding paragraph, the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company and the Trustee shall treat as the Holder of such principal amount of Outstanding Securities represented by a permanent global Security, the Holder of such permanent global Security.

#### Section 2.04 Certificated Notes.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indenture, Securities of a series in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that the Depositary identifies as a beneficial owner of the related Securities of a series only if:

- (a) the Depositary notifies the Company at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Securities of such series in global form and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;
- (b) the Depositary ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days; or
- (c) an Event of Default with respect to the Securities of such series has occurred and is continuing and such beneficial owner requests that its Securities of such series be issued in physical, certificated form.

## ARTICLE III THE SECURITIES

Section 3.01 Amount Unlimited; Issuable in Series.

The aggregate principal amount of Securities which may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is unlimited.

The Securities may be issued in one or more series and may be designated as Senior Securities, Senior Subordinated Securities or Junior Subordinated Securities or as otherwise set forth in a supplemental indenture. Senior Securities are unsubordinated, shall rank equally and pari passu with all of the Company's Senior Indebtedness and senior to all Subordinated Securities. Senior Subordinated Securities shall rank junior to the Company's Senior Indebtedness, equally and pari passu with all other Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and senior to any Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. Junior Subordinated Securities shall rank junior to the Company's Senior Indebtedness and any Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and equally and pari passu with all other Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. There shall be established in one or more Board Resolutions or pursuant to authority granted by one or more Board Resolutions and, subject to Section 3.03, set forth, or determined in the manner provided, in an Officers' Certificate, or established in one or more indentures supplemental hereto, prior to the issuance of Securities of any series, any or all of the following, as applicable (each of which (except for the matters set forth in clauses (i), (ii) and (xv) below), if so provided, may be determined from time to time by the Company with respect to unissued Securities of the series when issued from time to time):

- (i) the title of the Securities of the series including CUSIP numbers (which shall distinguish the Securities of such series from all other series of Securities);
- (ii) any limit upon the aggregate principal amount of the Securities of the series that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture (except for Securities authenticated and delivered upon registration of transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of, other Securities of the series pursuant to Section 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 9.06, 11.07 or 13.05, and except for any Securities which, pursuant to Section 3.03, are deemed never to have been authenticated and delivered hereunder);
- (iii) the date or dates, or the method by which such date or dates will be determined or extended, on which the principal of the Securities of the series shall be payable;
- (iv) the rate or rates at which the Securities of the series shall bear interest, if any, or the method by which such rate or rates shall be determined, the date or dates from which such interest shall accrue or the method by which such date or dates shall be determined, the Interest Payment Dates on which such interest will be payable and the Regular Record Date, if any, for the interest payable on any Registered Security on any Interest Payment Date, or the method by which such date shall be determined, and the basis upon which such interest shall be calculated if other than that of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months;

- (v) the place or places, if any, other than or in addition to the City of New York, where the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on Securities of the series shall be payable, any Registered Securities of the series may be surrendered for registration of transfer, Securities of the series may be surrendered for exchange, where Securities of that series that are convertible or exchangeable may be surrendered for conversion or exchange, as applicable, and where notices or demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities of the series and this Indenture may be served;
- (vi) the period or periods within which, or the date or dates on which, the price or prices at which, the Currency or Currencies in which, and other terms and conditions upon which Securities of the series may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, if the Company is to have the option;
- (vii) the obligation, if any, of the Company to redeem, repay or purchase Securities of the series pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of a Holder thereof, and the period or periods within which or the date or dates on which, the price or prices at which, the Currency or Currencies in which, and other terms and conditions upon which Securities of the series shall be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;
- (viii) if other than denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 thereof, the denomination or denominations in which any Registered Securities of the series shall be issuable;
  - (ix) if other than the Trustee, the identity of each Security Registrar and/or Paying Agent;
- (x) if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of Securities of the series that shall be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, upon redemption of the Securities of the series which are redeemable before their Stated Maturity, upon surrender for repayment at the option of the Holder, or which the Trustee shall be entitled to claim pursuant to Section 5.04 or the method by which such portion shall be determined;
- (xi) if other than Dollars, the Currency or Currencies in which payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series shall be made or in which the Securities of the series shall be denominated and the particular provisions applicable thereto in accordance with, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Section 3.12;
- (xii) whether the amount of payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series may be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which index, formula or method may be based, without limitation, on one or more Currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices), and the manner in which such amounts shall be determined;
- (xiii) whether the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series are to be payable, at the election of the Company or a Holder thereof, in one or more Currencies other than that in which such Securities are denominated or stated to be payable, the period or periods within which (including the Election Date), and the terms and conditions upon which, such election may be made, and the time and manner of determining the exchange rate between the Currency or Currencies in which such Securities are denominated or stated to be payable and the Currency or Currencies in which such Securities are to be paid, in each case in accordance with, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Section 3.12;
- (xiv) provisions, if any, granting special rights to the Holders of Securities of the series, including, without limitation, with respect to any collateral securing such Securities;
- (xv) any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or covenants (including any deletions from, modifications of or additions to any of the provisions of Section 10.07) of the Company with respect to Securities of the series, whether or not such Events of Default or covenants are consistent with the Events of Default or covenants set forth herein;
- (xvi) whether any Securities of the series are to be issuable initially in temporary global form and whether any Securities of the series are to be issuable in permanent global form and, if so, whether beneficial owners of interests in any such permanent global Security may exchange such interests for

Securities of such series in certificated form and of like tenor of any authorized form and denomination and the circumstances under which any such exchanges may occur, if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.05, and the circumstances under which and the place or places where such exchanges may be made and if Securities of the series are to be issuable as a global Security, the identity of the depository for such series;

(xvii) the date as of which any temporary global Security representing Outstanding Securities of the series shall be dated if other than the date of original issuance of the first Security of the series to be issued;

(xviii) the Person to whom any interest on any Registered Security of the series shall be payable, if other than the Person in whose name such Security (or one or more Predecessor Securities) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, and the extent to which, or the manner in which, any interest payable on a temporary global Security on an Interest Payment Date will be paid if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.04; and the extent to which, or the manner in which, any interest payable on a permanent global Security on an Interest Payment Date will be paid if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.07;

(xix) the applicability, if any, of Sections 14.02 and/or 14.03 to the Securities of the series and any provisions in modification of, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Article Fourteen;

(xx) if the Securities of such series are to be issuable in definitive form (whether upon original issue or upon exchange of a temporary Security of such series) only upon receipt of certain certificates or other documents or satisfaction of other conditions, then the form and/or terms of such certificates, documents or conditions;

(xxi) whether, under what circumstances and the Currency in which, the Company will pay Additional Amounts as contemplated by Section 10.04 on the Securities of the series to any Holder who is not a United States person (including any modification to the definition of such term) in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether the Company will have the option to redeem such Securities rather than pay such Additional Amounts (and the terms of any such option);

(xxii) the designation of the initial Exchange Rate Agent, if any;

(xxiii) if the Securities of the series are to be convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company), the terms and conditions upon which such Securities will be so convertible or exchangeable;

(xxiv) if the Securities of the series are to be listed on a securities exchange, the name of such exchange;

(xxv) any other terms of the series (which terms shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture or the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act), including, but not limited to, secured Securities and guarantees of Securities;

(xxvi) whether any interest may be paid by issuing additional Securities of the same series in lieu of cash (and the terms upon which any such interest may be paid by issuing additional Securities);

(xxvii) any special U.S. federal income tax implications, including, if applicable, U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount; and

(xxviii) whether the debt securities are secured and the terms of any security interests.

All Securities of any one series shall be substantially identical except as to denomination and except as may otherwise be provided in or pursuant to the Board Resolution referred to above (subject to Section 3.03) and set forth in the Officer's Certificate referred to above or in any such indenture supplemental hereto.

All Securities of any one series need not be issued at the same time and, unless otherwise provided, a series may be reopened, without the consent of the Holders, for issuances of additional Securities of such series.

If any of the terms of the Securities of any series are established by action taken pursuant to one or more Board Resolutions, a copy of an appropriate record of such action(s) shall be certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company and delivered to the Trustee at or prior to the delivery of the Officers' Certificate setting forth the terms of the Securities of such series.

#### Section 3.02 <u>Denominations</u>.

The Securities of each series shall be issuable in such denominations as shall be specified as contemplated by Section 3.01. With respect to Securities of any series denominated in Dollars, in the absence of any such provisions with respect to the Securities of any series, the Registered Securities of such series, other than Registered Securities issued in global form (which may be of any denomination) shall be issuable in denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 thereof.

#### Section 3.03 Execution, Authentication, Delivery and Dating.

The Securities shall be executed on behalf of the Company by its Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer or one of its Vice Presidents and attested by its Secretary or one of its Assistant Secretaries. The signature of any of these officers on the Securities may be manual or facsimile signatures of the present or any future such authorized officer and may be imprinted or otherwise reproduced on the Securities.

Securities bearing the manual or facsimile signatures of individuals who were at any time the proper officers of the Company shall bind the Company, notwithstanding that such individuals or any of them have ceased to hold such offices prior to the authentication and delivery of such Securities or did not hold such offices at the date of such Securities.

At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Securities of any series executed by the Company, to the Trustee for authentication, together with a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of such Securities, and the Trustee in accordance with the Company Order shall authenticate and deliver such Securities. If all the Securities of any series are not to be issued at one time and if the Board Resolution or supplemental indenture establishing such series shall so permit, such Company Order may set forth procedures acceptable to the Trustee for the issuance of such Securities and determining the terms of particular Securities of such series, such as interest rate, maturity date, date of issuance and date from which interest shall accrue. In authenticating such Securities, and accepting the additional responsibilities under this Indenture in relation to such Securities, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive, and (subject to TIA Sections 315(a) through 315(d)) shall be fully protected in relying upon,

#### (a) an Opinion of Counsel stating,

- (i) that the form or forms of such Securities have been established in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture;
- (ii) that the terms of such Securities have been established in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture; and
- (iii) that such Securities, when completed by appropriate insertions and executed and delivered by the Company to the Trustee for authentication in accordance with this Indenture, authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in accordance with this Indenture and issued by the Company in the manner and subject to any conditions specified in such Opinion of Counsel, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization and other similar laws of general applicability relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights, to general equitable principles and to such other qualifications as such counsel shall conclude do not materially affect the rights of Holders of such Securities; and
- (b) an Officers' Certificate stating, to the best of the knowledge of the signers of such certificate, that no Event of Default with respect to any of the Securities shall have occurred and be continuing.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.01 and of this Section 3.03, if all the Securities of any series are not to be issued at one time, it shall not be necessary to deliver an Officers' Certificate otherwise required pursuant to Section 3.01 or the Company Order, Opinion of Counsel or Officers' Certificate otherwise required pursuant to the preceding paragraph at the time of issuance of each Security of such series, but such order, opinion and certificates, with appropriate modifications to cover such future issuances, shall be delivered at or before the time of issuance of the first Security of such series.

If such form or terms have been so established, the Trustee shall not be required to authenticate such Securities if the issue of such Securities pursuant to this Indenture will affect the Trustee's own rights, duties, obligations or immunities under the Securities and this Indenture or otherwise in a manner that is not reasonably acceptable to the Trustee. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee will not be required to authenticate Securities denominated in a Foreign Currency if the Trustee reasonably believes that it would be unable to perform its duties with respect to such Securities.

Each Registered Security shall be dated the date of its authentication.

No Security shall be entitled to any benefit under this Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless there appears on such Security a certificate of authentication substantially in the form provided for herein duly executed by the Trustee or an Authenticating Agent by manual signature of an authorized signatory, and such certificate upon any Security shall be conclusive evidence, and the only evidence, that such Security has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder and is entitled to the benefits of this Indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Security shall have been authenticated and delivered hereunder but never issued and sold by the Company, and the Company shall deliver such Security to the Trustee for cancellation as provided in Section 3.10 together with a written statement (which need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel) stating that such Security has never been issued and sold by the Company, for all purposes of this Indenture such Security shall be deemed never to have been authenticated and delivered hereunder and shall never be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture.

#### Section 3.04 Temporary Securities.

Pending the preparation of definitive Securities of any series, the Company may execute, and upon Company Order the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, temporary Securities that are printed, lithographed, typewritten, mimeographed or otherwise produced, in any authorized denomination, substantially of the tenor of the definitive Securities in lieu of which they are issued, in registered form, and with such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as the officers executing such Securities may determine, as conclusively evidenced by their execution of such Securities. In the case of Securities of any series, such temporary Securities may be in global form.

Except in the case of temporary Securities in global form (which shall be exchanged as otherwise provided in or pursuant to a Board Resolution), if temporary Securities of any series are issued, the Company will cause definitive Securities of that series to be prepared without unreasonable delay. After the preparation of definitive Securities of such series, the temporary Securities of such series shall be exchangeable for definitive Securities of such series upon surrender of the temporary Securities of such series at the office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment for that series, without charge to the Holder. Upon surrender for cancellation of any one or more temporary Securities of any series, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a like principal amount and like tenor of definitive Securities of the same series of authorized denominations. Until so exchanged, the temporary Securities of any series shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as definitive Securities of such series.

#### Section 3.05 <u>Registration, Registration of Transfer and Exchange</u>.

The Company shall cause to be kept at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee or in any office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment a register for each series of Securities (the registers maintained in such

office or in any such office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment being herein sometimes referred to collectively as the "Security Register") in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall provide for the registration of Registered Securities and of transfers of Registered Securities. The Security Register shall be in written form or any other form capable of being converted into written form within a reasonable time. The Trustee, at its Corporate Trust Office, is hereby initially appointed "Security Registrar" for the purpose of registering Registered Securities and transfers of Registered Securities on such Security Register as herein provided, and for facilitating exchanges of temporary global Securities for permanent global Securities or definitive Securities, or both, or of permanent global Securities for definitive Securities, or both, as herein provided. In the event that the Trustee shall cease to be Security Registrar, it shall have the right to examine the Security Register at all reasonable times.

Upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Registered Security of any series at any office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment for that series, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Registered Securities of the same series, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding and containing identical terms and provisions.

At the option of the Holder, Registered Securities of any series may be exchanged for other Registered Securities of the same series, of any authorized denomination or denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions, upon surrender of the Registered Securities to be exchanged at any such office or agency. Whenever any Registered Securities are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Registered Securities that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive.

Whenever any Securities are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Securities that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, any permanent global Security shall be exchangeable only as provided in this paragraph. If any beneficial owner of an interest in a permanent global Security is entitled to exchange such interest for Securities of such series and of like tenor and principal amount of another authorized form and denomination, as specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 and provided that any applicable notice provided in the permanent global Security shall have been given, then without unnecessary delay but in any event not later than the earliest date on which such interest may be so exchanged, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee definitive Securities in aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of such beneficial owner's interest in such permanent global Security, executed by the Company. On or after the earliest date on which such interests may be so exchanged, such permanent global Security shall be surrendered to the Trustee, as the Company's agent for such purpose, or to the Security Registrar, to be exchanged, in whole or from time to time in part, for definitive Securities of the same series without charge and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in exchange for each portion of such permanent global Security, an equal aggregate principal amount of definitive Securities of the same series of authorized denominations and of like tenor as the portion of such permanent global Security to be exchanged; provided, however, that no such exchanges may occur during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before any selection of Securities to be redeemed and ending on the relevant Redemption Date if the Security for which exchange is requested may be among those selected for redemption. If a Registered Security is issued in exchange for any portion of a permanent global Security after the close of business at the office or agency where such exchange occurs on (i) any Regular Record Date and before the opening of business at such office or agency on the relevant Interest Payment Date, or (ii) any Special Record Date and before the opening of business at such office or agency on the related proposed date for payment of Defaulted Interest or interest, as the case may be, will not be payable on such Interest Payment Date or proposed date for payment, as the case may be, in respect of such Registered Security, but will be payable on such Interest Payment Date or proposed date for payment, as the case may be, only to the Person to whom interest in respect of such portion of such permanent global Security is payable in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

All Securities issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities shall be valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Securities surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

Every Registered Security presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or for exchange shall (if so required by the Company or the Security Registrar or any transfer agent) be duly endorsed, or be accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Security Registrar, duly executed by the Holder thereof or his attorney or any transfer agent duly authorized in writing.

No service charge shall be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities, but the Company or the Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities, other than exchanges pursuant to Section 3.04, 9.06, 11.07 or 13.05 not involving any transfer.

The Company shall not be required (i) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security if such Security may be among those selected for redemption during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before selection of the Securities to be redeemed under Section 11.03 and ending at the close of business on the day of the mailing of the relevant notice of redemption, or (ii) to register the transfer of or exchange any Registered Security so selected for redemption in whole or in part, except, in the case of any Registered Security to be redeemed in part, the portion thereof not to be redeemed or (iii) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security that has been surrendered for repayment at the option of the Holder, except the portion, if any, of such Security not to be so repaid.

#### Section 3.06 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost and Stolen Securities.

If any mutilated Security is surrendered to the Trustee or the Company, together with, in proper cases, such security or indemnity as may be required by the Company or the Trustee to save each of them or any agent of either of them harmless, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a new Security of the same series and principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

If there shall be delivered to the Company and to the Trustee (i) evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of any Security and (ii) such security or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them and any agent of either of them harmless, then, in the absence of notice to the Company or the Trustee that such Security has been acquired by a protected purchaser, the Company shall, subject to the following paragraph, execute and upon its request the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in lieu of any such destroyed, lost or stolen Security, a new Security of the same series and principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the previous two paragraphs, in case any such mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security has become or is about to become due and payable, the Company in its discretion may, instead of issuing a new Security, pay such Security.

Upon the issuance of any new Security under this Section, the Company may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Trustee) connected therewith.

Every new Security of any series issued pursuant to this Section in lieu of any destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall constitute an original additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall be at any time enforceable by anyone, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Securities of that series duly issued hereunder.

The provisions of this Section are exclusive and shall preclude (to the extent lawful) all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Securities.

#### Section 3.07 Payment of Interest; Interest Rights Preserved; Optional Interest Reset.

(a) Except as otherwise specified with respect to a series of Securities in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.01, interest, if any, on any Registered Security that is payable, and is punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date shall be paid to the Person in whose name that Security (or one or more Predecessor Securities) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest at the office or agency of the Company maintained for such purpose pursuant to Section 10.02; provided, however, that each installment of interest, if any, on any Registered Security may at the Company's option be paid by (i) mailing a check for such interest, payable to or upon the written order of the Person entitled thereto pursuant to Section 3.09, to the address of such Person as it appears on the Security Register or (ii) transfer to an account maintained by the payee located in the United States.

Except as otherwise specified with respect to a series of Securities in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.01, any interest on any Registered Security of any series that is payable, but is not punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date (herein called "Defaulted Interest") shall forthwith cease to be payable to the registered Holder thereof on the relevant Regular Record Date by virtue of having been such Holder, and such Defaulted Interest may be paid by the Company, at its election in each case, as provided in clause (i) or (ii) below:

(i) The Company may elect to make payment of any Defaulted Interest to the Persons in whose names the Registered Securities of such series (or their respective Predecessor Securities) are registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest, which shall be fixed in the following manner:

The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of Defaulted Interest proposed to be paid on each Registered Security of such series and the date of the proposed payment (which shall not be less than 20 days after such notice is received by the Trustee), and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit on or prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Defaulted Interest as in this clause provided. Thereupon the Trustee shall fix a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest which shall be not more than 15 days and not less than ten days prior to the date of the proposed payment and not less than ten days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company of such Special Record Date and, in the name and at the expense of the Company, shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor to be mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to each Holder of Registered Securities of such series at his address as it appears in the Security Register not less than ten days prior to such Special Record Date. Notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor having been mailed as aforesaid, such Defaulted Interest shall be paid to the Persons in whose names the Registered Securities of such series (or their respective Predecessor Securities) are registered at the close of business on such Special Record Date and shall n

(ii) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Interest on the Registered Securities of any series in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange on which such Securities may be listed, and upon such notice as may be required by such exchange, if, after notice given by the Company to the Trustee of the proposed payment pursuant to this clause (and certification by the Company that the proposed manner of payment complies with the requirements of this clause (ii)), such manner of payment shall be deemed practicable by the Trustee.

(b) The provisions of this Section 3.07(b) may be made applicable to any series of Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 (with such modifications, additions or substitutions as may be specified pursuant to such Section 3.01). The interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) on any Security of such series may be reset by the Company on the date or dates specified on the face of such Security (each an "Optional Reset Date"). The Company may exercise such option with respect to such Security by notifying the Trustee of such exercise at least 45 but not more than 60 days prior to an Optional Reset Date for such Security. Not later than 40 days prior to each Optional Reset Date, the Trustee shall transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, to the Holder of any such Security a notice (the "Reset Notice") indicating whether the Company has elected to reset the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable), and if so (i) such new interest rate (or such new spread or spread multiplier, if applicable) and (ii) the provisions, if any, for redemption during the period from such Optional Reset Date to the next Optional Reset Date or if there is no such next Optional Reset Date, to the Stated Maturity of such Security (each such period a "Subsequent Interest Period"), including the date or dates on which or the period or periods during which and the price or prices at which such redemption may occur during the Subsequent Interest Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, not later than 20 days prior to the Optional Reset Date (or if the twentieth day does not fall on a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day), the Company may, at its option, revoke the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) provided for in the Reset Notice and establish a higher interest rate (or a spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate, if applicable) for the Subsequent Interest Period by causing the Trustee to transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, notice of such higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate, if applicable) to the Holder of such Security. Such notice shall be irrevocable. All Securities with respect to which the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) is reset on an Optional Reset Date, and with respect to which the Holders of such Securities have not tendered such Securities for repayment (or have validly revoked any such tender) pursuant to the next succeeding paragraph, will bear such higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate, if applicable).

The Holder of any such Security will have the option to elect repayment by the Company of the principal of such Security on each Optional Reset Date at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus interest accrued to such Optional Reset Date. In order to obtain repayment on an Optional Reset Date, the Holder must follow the procedures set forth in Article Thirteen for repayment at the option of Holders except that the period for delivery or notification to the Trustee shall be at least 25 but not more than 35 days prior to such Optional Reset Date and except that, if the Holder has tendered any Security for repayment pursuant to the Reset Notice, the Holder may, by written notice to the Trustee, revoke such tender or repayment until the close of business on the tenth day before such Optional Reset Date.

Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Section and Section 3.05, each Security delivered under this Indenture upon registration of transfer of or in exchange for or in lieu of any other Security shall carry the rights to interest accrued and unpaid, and to accrue, that were carried by such other Security.

#### Section 3.08 Optional Extension of Maturity.

The provisions of this Section 3.08 may be made applicable to any series of Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 (with such modifications, additions or substitutions as may be specified pursuant to such Section 3.01). The Stated Maturity of any Security of such series may be extended at the option of the Company for the period or periods specified on the face of such Security (each an "Extension Period") up to but not beyond the date (the "Final Maturity") set forth on the face of such Security. The Company may exercise such option with respect to any Security by notifying the Trustee of such exercise at least 45 but not more than 60 days prior to the Stated Maturity of such Security in effect prior to the exercise of such option (the "Original Stated Maturity"). If the Company exercises such option, the Trustee shall transmit, in the manner provided for in

Section 1.06, to the Holder of such Security not later than 40 days prior to the Original Stated Maturity a notice (the "Extension Notice"), prepared by the Company, indicating (i) the election of the Company to extend the Stated Maturity, (ii) the new Stated Maturity, (iii) the interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such interest rate, if applicable), if any, applicable to the Extension Period and (iv) the provisions, if any, for redemption during such Extension Period. Upon the Trustee's transmittal of the Extension Notice, the Stated Maturity of such Security shall be extended automatically and, except as modified by the Extension Notice and as described in the next paragraph, such Security will have the same terms as prior to the transmittal of such Extension Notice.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, not later than 20 days before the Original Stated Maturity (or if the twentieth day does not fall on a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) of such Security, the Company may, at its option, revoke the interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) provided for in the Extension Notice and establish a higher interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such higher interest rate, if applicable) for the Extension Period by causing the Trustee to transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, notice of such higher interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) to the Holder of such Security. Such notice shall be irrevocable. All Securities with respect to which the Stated Maturity is extended will bear such higher interest rate.

If the Company extends the Stated Maturity of any Security, the Holder will have the option to elect repayment of such Security by the Company on the Original Stated Maturity at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued to such date. In order to obtain repayment on the Original Stated Maturity once the Company has extended the Stated Maturity thereof, the Holder must follow the procedures set forth in Article Thirteen for repayment at the option of Holders, except that the period for delivery or notification to the Trustee shall be at least 25 but not more than 35 days prior to the Original Stated Maturity and except that, if the Holder has tendered any Security for repayment pursuant to an Extension Notice, the Holder may by written notice to the Trustee revoke such tender for repayment until the close of business on the tenth day before the Original Stated Maturity.

#### Section 3.09 Persons Deemed Owners.

Prior to due presentment of a Registered Security for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the Person in whose name such Registered Security is registered as the owner of such Registered Security for the purpose of receiving payment of principal of (and premium, if any, on) and (subject to Sections 3.05 and 3.07) interest, if any, on such Registered Security and for all other purposes whatsoever, whether or not such Registered Security be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee nor any agent of the Company or the Trustee shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

None of the Company, the Trustee, any Paying Agent or the Security Registrar will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests of a Security in global form or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any global temporary or permanent Security, nothing herein shall prevent the Company, the Trustee, or any agent of the Company or the Trustee, from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by any depositary, as a Holder, with respect to such global Security or impair, as between such depositary and owners of beneficial interests in such global Security, the operation of customary practices governing the exercise of the rights of such depositary (or its nominee) as Holder of such global Security.

#### Section 3.10 Cancellation.

All Securities surrendered for payment, redemption, repayment at the option of the Holder, registration of transfer or exchange or for credit against any sinking fund payment shall, if surrendered to any Person other than the Trustee, be delivered to the Trustee, and any such Securities surrendered directly to the Trustee for any such purpose shall be promptly cancelled by the Trustee. The Company may at any time deliver to the Trustee for cancellation any Securities previously authenticated and delivered hereunder which the Company may have acquired in any manner whatsoever, and may deliver to the Trustee (or to any other Person for delivery to the Trustee) for cancellation any Securities previously authenticated hereunder which the Company has not issued and sold, and all Securities so delivered shall be promptly cancelled by the Trustee. If the Company shall so acquire any of the Securities, however, such acquisition shall not operate as a redemption or satisfaction of the indebtedness represented by such Securities unless and until the same are surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation. No Securities shall be authenticated in lieu of or in exchange for any Securities cancelled as provided in this Section, except as expressly permitted by this Indenture. Cancelled Securities held by the Trustee shall be destroyed by the Trustee in accordance with its customary procedures, unless by a Company Order the Company directs the Trustee to deliver a certificate of such destruction to the Company or to return them to the Company.

### Section 3.11 Computation of Interest.

Except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 with respect to Securities of any series, interest, if any, on the Securities of each series shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

#### Section 3.12 <u>Currency and Manner of Payments in Respect of Securities</u>.

- (a) Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, with respect to Registered Securities of any series not permitting the election provided for in paragraph (b) below or the Holders of which have not made the election provided for in paragraph (b) below, payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on any Registered Security of such series will be made in the Currency in which such Registered Security is payable. The provisions of this Section 3.12 may be modified or superseded with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01.
- (b) It may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to Registered Securities of any series that Holders shall have the option, subject to paragraphs (d) and (e) below, to receive payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on such Registered Securities in any of the Currencies which may be designated for such election by delivering to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities a written election with signature guarantees and in the applicable form established pursuant to Section 3.01, not later than the close of business on the Election Date immediately preceding the applicable payment date. If a Holder so elects to receive such payments in any such Currency, such election will remain in effect for such Holder or any transferee of such Holder until changed by such Holder or such transferee by written notice to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities (but any such change must be made not later than the close of business on the Election Date immediately preceding the next payment date to be effective for the payment to be made on such payment date and no such change of election may be made with respect to payments to be made on any Registered Security of such series with respect to which an Event of Default has occurred or with respect to which the Company has deposited funds pursuant to Article Four or Fourteen or with respect to which a notice of redemption has been given by the Company or a notice of option to elect repayment has been sent by such Holder or such transferee). Any Holder of any such Registered Security who shall not have delivered any such election to the Trustee of such series of Registered Securities not later than the close of business on the applicable Election Date will be paid the amount due on the applicable payment date in the relevant Currency as provided in Section 3.12(a). The Trustee for each such series of Registered Securities shall notify the Exchange Rate Agent as soon as practicable after the Election Date of the aggregate p

- (c) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if the election referred to in paragraph (b) above has been provided for pursuant to Section 3.01, then, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, not later than the fourth Business Day after the Election Date for each payment date for Registered Securities of any series, the Exchange Rate Agent will deliver to the Company a written notice specifying the Currency in which Registered Securities of such series are payable, the respective aggregate amounts of principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on the Registered Securities to be paid on such payment date, specifying the amounts in such Currency so payable in respect of the Registered Securities as to which the Holders of Registered Securities denominated in any Currency shall have elected to be paid in another Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above. If the election referred to in paragraph (b) above has been provided for pursuant to Section 3.01 and if at least one Holder has made such election, then, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, on the second Business Day preceding such payment date the Company will deliver to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities an Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate in respect of the Dollar or Foreign Currency or Currencies payments to be made on such payment date. Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, the Dollar or Foreign Currency or Currencies amount receivable by Holders of Registered Securities who have elected payment in a Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above shall be determined by the Company on the basis of the applicable Market Exchange Rate in effect on the second Business Day (the "Valuation Date") immediately preceding each payment date, and such determination shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.
- (d) If a Conversion Event occurs with respect to a Foreign Currency in which any of the Securities are denominated or payable other than pursuant to an election provided for pursuant to paragraph (b) above, then with respect to each date for the payment of principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any on the applicable Securities denominated or payable in such Foreign Currency occurring after the last date on which such Foreign Currency was used (the "Conversion Date"), the Dollar shall be the currency of payment for use on each such payment date. Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, the Dollar amount to be paid by the Company to the Trustee of each such series of Securities and by such Trustee or any Paying Agent to the Holders of such Securities with respect to such payment date shall be, in the case of a Foreign Currency other than a currency unit, the Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency or, in the case of a currency unit, the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, in each case as determined by the Exchange Rate Agent in the manner provided in paragraph (f) or (g) below.
- (e) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if the Holder of a Registered Security denominated in any Currency shall have elected to be paid in another Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above, and a Conversion Event occurs with respect to such elected Currency, such Holder shall receive payment in the Currency in which payment would have been made in the absence of such election; and if a Conversion Event occurs with respect to the Currency in which payment would have been made in the absence of such election, such Holder shall receive payment in Dollars as provided in paragraph (d) of this Section 3.12.
- (f) The "Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency" shall be determined by the Exchange Rate Agent and shall be obtained for each subsequent payment date by converting the specified Foreign Currency into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate on the Conversion Date.
- (g) The "Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit" shall be determined by the Exchange Rate Agent and subject to the provisions of paragraph (h) below shall be the sum of each amount obtained by converting the Specified Amount of each Component Currency into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate for such Component Currency on the Valuation Date with respect to each payment.
  - (h) For purposes of this Section 3.12, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

A "Component Currency" shall mean any currency which, on the Conversion Date, was a component currency of the relevant currency unit.

A "Specified Amount" of a Component Currency shall mean the number of units of such Component Currency or fractions thereof which were represented in the relevant currency unit on the Conversion Date. If after the Conversion Date the official unit of any Component Currency is altered by way of combination or subdivision, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall be divided or multiplied in the same proportion. If after the Conversion Date two or more Component Currencies are consolidated into a single currency, the respective Specified Amounts of such Component Currencies shall be replaced by an amount in such single currency equal to the sum of the respective Specified Amounts of such consolidated Component Currencies expressed in such single currency, and such amount shall thereafter be a Specified Amount and such single currency shall thereafter be a Component Currency. If after the Conversion Date any Component Currency shall be divided into two or more currencies, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall be replaced by amounts of such two or more currencies, having an aggregate Dollar Equivalent value at the Market Exchange Rate on the date of such replacement equal to the Dollar Equivalent of the Specified Amount of such former Component Currency at the Market Exchange Rate immediately before such division, and such amounts shall thereafter be Specified Amounts and such currencies shall thereafter be Component Currencies. If, after the Conversion Date of the relevant currency unit, a Conversion Event (other than any event referred to above in this definition of "Specified Amount") occurs with respect to any Component Currency of such currency unit and is continuing on the applicable Valuation Date, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall, for purposes of calculating the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, be converted into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate in effect on the Conversion Date of such Component Currency.

An "Election Date" shall mean the Regular Record Date for the applicable series of Registered Securities or at least 16 days prior to Maturity, as the case may be, or such other prior date for any series of Registered Securities as specified pursuant to clause (xiii) of Section 3.01 by which the written election referred to in Section 3.12(b) may be made.

All decisions and determinations of the Exchange Rate Agent regarding the Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency, the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, the Market Exchange Rate and changes in the Specified Amounts as specified above shall be in its sole discretion and shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and irrevocably binding upon the Company, the Trustee for the appropriate series of Securities and all Holders of such Securities denominated or payable in the relevant Currency. The Exchange Rate Agent shall promptly give written notice to the Company and the Trustee for the appropriate series of Securities of any such decision or determination.

In the event that the Company determines in good faith that a Conversion Event has occurred with respect to a Foreign Currency, the Company will immediately give written notice thereof and of the applicable Conversion Date to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent (and such Trustee will promptly thereafter give notice in the manner provided in Section 1.06 to the affected Holders) specifying the Conversion Date. In the event the Company so determines that a Conversion Event has occurred with respect to the Euro or any other currency unit in which Securities are denominated or payable, the Company will immediately give written notice thereof to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent (and such Trustee will promptly thereafter give notice in the manner provided in Section 1.06 to the affected Holders) specifying the Conversion Date and the Specified Amount of each Component Currency on the Conversion Date. In the event the Company determines in good faith that any subsequent change in any Component Currency as set forth in the definition of Specified Amount above has occurred, the Company will similarly give written notice to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent.

The Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities shall be fully justified and protected in relying and acting upon information received by it from the Company and the Exchange Rate Agent and shall not otherwise have any duty or obligation to determine the accuracy or validity of such information independent of the Company or the Exchange Rate Agent.

#### Section 3.13 Appointment and Resignation of Successor Exchange Rate Agent.

- (a) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if and so long as the Securities of any series (i) are denominated in a Foreign Currency or (ii) may be payable in a Foreign Currency, or so long as it is required under any other provision of this Indenture, then the Company will maintain with respect to each such series of Securities, or as so required, at least one Exchange Rate Agent. The Company will cause the Exchange Rate Agent to make the necessary foreign exchange determinations at the time and in the manner specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the purpose of determining the applicable rate of exchange and, if applicable, for the purpose of converting the issued Foreign Currency into the applicable payment Currency for the payment of principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, pursuant to Section 3.12.
- (b) No resignation of the Exchange Rate Agent and no appointment of a successor Exchange Rate Agent pursuant to this Section shall become effective until the acceptance of appointment by the successor Exchange Rate Agent as evidenced by a written instrument delivered to the Company and the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities accepting such appointment executed by the successor Exchange Rate Agent.
- (c) If the Exchange Rate Agent shall resign, be removed or become incapable of acting, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office of the Exchange Rate Agent for any cause, with respect to the Securities of one or more series, the Company, by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, shall promptly appoint a successor Exchange Rate Agent or Exchange Rate Agents with respect to the Securities of that or those series (it being understood that any such successor Exchange Rate Agent may be appointed with respect to the Securities of one or more or all of such series and that, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, at any time there shall only be one Exchange Rate Agent with respect to the Securities of any particular series that are originally issued by the Company on the same date and that are initially denominated and/or payable in the same Currency).

#### Section 3.14 CUSIP Numbers.

In issuing the Securities the Company may use CUSIP numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Trustee shall indicate the respective CUSIP numbers of the Securities in notices of redemption as a convenience to Holders; provided that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Securities or as contained in any notice of redemption and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Securities, and any such redemption shall not be affected by any defect in or omission of such numbers. The Company shall advise the Trustee as promptly as practicable in writing of any change in the CUSIP numbers.

# ARTICLE IV SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE

#### Section 4.01 Satisfaction and Discharge of Indenture.

Except as set forth below, this Indenture shall upon Company Request cease to be of further effect with respect to any series of Securities specified in such Company Request (except as to any surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of Securities of such series expressly provided for herein or pursuant hereto, any surviving rights of tender for repayment at the option of the Holders and any right to receive Additional Amounts, as provided in Section 10.04), and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, and at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture as to such series when

### (a) either

(i) all Securities of such series theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than (A) Securities of such series that have been destroyed, lost or stolen and which have been replaced or paid as provided in

Section 3.06 and (B) Securities of such series for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust with the Trustee or any Paying Agent or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in Section 10.03) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or

- (ii) Securities of such series
  - (1) have become due and payable, or
  - (2) will become due and payable at their Stated Maturity within one year, or
- (3) if redeemable at the option of the Company, are to be called for redemption under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company,

and the Company, in the case of Section 4.01(a)(ii)(1), (2) or (3) above, has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee as trust funds in trust for such purpose, solely for the benefit of the Holders, an amount in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable, sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on such Securities not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, to the date of such deposit (in the case of Securities which have become due and payable) or to the Stated Maturity or Redemption Date, as the case may be;

- (b) the Company has irrevocably paid or caused to be irrevocably paid all other sums payable hereunder by the Company; and
- (c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture as to such series have been complied with.

Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, the obligations of the Company to the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee under Section 6.06, the obligations of the Company to any Authenticating Agent under Section 6.12 and, if money shall have been deposited with the Trustee pursuant to subclause (ii) of clause (a) of this Section, the obligations of the Trustee under Section 4.02 and the last paragraph of Section 10.03 shall survive any termination of this Indenture.

Section 4.02 Application of Trust Funds.

Subject to the provisions of the last paragraph of Section 10.03, all money deposited with the Trustee pursuant to Section 4.01 shall be held in trust and applied by it, in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and this Indenture, to the payment, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company acting as its own Paying Agent) as the Trustee may determine, to the Persons entitled thereto, of the principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, for whose payment such money has been deposited with or received by the Trustee, but such money need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

### ARTICLE V REMEDIES

Section 5.01 Events of Default.

"Event of Default", wherever used herein with respect to any particular series of Securities, means any one of the following events (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether or not it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body), unless it is either inapplicable to a

particular series or is specifically deleted or modified in or pursuant to the supplemental indenture or a Board Resolution establishing such series of Securities or is in the form of Security for such series:

- (i) default in the payment of any interest upon any Security of that series when such interest becomes due and payable, and continuance of such default for a period of 30 days; or
- (ii) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Security of that series when it becomes due and payable at its Maturity; or
- (iii) default in the deposit of any sinking fund payment, when and as due by the terms of any Security of that series, and continuance of such default for a period of two days; or
- (iv) default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or agreement of the Company in this Indenture with respect to any Security of that series (other than a covenant or agreement a default in whose performance or whose breach is elsewhere in this Section specifically dealt with or that has expressly been included in this Indenture solely for the benefit of a series of Securities other than that series), and continuance of such default or breach for a period of 60 days after there has been given, by registered or certified mail, to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series a written notice specifying such default or breach and requiring it to be remedied and stating that such notice is a "Notice of Default" hereunder;
  - (v) the Company, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law:
    - (1) commences a voluntary case or proceeding under any Bankruptcy Law,
  - (2) consents to the commencement of any bankruptcy or insolvency case or proceeding against it, or files a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief against it,
    - (3) consents to the entry of a decree or order for relief against it in an involuntary case or proceeding,
  - (4) consents to the filing of such petition or to the appointment of or taking possession by a Custodian of the Company or for all or substantially all of its property, or
  - (5) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or admits in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due or takes any corporate action in furtherance of any such action;
  - (vi) court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:
    - (1) is for relief against the Company in an involuntary case or proceeding, or
  - (2) adjudges the Company bankrupt or insolvent, or approves as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Company, or
    - (3) appoints a Custodian of the Company or for all or substantially all of its property, or
    - (4) orders the winding up or liquidation of the Company,

and the continuance of any such decree or order for relief or any such other decree or order remains unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days;

- (vii) if, pursuant to Sections 18(a)(1)(c)(ii) and 61 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, on the last business day of each of twenty-four consecutive calendar months any class of Securities shall have an asset coverage (as such term is used in the Investment Company Act of 1940) of less than 100%; giving effect to any exemptive relieve granted to us by the Commission; or
  - (viii) any other Event of Default provided with respect to Securities of that series.

The term "Bankruptcy Law" means title 11, U.S. Code or any applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law. The term "Custodian" means any custodian, receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, sequestrator or other similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

#### Section 5.02 Acceleration of Maturity; Rescission and Annulment.

If an Event of Default with respect to Securities of that series at the time Outstanding occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series may (and the Trustee shall at the request of such Holders) declare the principal (or, if any Securities are Original Issue Discount Securities or Indexed Securities, such portion of the principal as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all the Securities of that series to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the Holders), and upon any such declaration such principal or specified portion thereof shall become immediately due and payable, but does not entitle any Holder to any redemption payout or redemption premium.

At any time after such a declaration of acceleration with respect to Securities of any series has been made and before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee as hereinafter provided in this Article, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series, by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if:

- (i) the Company has paid or deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)):
  - (1) all overdue installments of interest, if any, on all Outstanding Securities of that series,
  - (2) the principal of (and premium, if any, on) all Outstanding Securities of that series that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration and interest thereon at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities,
  - (3) to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest upon overdue installments of interest at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities, and
  - (4) all sums paid or advanced by the Trustee hereunder and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel; and
- (ii) all Events of Default with respect to Securities of that series, other than the nonpayment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on Securities of that series that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived as provided in Section 5.13.

No such rescission shall affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

# Section 5.03 Collection of Indebtedness and Suits for Enforcement by Trustee.

The Company covenants that if:

- (i) default is made in the payment of any installment of interest on any Security of any series and such default continues for a period of 30 days, or
  - (ii) default is made in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) any Security of any series at its Maturity,

then the Company will, upon demand of the Trustee, pay to the Trustee, for the benefit of the Holders of Securities of such series, the whole amount then due and payable on such Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, with interest upon any overdue principal (and premium, if any) and, to the extent that payment of such interest shall be legally enforceable, upon any overdue installments of interest, if any, at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, including the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

If the Company fails to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, may institute a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums so due and unpaid, and may prosecute such proceeding to judgment or final decree, and may enforce the same against the Company or any other obligor upon Securities of such series and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or any other obligor upon such Securities of such series, wherever situated.

If an Event of Default with respect to Securities of any series occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Holders of Securities of such series by such appropriate judicial proceedings as the Trustee shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce any such rights, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement in this Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted herein, or to enforce any other proper remedy.

# Section 5.04 Trustee May File Proofs of Claim.

In case of the pendency of any receivership, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, composition or other judicial proceeding relative to the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or the property of the Company or of such other obligor or their creditors, the Trustee (irrespective of whether the principal of the Securities of any series shall then be due and payable as therein expressed or by declaration or otherwise and irrespective of whether the Trustee shall have made any demand on the Company for the payment of any overdue principal, premium or interest) shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceeding or otherwise:

- (i) to file and prove a claim for the whole amount of principal (or in the case of Original Issue Discount Securities or Indexed Securities, such portion of the principal as may be provided for in the terms thereof) (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, owing and unpaid in respect of the Securities and to file such other papers or documents (and take such other actions, including serving on a committee of creditors) as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel) and of the Holders allowed in such judicial proceeding, and
  - (ii) to collect and receive any moneys or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims and to distribute the same;

and any custodian, receiver, assignee, trustee, liquidator, sequestrator (or other similar official) in any such judicial proceeding is hereby authorized by each Holder of Securities of such series to make such payments to the Trustee, and in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due to it for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee, their agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee under Section 6.06.

Subject to Article Eight and Section 9.02 and unless otherwise provided as contemplated by Section 3.01, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder of a Security any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Securities or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder of a Security in any such proceeding.

#### Section 5.05 Trustee May Enforce Claims Without Possession of Securities.

All rights of action and claims under this Indenture or any of the Securities may be prosecuted and enforced by the Trustee without the possession of any of the Securities or the production thereof in any proceeding relating thereto, and any such proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, and any recovery of judgment shall, after provision for the payment of the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, be for the ratable benefit of the Holders of the Securities in respect of which such judgment has been recovered.

#### Section 5.06 Application of Money Collected.

Any money collected by the Trustee pursuant to this Article shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee and, in case of the distribution of such money on account of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, upon presentation of the Securities, and the notation thereon of the payment if only partially paid and upon surrender thereof if fully paid:

FIRST: To the payment of all amounts due the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee under Section 6.06;

SECOND: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any Senior Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Senior Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

THIRD: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any Senior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Senior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

FOURTH: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any Junior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Junior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

FIFTH: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any other Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

SIXTH: To the payment of the remainder, if any, to the Company or any other Person or Persons entitled thereto.

#### Section 5.07 Limitation on Suits.

No Holder of any Security of any series shall have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to this Indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

- (i) such Holder has previously given written notice to the Trustee of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the Securities of that series;
- (ii) the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series shall have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default in its own name as Trustee hereunder and such Holder or Holders have offered to the Trustee reasonable indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request;
  - (iii) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and
- (iv) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the Trustee during such 60-day period by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series;

it being understood and intended that no one or more of such Holders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of, or by availing of, any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights

of any other of such Holders, or to obtain or to seek to obtain priority or preference over any other of such Holders or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal and ratable benefit of all such Holders.

Any court in its discretion may require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken, suffered or omitted by it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of such suit. Any such court in its discretion may assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, against any party litigant in such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant. The provisions of this last paragraph of Section 5.07 shall not apply, however, to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Holder or group of Holders of any series holding in the aggregate more than 10% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities of such series or to any suit instituted by any Holder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of or interest on any Security on or after the due date expressed in such Security.

#### Section 5.08 Unconditional Right of Holders to Receive Principal, Premium and Interest.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Indenture, the Holder of any Security shall have the right, which is absolute and unconditional, to receive payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and (subject to Sections 3.05 and 3.07) interest, if any, on such Security on the Stated Maturity or Maturities expressed in such Security (or, in the case of redemption, on the Redemption Date or, in the case of repayment at the option of the Holders on the Repayment Date) and to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment, and such rights shall not be impaired without the consent of such Holder.

#### Section 5.09 Restoration of Rights and Remedies.

If the Trustee or any Holder of a Security has instituted any proceeding to enforce any right or remedy under this Indenture and such proceeding has been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, or has been determined adversely to the Trustee or to such Holder, then and in every such case the Company, the Trustee and the Holders of Securities shall, subject to any determination in such proceeding, be restored severally and respectively to their former positions hereunder and thereafter all rights and remedies of the Trustee and the Holders shall continue as though no such proceeding had been instituted.

#### Section 5.10 Rights and Remedies Cumulative.

Except as otherwise provided with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Securities in the last paragraph of Section 3.06, no right or remedy herein conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders of Securities is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every right and remedy shall, to the extent permitted by law, be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other appropriate right or remedy.

### Section 5.11 Delay or Omission Not Waiver.

No delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of any Security to exercise any right or remedy accruing upon any Event of Default shall impair any such right or remedy or constitute a waiver of any such Event of Default or acquiescence therein. Every right and remedy given by this Article or by law to the Trustee or to the Holders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as may be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Holders of Securities, as the case may be.

#### Section 5.12 Control by Holders of Securities.

Subject to Section 6.02(v), the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series, provided that

- (i) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this Indenture,
- (ii) the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction, and
- (iii) the Trustee need not take any action that might involve it in personal liability or be unjustly prejudicial to the Holders of Securities of such series not consenting.

#### Section 5.13 Waiver of Past Defaults

Subject to Section 5.02, the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series may on behalf of the Holders of all the Securities of such series waive any past default hereunder with respect to Securities of such series and its consequences, except a default

- (i) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of such series, or
- (ii) in respect of a covenant or provision hereof which under Article Nine cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security of such series affected.

Upon any such waiver, such default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured, for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

#### Section 5.14 Waiver of Stay or Extension Laws.

The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it will not at any time insist upon, or plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay or extension law wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, that may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture; and the Company (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

#### ARTICLE VI THE TRUSTEE

#### Section 6.01 Notice of Defaults.

(a) Within 90 days after the occurrence of any Default hereunder with respect to the Securities of any series, the Trustee shall transmit in the manner and to the extent provided in TIA Section 313(c), notice of such Default hereunder known to the Trustee, unless such Default shall have been cured or waived; provided, however, that, except in the case of a Default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of such series, or in the payment of any sinking or purchase fund installment with respect to the Securities of such series, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the board of directors, the executive committee or a trust committee of directors and/or Responsible Officers of the Trustee in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the

interest of the Holders of the Securities of such series; and provided further that in the case of any Default or breach of the character specified in Section 5.01(iv) with respect to the Securities of such series, no such notice to Holders shall be given until at least 90 days after the occurrence thereof.

- (b) If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Securities of any series, the Trustee shall exercise the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture and use the same degree of care and skill in its exercise as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of such person's own affairs.
- (c) Prior to the time when the occurrence of an Event of Default becomes known to a Responsible Officer of the Trustee and after the curing or waiving of all such Events of Default with respect to a series of Securities that may have occurred:
  - (i) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall with respect to the Securities of any series be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture, and the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to the Securities except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture, and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and
  - (ii) in the absence of bad faith on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but in the case of any such certificates or opinions that by any provision hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform on their face to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of any mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein).
  - (iii) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer or Responsible Officers, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts.

#### Section 6.02 Certain Rights of Trustee.

Subject to the provisions of TIA Section 315(a) through 315(d):

- (i) The Trustee may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, coupon or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Trustee need not investigate any fact or matter stated in any document.
- (ii) Any request or direction of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by a Company Request or Company Order (other than delivery of any Security, to the Trustee for authentication and delivery pursuant to Section 3.03 which shall be sufficiently evidenced as provided therein) and any resolution of the Board of Directors may be sufficiently evidenced by a Board Resolution.
- (iii) Whenever in the administration of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking, suffering or omitting any action hereunder, the Trustee (unless other evidence be herein specifically prescribed) may, in the absence of bad faith on its part, rely upon a Board Resolution, an Opinion of Counsel or an Officers' Certificate.
- (iv) The Trustee may consult with counsel and the advice of such counsel or any Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken, suffered or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in reliance thereon.
- (v) The Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders of Securities of any series pursuant to this Indenture, unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee reasonable security or indemnity against the

costs, expenses and liabilities (including the reasonable fees and expenses of its agents and counsel) which might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

- (vi) The Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, coupon or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled upon reasonable notice and at reasonable times during normal business hours to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney.
- (vii) The Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent or attorney appointed with due care by it hereunder.
- (viii) The Trustee shall not be deemed to have notice of any Default or Event of Default unless a Responsible Officer of the Trustee has actual knowledge thereof or unless written notice of any event which is in fact such a default is received by the Trustee at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and such notice references the Securities and this Indenture.
- (ix) The rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder.
  - (x) The permissive rights of the Trustee enumerated herein shall not be construed as duties.
- (xi) The Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee under this Indenture with respect to such Securities.
- (xii) Before the Trustee acts or refrains from acting, it may require an Officers' Certificate (unless other evidence is specifically prescribed herein). The Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in reliance on such Officers' Certificate.
- (xiii) The Trustee may consult with counsel and the advice of such counsel or any Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken, suffered or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in reliance thereon.
- (xiv) The Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith and believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture, other than for its own negligence or willful misconduct.
- (xv) The Trustee may request that the Company deliver an Officers' Certificate setting forth the names of individuals and/or titles of officers authorized at such time to take specified actions pursuant to this Indenture, which Officers' Certificate may be signed by any person authorized to sign an Officers' Certificate, including any person specified as so authorized in any such certificate previously delivered and not superseded.
- (xvi) Anything in this Indenture notwithstanding, in no event shall the Trustee be liable for special, indirect, punitive or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to loss of profit), even if the Trustee has been advised as to the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action.
- (xvii) The Trustee shall not be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations under this Indenture arising out of or caused, directly or indirectly, by circumstances beyond its reasonable control, including acts of God; earthquakes; fire; flood; terrorism; wars and other military disturbances; sabotage; epidemics; riots; interruptions; loss or malfunctions of utilities, computer (hardware

or software) or communication services; accidents; labor disputes; acts of civil or military authority and governmental action.

The Trustee shall not be required to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of any of its duties hereunder, or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers, if it shall have reasonable grounds for believing that repayment of such funds or adequate indemnity against such risk or liability is not reasonably assured to it.

The parties hereto acknowledge that in order to help the United States government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, pursuant to Federal regulations that became effective on October 1, 2003 (Section 326 of the USA PATRIOT Act) all financial institutions are required to obtain, verify, record and update information that identifies each person establishing a relationship or opening an account. The parties to this Agreement agree that they will provide to the Trustee such information as it may request, from time to time, in order for the Trustee to satisfy the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act, including but not limited to the name, address, tax identification number and other information that will allow it to identify the individual or entity who is establishing the relationship or opening the account and may also ask for formation documents such as articles of incorporation or other identifying documents to be provided.

#### Section 6.03 Not Responsible for Recitals or Issuance of Securities.

The recitals contained herein and in the Securities, except the Trustee's certificate of authentication shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and neither the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent assumes any responsibility for their correctness. The Trustee makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or of the Securities, except that the Trustee represents that it is duly authorized to execute and deliver this Indenture, authenticate the Securities and perform its obligations hereunder and that the statements made by it in a Statement of Eligibility on Form T-1 supplied to the Company are true and accurate, subject to the qualifications set forth therein. Neither the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent shall be accountable for the use or application by the Company of Securities or the proceeds thereof.

#### Section 6.04 May Hold Securities.

The Trustee, any Paying Agent, Security Registrar, Authenticating Agent or any other agent of the Company, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Securities and, subject to TIA Sections 310(b) and 311, may otherwise deal with the Company with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee, Paying Agent, Security Registrar, Authenticating Agent or such other agent.

#### Section 6.05 Money Held in Trust.

Money held by the Trustee in trust hereunder need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. The Trustee shall be under no liability for interest on any money received by it hereunder except as otherwise agreed with the Company.

# Section 6.06 Compensation and Reimbursement and Indemnification of Trustee.

#### The Company agrees:

- (i) To pay to the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee from time to time such reasonable compensation for all services rendered by it hereunder as has been agreed upon from time to time in writing (which compensation shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust).
- (ii) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, to reimburse each of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee upon its request for all reasonable expenses, disbursements and advances incurred or

made by the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee in accordance with any provision of this Indenture (including the reasonable compensation and the expenses and disbursements of its agents and counsel), except any such expense, disbursement or advance as may be attributable to its negligence or willful misconduct.

(iii) To indemnify each of the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee for, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, liability or expense incurred without negligence or willful misconduct on its own part, arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the trust or trusts hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of its agents and counsel) of defending itself against any claim or liability in connection with the exercise or performance of any of its powers or duties hereunder.

As security for the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Section, the Trustee shall have a claim prior to the Securities upon all property and funds held or collected by the Trustee as such, except funds held in trust for the payment of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on particular Securities.

When the Trustee incurs expenses or renders services after an Event of Default specified in Section 5.01 occurs, the expenses and compensation for such services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under Title 11, U.S. Code, or any similar Federal, State or analogous foreign law for the relief of debtors.

The provisions of this Section 6.06 shall survive the resignation or removal of the Trustee and the satisfaction, termination or discharge of this Indenture.

#### Section 6.07 Corporate Trustee Required; Eligibility.

There shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder that shall be eligible to act as Trustee under TIA Section 310(a) and shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000. If such corporation publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of federal, state, territorial or the District of Columbia supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such corporation shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in this Article

#### Section 6.08 Disqualification; Conflicting Interests.

If the Trustee has or shall acquire a conflicting interest within the meaning of the Trust Indenture Act, the Trustee shall either eliminate such interest or resign, to the extent and in the manner provided by, and subject to the provisions of, the Trust Indenture Act and this Indenture.

#### Section 6.09 Resignation and Removal; Appointment of Successor.

- (a) No resignation or removal of the Trustee and no appointment of a successor Trustee pursuant to this Article shall become effective until the acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 6.10.
  - (b) The Trustee may resign at any time with respect to the Securities of one or more series by giving written notice thereof to the Company.
- (c) The Trustee may be removed at any time with respect to the Securities of any series by (i) the Company, by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee, provided that contemporaneously therewith (x) the Company immediately appoints a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series meeting the requirements of Section 6.07 hereof and (y) the terms of Section 6.10 hereof are complied with in respect of such appointment (the Trustee being removed hereby agreeing to execute the instrument contemplated by Section 6.10(b) hereof, if applicable, under such circumstances) and provided further that

no Default with respect to such Securities shall have occurred and then be continuing at such time, or (ii) Act of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series delivered to the Trustee and to the Company.

- (d) If at any time:
- (i) the Trustee shall fail to comply with the provisions of TIA Section 310(b) after written request therefor by the Company or by any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months, or
- (ii) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible under Section 6.07 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months, or
- (iii) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed or any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation,

then, in any such case, (i) the Company by or pursuant to a Board Resolution may remove the Trustee and appoint a successor Trustee with respect to all Securities, or (ii) subject to TIA Section 315(e), any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months may, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee with respect to all Securities and the appointment of a successor Trustee or Trustees.

- (e) If an instrument of acceptance by a successor Trustee shall not have been delivered to the Trustee within 30 days after the giving of a notice of resignation or the delivery of an Act of removal, the Trustee resigning or being removed may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee.
- (f) If the Trustee shall resign, be removed or become incapable of acting, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office of Trustee for any cause with respect to the Securities of one or more series, the Company, by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, shall promptly appoint a successor Trustee or Trustees with respect to the Securities of that or those series (it being understood that any such successor Trustee may be appointed with respect to the Securities of one or more or all of such series and that at any time there shall be only one Trustee with respect to the Securities of any particular series). If, within one year after such resignation, removal or incapability, or the occurrence of such vacancy, a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series shall be appointed by Act of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series delivered to the Company and the retiring Trustee, the successor Trustee so appointed shall, forthwith upon its acceptance of such appointment, become the successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series and to that extent supersede the successor Trustee appointed by the Company. If no successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series shall have been so appointed by the Company or the Holders of Securities and accepted appointment in the manner hereinafter provided, any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security of such series for at least six months may, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee with respect to Securities of such series.
- (g) The Company shall give notice of each resignation and each removal of the Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series and each appointment of a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series in the manner provided for notices to the Holders of Securities in Section 1.06. Each notice shall include the name of the successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series and the address of its Corporate Trust Office.

# Section 6.10 Acceptance of Appointment by Successor.

(a) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor Trustee with respect to all Securities, every such successor Trustee shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to the retiring Trustee

an instrument accepting such appointment, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective and such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee; but, on request of the Company or the successor Trustee, such retiring Trustee shall, upon payment of its charges, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor Trustee all the rights, powers and trusts of the retiring Trustee, and shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor Trustee all property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder, subject nevertheless to its claim, if any, provided for in Section 6.06.

- (b) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more (but not all) series, the Company, the retiring Trustee and each successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more series shall execute and deliver an indenture supplemental hereto wherein each successor Trustee shall accept such appointment and that (i) shall contain such provisions as shall be necessary or desirable to transfer and confirm to, and to vest in, each successor Trustee all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates, (ii) if the retiring Trustee is not retiring with respect to all Securities, shall contain such provisions as shall be deemed necessary or desirable to confirm that all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series as to which the retiring Trustee is not retiring shall continue to be vested in the retiring Trustee and (iii) shall add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than one Trustee, it being understood that nothing herein or in such supplemental indenture shall constitute such Trustees co-trustees of the same trust and that each such Trustee shall be trustee of a trust or trusts hereunder separate and apart from any trust or trusts hereunder administered by any other such Trustee; and upon the execution and delivery of such supplemental indenture the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective to the extent provided therein and each such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates; but, on request of the Company or any successor Trustee, such retiring Trustee shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor Trustee all property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates. Whenever there is a successor Trustee with respect to one or more (but less than all) series of securities issued pursuant to this Indenture, the terms "Indenture" and "Securities" shall have the meanings specified in the provisos to the respective definition of those terms in Section 1.01 which contemplate such situation.
- (c) Upon request of any such successor Trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments reasonably necessary to more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor Trustee all such rights, powers and trusts referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section, as the case may be.
- (d) No successor Trustee shall accept its appointment unless at the time of such acceptance such successor Trustee shall be qualified and eligible under this Article.

#### Section 6.11 Merger, Conversion, Consolidation or Succession to Business.

Any corporation into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee, shall be the successor of the Trustee hereunder, provided such corporation shall be otherwise qualified and eligible under this Article, without the execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto. In case any Securities shall have been authenticated, but not delivered, by the Trustee then in office, any successor by merger, conversion or consolidation to such authenticating Trustee may adopt such authentication and deliver the Securities so authenticated with the same effect as if such successor Trustee had itself authenticated such Securities. In case any Securities shall not have been authenticated by such predecessor Trustee, any such successor Trustee may authenticate and deliver such Securities, in either its own name or that of its predecessor

Trustee, with the full force and effect which this Indenture provides for the certificate of authentication of the Trustee; provided, however, that the right to adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor Trustee or to authenticate Securities in the name of any predecessor Trustee shall apply only to its successor or successors by merger, conversion or consolidation.

#### Section 6.12 Appointment of Authenticating Agent.

At any time when any of the Securities remain Outstanding, the Trustee may appoint an Authenticating Agent or Agents (which may be an Affiliate or Affiliates of the Company) with respect to one or more series of Securities that shall be authorized to act on behalf of the Trustee to authenticate Securities of such series issued upon original issue or upon exchange, registration of transfer or partial redemption thereof, and Securities so authenticated shall be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture and shall be valid and obligatory for all purposes as if authenticated by the Trustee hereunder. Any such appointment shall be evidenced by an instrument in writing signed by a Responsible Officer of the Trustee, a copy of which instrument shall be promptly furnished to the Company. Wherever reference is made in this Indenture to the authentication and delivery of Securities by the Trustee or the Trustee's certificate of authentication, such reference shall be deemed to include authentication and delivery on behalf of the Trustee by an Authenticating Agent and a certificate of authentication executed on behalf of the Trustee by an Authenticating Agent. Each Authenticating Agent shall be acceptable to the Company and, except as may otherwise be provided pursuant to Section 3.01, shall at all times be a bank or trust company or corporation organized and doing business and in good standing under the laws of the United States of America or of any State or the District of Columbia, authorized under such laws to act as Authenticating Agent, eligible to serve as trustee hereunder pursuant to Section 6.07. If such Authenticating Agent publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or the requirements of the aforesaid supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such Authenticating Agent shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. In case at any time an Authentica

Any corporation into which an Authenticating Agent may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which such Authenticating Agent shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to the corporate agency or corporate trust business of an Authenticating Agent, shall continue to be an Authenticating Agent, provided such corporation shall be otherwise eligible under this Section, without the execution or filing of any paper or further act on the part of the Trustee or the Authenticating Agent.

An Authenticating Agent for any series of Securities may at any time resign by giving written notice of resignation to the Trustee for such series and to the Company. The Trustee for any series of Securities may at any time terminate the agency of an Authenticating Agent by giving written notice of termination to such Authenticating Agent and to the Company. Upon receiving such a notice of resignation or upon such a termination, or in case at any time such Authenticating Agent shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, the Trustee for such series may appoint a successor Authenticating Agent which shall be acceptable to the Company and shall promptly give written notice of such appointment to all Holders of Securities of the series with respect to which such Authenticating Agent will serve in the manner set forth in Section 1.06. Any successor Authenticating Agent upon acceptance of its appointment hereunder shall become vested with all the rights, powers and duties of its predecessor hereunder, with like effect as if originally named as an Authenticating Agent herein. No successor Authenticating Agent shall be appointed unless eligible under the provisions of this Section.

The Company agrees to pay to each Authenticating Agent from time to time reasonable compensation including reimbursement of its reasonable expenses for its services under this Section.

If an appointment with respect to one or more series is made pursuant to this Section, the Securities of such series may have endorsed thereon, in addition to or in lieu of the Trustee's certificate of authentication, an alternate certificate of authentication substantially in the following form:

This is one of the Securities of the series designated therein referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

By:	
•	as Authenticating Agent
By:	
•	Authorized Officer

**U.S. Bank National Association** 

If all of the Securities of a series may not be originally issued at one time, and the Trustee does not have an office capable of authenticating Securities upon original issuance located in a Place of Payment where the Company wishes to have Securities of such series authenticated upon original issuance, the Trustee, if so requested by the Company in writing (which writing need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel), shall appoint in accordance with this Section an Authenticating Agent (which, if so requested by the Company, shall be an Affiliate of the Company) having an office in a Place of Payment designated by the Company with respect to such series of Securities, provided that the terms and conditions of such appointment are reasonably acceptable to the Trustee.

Section 6.13 Preferential Collection of Claims Against Company.

The Trustee shall comply with Section 311(a) of the TIA, excluding any creditor relationship listed in Section 311(b) of the TIA. A Trustee who has resigned or been removed shall be subject to Section 311(a) of the TIA to the extent indicated therein.

# ARTICLE VII HOLDERS' LISTS AND REPORTS BY TRUSTEE AND COMPANY

Section 7.01 Disclosure of Names and Addresses of Holders.

In accordance with Section 312(a) of the Trust Indenture Act, the Company shall furnish or cause to be furnished to the Trustee:

- (i) semi-annually with respect to Securities of each series not later than January 15 and July 15 of the year or upon such other dates as are set forth in or pursuant to the Board Resolution or supplemental indenture hereto authorizing such series, a list, in each case in such form as the Trustee may reasonably require, of the names and addresses of Holders as of the applicable date.
- (ii) at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, within 30 days after the receipt by the Company of any such request, a list of similar form and content as of a date not more than 15 days prior to the time such list is furnished.

provided, however, that so long as the Trustee is the Security Registrar no such list shall be required to be furnished.

Section 7.02 Preservation of Information; Communications to Holders.

(a) The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, the names and addresses of Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to the Trustee as provided in Section 7.01

and the names and addresses of Holders received by the Trustee in its capacity as Security Registrar. The Trustee may destroy any list furnished to it as provided in Section 7.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

- (b) The rights of Holders to communicate with other Holders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or under the Securities, and the corresponding rights and duties of the Trustee, shall be as provided by the Trust Indenture Act.
- (c) Every Holder of Securities, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent nor any Paying Agent nor any Security Registrar nor any agent of any of them shall be held accountable by reason of the disclosure of any information as to the names and addresses of the Holders of Securities in accordance with TIA Section 312, regardless of the source from which such information was derived, and that the Trustee shall not be held accountable by reason of mailing any material pursuant to a request made under TIA Section 312(b).

#### Section 7.03 Reports by Trustee.

Within 60 days after May 15 of each year commencing with the first May 15 after the first issuance of Securities pursuant to this Indenture, the Trustee shall transmit by mail to all Holders Securities in the manner and to the extent provided in TIA Section 313(c) a report dated as of such May 15 which meets the requirements of TIA Section 313(a). The Trustee also shall comply with the requirements of TIA Section 313(b).

A copy of each such report shall, at the time of such transmission to Holders, be filed by the Trustee with each stock exchange, if any, upon which the Securities are listed, with the Commission and with the Company. The Company will promptly notify the Trustee of the listing of the Securities on any stock exchange. In the event that, on any such reporting date, no events have occurred under the applicable sections of the TIA within the twelve months preceding such reporting date, the Trustee shall be under no duty or obligation to provide such reports.

## Section 7.04 Reports by Company.

# The Company will:

- (i) file with the Trustee, within 15 days after the Company is required to file the same with the Commission, copies of the annual reports and of the information, documents, and other reports (or copies of such portions of any of the foregoing as the Commission may from time to time by rules and regulations prescribe) which the Company may be required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or, if the Company is not required to file information, documents or reports pursuant to either of such Sections, then it will file with the Trustee and the Commission (within 15 days after the Company is required to file the same in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed from time to time by the Commission, such of the supplementary and periodic information, documents and reports which may be required pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in respect of a security listed and registered on a national securities exchange as may be prescribed from time to time in such rules and regulations; and
- (ii) file with the Trustee and the Commission (within 15 days after the Company is required to file the same in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed from time to time by the Commission), in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed from time to time by the Commission, such additional information, documents and reports with respect to compliance by the Company with the conditions and covenants of this Indenture as may be required from time to time by such rules and regulations.

Delivery of such reports, information, and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to conclusively rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates).

The Company shall transmit to the Holders of the Securities of a series, within 30 days after the filing thereof with the Trustee, such summaries of any information, documents and reports required to be filed by the Company pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this Section as may be required by rules and regulations prescribed from time to time by the Commission; provided, however, that upon the request of the Company in the form of a Company Order, together with such summaries of any information, documents or reports, the Trustee shall promptly transmit such summaries of any information, documents or reports to the Holders of the Securities of a series in the manner and to the extent provided in TIA Section 313(c). In no event shall the Trustee be obligated to determine whether or not any report, information or document shall have been filed with the Commission.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, for the purposes of this Section 7.04, any information, documents or reports filed electronically with the Commission and made publicly available shall be deemed filed with and delivered to the Trustee, and transmitted to the Holders of the Securities of a series, at the same time as filed with the Commission.

#### Section 7.05 Calculation of Original Issue Discount.

Upon request of the Trustee, the Company shall file with the Trustee promptly a written notice specifying the amount of original issue discount (including daily rates and accrual periods), if any, accrued on Outstanding Securities as of the end of such year.

# ARTICLE VIII CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, CONVEYANCE OR TRANSFER

Section 8.01 Company May Consolidate, Etc., Only on Certain Terms.

Unless otherwise provided in the terms of such Securities, the Company shall not consolidate with or merge with or into any other entity or convey or transfer all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person, unless:

- (i) either the Company shall be the continuing entity, or the entity (if other than the Company) formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or the Person which acquires by conveyance or transfer all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company shall expressly assume, by an indenture supplemental hereto, executed and delivered to the Trustee, in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, the due and punctual payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on all the Securities and the performance of every covenant of this Indenture on the part of the Company to be performed or observed;
- (ii) the transaction must not cause a Default or Event of Default and the Company must not already be in Default or Event of Default (unless such transaction would cure the Default or Event of Default);
- (iii) the Company and the successor Person have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that such consolidation, merger, conveyance or transfer and such supplemental indenture comply with this Article and that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to such transaction have been complied with; and
  - (iv) the Company must satisfy any other requirement specified in such supplemental indenture relating to a particular series of the Securities.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, any subsidiary of the Company may consolidate with, merge into or transfer all or part of its property and assets to other subsidiaries of the Company or to the Company. Additionally, this covenant shall not apply to: (1) a merger of the Company or the merger of one of the Company's subsidiaries with an Affiliate solely for the purpose of reincorporating in another jurisdiction; (2) any conversion by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company from an entity formed under the laws of one state to any entity formed under the laws of another state; (3) any conversion by the Company or a subsidiary of the Company from a limited liability company, corporation, limited partnership or similar entity to a limited liability company, corporation, limited partnership or similar entity, whether the converting entity and converted entity are formed under the laws of the same state or a different state; or (4) any combination of (1) through (3) above.

#### Section 8.02 Successor Person Substituted.

Upon any consolidation or merger, or any conveyance or transfer of the properties and assets of the Company substantially as an entirety in accordance with Section 8.01, the successor entity formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or the successor Person to which such conveyance or transfer is made shall succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under this Indenture with the same effect as if such successor had been named as the Company herein; and in the event of any such conveyance or transfer, the Company shall be discharged from all obligations and covenants under this Indenture and the Securities and may be dissolved and liquidated.

# ARTICLE IX SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

#### Section 9.01 Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders.

Without the consent of any Holders of Securities, the Company, when authorized by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, and the Trustee, at any time and from time to time, may enter into one or more indentures supplemental hereto, in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, for any of the following purposes:

- (i) to evidence the succession of another Person to the Company and the assumption by any such successor of the covenants of the Company herein and in the Securities contained; or
- (ii) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Securities (and if such covenants are to be for the benefit of less than all series of Securities, stating that such covenants are expressly being included solely for the benefit of such series) or to surrender any right or power herein conferred upon the Company; or
- (iii) to add any additional Events of Default for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Securities (and if such Events of Default are to be for the benefit of less than all series of Securities, stating that such Events of Default are expressly being included solely for the benefit of such series); provided, however, that in respect of any such additional Events of Default such supplemental indenture may provide for a particular period of grace after default (which period may be shorter or longer than that allowed in the case of other defaults) or may provide for an immediate enforcement upon such default or may limit the remedies available to the Trustee upon such default or may limit the right of the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of that or those series of Securities to which such additional Events of Default apply to waive such default; or
- (iv) to change or eliminate any of the provisions of this Indenture; provided that any such change or elimination shall become effective only when there is no Security Outstanding of any series created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture that is entitled to the benefit of such provision; or
  - (v) to secure the Securities; or
- (vi) to establish the form or terms of Securities of any series as permitted by Sections 2.01 and 3.01, including the provisions and procedures relating to Securities convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company); or

- (vii) to evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment hereunder by a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more series and to add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than one Trustee; or
- (viii) to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision herein that may be inconsistent with any other provision herein, to correct or supplement any provision herein that may be inconsistent with the section titled "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the Company's registration statement, or to make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under this Indenture; provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of Securities of any series in any material respect; or
- (ix) to supplement any of the provisions of this Indenture to such extent as shall be necessary to permit or facilitate the defeasance and discharge of any series of Securities pursuant to Sections 4.01, 14.02 and 14.03; provided that any such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of Securities or any other series of Securities in any material respect.

#### Section 9.02 Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders.

With the written consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of all Outstanding Securities affected by such supplemental indenture, by Act of said Holders delivered to the Company and the Trustee, the Company, when authorized by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, and the Trustee may enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture that affects such series of Securities or of modifying in any manner the rights of the Holders of such series of Securities under this Indenture; provided, however, that no such supplemental indenture shall, without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security affected thereby:

- (i) change the Stated Maturity of the principal of (or premium, if any) or any installment of principal of or interest on, any Security, subject to the provisions of Section 3.08; or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any Security; or reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest (or change the manner of calculating the rate of interest, thereon, or any premium payable upon the redemption thereof, or change any obligation of the Company to pay Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 10.04 (except as contemplated by Section 8.01(i) and permitted by Section 9.01(i)), or reduce the portion of the principal of an Original Issue Discount Security or Indexed Security that would be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in bankruptcy pursuant to Section 5.04, or adversely affect any right of repayment at the option of the Holder of any Security, or change any Place of Payment where, or the Currency in which, any Security or any premium or interest thereon is payable, or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the Stated Maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption or repayment at the option of the Holder, on or after the Redemption Date or the Repayment Date, as the case may be), or adversely affect any right to convert or exchange any Security as may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01 herein, or modify the subordination provisions set forth in Article Sixteen in a manner that is adverse to the Holder of any Security; or
- (ii) reduce the percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series, the consent of whose Holders is required for any such supplemental indenture, or the consent of whose Holders is required for any waiver with respect to such series (of compliance with certain provisions of this Indenture or certain defaults hereunder and their consequences) provided for in this Indenture, or reduce the requirements of Section 15.04 for quorum or voting; or
- (iii) modify any of the provisions of this Section, Section 5.13 or Section 10.07, except to increase any such percentage or to provide that certain other provisions of this Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security affected thereby; provided, however, that

this clause shall not be deemed to require the consent of any Holder of a Security with respect to changes in the references to "the Trustee" and concomitant changes in this Section, or the deletion of this proviso, in accordance with the requirements of Sections 6.10(b) and 9.01(vii).

It shall not be necessary for any Act of Holders under this Section to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture, but it shall be sufficient if such Act shall approve the substance thereof.

A supplemental indenture that changes or eliminates any covenant or other provision of this Indenture which has expressly been included solely for the benefit of one or more particular series of Securities, or that modifies the rights of the Holders of Securities of such series with respect to such covenant or other provision, shall be deemed not to affect the rights under this Indenture of the Holders of Securities of any other series.

The Company may, but shall not be obligated to, fix a record date for the purpose of determining the Persons entitled to consent to any indenture supplemental hereto. If a record date is fixed, the Holders on such record date, or their duly designated proxies, and only such Persons, shall be entitled to consent to such supplemental indenture, whether or not such Holders remain Holders after such record date; provided, that unless such consent shall have become effective by virtue of the requisite percentage having been obtained prior to the date that is eleven months after such record date, any such consent previously given shall automatically and without further action by any Holder be cancelled and of no further effect.

#### Section 9.03 Execution of Supplemental Indentures.

In executing, or accepting the additional trusts created by, any supplemental indenture permitted by this Article or the modification thereby of the trusts created by this Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive, and shall be fully protected in relying upon, in addition to the documents required by Section 1.02 of this Indenture, an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel stating that the execution of such supplemental indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture and that all conditions precedent to such supplemental indenture have been complied with. The Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, enter into any such supplemental indenture that affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise.

# Section 9.04 Effect of Supplemental Indentures.

Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture under this Article, this Indenture shall be modified in accordance therewith, and such supplemental indenture shall form a part of this Indenture for all purposes; and every Holder of Securities theretofore or thereafter authenticated and delivered hereunder shall be bound thereby.

# Section 9.05 Conformity with Trust Indenture Act.

Every supplemental indenture executed pursuant to this Article shall conform to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act as then in effect.

#### Section 9.06 Reference in Securities to Supplemental Indentures.

Securities of any series authenticated and delivered after the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to this Article may, and shall, if required by the Trustee, bear a notation in form approved by the Trustee as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture. If the Company shall so determine, new Securities of any series so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Trustee and the Company, to any such supplemental indenture may be prepared and executed by the Company and authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in exchange for Outstanding Securities of such series.

# ARTICLE X COVENANTS

#### Section 10.01 Payment of Principal, Premium, if any, and Interest.

The Company covenants and agrees for the benefit of the Holders of each series of Securities that it will duly and punctually pay the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on the Securities of that series in accordance with the terms of such series of Securities and this Indenture. Unless otherwise specified with respect to Securities of any series pursuant to Section 3.01, at the option of the Company, all payments of principal may be paid by check to the registered Holder of the Registered Security or other person entitled thereto against surrender of such Security.

#### Section 10.02 Maintenance of Office or Agency.

If Securities of a series are issuable only as Registered Securities, the Company shall maintain in each Place of Payment for any series of Securities an office or agency where Securities of that series may be presented or surrendered for payment, where Securities of that series may be surrendered for registration or transfer or exchange, where Securities of that series that are convertible or exchangeable may be surrendered for conversion or exchange, as applicable, and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities of that series and this Indenture may be served. The Company shall maintain in each Place of Payment for any series of Securities an office or agency where Securities of that series may be presented or surrendered for payment, where Securities of that series may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, where Securities of that series that are convertible or exchangeable may be surrendered for conversion or exchange, as applicable, and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities of that series and this Indenture may be served. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the location, and any change in the location, of each such office or agency. If at any time the Company shall fail to maintain any such required office or agency in respect of any series of Securities or shall fail to furnish the Trustee with the address thereof, such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands may be made or served at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and the Company hereby appoints the Trustee as its agent to receive such respective presentations, surrenders, notices and demands, and the Company hereby appoints the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office its agent to receive all such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands.

The Company may also from time to time designate one or more other offices or agencies where the Securities of one or more series may be presented or surrendered for any or all of such purposes, and may from time to time rescind such designations; provided, however, that no such designation or rescission shall in any manner relieve the Company of its obligation to maintain an office or agency in accordance with the requirements set forth above for Securities of any series for such purposes. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of any such designation or rescission and of any change in the location of any such other office or agency. Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to a series of Securities, the Company hereby designates as a Place of Payment for each series of Securities the office or agency of the Trustee in The City of New York, and initially appoints the Trustee as Paying Agent with its office at 13737 Noel Road, Suite 800, Dallas, Texas 75240, Attention: Corporate Trust Services, and as its agent to receive all such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands.

Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, if and so long as the Securities of any series (i) are denominated in a currency other than Dollars or (ii) may be payable in a currency other than Dollars, or so long as it is required under any other provision of the Indenture, then the Company will maintain with respect to each such series of Securities, or as so required, at least one Exchange Rate Agent. The Company will notify the Trustee of the name and address of any Exchange Rate Agent retained by it.

#### Section 10.03 Money for Securities Payments to Be Held in Trust.

If the Company shall at any time act as its own Paying Agent with respect to any series of any Securities, it will, on or before each due date of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any of the Securities of that series, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled thereto a sum in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay the principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on Securities of such series so becoming due until such sums shall be paid to such Persons or otherwise disposed of as herein provided, and will promptly notify the Trustee of its action or failure so to act.

Whenever the Company shall have one or more Paying Agents for any series of Securities, it will, on or before each due date of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Securities of that series, deposit with a Paying Agent a sum (in the Currency or Currencies described in the preceding paragraph) sufficient to pay the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, so becoming due, such sum of money to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such principal, premium or interest and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Paying Agent will promptly notify the Trustee of its action or failure so to act.

The Company may at any time, for the purpose of obtaining the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture or for any other purpose, pay, or by Company Order direct any Paying Agent to pay, to the Trustee all sums of money held in trust by the Company or such Paying Agent, such sums to be held by the Trustee upon the same trusts as those upon which such sums were held by the Company or such Paying Agent; and, upon such payment by any Paying Agent to the Trustee, such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such sums.

Except as otherwise provided in the Securities of any series, any money deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or then held by the Company, in trust for the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of any series and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal, premium or interest has become due and payable shall be paid to the Company upon Company Request, or (if then held by the Company) shall be discharged from such trust; and the Holder of such Security shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Company for payment thereof, and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such money held in trust, and all liability of the Company as trustee thereof, shall thereupon cease; provided, however, that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such repayment, may at the expense of the Company cause to be published once, in an Authorized Newspaper, notice that such money remains unclaimed and that, after a date specified therein, which shall not be less than 30 days from the date of such publication, any unclaimed balance of such money then remaining will be repaid to the Company.

### Section 10.04 Additional Amounts.

If the Securities of a series provide for the payment of Additional Amounts, the Company will pay to the Holder of any Security of such series such Additional Amounts as may be specified as contemplated by Section 3.01. Whenever in this Indenture there is mentioned, in any context, the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of any series or the net proceeds received on the sale or exchange of any Security of any series, such mention shall be deemed to include mention of the payment of Additional Amounts provided for by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01 to the extent that, in such context, Additional Amounts are, were or would be payable in respect thereof pursuant to such terms and express mention of the payment of Additional Amounts (if applicable) in any provisions hereof shall not be construed as excluding Additional Amounts in those provisions hereof where such express mention is not made.

Except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, if the Securities of a series provide for the payment of Additional Amounts, at least ten days prior to the first Interest Payment Date with respect to that

series of Securities (or if the Securities of that series will not bear interest prior to Maturity, the first day on which a payment of principal premium is made), and at least ten days prior to each date of payment of principal, premium or interest if there has been any change with respect to the matters set forth in the below-mentioned Officers' Certificate, the Company will furnish the Trustee and the Company's principal Paying Agent or Paying Agents, if other than the Trustee, with an Officers' Certificate instructing the Trustee and such Paying Agent or Paying Agents whether such payment of principal, premium or interest on the Securities of that series shall be made to Holders of Securities of that series who are not United States persons without withholding for or on account of any tax, assessment or other governmental charge described in the Securities of that series. If any such withholding shall be required, then such Officers' Certificate shall specify by country the amount, if any, required to be withheld on such payments to such Holders of Securities of that series and the Company will pay to the Trustee or such Paying Agent the Additional Amounts required by the terms of such Securities. In the event that the Trustee or any Paying Agent, as the case may be, shall not so receive the above-mentioned certificate, then the Trustee or such Paying Agent shall be entitled (i) to assume that no such withholding or deduction is required with respect to any payment of principal or interest with respect to any Securities of a series until it shall have received a certificate advising otherwise and (ii) to make all payments of principal and interest with respect to the Securities of a series without withholding or deductions until otherwise advised. The Company covenants to indemnify the Trustee and any Paying Agent for, and to hold them harmless against, any loss, liability or expense reasonably incurred without negligence or bad faith on their part arising out of or in connection with actions taken or omitt

#### Section 10.05 Statement as to Compliance.

The Company will deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year ending after the date hereof so long as any Security is Outstanding hereunder, an Officers' Certificate stating to the knowledge of the signers thereof whether the Company is in default in the performance of any of the terms, provisions or conditions of this Indenture. For purposes of this Section 10.05, such default shall be determined without regard to any period of grace or requirement of notice under this Indenture.

## Section 10.06 Payment of Taxes and Other Claims.

The Company will pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged, before the same shall become delinquent, (1) all taxes, assessments and governmental charges levied or imposed upon the Company or upon the income, profits or property of the Company, and (2) all lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies that, if unpaid, might by law become a lien upon the property of the Company, except where the failure to do so would not be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, assets, financial condition or results of operations of the Company; provided, however, that the Company shall not be required to pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged any such tax, assessment, charge or claim whose amount, applicability or validity is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings.

#### Section 10.07 Waiver of Certain Covenants.

The Company may omit in any particular instance to comply with any covenant or condition set forth in Section 10.06, and, as specified pursuant to Section 3.01(xv) for Securities of any series, in any covenants of the Company added to Article Ten pursuant to Section 3.01(xiv) or Section 3.01(xv) in connection with the Securities of a series, if before or after the time for such compliance the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of all Outstanding Securities of such series, voting together as one class for this purpose, by Act of such Holders, either waive such compliance in such instance or generally waive compliance with such covenant or condition, but no such waiver shall extend to or affect such covenant or condition except to the extent so expressly waived, and, until such waiver shall become effective, the obligations of the Company and the duties of the Trustee in respect of any such covenant or condition shall remain in full force and effect.

# ARTICLE XI REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

#### Section 11.01 Applicability of Article.

Securities of any series that are redeemable before their Stated Maturity shall be redeemable in accordance with their terms and (except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 for Securities of any series) in accordance with this Article.

#### Section 11.02 Election to Redeem; Notice to Trustee.

The election of the Company to redeem any Securities shall be evidenced by or pursuant to a Board Resolution. In case of any redemption at the election of the Company of less than all of the Securities of any series, the Company shall, at least 35 calendar days prior to the Redemption Date fixed by the Company (unless a shorter notice shall be satisfactory to the Trustee), notify the Trustee in writing of such Redemption Date and of the principal amount of Securities of such series to be redeemed, and, if applicable, of the tenor of the Securities to be redeemed, and shall deliver to the Trustee such documentation and records as shall enable the Trustee to select the Securities to be redeemed pursuant to Section 11.03. In the case of any redemption of Securities of any series prior to the expiration of any restriction on such redemption provided in the terms of such Securities or elsewhere in this Indenture, the Company shall furnish the Trustee with an Officers' Certificate evidencing compliance with such restriction.

#### Section 11.03 Selection by Trustee of Securities to Be Redeemed.

If less than all the Securities of any series issued on the same day with the same terms are to be redeemed, the particular Securities to be redeemed shall be selected by the Trustee, from the Outstanding Securities of such series issued on such date with the same terms not previously called for redemption, by such method as the Trustee shall deem fair and appropriate; provided that such method complies with the rules of any national securities exchange or quotation system on which the Securities are listed (which rules shall be certificated to the Trustee by the Company or such national securities exchange at the Trustee's request), and may provide for the selection for redemption of portions (equal to the minimum authorized denomination for Securities of that series or any integral multiple thereof) of the principal amount of Securities of such series of a denomination larger than the minimum authorized denomination for Securities of that series; provided, however, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal amount of a Security not redeemed to less than the minimum authorized denomination for Securities of such series.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company and the Security Registrar (if other than itself) in writing of the Securities selected for redemption and, in the case of any Securities selected for partial redemption, the principal amount thereof to be redeemed.

For all purposes of this Indenture, unless the context otherwise requires, all provisions relating to the redemption of Securities shall relate, in the case of any Security redeemed or to be redeemed only in part, to the portion of the principal amount of such Security which has been or is to be redeemed.

#### Section 11.04 Notice of Redemption.

Notice of redemption shall be given in the manner provided in Section 1.06, not less than 30 calendar days nor more than 60 calendar days prior to the Redemption Date, unless a shorter period is specified by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01 or unless a longer period is specified in connection with a satisfaction and discharge under Article Four hereof, as amended, to each Holder of Securities to be redeemed, but failure to give such notice in the manner herein provided to the Holder of any Security designated for redemption as a whole or in part, or any defect in the notice to any such Holder, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other such Security or portion thereof.

Any notice that is mailed to the Holders of Registered Securities in the manner herein provided shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Holder receives the notice.

All notices of redemption shall state:

- (i) the Redemption Date;
- (ii) the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date payable as provided in Section 11.06;
- (iii) if less than all Outstanding Securities of any series are to be redeemed, the identification (and, in the case of partial redemption, the principal amount) of the particular Security or Securities to be redeemed;
- (iv) in case any Security is to be redeemed in part only, the notice that relates to such Security shall state that on and after the Redemption Date, upon surrender of such Security, the Holder will receive, without a charge, a new Security or Securities of authorized denominations for the principal amount thereof remaining unredeemed;
- (v) that on the Redemption Date, the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date payable as provided in Section 11.06 will become due and payable upon each such Security, or the portion thereof, to be redeemed and, if applicable, that interest thereon shall cease to accrue on and after said date;
  - (vi) the Place or Places of Payment where such Securities are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any;
  - (vii) that the redemption is for a sinking fund, if such is the case; and
  - (viii) the CUSIP number of such Security, if any.

A notice of redemption published as contemplated by Section 1.06 need not identify particular Registered Securities to be redeemed. Notice of redemption of Securities to be redeemed shall be given by the Company or, at the Company's request, by the Trustee in the name and at the expense of the Company.

# Section 11.05 <u>Deposit of Redemption Price</u>.

On or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day prior to any Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with the Trustee or with a Paying Agent (or, if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, in accordance with the terms of this Indenture, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 10.03) an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay on the Redemption Date the Redemption Price of, and (unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01) accrued interest on, all the Securities or portions thereof which are to be redeemed on that date.

# Section 11.06 Securities Payable on Redemption Date.

Notice of redemption having been given as aforesaid, the Securities so to be redeemed shall, on the Redemption Date, become due and payable at the Redemption Price therein specified in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) (together with accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date), and from and after such date (unless the Company shall default in the payment of the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any) such Securities shall if the same were interest-bearing cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of any such Security for redemption in accordance with said notice, such Security shall be paid by the Company at the Redemption Price, together with accrued interest,

if any, to the Redemption Date; provided, however, that, unless otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, installments of interest on Registered Securities whose Stated Maturity is on or prior to the Redemption Date shall be payable to the Holders of such Securities, or one or more Predecessor Securities, registered as such at the close of business on the relevant Record Dates according to their terms and the provisions of Section 3.07.

If any Security called for redemption shall not be so paid upon surrender thereof for redemption, the Redemption Price shall, until paid, bear interest from the Redemption Date at the rate of interest set forth in such Security or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security, at the Yield to Maturity of such Security.

# Section 11.07 Securities Redeemed in Part.

Any Registered Security that is to be redeemed only in part (pursuant to the provisions of this Article or of Article Twelve) shall be surrendered at a Place of Payment therefor (with, if the Company or the Trustee so requires, due endorsement by, or a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Trustee duly executed by, the Holder thereof or such Holder's attorney duly authorized in writing) and the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of such Security without service charge a new Security or Securities of the same series and of like tenor, of any authorized denomination as requested by such Holder in aggregate principal amount equal to and in exchange for the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Security so surrendered. If a temporary global Security or permanent global Security is so surrendered, such new Security so issued shall be a new temporary global Security or permanent global Security. However, if less than all the Securities of any series with differing issue dates, interest rates and stated maturities are to be redeemed, the Company may in its sole discretion shall select the particular Securities to be redeemed and shall notify the Trustee in writing thereof at least 45 days prior to the relevant redemption date.

# ARTICLE XII SINKING FUNDS

# Section 12.01 Applicability of Article.

The provisions of this Article shall be applicable to any sinking fund for the retirement of Securities of a series except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 for Securities of such series.

The minimum amount of any sinking fund payment provided for by the terms of Securities of any series is herein referred to as a "mandatory sinking fund payment", and any payment in excess of such minimum amount provided for by the terms of such Securities of any series is herein referred to as an "optional sinking fund payment". If provided for by the terms of any Securities of any series, the cash amount of any mandatory sinking fund payment may be subject to reduction as provided in Section 12.02. Each sinking fund payment shall be applied to the redemption of Securities of any series as provided for by the terms of Securities of such series.

# Section 12.02 Satisfaction of Sinking Fund Payments with Securities.

The Company may, in satisfaction of all or any part of any mandatory sinking fund payment with respect to the Securities of a series, (i) deliver Outstanding Securities of such series (other than any previously called for redemption) and (ii) apply as a credit Securities of such series which have been redeemed either at the election of the Company pursuant to the terms of such Securities or through the application of permitted optional sinking fund payments pursuant to the terms of such Securities, as provided for by the terms of such Securities; provided that such Securities so delivered or applied as a credit have not been previously so credited. Such Securities shall be received and credited for such purpose by the Trustee at the applicable Redemption Price specified in such Securities for redemption through operation of the sinking fund and the amount of such mandatory sinking fund payment shall be reduced accordingly.

# Section 12.03 Redemption of Securities for Sinking Fund.

Not less than 60 days prior to each sinking fund payment date for Securities of any series, the Company will deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate specifying the amount of the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment for that series pursuant to the terms of that series, the portion thereof, if any, which is to be satisfied by payment of cash in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) and the portion thereof, if any, which is to be satisfied by delivering and crediting Securities of that series pursuant to Section 12.02, and the optional amount, if any, to be added in cash to the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment, and will also deliver to the Trustee any Securities to be so delivered and credited. If such Officers' Certificate shall specify an optional amount to be added in cash to the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment, the Company shall thereupon be obligated to pay the amount therein specified. Not less than 30 days before each such sinking fund payment date the Trustee shall select the Securities to be redeemed upon such sinking fund payment date in the manner specified in Section 11.03 and cause notice of the redemption thereof to be given in the name of and at the expense of the Company in the manner provided in Section 11.04. Such notice having been duly given, the redemption of such Securities shall be made upon the terms and in the manner stated in Sections 11.06 and 11.07.

# ARTICLE XIII REPAYMENT AT THE OPTION OF HOLDERS

# Section 13.01 Applicability of Article.

Repayment of Securities of any series before their Stated Maturity at the option of Holders thereof shall be made in accordance with the terms of such Securities and (except as otherwise specified by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01) in accordance with this Article.

# Section 13.02 Repayment of Securities.

Securities of any series subject to repayment in whole or in part at the option of the Holders thereof will, unless otherwise provided in the terms of such Securities, be repaid at the Repayment Price thereof, together with interest, if any, thereon accrued to the Repayment Date specified in or pursuant to the terms of such Securities. The Company covenants that on or before 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day preceding the Repayment Date it will deposit with the Trustee or with a Paying Agent (or, if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 10.03) an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay the Repayment Price of, and (unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01) accrued interest on, all the Securities or portions thereof, as the case may be, to be repaid on such date.

# Section 13.03 Exercise of Option.

Securities of any series subject to repayment at the option of the Holders thereof will contain an "Option to Elect Repayment" form on the reverse of such Securities. To be repaid at the option of the Holder, any Security so providing for such repayment, with the "Option to Elect Repayment" form on the reverse of such Security duly completed by the Holder (or by the Holder's attorney duly authorized in writing), must be received by the Company at the Place of Payment therefor specified in the terms of such Security (or at such other place or places of which the Company shall from time to time notify the Holders of such Securities) not earlier than 45 days nor later than 30 days prior to the Repayment Date. If less than the entire Repayment Price of such Security is to be repaid in accordance with the terms of such Security, the portion of the Repayment Price of such Security to be repaid, in increments of the minimum denomination for Securities of such series, and the denomination or

denominations of the Security or Securities to be issued to the Holder for the portion of such Security surrendered that is not to be repaid, must be specified. Any Security providing for repayment at the option of the Holder thereof may not be repaid in part if, following such repayment, the unpaid principal amount of such Security would be less than the minimum authorized denomination of Securities of the series of which such Security to be repaid is a part. Except as otherwise may be provided by the terms of any Security providing for repayment at the option of the Holder thereof, exercise of the repayment option by the Holder shall be irrevocable unless waived by the Company.

# Section 13.04 When Securities Presented for Repayment Become Due and Payable.

If Securities of any series providing for repayment at the option of the Holders thereof shall have been surrendered as provided in this Article and as provided by or pursuant to the terms of such Securities, such Securities or the portions thereof, as the case may be, to be repaid shall become due and payable and shall be paid by the Company on the Repayment Date therein specified, and on and after such Repayment Date (unless the Company shall default in the payment of such Securities on such Repayment Date) such Securities shall, if the same were interest-bearing, cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of any such Security for repayment in accordance with such provisions, the Repayment Price of such Security so to be repaid shall be paid by the Company, together with accrued interest, if any, to the Repayment Date; provided however, that installments of interest on Registered Securities, whose Stated Maturity is prior to (or, if specified pursuant to Section 3.01, on) the Repayment Date shall be payable (but without interest thereon, unless the Company shall default in the payment thereof) to the Holders of such Securities, or one or more Predecessor Securities, registered as such at the close of business on the relevant Record Dates according to their terms and the provisions of Section 3.07.

If any Security surrendered for repayment shall not be so repaid upon surrender thereof, the Repayment Price shall, until paid, bear interest from the Repayment Date at the rate of interest set forth in such Security or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security, at the Yield to Maturity of such Security.

# Section 13.05 Securities Repaid in Part.

Upon surrender of any Registered Security that is to be repaid in part only, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of such Security, without service charge and at the expense of the Company, a new Registered Security or Securities of the same series, and of like tenor, of any authorized denomination specified by the Holder, in an aggregate principal amount equal to and in exchange for the portion of the principal of such Security so surrendered that is not to be repaid. If a temporary global Security or permanent global Security is so surrendered, such new Security so issued shall be a new temporary global Security or a new permanent global Security, respectively.

# ARTICLE XIV DEFEASANCE AND COVENANT DEFEASANCE

Section 14.01 Applicability of Article; Company's Option to Effect Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance.

If pursuant to Section 3.01 provision is made for either or both of (a) defeasance of the Securities of or within a series under Section 14.02 or (b) covenant defeasance of the Securities of or within a series under Section 14.03, then the provisions of such Section or Sections, as the case may be, together with the other provisions of this Article (with such modifications thereto as may be specified pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to any Securities), shall be applicable to such Securities, and the Company may at its option by Board Resolution, at any time, with respect to such Securities, elect to have either Section 14.02 (if applicable) or Section 14.03 (if applicable) be applied to such Outstanding Securities upon compliance with the conditions set forth below in this Article.

# Section 14.02 Defeasance and Discharge.

Upon the Company's exercise of the above option applicable to this Section with respect to any Securities of or within a series, the Company shall be deemed to have been discharged from its obligations with respect to such Outstanding Securities on and after the date the conditions set forth in Section 14.04 are satisfied (hereinafter, "defeasance"). For this purpose, such defeasance means that the Company shall be deemed to have paid and discharged the entire indebtedness represented by such Outstanding Securities, which shall thereafter be deemed to be "Outstanding" only for the purposes of Section 14.05 and the other Sections of this Indenture referred to in clauses (A) and (B) of this Section, and to have satisfied all its other obligations under such Securities and this Indenture insofar as such Securities are concerned (and the Trustee, at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging the same), except for the following which shall survive until otherwise terminated or discharged hereunder: (A) the rights of Holders of such Outstanding Securities to receive, solely from the trust fund described in Section 14.04 and as more fully set forth in such Section, payments in respect of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Securities when such payments are due, (B) the Company's obligations with respect to such Securities under Sections 3.05, 3.06, 10.02 and 10.03 and with respect to the payment of Additional Amounts, if any, on such Securities as contemplated by Section 10.04, (C) the rights, powers, trusts, duties and immunities of the Trustee hereunder and (D) this Article. Subject to compliance with this Article Fourteen, the Company may exercise its option under this Section notwithstanding the prior exercise of its option under Section 14.03 with respect to such Securities. Following a defeasance, payment of such Securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default.

# Section 14.03 Covenant Defeasance.

Upon the Company's exercise of the above option applicable to this Section with respect to any Securities of or within a series, the Company shall be released from its obligations under Section 10.06, and, if specified pursuant to Section 3.01, its obligations under any other covenant with respect to such Outstanding Securities on and after the date the conditions set forth in Section 14.04 are satisfied (hereinafter, "covenant defeasance"), and such Securities shall thereafter be deemed to be not "Outstanding" for the purposes of any direction, waiver, consent or declaration or Act of Holders (and the consequences of any thereof) in connection with Section 10.06, or such other covenant, but shall continue to be deemed "Outstanding" for all other purposes hereunder. For this purpose, such covenant defeasance means that, with respect to such Outstanding Securities, the Company may omit to comply with and shall have no liability in respect of any term, condition or limitation set forth in any such Section or such other covenant, whether directly or indirectly, by reason of any reference elsewhere herein to any such Section or such other covenant or by reason of reference in any such Section or such other covenant to any other provision herein or in any other document and such omission to comply shall not constitute a Default or an Event of Default under Section 5.01(iv) or 5.01(viii) or otherwise, as the case may be, but, except as specified above, the remainder of this Indenture and such Securities shall be unaffected thereby. Following a covenant defeasance, payment of such Securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default solely by reference to such Sections specified above in this Section 14.03.

# Section 14.04 Conditions to Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance.

The following shall be the conditions to application of either Section 14.02 or Section 14.03 to any Outstanding Securities of or within a series:

(i) The Company shall have irrevocably deposited or caused to be irrevocably deposited with the Trustee (or another trustee satisfying the requirements of Section 6.07 who shall agree to comply with the provisions of this Article Fourteen applicable to it) as trust funds in trust for the purpose of making the following payments, specifically pledged as security for the benefit of, and dedicated solely to, the Holders of such Securities, (A) an amount (in such Currency in which such Securities are then specified as payable at Stated Maturity), or (B) Government Obligations applicable to such Securities (determined on the basis of the Currency in which such Securities are then specified as payable at Stated Maturity) which through the

scheduled payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms will provide, without reinvestment thereof, not later than one day before the due date of any payment of principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Securities, money in an amount, or (C) a combination thereof in an amount, sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to pay and discharge, and which shall be applied by the Trustee (or other qualifying trustee) to pay and discharge, (1) the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Outstanding Securities on the Stated Maturity of such principal or installment of principal or interest and (2) any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments applicable to such Outstanding Securities on the day on which such payments are due and payable in accordance with the terms of this Indenture and of such Securities.

- (ii) Such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, this Indenture or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound.
- (iii) No Default or Event of Default with respect to such Securities shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such deposit or, insofar as Sections 5.01(v) and 5.01(vi) are concerned, at any time during the period ending on the 91st day after the date of such deposit (it being understood that this condition shall not be deemed satisfied until the expiration of such period).
- (iv) In the case of an election under Section 14.02, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel stating that (i) the Company has received from, or there has been published by, the Internal Revenue Service a ruling, or (ii) since the date of execution of this Indenture, there has been a change in the applicable Federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and based thereon such opinion shall confirm that, the Holders of such Outstanding Securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance had not occurred.
- (v) In the case of an election under Section 14.03, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that the Holders of such Outstanding Securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such covenant defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such covenant defeasance had not occurred.
- (vi) The Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent to either the defeasance under Section 14.02 or the covenant defeasance under Section 14.03 (as the case may be) have been complied with.
- (vii) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall be effected in compliance with any additional or substitute terms, conditions or limitations which may be imposed on the Company in connection therewith pursuant to Section 3.01.

Section 14.05 Deposited Money and Government Obligations to Be Held in Trust; Other Miscellaneous Provisions.

Subject to the provisions of the last paragraph of Section 10.03, all money and Government Obligations (or other property as may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01) (including the proceeds thereof) deposited with the Trustee (or other qualifying trustee, collectively for purposes of this Section 14.05, the "Trustee") pursuant to Section 14.04 in respect of any Outstanding Securities of any series shall be held in trust and applied by the Trustee, in accordance with the provisions of such Securities and this Indenture, to the payment, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company acting as its own Paying Agent) as the Trustee may determine, to the Holders of such Securities of all sums due and to become due thereon in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, but such money need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Security pursuant to Section 3.01, if, after a deposit referred to in Section 14.04(a) has been made, (a) the Holder of a Security in respect of which such deposit was made is entitled to, and does, elect pursuant to Section 3.12(b) or the terms of such Security to receive payment in a Currency other than that in which the deposit pursuant to Section 14.04(a) has been made in respect of such Security, or (b) a Conversion Event occurs as contemplated in Section 3.12(d) or 3.12(e) or by the terms of any Security in respect of which the deposit pursuant to Section 14.04(a) has been made, the indebtedness represented by such Security shall be deemed to have been, and will be, fully discharged and satisfied through the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Security as the same becomes due out of the proceeds yielded by converting (from time to time as specified below in the case of any such election) the amount or other property deposited in respect of such Security into the Currency in which such Security becomes payable as a result of such election or Conversion Event based on the applicable Market Exchange Rate for such Currency in effect on the second Business Day prior to each payment date, except, with respect to a Conversion Event, for such Currency in effect (as nearly as feasible) at the time of the Conversion Event.

The Company shall pay and indemnify the Trustee against any tax, fee or other charge imposed on or assessed against the money or Government Obligations deposited pursuant to Section 14.04 or the principal and interest received in respect thereof other than any such tax, fee or other charge which by law is for the account of the Holders of such Outstanding Securities.

Anything in this Article to the contrary notwithstanding, the Trustee shall deliver or pay to the Company from time to time upon Company Request any money or Government Obligations (or other property and any proceeds therefrom) held by it as provided in Section 14.04 which, in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, are in excess of the amount thereof which would then be required to be deposited to effect a defeasance or covenant defeasance, as applicable, in accordance with this Article.

If, after the Company has made a deposit with the Trustee pursuant to Section 14.04, the Trustee is unable to apply any money in accordance with Section 14.05 by reason of any legal proceeding or by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting such application, then the Company's obligations under this Indenture and the applicable Securities shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to Section 14.04 until such time as the Trustee is permitted to apply all such money in accordance with this Article Fourteen; provided, however, that if the Company has made any payment of the principal of or interest on any series of Securities because of the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the Holders of such Securities to receive any such payment from the money held by the Trustee.

Money deposited with the Trustee in trust pursuant to this Section 14.05 shall not be subject to the subordination provisions of Article Sixteen.

# ARTICLE XV MEETINGS OF HOLDERS OF SECURITIES

Section 15.01 Purposes for Which Meetings May Be Called.

A meeting of Holders of any series of Securities may be called at any time and from time to time pursuant to this Article to make, give or take any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be made, given or taken by Holders of Securities of such series.

# Section 15.02 Notice and Place of Meetings.

- (a) The Trustee may at any time call a meeting of Holders of Securities of any series for any purpose specified in Section 15.01, to be held at such time and at such place in the City of Dallas as the Trustee shall determine. Notice of every meeting of Holders of Securities of any series, setting forth the time and the place of such meeting and in general terms the action proposed to be taken at such meeting, shall be given, in the manner provided in Section 1.06, not less than 21 nor more than 180 days prior to the date fixed for the meeting.
- (b) In case at any time the Company, pursuant to a Board Resolution, or the Holders of at least 10% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series shall have requested the Trustee to call a meeting of the Holders of Securities of such series for any purpose specified in Section 15.01, by written request setting forth in reasonable detail the action proposed to be taken at the meeting, and the Trustee shall not have made the first publication or mailing of the notice of such meeting within 21 days after receipt of such request or shall not thereafter proceed to cause the meeting to be held as provided herein, then the Company or the Holders of Securities of such series in the amount above specified, as the case may be, may determine the time and the place in the City of Dallas or otherwise for such meeting and may call such meeting for such purposes by giving notice thereof as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

# Section 15.03 Persons Entitled to Vote at Meetings.

To be entitled to vote at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series, a Person shall be (i) a Holder of one or more Outstanding Securities of such series, or (ii) a Person appointed by an instrument in writing as proxy for a Holder or Holders of one or more Outstanding Securities of such series by such Holder or Holders. The only Persons who shall be entitled to be present or to speak at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series shall be the Persons entitled to vote at such meeting and their counsel, any representatives of the Trustee and its counsel and any representatives of the Company and its counsel.

# Section 15.04 Quorum; Action.

The Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of Holders of Securities of such series; provided, however, that if any action is to be taken at such meeting with respect to a consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action that this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of not less than a specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series, the Persons entitled to vote such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series shall constitute a quorum. In the absence of a quorum within 30 minutes of the time appointed for any such meeting, the meeting shall, if convened at the request of Holders of Securities of such series, be dissolved. In any other case the meeting may be adjourned for a period of not less than ten days as determined by the chairman of the meeting prior to the adjournment of such meeting, such adjourned meeting may be further adjourned for a period of not less than ten days as determined by the chairman of the meeting prior to the adjournment of such adjourned meeting. Notice of the reconvening of any adjourned meeting shall be given as provided in Section 15.02(a), except that such notice need be given only once not less than five days prior to the date on which the meeting is scheduled to be reconvened. Notice of the reconvening of any adjourned meeting shall state expressly the percentage, as provided above, of the principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series which shall constitute a quorum.

Except as limited by the proviso to Section 9.02, any resolution presented to a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present as aforesaid may be adopted by the affirmative vote of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series; provided, however, that, except as limited by the proviso to Section 9.02, any resolution with respect to any consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action which this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of a specified percentage, which is less than a majority, in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series may be adopted at a meeting or an adjourned meeting duly reconvened and at

which a quorum is present as aforesaid by the affirmative vote of the Holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series.

Any resolution passed or decision taken at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series duly held in accordance with this Section shall be binding on all the Holders of Securities of such series, whether or not present or represented at the meeting.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 15.04, if any action is to be taken at a meeting of Holders of Securities of any series with respect to any consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action that this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of a specified percentage in principal amount of all Outstanding Securities affected thereby, or of the Holders of such series and one or more additional series:

- (i) there shall be no minimum quorum requirement for such meeting; and
- (ii) the principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series that vote in favor of such consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action shall be taken into account in determining whether such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action has been made, given or taken under this Indenture.

# Section 15.05 Determination of Voting Rights; Conduct and Adjournment of Meetings.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture, the Trustee may make such reasonable regulations as it may deem advisable for any meeting of Holders of Securities of a series in regard to proof of the holding of Securities of such series and of the appointment of proxies and in regard to the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes, the submission and examination of proxies, certificates and other evidence of the right to vote, and such other matters concerning the conduct of the meeting as it shall deem appropriate. Except as otherwise permitted or required by any such regulations, the holding of Securities shall be proved in the manner specified in Section 1.04 and the appointment of any proxy shall be proved in the manner specified in Section 1.04. Such regulations may provide that written instruments appointing proxies, regular on their face, may be presumed valid and genuine without the proof specified in Section 1.04 or other proof.
- (b) The Trustee shall, by an instrument in writing appoint a temporary chairman of the meeting, unless the meeting shall have been called by the Company or by Holders of Securities as provided in Section 15.02(b), in which case the Company or the Holders of Securities of the series calling the meeting, as the case may be, shall in like manner appoint a temporary chairman. A permanent chairman and a permanent secretary of the meeting shall be elected by vote of the Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series represented at the meeting.
- (c) At any meeting of Holders, each Holder of a Security of such series or proxy shall be entitled to one vote for each minimum denomination increment of the Outstanding Securities of such series held or represented by such Holder (whether \$1,000 principal amount, \$25 principal amount or otherwise as set forth in the supplemental indenture); provided, however, that no vote shall be cast or counted at any meeting in respect of any Security challenged as not Outstanding and ruled by the chairman of the meeting to be not Outstanding. The chairman of the meeting shall have no right to vote, except as a Holder of a Security of such series or proxy.
- (d) Any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series duly called pursuant to Section 15.02 at which a quorum is present may be adjourned from time to time by Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series represented at the meeting, and the meeting may be held as so adjourned without further notice.

# Section 15.06 Counting Votes and Recording Action of Meetings.

The vote upon any resolution submitted to any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series shall be by written ballots on which shall be subscribed the signatures of the Holders of Securities of such series or of their representatives by proxy and the principal amounts and serial numbers of the Outstanding Securities of such series held or represented by them. The chairman of the meeting shall appoint at least one inspector of votes who shall count all votes cast at the meeting for or against any resolution and who shall make and file with the secretary of the meeting a verified written report of all votes cast at the meeting. A record, at least in duplicate, of the proceedings of each meeting of Holders of Securities of any Series shall be prepared by the secretary of the meeting and there shall be attached to said record the original reports of the inspector of votes on any vote by ballot taken thereat and affidavits by one or more persons having knowledge of the fact, setting forth a copy of the notice of the meeting and showing that said notice was given as provided in Section 15.02 and, if applicable, Section 15.04. Each copy shall be signed and verified by the affidavits of the chairman and secretary of the meeting and one such copy shall be delivered to the Company and another to the Trustee to be preserved by the Trustee, the latter to have attached thereto the ballots voted at the meeting. Any record so signed and verified shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein stated.

# ARTICLE XVI SUBORDINATION OF SECURITIES

# Section 16.01 Agreement to Subordinate.

The Company, for itself, its successors and assigns, covenants and agrees, and each Holder of Senior Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof, likewise covenants and agrees, that the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on each and all of the Senior Subordinated Securities is hereby expressly subordinated, to the extent and in the manner hereinafter set forth, in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness.

The Company, for itself, its successors and assigns, covenants and agrees, and each Holder of Junior Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof, likewise covenants and agrees, that the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on each and all of the Junior Subordinated Securities is hereby expressly subordinated, to the extent and in the manner hereinafter set forth, in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness and Senior Subordinated Indebtedness.

# Section 16.02 <u>Distribution on Dissolution, Liquidation and Reorganization; Subrogation of Subordinated Securities.</u>

Upon any distribution of assets of the Company upon any dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization of the Company, whether in bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or receivership proceedings or upon an assignment for the benefit of creditors or any other marshalling of the assets and liabilities of the Company or otherwise (subject to the power of a court of competent jurisdiction to make other equitable provision reflecting the rights conferred in this Indenture upon the Senior Indebtedness and the holders thereof with respect to the Securities and the holders thereof by a lawful plan of reorganization under applicable bankruptcy law):

- (i) the holders of all Senior Indebtedness shall be entitled to receive payment in full of the principal thereof (and premium, if any, thereon) and interest due thereon before the Holders of the Subordinated Securities are entitled to receive any payment upon the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on indebtedness evidenced by the Subordinated Securities;
- (ii) the holders of all Senior Subordinated Indebtedness shall be entitled to receive payment in full of the principal thereof (and premium, if any, thereon) and interest due thereon before the Holders of the Junior

Subordinated Securities are entitled to receive any payment upon the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on indebtedness evidenced by the Junior Subordinated Securities:

(iii) any payment or distribution of assets of the Company of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, to which the Holders of the Securities or the Trustee would be entitled except for the provisions of this Article Sixteen shall be paid by the liquidating trustee or agent or other person making such payment or distribution, whether a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver or liquidating trustee or otherwise, directly to the holders of Senior Indebtedness or their representative or representatives or to the trustee or trustees under any indenture under which any instruments evidencing any of such Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, ratably according to the aggregate amounts remaining unpaid on account of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest on the Senior Indebtedness held or represented by each, to the extent necessary to make payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of such Senior Indebtedness; and

(iv) in the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment or distribution of assets of the Company of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, shall be received by the Trustee or the Holders of the Subordinated Securities before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, such payment or distribution shall be paid over, upon written notice to the Trustee, to the holder of such Senior Indebtedness or their representative or representatives or to the trustee or trustees under any indenture under which any instrument evidencing any of such Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, ratably as aforesaid, for application to payment of all Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid until all such Senior Indebtedness shall have been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of such Senior Indebtedness.

Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness, the Holders of the Subordinated Securities shall be subrogated to the rights of the holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive payments or distributions of cash, property or securities of the Company applicable to Senior Indebtedness until the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities shall be paid in full and no such payments or distributions to the Holders of the Subordinated Securities of cash, property or securities otherwise distributable to the holders of Senior Indebtedness shall, as between the Company, its creditors other than the holders of Senior Indebtedness, and the Holders of the Subordinated Securities be deemed to be a payment by the Company to or on account of the Subordinated Securities. It is understood that the provisions of this Article Sixteen are and are intended solely for the purpose of defining the relative rights of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities, on the one hand, and the holders of the Senior Indebtedness, on the other hand. Nothing contained in this Article Sixteen or elsewhere in this Indenture or in the Subordinated Securities is intended to or shall impair, as between the Company, its creditors other than the holders of Senior Indebtedness, and the Holders of the Subordinated Securities, the obligation of the Company, which is unconditional and absolute, to pay to the Holders of the Subordinated Securities the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities as and when the same shall become due and payable in accordance with their terms, or to affect the relative rights of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities and creditors of the Company other than the holders of Senior Indebtedness, nor shall anything herein or in the Subordinated Securities prevent the Trustee or the Holder of any Subordinated Security from exercising all remedies otherwise permitted by applicable law upon default under this Indenture, subject to the rights, if any, under this Article Sixteen of the holders of Senior Indebtedness in respect of cash, property or securities of the Company received upon the exercise of any such remedy. Upon any payment or distribution of assets of the Company referred to in this Article Sixteen, the Trustee, subject to the provisions of Section 6.01, shall be entitled to rely upon a certificate of the liquidating trustee or agent or other person making any distribution to the Trustee for the purpose of ascertaining the Persons entitled to participate in such distribution, the holders of Senior Indebtedness and other indebtedness of the Company, the amount thereof or payable thereon, the amount or amounts paid or distributed thereon and all other facts pertinent thereto or to this Article Sixteen.

If the Trustee or any Holder of Subordinated Securities does not file a proper claim or proof of debt in the form required in any proceeding referred to above prior to 30 days before the expiration of the time to file such

claim in such proceeding, then the holder of any Senior Indebtedness is hereby authorized, and has the right, to file an appropriate claim or claims for or on behalf of such Holder of Subordinated Securities.

With respect to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, the Trustee undertakes to perform or to observe only such of its covenants or obligations as are specifically set forth in this Article and no implied covenants or obligations with respect to holders of Senior Indebtedness shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee. The Trustee does not owe any fiduciary duties to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, including any holder of Securities other than Securities issued under this Indenture.

# Section 16.03 No Payment on Subordinated Securities in Event of Default on Senior Indebtedness.

No payment by the Company on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking funds or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities shall be made unless full payment of amounts then due for principal (premium, if any), sinking funds and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

# Section 16.04 Payments on Subordinated Securities Permitted.

Nothing contained in this Indenture or in any of the Subordinated Securities shall (i) affect the obligation of the Company to make, or prevent the Company from making, at any time except as provided in Sections 16.02 and 16.03, payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities or (ii) prevent the application by the Trustee of any moneys deposited with it hereunder to the payment of or on account of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities, unless the Trustee shall have received at its Corporate Trust Office written notice of any event prohibiting the making of such payment more than three Business Days prior to the date fixed for such payment.

# Section 16.05 <u>Authorization of Holders to Trustee to Effect Subordination</u>.

Each Holder of Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof authorizes and directs the Trustee on his behalf to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the subordination as provided in this Article Sixteen and appoints the Trustee his attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes.

# Section 16.06 Notices to Trustee.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article or any other provisions of this Indenture, neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent (other than the Company) shall be charged with knowledge of the existence of any Senior Indebtedness or of any event which would prohibit the making of any payment of moneys to or by the Trustee or such Paying Agent, unless and until the Trustee or such Paying Agent shall have received (in the case of the Trustee, at its Corporate Trust Office) written notice thereof from the Company or from the holder of any Senior Indebtedness or from the trustee for any such holder, together with proof reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee of such holding of Senior Indebtedness or of the authority of such trustee; provided, however, that if at least three Business Days prior to the date upon which by the terms hereof any such moneys may become payable for any purpose (including, without limitation, the payment of either the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Subordinated Security) the Trustee shall not have received with respect to such moneys the notice provided for in this Section 16.06, then, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, the Trustee shall have full power and authority to receive such moneys and to apply the same to the purpose for which they were received, and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary, which may be received by it within three Business Days prior to such date. The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on the delivery to it of a written notice by a Person representing himself to be a holder of Senior Indebtedness (or a trustee on behalf of such holder) to establish that such a notice has been given by a holder of Senior Indebtedness or a trustee on behalf of any payment or distribution pursuant to

this Article Sixteen, the Trustee may request such Person to furnish evidence to the reasonable satisfaction of the Trustee as to the amount of Senior Indebtedness held by such Person, the extent to which such Person is entitled to participate in such payment or distribution and any other facts pertinent to the rights of such Person under this Article Sixteen and, if such evidence is not furnished, the Trustee may defer any payment to such Person pending judicial determination as to the right of such Person to receive such payment.

# Section 16.07 Trustee as Holder of Senior Indebtedness.

The Trustee in its individual capacity shall be entitled to all the rights set forth in this Article Sixteen in respect of any Senior Indebtedness at any time held by it to the same extent as any other holder of Senior Indebtedness and nothing in this Indenture shall be construed to deprive the Trustee of any of its rights as such holder.

Nothing in this Article Sixteen shall apply to claims of, or payments to, the Trustee under or pursuant to Section 6.06.

# Section 16.08 Modifications of Terms of Senior Indebtedness.

Any renewal or extension of the time of payment of any Senior Indebtedness or the exercise by the holders of Senior Indebtedness of any of their rights under any instrument creating or evidencing Senior Indebtedness, including, without limitation, the waiver of default thereunder, may be made or done all without notice to or assent from the Holders of the Subordinated Securities or the Trustee.

No compromise, alteration, amendment, modification, extension, renewal or other change of, or waiver, consent or other action in respect of, any liability or obligation under or in respect of, or of any of the terms, covenants or conditions of any indenture or other instrument under which any Senior Indebtedness is outstanding or of such Senior Indebtedness, whether or not any of the foregoing is in accordance with the provisions of any applicable document, shall in any way alter or affect any of the provisions of this Article Sixteen or of the Subordinated Securities relating to the subordination thereof.

# Section 16.09 Reliance on Judicial Order or Certificate of Liquidating Agent.

Upon any payment or distribution of assets of the Company referred to in this Article Sixteen, the Trustee and the Holders of the Securities shall be entitled to rely upon any order or decree entered by any court of competent jurisdiction in which such insolvency, bankruptcy, receivership, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution, winding up or similar case or proceeding is pending, or a certificate of the trustee in bankruptcy, liquidating trustee, custodian, receiver, assignee for the benefit of creditors, agent or other person making such payment or distribution, delivered to the Trustee or to the Holders of Subordinated Securities, for the purpose of ascertaining the persons entitled to participate in such payment or distribution, the holders of Senior Indebtedness and other indebtedness of the Company, the amount thereof or payable thereon, the amount or amounts paid or distributed thereon and all other facts pertinent thereto or to this Article Sixteen.

This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which so executed shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same Indenture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed, as of the day and year first above written.

# CAPITAL SOUTHWEST CORPORATION

By: /s/ Michael S. Sarner

Name: Michael S. Sarner

Title: Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

# U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

as Trustee

By: /s/ Paula Oswald

Name: Paula Oswald Title: Vice President

### **EXHIBIT A**

# FORM OF CERTIFICATE TO BE GIVEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXCHANGE OF A PORTION OF A TEMPORARY GLOBAL SECURITY OR TO OBTAIN INTEREST PAYABLE PRIOR TO THE EXCHANGE DATE CERTIFICATE

# [Insert title or sufficient description of Securities to be delivered]

This is to certify that, based solely on written certifications that we have received in writing, by tested facsimile or by electronic transmission from each of the persons appearing in our records as persons entitled to a portion of the principal amount set forth below (our "Member Organizations") substantially in the form attached hereto, as of the date hereof, [U.S. \$] principal amount of the above-captioned Securities (i) is owned by person(s) that are not "United States persons" ("United States person(s)") within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), (ii) is owned by United States person(s) that are (a) foreign branches of United States financial institutions (financial institutions, as defined in U.S. Treasury Regulations Section 1.165-12(c)(1)(v)[(iv)] are herein referred to as "financial institutions") purchasing for their own account or for resale, or (b) United States person(s) who acquired the Securities through foreign branches of United States financial institutions and who hold the Securities through such United States financial institutions on the date hereof (and in either case (a) or (b), each such financial institution has agreed, on its own behalf or through its agent, that we may advise Capital Southwest Corporation or its agent that such financial institution will comply with the requirements of Section 165(j)(3)(A), (B) or (C) of the Code and the United States Treasury Regulations thereunder), or (iii) is owned by United States or foreign financial institution(s) for purposes of resale during the restricted period (as defined in United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(j)(D)(7)), and, to the further effect, that financial institutions described in clause (iii) above (whether or not also described in clause (i) or (ii)) have certified that they have not acquired the Securities for purposes of resale directly or indirectly to a United States person or to a person within the United States or its possessi

As used herein, "United States" means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia); and its "possessions" include Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island and the Northern Mariana Islands.

We further certify that (i) we are not making available herewith for exchange (or, if relevant, collection of any interest) any portion of the temporary global Security representing the above-captioned Securities excepted in the above-referenced certificates of Member Organizations and (ii) as of the date hereof we have not received any notification from any of our Member Organizations to the effect that the statements made by such Member Organizations with respect to any portion of the part submitted herewith for exchange (or, if relevant, collection of any interest) are no longer true and cannot be relied upon as of the date hereof.

We understand that this certification is required in connection with certain tax legislation in the United States. If administrative or legal proceedings are commenced or threatened in connection with which this certificate is or would be relevant, we irrevocably authorize you to produce this certificate or a copy thereof to any interested party in such proceedings.

Dated:	
[To be dated no earlier than the Exchange Date or the relevant Interest Payment Date occurring prior to the Exchange Date, as applicable]	

[\_],
as Operator of

By:
Name:
Title:

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM T-1

Statement of Eligibility Under The Trust Indenture Act of 1939 of a Corporation Designated to Act as Trustee

Check if an Application to Determine Eligibility of a Trustee Pursuant to Section 305(b)(2)

# U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Exact name of Trustee as specified in its charter)

31-0841368
I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

800 Nicollet Mall Minneapolis, Minnesota (Address of principal executive offices)

55402 (Zip Code)

Paula Oswald
U.S. Bank National Association
633 West Fifth Street, 4th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90071
(213) 533-6043
(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

# **Capital Southwest Corporation**

(Issuer with respect to the Securities)

Texas
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

75-1072796 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway Lincoln Center Tower 1, Suite 1300 Dallas, TX (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

75240 (Zip Code)

# **Debt Securities**

(Title of the Indenture Securities)

# FORM T-1

# Item 1. GENERAL INFORMATION. Furnish the following information as to the Trustee.

a) Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.

Comptroller of the Currency Washington, D.C.

b) Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.

Yes

**Item 2. AFFILIATIONS WITH OBLIGOR.** *If the obligor is an affiliate of the Trustee, describe each such affiliation.* 

None

Items 3-15 Items 3-15 are not applicable because to the best of the Trustee's knowledge, the obligor is not in default under any Indenture for which the Trustee acts as Trustee.

**Item 16. LIST OF EXHIBITS:** List below all exhibits filed as a part of this statement of eligibility and qualification.

- 1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Trustee.\*
- 2. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to commence business, attached as Exhibit 2.
- 3. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to exercise corporate trust powers, attached as Exhibit 3.
- 4. A copy of the existing bylaws of the Trustee.\*\*
- 5. A copy of each Indenture referred to in Item 4. Not applicable.
- 6. The consent of the Trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, attached as Exhibit 6.
- 7. Report of Condition of the Trustee as of March 31, 2017 published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority, attached as Exhibit 7.

<sup>\*</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to Amendment No. 2 to registration statement on S-4, Registration Number 333-128217 filed on November 15, 2005.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to registration statement on form S-3ASR, Registration Number 333-199863 filed on November 5, 2014.

# **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the Trustee, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility and qualification to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of Los Angeles, California on the 10th day of October, 2017.

y: /s/ Paula Oswald
Paula Oswald
Vice President



Washington, DC 20219

# CERTIFICATE OF CORPORATE EXISTENCE

- I, Keith A. Noreika, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:
- 1. The Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.
- "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), is a national banking association formed under the laws of the United States and is authorized thereunder to transact the business of banking on the date of this certificate.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today,

June 7, 2017, I have hereunto subscribed

my name and caused my seal of office to

be affixed to these presents at the U.S.

Department of the Treasury, in the City

of Washington, District of Columbia.



Acting Comptroller of the Currency



Washington, DC 20219

# **CERTIFICATE OF FIDUCIARY POWERS**

- I, Keith A. Noreika, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:
- 1. The Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.
- "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), is a national banking association formed under the laws of the United States and is authorized thereunder to transact the business of banking on the date of this certificate.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today,

June 7, 2017, I have hereunto subscribed

my name and caused my seal of office to

be affixed to these presents at the U.S.

Department of the Treasury, in the City

of Washington, District of Columbia.



Acting Comptroller of the Currency

# Exhibit 6

# CONSENT

In accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, the undersigned, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION hereby consents that reports of examination of the undersigned by Federal, State, Territorial or District authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request therefor.

Dated: October 10, 2017

By: /s/ Paula Oswald

Paula Oswald Vice President

# Exhibit 7 U.S. Bank National Association Statement of Financial Condition As of 6/30/2017

(\$000's)

	6/30/2017
Assets	
Cash and Balances Due From Depository Institutions	\$ 28,930,463
Securities	110,114,701
Federal Funds	51,218
Loans & Lease Financing Receivables	276,413,785
Fixed Assets	4,477,993
Intangible Assets	12,859,050
Other Assets	24,062,996
Total Assets	\$ 456,910,206
Liabilities	
Deposits	\$ 357,756,287
Fed Funds	998,184
Treasury Demand Notes	0
Trading Liabilities	878,885
Other Borrowed Money	33,876,373
Acceptances	0
Subordinated Notes and Debentures	3,800,000
Other Liabilities	12,866,522
Total Liabilities	\$ 410,176,251
Equity	
Common and Preferred Stock	18,200
Surplus	14,266,915
Undivided Profits	31,649,555
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	799,285
Total Equity Capital	<u>\$ 46,733,955</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity Capital	\$ 456,910,206

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have issued our report dated June 1, 2017 with respect to the consolidated financial statements, including the selected per share data and ratios, of Capital Southwest Corporation for the year ended March 31, 2017 and our report dated September 7, 2017 with respect to the Senior Securities Table, which are contained in the Prospectus and Registration Statement. We consent to the use of the aforementioned reports in the Prospectus and Registration Statement, and to the use of our name as it appears under the captions "Selected Financial Data", "Senior Securities" and "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm."

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Dallas, TX October 23, 2017

# **Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

We consent to the use in this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement (No. 333-220385) on Form N-2 of Capital Southwest Corporation of our report dated May 12, 2017, relating to the financial statements of I-45 SLF LLC, appearing in the Registration Statement and related Prospectus of Capital Southwest Corporation. We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in such Registration Statement and related Prospectus.

/s/ RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 23, 2017

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the inclusion of our report dated December 6, 2016, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Media Recovery, Inc. as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 and for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, included in the Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 and related Prospectus of Capital Southwest Corporation filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in such Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement and related Prospectus.

/s/ Whitley Penn LLP

Dallas, Texas October 23, 2017 The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with and declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell and are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where such offer or sale is not permitted.

Exhibit 99.2

# SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE COMMON STOCK OFFERINGS]

, 20

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20)



# Shares

### Common Stock

We are offering for sale shares of our common stock.

We are an internally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "CSWC." On , 20, the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Global Select Market was \$ per share. The net asset value per share of our common stock at , 20 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus supplement on which we determined net asset value) was \$ .

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our common stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep them for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other supplement information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240 or by telephone at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement. The Securities and Exchange Commission also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk, and should be considered highly speculative. See "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S- of this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on page of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage and dilution, before investing in our common stock.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per share	Total
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount ( %)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us(1)	\$	\$

(1) Before deducting expenses payable by us related to this offering, estimated at \$

The underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional shares of common stock from us at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, within days from the date of this prospectus supplement to cover over-allotments, if any. If the over-allotment option is exercised in full, the total public offering price will be \$ , the total underwriting discount ( %) will be \$ , and the total proceeds to us, before deducting estimated expenses payable by us of \$ , will be \$ .

, 20

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares on or about

The date of this prospectus supplement is

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# Prospectus

[Table of contents from base prospectus to be included.]

# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific details regarding this offering of common stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which provides general information about us and the securities we may offer from time to time, some of which may not apply to this offering. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any shares of our common stock by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our common stock. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in the accompanying prospectus.

### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. To understand the terms of the common stock offered hereby, you should read the entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including "Supplementary Risk Factors," "Risk Factors," "Use of Proceeds," "Selected Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and the financial statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and/or the accompanying prospectus. Together, these documents describe the specific terms of the shares we are offering. You should also read and review the documents identified in the section titled "Available Information" in this prospectus supplement. Except as otherwise noted, all information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus assumes no exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option.

### Organization

Capital Southwest Corporation, which we refer to as CSWC or the Company, is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq Global Select Market, or Nasdaq, under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

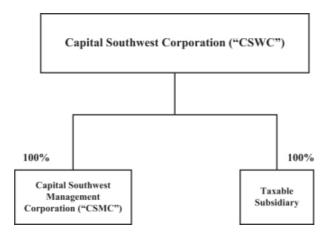
CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 Act, as amended, or the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a business development company, or BDC, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980.

We are also a regulated investment company, or RIC, under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC status, which requires that we qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the spin-off, which we refer to as the Share Distribution, of CSW Industrials, Inc., or CSWI. CSWI is now an independent publicly traded company. The Share Distribution was effected through a tax-free, pro-rata distribution of 100.0% of CSWI's common stock to shareholders of the Company. Each Company shareholder received one share of CSWI common stock for every one share of Company common stock on the record date, September 18, 2015. Cash was paid in lieu of any fractional shares of CSWI common stock.

Following the Share Distribution, we have maintained operations as an internally-managed BDC and pursued a credit-focused investing strategy akin to similarly structured organizations. We intend to continue to provide capital to middle-market companies. We intend to invest primarily in debt securities, including senior debt, second lien and subordinated debt, and may also invest in preferred stock and common stock alongside our debt investments or through warrants.

The following diagram depicts CSWC's summary organizational structure:



Capital Southwest Management Corporation, or CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, equipment and other administrative costs required for day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a direct wholly-owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity, or the Taxable Subsidiary. The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

### Overview

CSWC is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market, or LMM, companies and debt capital to upper middle market, or UMM, companies in a broad range of investment segments located primarily in the United States. Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments. Our investment strategy is to partner with business owners, management teams and financial sponsors to provide flexible financing solutions to fund growth, changes of control, or other corporate events. We invest primarily in senior debt securities, secured by security interests in portfolio company assets and in secured and unsecured subordinated debt securities. We also invest in equity interests in our portfolio companies alongside our debt securities.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in LMM companies, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in UMM companies. Our target LMM companies typically have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the

opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options. Providing customized financing solutions is important to LMM companies. We generally seek to partner directly with financial sponsors, entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM debt investments typically include first lien senior debt, secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company, as well as subordinated debt. Our LMM investments typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. We also often seek to invest in the equity securities in our LMM portfolio companies.

Our investments in UMM companies primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our portfolio. Our UMM debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our principal executive offices are located at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240. We maintain a website at http://www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement.

# **Business Strategies**

Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

- Leveraging the Experience of our Management Team. Our senior management team has extensive experience advising, investing in and lending to middle market companies across changing market cycles. The members of our management team have diverse investment backgrounds, with prior experience at investment banks, commercial banks, and BDCs in the capacity of senior officers. We believe this diverse experience provides us with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of the middle market companies in which we invest. We believe this understanding allows us to select and structure better investments and to efficiently monitor and provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.
- Applying Rigorous Underwriting Policies and Active Portfolio Management. Our senior management team has implemented rigorous underwriting policies that are followed in each transaction. These policies include a thorough analysis of each potential portfolio company's competitive position, financial performance, management team operating discipline, growth potential and industry attractiveness, which we believe allows us to better assess the company's prospects. After investing in a company, we monitor the investment closely, typically receiving monthly, quarterly and annual financial statements. Senior management, together with the deal team and accounting and finance departments, meets at least monthly to analyze and discuss in detail the company's financial performance and industry trends. We believe that our initial and ongoing portfolio review process allows us to monitor effectively the performance and prospects of our portfolio companies.
- Investing Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is
  appropriately diverse among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to
  mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets. However,

we may from time to time hold securities of a single portfolio company that comprise more than 5.0% of our total assets and/or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company. For that reason, we are classified as a non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act.

- **Utilizing Long-Standing Relationships to Source Deals**. Our senior management team and investment professionals maintain extensive relationships with entrepreneurs, financial sponsors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, commercial bankers and other non-bank providers of capital who refer prospective portfolio companies to us. These relationships historically have generated significant investment opportunities. We believe that our network of relationships will continue to produce attractive investment opportunities.
- Focusing on Underserved Markets. The middle market has traditionally been underserved. We believe that operating margin and growth pressures, as well as regulatory concerns, have caused many financial institutions to de-emphasize services to middle market companies in favor of larger corporate clients and more liquid capital market transactions. We also invest in securities that would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. We believe these dynamics have resulted in the financing market for middle market companies being underserved, providing us with greater investment opportunities.
- Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and recurring cash flow streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk adjusted return profiles than earlier stage companies that are building their management teams and establishing their revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our target range generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.
- Capital Structures Appropriate for Potential Industry and Business Volatility. Our investment team spends significant time understanding the performance of both the target portfolio company and its specific industry throughout a full economic cycle. The history of each specific industry and target portfolio company will demonstrate a different level of potential volatility in financial performance. We seek to understand this dynamic thoroughly and invest our capital at leverage levels in the capital structure that will remain in enterprise value and in securities that will receive interest payments if such downside volatility were to occur.
- **Providing Customized Financing Solutions.** We offer a variety of financing structures and have the flexibility to structure our investments to meet the needs of our portfolio companies. Often we invest in senior and subordinated debt securities, coupled with equity interests. We believe our ability to customize financing structures makes us an attractive partner to middle market companies.

### **Risk Factors**

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the information found in the sections titled "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S- of this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on page of the accompanying prospectus, including, but not limited to, the following risks:

- Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to effectively allocate and manage capital.
- Our investments in portfolio companies involve a number of significant risks:
  - They may have unpredictable operating results, could become parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position.

- Most of our portfolio companies are private companies. Private companies may not have readily publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. Consequently, we rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from making investments in these portfolio companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about the target portfolio company, we may not make a fully informed investment decision and may lose all or part of our investment.
- The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.
- Any unrealized losses or defaults we experience may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available to
  make distributions.
- · Our investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk. We may not realize gains from our equity investments.
- Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.
- Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships. Our inability to maintain or develop these
  relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.
- In addition to regulatory limitations on our ability to raise capital, our Credit Facility (as defined below) contains various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations under the Credit Facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions. All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.
- Because we borrow money to make investments, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.
- Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, the value of investments and net investment income.
- If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy. A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.
- We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Even if we qualify as a RIC, we may face tax liabilities that reduce our cash flow.
- Our historical financial statements are not necessarily representative of the results we would have achieved as a stand-alone publicly-traded company and therefore may not be indicative of our future performance.
- Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value. Our board of directors has final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our fair value determination. As a result of recording our investments at fair value, there is and will continue to be subjectivity as to the value of our portfolio investments.
- The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.
- Changes in the laws or regulations governing our business, or changes in the interpretations thereof, and any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations, could negatively affect the profitability of our operations.
- The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

### **Investment Criteria**

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that we believe are important in evaluating prospective investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been or will be met in connection with each of our investments:

- **Companies with Positive and Sustainable Cash Flow**: We generally seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance.
- **Excellent Management**: Management teams with a proven record of achievement, exceptional ability, unyielding determination and integrity. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that protects and enhances value.
- **Industry**: We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help protect their market position.
- **Strong Private Equity Sponsors**: We focus on developing relationships with leading private equity firms in order to partner with these firms and provide them capital to support the acquisition and growth of their portfolio companies.
- Appropriate Risk-Adjusted Returns: We focus on and price opportunities to generate returns that are attractive on a risk-adjusted basis, taking into consideration factors, in addition to the ones depicted above, including credit structure, leverage levels and the general volatility and potential volatility of cash flows.
- **Location**: We primarily focus on companies located in the United States. Each new investment is evaluated for its appropriateness within our existing portfolio. Prospective portfolio company candidates for our existing portfolio companies may be located worldwide.

# **Recent Developments**

[To be provided.]

THE OFFERING		
Common stock offered by us	shares	
Common stock outstanding prior to this offering	shares	
Common stock to be outstanding after this offering	shares	
Over-allotment option	shares	
Use of proceeds	The net proceeds from this offering (without exercise of the over-allotment option and before deducting estimated expenses payable by us of approximately \$\) ) will be \$\.	
	We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. See "Use of Proceeds."	
Dividends and distributions	We currently pay quarterly dividends and may pay annual special dividends to our stockholders. Our quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors on a quarterly basis. Our annual special dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors based upon our operating results at the end of our tax year end December 31.	
	Our ability to declare dividends depends on our earnings, our overall financial condition (including our liquidity position), maintenance of our RIC status and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant from time to time.	
	When we make distributions, we are required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated earnings, recognized capital gains or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital (a distribution of the stockholders' invested capital), investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for U.S. federal tax purposes. In the future, our distributions may include a return of capital.	
	On , 20 we declared our quarterly dividend of \$ per share for the quarter ended , 20 . Because the record date for the dividend payment is prior to the date of this offering, investors who purchase shares of our common stock in this offering will not be entitled to receive such dividend. However, investors who purchase	

shares of our common stock in this offering will be entitled to receive the subsequent quarterly dividends provided that they continue to hold such shares.

We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends To continue to maintain our RIC tax treatment, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus, respectively.

Nasdaq Stock Exchange symbol "CSWC"

#### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in this offering will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you," "us" or "CSWC," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in us.

Stockholder Transaction Expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	%(1)
Offering expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	<b>—</b> %(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	<b>—</b> %(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	<u> </u>
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Operating expenses	%(4)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	%(5)
Income tax expense	%(6)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	%(7)
Total annual expenses	<del></del> %

- (1) Represents the underwriting discount with respect to the shares sold by us in this offering.
- (2) The offering expenses of this offering borne by us are estimated to be approximately \$\\$ . If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, the offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of the offering price) will be approximately \%.
- (3) The expenses of administering our dividend reinvestment plan, or DRIP, are included in operating expenses. The DRIP does not allow shareholders to sell shares through the DRIP. If a shareholder wishes to sell shares they would be required to select a broker of their choice and pay any fees or other costs associated with the sale.
- (4) Operating expenses in this table represent the estimated annual operating expenses of CSWC and its consolidated subsidiaries based on annualized operating expenses for the months ended , 20 . We do not have an investment adviser and are internally managed by our executive officers under the supervision of our board of directors. As a result, we do not pay investment advisory fees, but instead we pay the operating costs associated with employing investment management professionals including, without limitation, compensation expenses related to salaries, discretionary bonuses and restricted stock grants.
- (5) Interest payments on borrowed funds represents our estimated annual interest payments based on actual interest rate terms under our [•]. Interest payments on borrowed funds also represents our estimated annual interest payments assuming future issuances of \$[•] million in debt securities at an interest rate of [•]% per annum in the next twelve months. The estimate of annual interest payments are based upon trends in recently completed offerings of our peer companies and may not reflect the actual amount of future issuances of debt securities. The future issuances of debt securities will be made at the discretion of management and the board after evaluating the investment opportunities and economic situation of the Company and the market as a whole.
- (6) Income tax expense relates to the accrual of (a) deferred tax provision (benefit) on the net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from portfolio investments held in the Taxable Subsidiary and (b) excise, state and other taxes. Deferred taxes are non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. We are required to include deferred taxes in calculating our annual expenses even though deferred taxes are not currently payable or receivable. Due to the variable nature of deferred tax expense, which can be a large portion of the income tax expense, and the difficulty in providing an estimate for future periods, this income tax expense estimate is based upon the actual amount of income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2017.
- (7) Acquired fund fees and expenses represent the estimated indirect expense incurred due to our investment in the I-45 Senior Loan Fund.

## Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above, and that you would pay a sales load of % (the underwriting discount to be paid by us with respect to common stock sold by us in this offering).

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

The example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes, as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends at net asset value, or NAV, participants in our DRIP will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the average purchase price of all shares of common stock purchased by the administrator of the DRIP in the event that shares are purchased in the open market to satisfy the share requirements of the DRIP, which may be at, above or below NAV. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding our DRIP.

# SUPPLEMENTARY RISK FACTORS

[Insert additional Risk Factors relating to the offering.]

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus include or incorporate by reference "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain forward-looking statements, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "predict," "will," "continue," "likely," "would," "could," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "potential," "estimate," "indicate," "seek," "believe," "target," "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. The matters described in the section titled "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and the section titled "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus and certain other factors noted throughout this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors with respect to any such forward-looking statements, including certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements but advise you to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we may file in the future with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

## USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock in this offering are \$ and \$ if the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised in full, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. We anticipate that substantially all of any remainder of the net proceeds of this offering will be invested in accordance with our investment objective within twelve months following completion of this offering, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objectives and market conditions. We cannot assure you that we will achieve our targeted investment pace. Pending our investments in portfolio companies, we will invest the remaining net proceeds of an offering primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less from the time of investment. These securities may have lower yields than our other investments and accordingly may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

## PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

#### **Market Information**

Our common stock is traded on Nasdaq under the symbol "CSWC."

The following table set forth, for each fiscal quarter within the two most recent fiscal years and each full fiscal quarter since the beginning of the current fiscal year, the range of high and low selling prices of our common stock as reported on Nasdaq, as applicable, and the sales price as a percentage of the NAV per share of our common stock.

		Pric	e Range	Premium (Discount) of High Sales Price to	Premium (Discount) of Low Sales Price to
T	NAV(1)	High	Low	NAV(2)	NAV(2)
Year ending March 31, 20					
Fourth Quarter	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Third Quarter					
Second Quarter					
First Quarter					
Year ended March 31, 20					
Fourth Quarter	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Third Quarter					
Second Quarter					
First Quarter					
Year ended March 31, 20					
Fourth Quarter	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Third Quarter					
Second Quarter					
First Quarter					

- (1) NAV per share, is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the NAV per share on the date of the high and low sales prices. The NAVs shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.
- (2) Calculated as the respective high or low share price divided by NAV and subtracting 1.

On , 20 , we had stockholders of record. On , 20 , the last sale price of our common stock on Nasdaq was \$ per share.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV per share or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share will decrease. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at, above, or below NAV per share. As we continue to make investments and grow our balance sheet through the use of leverage, we believe we will achieve a market dividend yield which should allow us to trade at or above NAV.

# DISTRIBUTIONS

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our shareholders of substantially all of our taxable income. In lieu of cash, we may make deemed distributions of certain net capital gains to our shareholders.

The payment dates and amounts of cash dividends per share on a post-split basis for the past five years are as follows:

Payment Date Cash Dividend

# **Distribution Policy**

We generally intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our shareholders of substantially all of our taxable income. In order to avoid certain excise taxes imposed on RICs, we must distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one year period ended each October 31, and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for the preceding year that were not distributed during that year. We will not be subject to excise taxes on amounts on which we are required to pay corporate income tax (such as retained net capital gains). In order to obtain the tax benefits applicable to RICs, we will be required to distribute to our shareholders with respect to each taxable year at least 90.0% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses. We may retain for investment realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We may make deemed distributions to our shareholders of any retained net capital gains. If this happens, our shareholders will be treated as if they received an actual distribution of the capital gains we retain and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. Our shareholders also may be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable share of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. We may, in the future, make actual distributions to our shareholders of some or all realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we will be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributio

We have adopted a DRIP which provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our common shareholders if opted into by a common shareholder.

Shareholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are shareholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A shareholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the shareholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. shareholder's account.

Our ability to make distributions will be limited by the asset coverage requirements under the 1940 Act.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

[Insert Selected Financial Data of CSWC reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

# **CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our capitalization:

- on an actual basis as of ; and
- on an as-adjusted basis giving effect to the sale of shares of our common stock in this offering at the public offering price of \$ per share, less estimated underwriting discounts and offering expenses payable by us.

This table should be read together with "Use of Proceeds," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation," and our most recent consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

		As of	, 20
		Actual	As-adjusted for this Offering
		(Unaudited) (in thousands, except share and per share numbers)	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	\$
Credit Facility			
Net Assets			
Common stock, par value \$0.25 per share, 25,000,000 common shares authorized, and and outstanding	common shares issued	\$	\$
Additional paid-in capital			
Accumulated net investment loss			
Accumulated net realized gain			
Unrealized appreciation of investments, net of income taxes			
Treasury stock – at cost, shares			
Total Net Assets		\$	\$
Total Capitalization		\$	\$

# DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Texas Business Organizations Code, or TBOC, and our articles of incorporation, as amended, which we refer to as our charter, and our amended and restated bylaws, which we refer to as our bylaws. This summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you, and we refer you to the TBOC, our charter and bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below. Our charter is filed as Exhibit (a) to Form N-2 filed with the SEC on September 8, 2017, and our bylaws were filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.

# **Authorized Capital Stock**

Our authorized capital stock consists of 25,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.25 per share. Set forth below is a chart describing the classes of our common stock outstanding as of , 20 .

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
•	<del></del>	Amount Held	Amount Outstanding
	Amount	by us or for	Exclusive of Amount
Title of Class	Authorized	Our Account	Under Column 3
Common Stock	25,000,000		

#### **Common Stock**

**Shares Outstanding:** As of , 20 , we had issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

*Dividends:* Holders of our common stock are entitled to dividends or other distributions, as declared by our board of directors from time to time, in cash, property or common stock subject to the provisions of Texas law, our charter or our bylaws.

**Voting Rights:** The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote at a meeting of our stockholders. In matters other than the election of directors, stockholder approval requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the matter, voting as a single class, unless the matter is one upon which, by express provision of Texas law, our charter or our bylaws, a different vote is required.

**Liquidation Rights:** In the event of our liquidation, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to share ratably in any assets remaining after payment of all debts and other liabilities.

**Other:** Our common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights and is not entitled to the benefits of any redemption or sinking fund provision. The outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

# Certain Provisions of Texas Law, Our Charter and Our Bylaws

**Amendment of Articles of Incorporation:** The TBOC provides that an amendment to the charter must be recommended by the board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of the corporation, unless a different threshold, not less than a majority, is specified in the charter. Our charter does not provide for a different threshold.

Amendment of Bylaws: The TBOC, our charter and bylaws provide that our bylaws may be amended by action of the shareholders or action of the board of directors.

**Director Elections:** Our bylaws provide that directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast at a meeting of stockholders at which a quorum is present. Our charter does not permit cumulative voting for the election of directors.

**Term of Directors:** Our bylaws provide that directors are elected at each annual meeting of shareholders and hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting, and until such director's successor is elected and qualified, or until the earlier death, resignation, or removal of such director.

**Number of Directors:** Our bylaws provide that the number of directors is determined by resolution of the board of directors, except that the board of directors may not fill more than two directorships resulting from an increase in the size of the board during the period between any two successive annual meetings of stockholders.

**Removal of Directors:** Our charter provides that shareholders may remove directors only for cause by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of outstanding shares entitled to vote.

**Board Vacancies:** Our bylaws provide that vacancies may be filled by an election at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders or by the vote of a majority of the remaining directors although less than a quorum.

**Shareholder Vote** – **Nature of the Business:** Our charter provides that CSWC is organized and chartered expressly for the purpose of operating either as a management investment company under the 1940 Act or as a business development company under the 1940 Act. The affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of common stock are necessary to change the nature of the business of the Company so that it will cease to be either a management investment company or a business development company.

**Shareholder Action by Written Consent:** The TBOC provides that shareholders may act by written consent if all of the shareholders execute a written consent setting forth the action, unless the charter provides the shareholders may act by less than unanimous written consent. Our charter does not vary from the TBOC in this regard.

**Special Meeting of Shareholders:** Our bylaws provide that the Chairman of the board of directors, the president, the board of directors, or the holders of at least 10% of all the outstanding shares entitled to vote at the proposed special meeting may call a special meeting of shareholders.

Classification of Stock: None of the TBOC, our charter or our bylaws contain any provisions authorizing the board of directors to classify unissued shares of stock.

**Business Combination Statute:** Section 21.606 of the TBOC restricts certain business combinations between us and an affiliated shareholder (beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of our stock entitled to vote for directors) for three years after the shareholder becomes an affiliated shareholder. The restrictions do not apply if the board of directors approved the transaction that caused the shareholder to become an affiliated shareholder or if the business combination is approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of our voting stock that is not beneficially owned by the affiliated shareholder at a meeting of shareholders called for that purpose within six months of the affiliated shareholder's acquiring the shares.

Our charter further provides that the above referenced statute shall not be applicable if:

- the combination is solely between the Company and another corporation, fifty percent or more of the voting stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by the corporation and none of the voting stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly by a "Related Person" (as defined in our charter) with whom the combination is proposed; or
- certain fair price and terms conditions are met, (b) the shareholder has not received any loans, financial assistance or tax advantages from the Company and (c) a proxy statement is mailed 40 days prior to the meeting that includes a board recommendation and fairness opinion.

#### **Indemnification of Directors and Officers**

Our charter, as amended, provides for indemnification for persons who are or were a director, officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC against any and all judgments, penalties (including excise and similar taxes), fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative or investigative, any appeal in such action, suit or proceeding, and any inquiry or investigation that could lead to such action, suit or proceeding, on account of such person's service as a director officer or employee of CSWC or CSMC, or service at the request of CSWC or CSMC as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise all to the fullest extent permitted by Texas law. The charter provides that we must not provide indemnification to the extent not prohibited by the 1940 Act. In accordance with the 1940 Act, the Registrant will not indemnify any person for any liability to which such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office.

Texas law requires a corporation to indemnify a director or officer against reasonable expenses actually incurred by him or her in connection with a threatened, pending, or completed action or other proceeding in which he or she is a named defendant or respondent because he or she is or was a director or officer if he or she has been wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of the action or proceeding. Texas law permits a corporation to indemnify a director or former director against judgments and expenses reasonably and actually incurred by the person in connection with a proceeding if the person (i) acted in good faith, (ii) reasonably believed, in the case of conduct in the person's official capacity, that the person's conduct was in the corporation's best interests, and otherwise, that the person's conduct was not opposed to the corporation's best interests, and (iii) in the case of a criminal proceeding, did not have a reasonable cause to believe the person's conduct was unlawful. If, however, the person is found liable to the corporation, or is found liable on the basis that such person received an improper personal benefit, then indemnification under Texas law is limited to the reimbursement of reasonable expenses actually incurred, and no indemnification will be available if the person is found liable for (i) willful or intentional misconduct in the performance of the person's duty to the corporation, (ii) breach of the person's duty of loyalty owed to the corporation, or (iii) an act or omission not committed in good faith that constitutes a breach of a duty owed by the person to the corporation. In addition, Texas law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay

Our charter authorizes us to purchase or maintain insurance against any liability asserted against a director, officer or employee of the Company. We have obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against certain liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on our behalf, may also pay amounts for which we have granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

# **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC.

# **NASDAQ Listing**

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

# MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS

[To be provided.]

## UNDERWRITING

are acting as representatives of each of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in a purchase agreement among us and the underwriters, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase from us, the number of shares of common stock set forth opposite its name below:

Underwriter		
Total		

Number of Shares

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the purchase agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the shares sold under the purchase agreement if any of these shares are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the purchase agreement provides that the purchase commitments of the nondefaulting underwriters may be increased or the purchase agreement may be terminated.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the shares, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the shares, and other conditions contained in the purchase agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officer's certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

# **Nasdaq Global Select Market Listing**

Our common stock is listed on Nasdaq under the symbol "CSWC."

## **Over-Allotment Option**

We have granted an option to the underwriters to purchase up to additional shares at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount. The underwriters may exercise this option for days from the date of this prospectus supplement solely to cover any over-allotments. If the underwriters exercise this option, each will be obligated, subject to conditions contained in the purchase agreement, to purchase a number of additional shares proportionate to that underwriter's initial amount reflected in the above table.

# **Lock-Up Agreements**

We, and certain of our executive officers and directors, have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, not to issue, sell, offer to sell, contract or agree to sell, hypothecate, pledge, transfer, grant any option to purchase, establish an open put equivalent position or otherwise dispose of or agree to dispose of directly or indirectly, any shares of our common stock, or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for any shares of our common stock or any right to acquire shares of our common stock, for days from the date of this prospectus supplement, subject to extension upon material announcements or earnings releases. The representative, at any time and without notice, may release all or any portion of the common stock subject to the foregoing lock-up agreements.

# **Underwriting Discounts**

The representatives have advised us that the underwriters propose initially to offer the shares to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. After the initial offering, the public offering price, concession or any other term of the offering may be changed.

The following table provides information regarding the per share and total underwriting discount that we are to pay to the underwriters. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to additional shares from us.

			Total	Total with
			without	Full Exercise
			Exercise of	of Over-
		Without	Over-	allotment with
	Per Share	Option	allotment	Option
Public offering price				
Underwriting discount payable by us on shares sold to the public				

The expenses of the offering, not including the underwriting discount, are estimated at \$ and are payable by us.

A prospectus supplement in electronic format may be made available on the web sites maintained by one or more of the underwriters, or selling group members, if any, participating in this offering. The representative may agree to allocate a number of shares to underwriters and selling group members for the sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the underwriters and selling group members that will make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations. The representative may agree to allocate a number of shares to underwriters for sale to their online brokerage account holders.

#### **Price Stabilization, Short Positions**

Proceeds, before expenses, to us

Until the distribution of the shares is completed, SEC rules may limit underwriters and selling group members from bidding for and purchasing our common stock. However, the representatives may engage in transactions that stabilize the price of the common stock, such as bids or purchases to peg, fix or maintain that price.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell our common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, purchases on the open market to cover positions created by short sales and stabilizing transactions. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' over-allotment option described above. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their over-allotment option or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares through the over-allotment option. "Naked" short sales are sales in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of our common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of shares of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

Similar to other purchase transactions, the underwriters' purchases to cover the syndicate short sales may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common stock or preventing or retarding a

decline in the market price of our common stock. As a result, the price of our common stock may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the Nasdaq, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of our common stock. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representatives will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

# **Passive Market Making**

In connection with this offering, underwriters and selling group members may engage in passive market making transactions in the common stock on the Nasdaq in accordance with Rule 103 of Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during a period before the commencement of offers or sales of common stock and extending through the completion of distribution. A passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid of that security. However, if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, that bid must then be lowered when specified purchase limits are exceeded. Passive market making may cause the price of our common stock to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of those transactions. The underwriters and dealers are not required to engage in passive market making and may end passive market making activities at any time.

## **Conflicts of Interest**

The underwriters and/or their affiliates from time to time provide and may in the future provide investment banking, commercial banking and financial advisory services to us, for which they have received and may receive customary compensation.

In addition, the underwriters and/or their affiliates may from time to time refer investment banking clients to us as potential portfolio investments. If we invest in those clients, we may utilize net proceeds from this offering to fund such investments, and the referring underwriter or its affiliate may receive placement fees from its client in connection with such financing, which placement fees may be paid out of the amount funded by us.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Describe if underwriters receiving proceeds of offering, if required by FINRA.]

[Insert principal business addresses of underwriters.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the shares of common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Jones Day, Dallas, Texas, and certain legal matters in connection with this offering will be passed upon for the underwriters by

## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[To be provided.]

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act of 1933, with respect to our shares of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and our shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements, code of ethics and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This information is available free of charge by calling us at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and you should not consider such information to be part of this document. You also may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

# INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Insert financial statements and notes thereto for most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]



Shares
Common Stock
PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement is not complete and may be changed. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with and declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell and are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where such offer or sale is not permitted.

Exhibit 99.3

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED

. 20

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE NOTES OFFERINGS]

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20 )



#### % Notes

We are offering for sale our % notes at a principal amount per note of \$ , or the Notes. The Notes will mature on

We are an internally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "CSWC." On , 20, the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Global Select Market was \$ per share.

The Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and rank *pari passu*, or equally in right of payment, with all outstanding and future unsecured subordinated indebtedness issued by us. The Notes will be subordinated to our outstanding [•] and any future secured debt we may issue or incur up to the amount of the security covering this debt. Currently [•] of our investments are encumbered as security for our [•] and would be used to repay this [•] and any future similarly secured debt prior to being able to repay the Notes. The Notes will also be subordinated to the debt of any of our subsidiaries. For further discussion see the section titled "Description of the Notes" in this prospectus supplement.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our Notes. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep them for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240 or by telephone at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement. The Securities and Exchange Commission also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Investing in our Notes involves a high degree of risk, and should be considered highly speculative. See "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S- of this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on page of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in our Notes.

THE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Note	Total
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount ( %)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us(1)	\$	\$

(1) Before deducting expenses payable by us related to this offering, estimated at \$

Delivery of the Notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about

The date of this prospectus supplement is

, 20

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# Prospectus

[Table of contents from base prospectus to be included.]

## ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific details regarding this offering of Notes and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which provides general information about us and the securities we may offer from time to time, some of which may not apply to this offering. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of our Notes by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our Notes. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in the accompanying prospectus.

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. To understand the terms of the Notes offered hereby, you should read the entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus carefully, including "Supplementary Risk Factors," "Risk Factors," "Use of Proceeds," "Selected Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and the financial statements contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and/or the accompanying prospectus. Together, these documents describe the specific terms of the shares we are offering. You should also read and review the documents identified in the section titled "Available Information" in this prospectus supplement.

#### Organization

Capital Southwest Corporation, which we refer to as CSWC or the Company, is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized financing to middle market companies in a broad range of industry segments located primarily in the United States. Our common stock currently trades on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "CSWC."

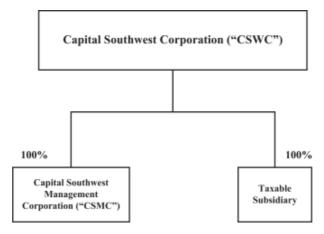
CSWC was organized as a Texas corporation on April 19, 1961. Prior to March 30, 1988, CSWC was registered as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 Act, as amended, or the 1940 Act. On that date, we elected to be treated as a business development company, or BDC, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Incentive Act of 1980.

We are also a regulated investment company, or RIC, under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As such, we are not required to pay corporate-level income tax on our investment income. We intend to maintain our RIC status, which requires that we qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements.

On September 30, 2015, we completed the spin-off, which we refer to as the Share Distribution, of CSW Industrials, Inc., or CSWI. CSWI is now an independent publicly traded company. The Share Distribution was effected through a tax-free, pro-rata distribution of 100.0% of CSWI's common stock to shareholders of the Company. Each Company shareholder received one share of CSWI common stock for every one share of Company common stock on the record date, September 18, 2015. Cash was paid in lieu of any fractional shares of CSWI common stock.

Following the Share Distribution, we have maintained operations as an internally-managed BDC and pursued a credit-focused investing strategy akin to similarly structured organizations. We intend to continue to provide capital to middle-market companies. We intend to invest primarily in debt securities, including senior debt, second lien and subordinated debt, and may also invest in preferred stock and common stock alongside our debt investments or through warrants.

The following diagram depicts CSWC's summary organizational structure:



Capital Southwest Management Corporation, or CSMC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CSWC, is the management company for CSWC. CSMC generally incurs all normal operating and administrative expenses, including, but not limited to, salaries and related benefits, rent, equipment and other administrative costs required for day-to-day operations.

CSWC also has a direct wholly-owned subsidiary that has been elected to be a taxable entity, or the Taxable Subsidiary. The primary purpose of the Taxable Subsidiary is to permit CSWC to hold certain interests in portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still allow us to satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90.0% of our gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. The Taxable Subsidiary is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income.

#### Overview

CSWC is an internally managed investment company that specializes in providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market, or LMM, companies and debt capital to upper middle market, or UMM, companies in a broad range of investment segments located primarily in the United States. Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments. Our investment strategy is to partner with business owners, management teams and financial sponsors to provide flexible financing solutions to fund growth, changes of control, or other corporate events. We invest primarily in senior debt securities, secured by security interests in portfolio company assets and in secured and unsecured subordinated debt securities. We also invest in equity interests in our portfolio companies alongside our debt securities.

We focus on investing in companies with histories of generating revenues and positive cash flow, established market positions and proven management teams with strong operating discipline. We target senior debt, subordinated debt, and equity investments in LMM companies, as well as first and second lien syndicated loans in UMM companies. Our target LMM companies typically have annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, between \$3.0 million and \$15.0 million, and our LMM investments generally range from \$5.0 million to \$20.0 million. Our UMM investments generally include syndicated first and second lien loans in companies with EBITDA generally greater than \$50.0 million, and our UMM investments typically range from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million.

We seek to fill the financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the

opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options. Providing customized financing solutions is important to LMM companies. We generally seek to partner directly with financial sponsors, entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM debt investments typically include first lien senior debt, secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company, as well as subordinated debt. Our LMM investments typically have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. We also often seek to invest in the equity securities in our LMM portfolio companies.

Our investments in UMM companies primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our portfolio. Our UMM debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and seven years from the original investment date.

Our principal executive offices are located at 5400 Lyndon B. Johnson Freeway, Suite 1300, Dallas, Texas 75240. We maintain a website at http://www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement.

# **Business Strategies**

Our principal investment objective is to produce attractive risk-adjusted returns by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity-related investments. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

- Leveraging the Experience of our Management Team. Our senior management team has extensive experience advising, investing in and lending to middle market companies across changing market cycles. The members of our management team have diverse investment backgrounds, with prior experience at investment banks, commercial banks, and BDCs in the capacity of senior officers. We believe this diverse experience provides us with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of the middle market companies in which we invest. We believe this understanding allows us to select and structure better investments and to efficiently monitor and provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.
- Applying Rigorous Underwriting Policies and Active Portfolio Management. Our senior management team has implemented rigorous underwriting policies that are followed in each transaction. These policies include a thorough analysis of each potential portfolio company's competitive position, financial performance, management team operating discipline, growth potential and industry attractiveness, which we believe allows us to better assess the company's prospects. After investing in a company, we monitor the investment closely, typically receiving monthly, quarterly and annual financial statements. Senior management, together with the deal team and accounting and finance departments, meets at least monthly to analyze and discuss in detail the company's financial performance and industry trends. We believe that our initial and ongoing portfolio review process allows us to monitor effectively the performance and prospects of our portfolio companies.
- Investing Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is
  appropriately diverse among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to
  mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets. However,

we may from time to time hold securities of a single portfolio company that comprise more than 5.0% of our total assets and/or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company. For that reason, we are classified as a non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act.

- **Utilizing Long-Standing Relationships to Source Deals.** Our senior management team and investment professionals maintain extensive relationships with entrepreneurs, financial sponsors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, commercial bankers and other non-bank providers of capital who refer prospective portfolio companies to us. These relationships historically have generated significant investment opportunities. We believe that our network of relationships will continue to produce attractive investment opportunities.
- Focusing on Underserved Markets. The middle market has traditionally been underserved. We believe that operating margin and growth pressures, as well as regulatory concerns, have caused many financial institutions to de-emphasize services to middle market companies in favor of larger corporate clients and more liquid capital market transactions. We also invest in securities that would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. We believe these dynamics have resulted in the financing market for middle market companies being underserved, providing us with greater investment opportunities.
- Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and recurring cash flow streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk adjusted return profiles than earlier stage companies that are building their management teams and establishing their revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our target range generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.
- Capital Structures Appropriate for Potential Industry and Business Volatility. Our investment team spends significant time understanding the performance of both the target portfolio company and its specific industry throughout a full economic cycle. The history of each specific industry and target portfolio company will demonstrate a different level of potential volatility in financial performance. We seek to understand this dynamic thoroughly and invest our capital at leverage levels in the capital structure that will remain in enterprise value and in securities that will receive interest payments if such downside volatility were to occur.
- **Providing Customized Financing Solutions.** We offer a variety of financing structures and have the flexibility to structure our investments to meet the needs of our portfolio companies. Often we invest in senior and subordinated debt securities, coupled with equity interests. We believe our ability to customize financing structures makes us an attractive partner to middle market companies.

## **Risk Factors**

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the information found in the sections titled "Supplementary Risk Factors" beginning on page S- of this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on page of the accompanying prospectus, including, but not limited to, the following risks:

- Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to effectively allocate and manage capital.
- Our investments in portfolio companies involve a number of significant risks:
  - They may have unpredictable operating results, could become parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position.

- Most of our portfolio companies are private companies. Private companies may not have readily publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. Consequently, we rely on the ability of our management team and investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from making investments in these portfolio companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about the target portfolio company, we may not make a fully informed investment decision and may lose all or part of our investment.
- The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.
- Any unrealized losses or defaults we experience may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available to
  make distributions.
- · Our investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk. We may not realize gains from our equity investments.
- Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.
- Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships. Our inability to maintain or develop these
  relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.
- In addition to regulatory limitations on our ability to raise capital, our Credit Facility (as defined below) contains various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations under the Credit Facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions. All of our assets are subject to security interests under our secured Credit Facility and if we default on our obligations under the Credit Facility, we may suffer adverse consequences, including foreclosure on our assets.
- Because we borrow money to make investments, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us.
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital, the value of investments and net investment income.
- If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy. A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.
- We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to qualify as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Even if we qualify as a RIC, we may face tax liabilities that reduce our cash flow.
- Our historical financial statements are not necessarily representative of the results we would have achieved as a stand-alone publicly-traded company and therefore may not be indicative of our future performance.
- Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value. Our board of directors has final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our fair value determination. As a result of recording our investments at fair value, there is and will continue to be subjectivity as to the value of our portfolio investments.
- The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.
- Changes in the laws or regulations governing our business, or changes in the interpretations thereof, and any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations, could negatively affect the profitability of our operations.
- The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

## **Investment Criteria**

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that we believe are important in evaluating prospective investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been or will be met in connection with each of our investments:

- Companies with Positive and Sustainable Cash Flow: We generally seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial
  performance.
- Excellent Management: Management teams with a proven record of achievement, exceptional ability, unyielding determination and
  integrity. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that protects and
  enhances value.
- **Industry**: We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help protect their market position.
- **Strong Private Equity Sponsors**: We focus on developing relationships with leading private equity firms in order to partner with these firms and provide them capital to support the acquisition and growth of their portfolio companies.
- Appropriate Risk-Adjusted Returns: We focus on and price opportunities to generate returns that are attractive on a risk-adjusted basis, taking into consideration factors, in addition to the ones depicted above, including credit structure, leverage levels and the general volatility and potential volatility of cash flows.
- Location: We primarily focus on companies located in the United States. Each new investment is evaluated for its appropriateness within
  our existing portfolio. Prospective portfolio company candidates for our existing portfolio companies may be located worldwide.

# **Recent Developments**

[To be provided.]

# TERMS OF THE NOTES OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the Notes that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the Notes. You should read this section of the prospectus supplement together with the section titled "Description of the Notes" beginning on page S- of this prospectus supplement and the more general description of the Notes in the section titled "Description of Our Debt Securities" beginning on page of the accompanying prospectus before investing in the Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus or in the indenture governing the Notes.

Capital Southwest Corporation Issuer Title of the securities % Notes due 20 Initial aggregate principal amount being offered Initial public offering price % of the aggregate principal amount % of the aggregate principal amount; the principal amount of each Note will be payable on Principle payable at maturity its stated maturity date at the office of the Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Notes or at such other office in New York City as we may designate. Type of note Fixed rate note Listing We intend to list the Notes on the within of the original issue date under the trading symbol " Interest rate % per year Day count basis 360-day year of twelve 30-day months Original issue date , 20 Stated maturity date , 20 , 20 **Date interest starts accruing Interest payment dates** Every commencing , 20 . If an interest payment date falls on a non-business day, the applicable interest payment will be made on the next business day and no additional interest will accrue as a result of such delayed payment. The initial interest period will be the period from and including , 20 , to, but Interest periods

payment date or the stated maturity date, as the case may be.

excluding, the initial interest payment date, and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including an interest payment date to, but excluding, the next interest

, 20 Regular record dates for interest Every and commencing **Specified currency** U.S. Dollars Place of payment New York City **Ranking of Notes** The Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and will rank: • pari passu with our other outstanding and future senior unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the • effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured in respect of which we subsequently grant security), to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including without limitation. : and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, and integral multiples of \$ **Denominations** We will issue the Notes in denomination of \$ excess thereof. **Business day** 

**Optional redemption** 

Each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

in

The Notes may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option , 20 upon not less than days nor more than 60 days written notice by mail prior to the date fixed for redemption thereof, at a redemption price equal to outstanding principal amount of the Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current quarterly interest period accrued to the date fixed for redemption.

In case any Notes are to be redeemed in part only, the redemption notice will provide that, upon surrender of such Note, you will receive, without a charge, a new Note or Notes of authorized denominations representing the principal amount of your remaining unredeemed Notes.

Any exercise of our option to redeem the Notes will be done in compliance with the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules, regulations and interpretations promulgated thereunder, which we collectively refer to as the 1940 Act, to the extent applicable.

If we redeem only some of the Notes, the Trustee will determine the method for selection of the particular Notes to be redeemed, in accordance with the 1940 Act to the extent applicable and in accordance with the rules of any national securities exchange or quotation system on which the Notes are listed. Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the date of redemption, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes called for redemption.

**Sinking fund**The Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

**Repayment at option of Holders**Holders will not have the option to have the Notes repaid prior to the stated maturity date.

**Defeasance** The Notes are subject to defeasance by us.

**Covenant Defeasance** The Notes are subject to covenant defeasance by us.

Form of Notes The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and registered in the

name of The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through

organizations that are participants in DTC.

Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent U.S. Bank National Association

**Other covenants** In addition to any covenants described elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the

accompanying prospectus, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes:

[To be provided.]

**Events of default** If an event of default (as described herein under "Description of Notes") on the Notes occurs,

the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to conditions set forth in the indenture. These amounts

automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us. [Add any other negotiated events of default.]

**Further Issuances** We have the ability to issue additional debt securities under the indenture with terms different

from the Notes and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen the Notes and issue

additional Notes.

## **Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures**

Interests in the Notes will trade in DTC's Same Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such Notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. None of the Company, the trustee or the paying agent will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

## **Governing Law**

The Notes and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

## Use of proceeds

The net proceeds from this offering (before deducting estimated expenses payable by us of approximately \$ ) will be \$ .

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. See "Use of Proceeds."

#### **Taxation**

We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends To continue to maintain our RIC tax treatment, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY RISK FACTORS

[Insert additional Risk Factors relating to the offering.]

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus include or incorporate by reference "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain forward-looking statements, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "predict," "will," "continue," "likely," "would," "could," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "potential," "estimate," "indicate," "seek," "believe," "target," "intend" or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. The matters described in the section titled "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and the section titled "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus and certain other factors noted throughout this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors with respect to any such forward-looking statements, including certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements but advise you to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we may file in the future with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate the net proceeds from the sale of the Notes to be \$ , based on the public offering price of \$ per Note assuming all Notes offered are sold and that the expenses related to the offering of the Notes, estimated at \$ , are paid and after deduction of the underwriting discount.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make investments in LMM and UMM portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies. While we work to invest these proceeds in LMM and UMM portfolio companies, we may use the proceeds to make investments in marketable securities and other temporary investments, to pay down revolver debt outstanding, and for other general corporate purposes, including payment of operating expenses. We anticipate that substantially all of any remainder of the net proceeds of this offering will be invested in accordance with our investment objective within twelve months following completion of this offering, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objectives and market conditions. We cannot assure you that we will achieve our targeted investment pace. Pending our investments in portfolio companies, we will invest the remaining net proceeds of an offering primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less from the time of investment. These securities may have lower yields than our other investments and accordingly may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

[Insert Selected Financial Data of CSWC reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

## **CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our capitalization:

(a) on an actual basis as of ; and

(b) on an as-adjusted basis giving effect to the sale of \$ aggregate principal amount of Notes assuming a public offering price of % of par, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

This table should be read together with "Use of Proceeds," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation," and our most recent consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

	As of		
	Actual	As-adjusted for this Offering	
		(Unaudited) (in thousands, except share and per share numbers)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	
Credit Facility			
Net Assets			
Common stock, par value \$0.25 per share, 25,000,000 common shares authorized, and common shares issued and			
outstanding	\$	\$	
Additional paid-in capital			
Accumulated net investment loss			
Accumulated net realized gain			
Unrealized appreciation of investments, net of income taxes			
Treasury stock – at cost, shares			
Total Net Assets	\$	\$	
Total Capitalization	\$	\$	

#### RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following table contains our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the periods indicated, computed as set forth below. You should read these ratios of earnings to fixed charges in connection with our financial statements, including the notes to those statements, included in this prospectus.

For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the
Months	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
,	March 31,				
20	20	20	20	20	20

## Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)

(1) Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses. Net realized and unrealized gains or losses can vary substantially from period to period.

• Excluding net realized and unrealized gains and losses, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be for the months ended , 20 , for the year ended March 31, 20 , and unchanged for the years ended March 31, 20 , 20 , and 20 .

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

# DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

[To be provided.]

# CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

[Insert disclosure regarding federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

#### **UNDERWRITING**

are acting as the representatives of the underwriters of this offering. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an underwriting agreement among us and the underwriters, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase from us, the aggregate principal amount of Notes set forth opposite its name below.

Principal Amount

- 1	1 Inicipal / iniount
Total	¢
1νιαι	Ψ

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the underwriting agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the Notes sold under the underwriting agreement if any of these Notes are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the underwriting agreement provides that, under the circumstances, the purchase commitments of the nondefaulting underwriters may be increased or the underwriting agreement may be terminated.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the Notes, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the Notes, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officer's certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

We expect that delivery of the Notes will be made against payment therefor on or about, 20, which will be the third business day following the date of the pricing of the Notes. Under Rule 15c6-1 under the Exchange Act, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise.

#### **Commissions and Discounts**

An underwriting discount of % per Note will be paid by us.

The following table shows the total underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering.

	Per Note	Total
Public offering price	<del></del> %	\$
Underwriting discount	%	
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	%	

The underwriters propose to offer some of the Notes to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and some of the Notes to certain other Financial Industry Regulatory Authority members at the public offering price less a concession not in excess of % of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes. The underwriters may allow, and the dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of % of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes. After the initial offering of the Notes to the public, the public offering price and such concessions may be changed. No such change shall change the amount of proceeds to be received by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement.

The expenses of the offering, not including the underwriting discount, are estimated at \$ and are payable by us.

#### **No Sales of Similar Securities**

Subject to certain exceptions, we have agreed not to directly or indirectly, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, grant any option for the sale of, or otherwise transfer or dispose of any debt securities issued or guaranteed by the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for debt securities issued or guaranteed by the Company or file any registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to any of the foregoing for a period of days after the date of this prospectus supplement without first obtaining the written consent of a contract to sell, grant any option for the sale of, or otherwise transfer or dispose of any debt securities act with respect to any of the foregoing for a period of days after the date of this prospectus supplement without first obtaining the written consent of a limited number of institutional investors. This consent may be given at any time without public notice.

#### Listing

The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. We intend to list the Notes on the ." Currently there is no public market for the Notes.

We have been advised by the underwriters that they presently intend to make a market in the Notes after completion of the offering as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The underwriters are not obligated, however, to make a market in the Notes and any such market-making may be discontinued at any time in the sole discretion of the underwriters without any notice. Accordingly, no assurance can be given as to the liquidity of, or development of a public trading market for, the Notes. If an active public trading market for the Notes does not develop, the market price and liquidity of the Notes may be adversely affected.

#### **Price Stabilization, Short Positions**

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell Notes in the open market. These transactions may include covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Covering transactions involve purchases of the securities in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover short positions. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases of securities made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the securities while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased Notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Any of these activities may cause the price of the Notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of such transactions. These transactions may be affected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time without any notice relating thereto.

#### **Electronic Offer, Sale and Distribution of Notes**

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the Internet sites or through other online services maintained by one or more of the underwriters and/or selling group members participating in this offering, or by their affiliates. In those cases, prospective investors may view offering terms online and, depending upon the particular underwriter or selling group member, prospective investors may be allowed to place orders online. The underwriters may agree with us to allocate a limited principal amount of the Notes for sale to online brokerage account holders. Any such allocation for online distributions will be made by the underwriters on the same basis as other allocations.

Other than the prospectus in electronic format, information contained in any other web site maintained by an underwriter or selling group member is not part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, has not been endorsed by us and should not be relied on by investors in deciding whether to purchase any Notes.

## **Conflicts of Interest**

The underwriters and/or their affiliates from time to time provide and may in the future provide investment banking, commercial banking and financial advisory services to us, for which they have received and may receive customary compensation.

In addition, the underwriters and/or their affiliates may from time to time refer investment banking clients to us as potential portfolio investments. If we invest in those clients, we may utilize net proceeds from this offering to fund such investments, and the referring underwriter or its affiliate may receive placement fees from its client in connection with such financing, which placement fees may be paid out of the amount funded by us.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Describe if underwriters receiving proceeds of offering, if required by FINRA.]

[Insert principal business addresses of underwriters.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters regarding the Notes offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Jones Day, Dallas, Texas, and certain legal matters in connection with this offering will be passed upon for the underwriters by .

## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[To be provided.]

### AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act of 1933, with respect to the Notes offered by this prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Notes being offered by this prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements, code of ethics and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This information is available free of charge by calling us at (214) 238-5700 or on our website at www.capitalsouthwest.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and you should not consider such information to be part of this document. You also may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

# INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Insert financial statements and notes thereto for most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]



% Notes

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT